SECOND REGULAR SESSION SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

SENATE BILL NO. 916

93RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Reported from the Committee on Transportation, February 23, 2006, with recommendation that the Senate Committee Substitute do pass.

4376S.04C TERRY L. SPIELER, Secretary.

AN ACT

To repeal sections 210.104, 210.106, 210.107, and 307.178, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof three new sections relating to child safety restraints, with penalty provisions.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 210.104, 210.106, 210.107, and 307.178, RSMo, are

- 2 repealed and three new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections
- 3 210.106, 307.178 and 307.182, to read as follows:

210.106. In no event shall failure to employ a child passenger restraint

- 2 system required by section [210.104] 307.182, RSMo, provide the basis for a
- 3 claim of civil liability or negligence or contributory negligence of any person in
- 4 any action for damages by reason of injury sustained by a child; nor shall such
- 5 failure to employ such child passenger restraint system be admissible as evidence
- 6 in the trial of any civil action.

307.178. 1. As used in this section, the term "passenger car" means every

- 2 motor vehicle designed for carrying ten persons or less and used for the
- 3 transportation of persons; except that, the term "passenger car" shall not include
- 4 motorcycles, motorized bicycles, motor tricycles, and trucks with a licensed gross
- 5 weight of twelve thousand pounds or more.
- 6 2. Each driver, except persons employed by the United States Postal
- 7 Service while performing duties for that federal agency which require the
- 8 operator to service postal boxes from their vehicles, or which require frequent
- 9 entry into and exit from their vehicles, and front seat passenger of a passenger
- 10 car manufactured after January 1, 1968, operated on a street or highway in this

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state, and persons less than eighteen years of age operating or riding in a truck, 11 12 as defined in section 301.010, RSMo, on a street or highway of this state shall wear a properly adjusted and fastened safety belt that meets federal National 13 14 Highway, Transportation and Safety Act requirements[; except that, a child less than four years of age shall be protected as required in section 210.104, RSMo]. 1516 No person shall be stopped, inspected, or detained solely to determine compliance with this subsection. The provisions of this section shall not be applicable to 17 18 persons who have a medical reason for failing to have a seat belt fastened about 19 their body, nor shall the provisions of this [section] subsection be applicable to persons while operating or riding a motor vehicle being used in agricultural 20 21 work-related activities. Noncompliance with this subsection shall not constitute probable cause for violation of any other provision of law. The provisions of 22this subsection shall not apply to the transporting of children under 2324sixteen years of age, as provided in section 307.182.

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- 3. Each driver of a motor vehicle transporting a child [four years of age or more, but] less than sixteen years of age[,] shall secure the child in a properly adjusted and fastened [safety belt] restraint under section 307.182.
- 4. In any action to recover damages arising out of the ownership, common maintenance or operation of a motor vehicle, failure to wear a safety belt in violation of this section shall not be considered evidence of comparative negligence. Failure to wear a safety belt in violation of this section may be admitted to mitigate damages, but only under the following circumstances:
- (1) Parties seeking to introduce evidence of the failure to wear a safety belt in violation of this section must first introduce expert evidence proving that a failure to wear a safety belt contributed to the injuries claimed by plaintiff;
- (2) If the evidence supports such a finding, the trier of fact may find that the plaintiff's failure to wear a safety belt in violation of this section contributed to the plaintiff's claimed injuries, and may reduce the amount of the plaintiff's recovery by an amount not to exceed one percent of the damages awarded after any reductions for comparative negligence.
- 5. Except as otherwise provided for in section 307.182, each [driver] person who violates the provisions of subsection 2 [or 3] of this section is guilty of an infraction for which a fine not to exceed ten dollars may be imposed. All other provisions of law and court rules to the contrary notwithstanding, no court costs shall be imposed on any person due to a violation of this section. In no case shall points be assessed against any person, pursuant

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47 to section 302.302, RSMo, for a violation of this section.

- 48 6. The [department of public safety] state highways transportation commission shall initiate and develop a program of public 49 50 information to develop understanding of, and ensure compliance with, the provisions of this section. The [department of public safety] commission shall 5152evaluate the effectiveness of this section and shall include a report of its findings in the annual evaluation report on its highway safety plan that it submits to 5354NHTSA and FHWA pursuant to 23 U.S.C. 402.
- [7. If there are more persons than there are seat belts in the enclosed area of a motor vehicle, then the driver and passengers are not in violation of this section.]
- 307.182. 1. As used in this section, the following terms shall $2\,$ mean:
- 3 (1) "Child booster seat", a seating system which meets the Federal 4 Motor Vehicle Safety Standards set forth in 49 C.F.R. 571.213, as 5 amended, that is designed to elevate a child to properly sit in a 6 federally approved safety belt system;
- 7 (2) "Child passenger restraint system", a seating system which
 8 meets the Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standards set forth in 49 C.F.R.
 9 571.213, as amended, and which is either permanently affixed to a
 10 motor vehicle or is affixed to such vehicle by a safety belt or a
 11 universal attachment system;
- 12 (3) "Driver", a person who is in actual physical control of a motor vehicle.
- 2. Every driver transporting a child under the age of sixteen years shall be responsible, when transporting such child in a motor vehicle operated by that driver on the streets or highways of this state, for providing for the protection of such child as follows:
- 18 (1) Children less than four years of age, regardless of weight, 19 shall be secured in a child passenger restraint system appropriate for 20 that child;
- 21 (2) Children weighing less than forty pounds, regardless of age, 22 shall be secured in a child passenger restraint system appropriate for 23 that child;

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(3) Children at least four years of age but less than eight years of age, and children weighing at least forty pounds but less than eighty pounds, and children less than four feet, nine inches tall, shall be

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27 secured in a child passenger restraint system or booster seat 28 appropriate for that child;

- 29 (4) Children at least eighty pounds or children more than four 30 feet, nine inches in height shall be secured by a vehicle safety belt or 31 booster seat appropriate for that child.
- 32 (5) A child who otherwise would be required to be secured in a 33 booster seat may be transported in the back seat of a motor vehicle 34 while wearing only a lap belt if the back seat of the motor vehicle is not 35 equipped with a combination lap and shoulder belt for booster seat 36 installation.
- 37 This subsection shall only apply to the use of a child passenger 38 restraint system or vehicle safety belt for children less than sixteen 39 years of age being transported in a motor vehicle.
- 40 3. Any driver who violates subdivision (1), (2), or (3) of subsection 2 of this section is guilty of an infraction and, upon 41 conviction, may be punished by a fine of not more than fifty dollars and 42court costs. Any driver who violates subdivision (4) of subsection 2 of 43 44 this section shall be subject to the penalty in subsection 5 of section 307.178. If a driver receives a citation for violating subdivision (1), (2), 4546 or (3) of subsection 2 of this section, the charges shall be dismissed or withdrawn if the driver prior to or at his or her hearing provides evidence of acquisition of a child passenger restraint system or child 48 49 booster seat which is satisfactory to the court or the party responsible for prosecuting the driver's citation. 50
 - 4. The provisions of this section shall not apply to any public carrier for hire. The provisions of this section shall not apply to students four years of age or older who are passengers on a school bus as defined in section 301.010, RSMo.
 - 5. No citation shall be issued for a violation of subdivision (3) of subsection 2 of this section until after December 31, 2006.
 - 6. The highways and transportation commission shall initiate and develop a program of public information to develop understanding of, and ensure compliance with, the provisions of this section.

[210.104. 1. Every person transporting a child under the age of four years shall be responsible, when transporting such child in a motor vehicle operated by that person on the streets or highways of this state, for providing for the protection of such

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child. Such child shall be protected by a child passenger restraint system approved by the department of public safety.

- 2. Any person who violates this section is guilty of an infraction and, upon conviction, may be punished by a fine of not more than twenty-five dollars and court costs.
- 3. The provisions of sections 210.104 to 210.107 shall not apply to any public carrier for hire.]

[210.107. The department of public safety shall initiate and develop a program of public information to develop understanding of, and ensure compliance with the provisions of sections 210.104 to 210.107. The department of public safety shall, within thirty days of September 28, 1983, promulgate standards for the performance, design, and installation of passenger restraint systems for children under four years of age in accordance with federal motor vehicle safety standards and shall approve those systems which meet such standards. No rule or portion of a rule promulgated under the authority of sections 210.104 to 210.107 shall become effective unless it has been promulgated pursuant to the provisions of section 536.024, RSMo.]



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