### SECOND REGULAR SESSION SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

## **SENATE BILL NO. 976**

#### 93RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Reported from the Committee on Transportation, March 9, 2006, with recommendation that the Senate Committee Substitute do pass.

4204S.06C

TERRY L. SPIELER, Secretary.

### AN ACT

To repeal section 260.750, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof two new sections relating to the transportation of radioactive waste, with an emergency clause.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Section 260.750, RSMo, is repealed and two new sections, to be 2 known as sections 260.392 and 260.750, to read as follows:

260.392. 1. As used in this section, the following terms mean:

2 (1) "Cask", all the components and systems associated with the 3 container in which spent fuel, high-level radioactive waste, highway 4 route controlled quantity, transuranic radioactive waste, or low specific 5 activity material are stored;

6 (2) "Entity", the generator, owner or company responsible for 7 shipment of the spent fuel, high-level radioactive waste, highway route 8 controlled quantity shipments, transuranic radioactive waste, or low 9 specific activity material;

(3) "High-level radioactive waste", the highly radioactive material
resulting from the reprocessing of spent nuclear fuel including liquid
waste produced directly in reprocessing and any solid material derived
from such liquid waste that contains fission products in sufficient
concentrations, and other highly radioactive material that the Nuclear
Regulatory Commission has determined to be high-level radioactive
waste requiring permanent isolation;

17 (4) "Highway route controlled quantity", as defined in 49 CFR Part
18 173.403, as amended, a quantity of radioactive material within a single

19 package;

(5) "Low specific activity" or "LSA" material, as defined in 49 CFR Part 173.403, as amended, Class 7 radioactive material with limited specific activity which satisfies the descriptions and limits set forth below. Shielding material surrounding the LSA material may not be considered in determining the estimated average specific activity of the package contents. LSA material must be in one of the three groups:

26 (a) LSA-I:

a. Uranium and thorium ores, concentrates of uranium and
thorium ores, and other ores containing naturally occurring
radionuclides which are intended to be processed for the use of these
radionuclides; or

b. Solid unirradiated natural uranium or depleted uranium or
natural thorium or their solid or liquid compounds or mixtures; or

c. Radioactive material other than fissile material, for which the
 A<sub>2</sub> value is unlimited; or

d. Other radioactive material, excluding fissile material in quantities not excepted under 49 CFR 1 Section 173.453, in which the activity is distributed throughout and the estimated average specific activity does not exceed thirty times the values for activity concentration specified in 49 CFR 1 Section 173.436, or thirty times the default values listed in Table 8 of 49 CFR 1 Section 173.433;

41 (b) LSA-II:

a. Water with tritium concentration up to 0.8 TBq/L (20.0 Ci/L); or
b. Other radioactive material in which the activity is distributed
throughout and the average specific activity does not exceed 10<sup>-4</sup> A<sub>2</sub>/g for
solids and gases, and 10<sup>-5</sup> A<sub>2</sub>/g for liquids;

46 (c) LSA-III. Solids, such as consolidated wastes, activated
47 materials, excluding powders, that meet the requirements of 49 CFR 1
48 Section 173.468 and in which:

a. The radioactive material is distributed throughout a solid or
a collection of solid objects, or is essentially uniformly distributed in a
solid compact binding agent such as concrete, bitumen, ceramic, etc;

52 b. The radioactive material is relatively insoluble, or it is 53 intrinsically contained in a relatively insoluble material, so that, even 54 under loss of packaging, the loss of Class 7 radioactive material per 55 package by leaching when placed in water for seven days would not 56 exceed 0.1  $A_2$ ; and

57 c. The estimated average specific activity of the solid, excluding 58 any shielding material, does not exceed  $2 \ge 10^{-3} A_2/g$ ;

(6) "Spent nuclear fuel", fuel that has been withdrawn from a
nuclear reactor following irradiation, the constituent elements of which
have not been separated by reprocessing;

(7) "State-funded institutions of higher education", any campus of
any university within the state of Missouri that receives state funding
and has a nuclear research reactor;

(8) "Transuranic radioactive waste", defined in 40 CFR Part 191.02,
as amended, as waste containing more than one hundred nanocuries of
alpha-emitting transuranic isotopes with half-lives greater than twenty
years, per gram of waste. For the purposes of this section, transuranic
waste shall not include:

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(a) High-level radioactive wastes;

(b) Any waste determined by the Environmental Protection
Agency with the concurrence of the Environmental Protection Agency
administrator, that does not need the degree of isolation required by
this section; or

(c) Any waste that the Nuclear Regulatory Commission has
approved for disposal on a case-by-case basis in accordance with 10 CFR
Part 61, as amended.

782. Any entity that ships high-level radioactive waste, transuranic radioactive waste, highway route controlled quantity shipments, spent 79nuclear fuel, or low specific activity material through or within the state 80 shall be subject to the fees established in this subsection, provided that 81 no state-funded institution of higher education that ships nuclear waste 82shall pay any such fee. These higher education institutions shall 83 reimburse the Missouri state highway patrol directly for all costs related 84 85 to transport escorts. The fees for all other shipments shall be:

(1) One thousand eight hundred dollars for each cask transported
through or within the state by truck of high-level radioactive waste,
transuranic radioactive waste, spent nuclear fuel or highway route
controlled quantity shipments. All casks transported by truck are
subject to a surcharge of twenty-five dollars per mile for every mile over
two hundred miles traveled within the state;

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(2) One thousand three hundred dollars for the first cask and one

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93 hundred twenty-five dollars for each additional cask for each rail
94 transport through or within the state of high-level radioactive waste,
95 transuranic radioactive waste or spent nuclear fuel;

96 (3) One hundred twenty-five dollars for each truck or train 97 transporting low specific activity material through or within the 98 state. The department of natural resources may accept an annual 99 shipment fee as negotiated with a shipper or accept payment per 100 transport or shipment.

101 3. All revenue generated from the fees established in subsection 1022 of this section shall be deposited into the environmental radiation monitoring fund established in section 260.750 and shall be used by the 103104department of natural resources to achieve the following objectives and 105for purposes related to the transport or shipment of high-level 106radioactive waste, transuranic radioactive waste, highway route 107controlled quantity shipments, spent nuclear fuel, or low specific 108 activity material, including, but not limited to:

109 (1) Inspections, escorts, and security for waste shipment and 110 planning;

111 (2) Coordination of emergency response capability;

112 (3) Education and training of state, county, and local emergency
113 responders;

114 (4) Purchase and maintenance of necessary equipment;

(5) Emergency responses to any transportation incident involving
the high-level radioactive waste, transuranic radioactive waste, highway
route controlled quantity shipments, spent nuclear fuel, or low specific
activity material;

(6) Oversight of any environmental remediation necessary 119 resulting from an incident involving a transport of high-level radioactive 120waste, transuranic radioactive waste, highway route controlled quantity 121122shipments, spent nuclear fuel, or low specific activity 123material. Reimbursement for oversight of any such incident shall not 124reduce or eliminate the liability of any party responsible for the 125incident; such party may be liable for full reimbursement to the state or payment of any other costs associated with the cleanup of contamination 126127related to a transportation incident;

128 (7) Administrative costs attributable to the state agencies which129 are incurred through their involvement as it relates to the transport or

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shipping of high-level radioactive waste, transuranic radioactive waste,
highway route controlled quantity shipments, spent nuclear fuel, or low
specific activity material through or within the state.

4. Nothing in this section shall preclude any other state agency from receiving reimbursement from the department of natural resources and the environmental radiation monitoring fund for services rendered that achieve the objectives and comply with the provisions of this section.

5. The department of natural resources in coordination with the
department of health and senior services, and the department of public
safety, shall promulgate rules necessary to carry out the provisions of
this section.

1426. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 143536.010, RSMo, that is created under the authority delegated in this 144section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to 145all of the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo, and, if applicable, section 536.028, RSMo. This section and chapter 536, RSMo, are nonseverable 146 and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to 147chapter 536, RSMo, to review, to delay the effective date, or to 148 disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, 149then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or 150adopted after August 28, 2006, shall be invalid and void. 151

152 7. All funds deposited in the environmental radiation monitoring 153 fund through fees established in subsection 2 of this section shall be 154 utilized, subject to appropriation by the general assembly, for the 155 administration and enforcement of this section by the department of 156 natural resources. All interest earned by the monies in the fund shall 157 accrue to the fund.

8. All fees shall be received by the department of natural resources prior to transport in a manner provided for in rules promulgated by the department of natural resources.

9. Notice of any transport of high-level radioactive waste, transuranic radioactive waste, highway route controlled quantity shipments, spent nuclear fuel, or low specific activity material through or within the state shall be provided by the shipper to the governor's designee for advanced notification, as described in 10 CFR Parts 71 and 73, as amended, prior to such transport entering the state.

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167 10. Any shipper who fails to pay a fee assessed under this section, 168or fails to provide notice of a transport, shall be liable in a civil action 169for an amount not to exceed ten times the amount assessed and not paid. The action shall be brought by the attorney general at the request 170of the department of natural resources. If the action involves a facility 171172domiciled in the state, the action shall be brought in the circuit court of the county in which the facility is located. If the action does not involve 173a facility domiciled in the state, the action shall be brought in the circuit 174court of Cole county. 175

176 11. Beginning on December 31, 2007, and every two years 177 thereafter, the department of natural resources shall prepare and submit 178 a report on activities of the environmental radiation monitoring fund to 179 the general assembly. This report shall include information on fee 180 income received and expenditures made by the state to enforce and 181 administer the provisions of this section.

182 12. The provisions of this section shall not apply to high-level 183 radioactive waste, transuranic radioactive waste, highway route 184 controlled quantity shipments, spent nuclear fuel, or low specific 185 activity material shipped by or for the federal government for military 186 or national defense purposes.

260.750. 1. The department of natural resources shall develop an environmental radiation monitoring program for the purpose of monitoring radioactivity in air, water, soil, plant and animal life as necessary to insure the protection of the public health and safety of the environment from radiation hazards.

2. There is hereby created within the state treasury an "Environmental 6 Radiation Monitoring Fund". In addition to general revenue, the department of 7natural resources is authorized to accept and shall deposit in said fund all gifts, 8 bequests, donations, or other moneys, equipment, supplies, or services from any 9 10 state, interstate or federal agency, or from any institution, person, firm, or 11 corporation, public or private as well as fees collected under subsection 2 of 12section 260.392. This fund shall be used for the environmental radiation 13monitoring program established in this section and to administer and enforce the provisions of section 260.392. 14

Section B. Because immediate action is necessary to enable both the 2 promulgation of rules pertaining to the implementation of this act and to preserve 3 the state's environment, section A of this act is deemed necessary for the

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- 4 immediate preservation of the public health, welfare, peace and safety, and is
- 5 hereby declared to be an emergency act within the meaning of the constitution,
- 6 and section A of this act shall be in full force and effect upon its passage and

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