FIRST REGULAR SESSION

SENATE BILL NO. 155

94TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR ENGLER.

Pre-filed December 4, 2006, and ordered printed.

TERRY L. SPIELER, Secretary.

0170S.02I

AN ACT

To amend chapter 319, RSMo, by adding thereto sixteen new sections relating to blasting and excavation, with penalty provisions.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Chapter 319, RSMo, is amended by adding thereto sixteen new
sections, to be known as sections 319.300, 319.303, 319.306, 319.309, 319.312,
319.315, 319.318, 319.321, 319.324, 319.327, 319.330, 319.333, 319.336, 319.339,
319.342 and 319.345, to read as follows:

319.300. Sections 319.300 to 319.345 shall be known as the "Missouri Blasting Safety Act". The purpose of sections 319.300 to $\mathbf{2}$ 319.345 shall be to foster the safe use of explosives in mining and 3 4 construction by establishing and enforcing consistent statewide 5 industry standards for licensing of blasters and persons using 6 explosives. The provisions of sections 319.300 to 319.345 or any rules 7 or regulations promulgated thereunder shall not be construed to amend, supersede, or conflict with any requirement of federal law or 8 regulation governing the manufacturing, transporting, or storage of 9 10 explosives.

319.303. As used in sections 319.300 to 319.345, the following 2 terms shall mean:

3 (1) "Blaster", a person qualified to be in charge of and 4 responsible for the loading and firing of an explosive or explosive 5 material;

6

(2) "Blast", detonation of explosives;

7

(3) "Blasting", the use of explosives in mining or construction;

8 (4) "Blast site", the area where explosives are handled during 9 loading of a bore hole, including fifty feet in all directions from the 10 perimeter formed by loaded holes. A minimum of thirty feet may 11 replace the fifty feet requirement if the perimeter of loaded holes is 12 marked and separated from nonblast site areas by a barrier. The fifty 13 feet or thirty feet distance requirements, as applicable, shall apply in 14 all directions along the full depth of the bore hole;

15 (5) "Board", the state blasting safety board created in section
16 319.324;

17 (6) "Bore hole", a hole made with a drill, auger, or other tool in
18 which explosives are placed in preparation for detonation;

19 (7) "Burden", the distance from an explosive charge to the 20 nearest free or open face at the time of detonation;

(8) "Business day", any day of the week except Saturday, Sunday,
or a federal or state holiday;

23 (9) "Deck", charge of explosives separated from other charges by
24 stemming;

(10) "Delay period", the time delay provided by blasting caps
which permits firing of bore holes in sequence;

(11) "Detonation", the action of converting the chemicals in an
explosive charge to gases at a high pressure by means of a selfpropagating shock wave passing through the charge;

30 (12) "Detonator", any device containing initiating or primary explosive that is used for initiating detonation of another explosive 3132material. A detonator may not contain more than ten grams of total explosives by weight, excluding ignition or delay charges. The term 33 includes, but is not limited to, electric blasting caps of instantaneous 34and delay types, blasting caps for use with safety fuse, detonating cord 3536 delay connectors, and non-electric instantaneous and delay blasting 37caps which use detonating cord, shock tube, or any other replacement for electric leg wires; 38

39 (13) "Explosives", any chemical compound, mixture, or device, the primary or common purpose of which is to function by explosion, 40including, but not limited to, dynamite, black powder, pellet powder, 41 initiating explosives, detonators, safety fuses, squibs, detonating cord, 42igniter cord, and igniters; includes explosive materials such as any 43blasting agent, emulsion explosive, water gel, or detonator. Explosive 44materials determined to be within the coverage of sections 319.300 to 45319.345 shall include all such materials listed in 18 U.S.C. Chapter 40, 46

 $\mathbf{2}$

47 as issued at least annually by the Department of Justice, Bureau of48 Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives;

49 (14) "Firing", causing explosives to be detonated by the use of a
50 fuse or electric detonator;

(15) "Fire Protection official", an authorized representative of a
municipal fire department, fire protection district, or volunteer fire
protection association for the area where blasting occurs;

(16) "Fugitive from justice", any person who has fled from the jurisdiction of any court of record to avoid prosecution for any crime or to avoid giving testimony in any criminal proceeding. The term shall also include any person who has been convicted of any crime and has fled to avoid case disposition;

(17) "Initiation system", components of an explosive charge that
cause the charge to detonate, such as primers, electric detonators, and
detonating charge;

62 (18) "Loading", placing of explosives in a hole in preparation for63 detonation;

(19) "Local government", a city, county, fire protection district,
volunteer fire protection association, or other political subdivision of
the state;

67 (20) "Person using explosives", any individual, proprietorship, 68 partnership, firm, corporation, company, or joint venture that is 69 required to hold authority to receive or use explosives under statutes 70 or regulations administered by the U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau 71 of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives and who employs licensed 72 blasters;

(21) "Scaled distance", the linear distance, in feet, from the blast
to a specified location, divided by the square root of the maximum
weight of explosives, in pounds, to be detonated in any eight
millisecond period;

(22) "Seismograph", an instrument that measures ground
vibration and acoustic effects;

79 (23) "Spacing", the distance between adjacent bore holes;

80 (24) "Stemming", inert material that is placed above explosives 81 that have been placed in a blast hole in preparation for detonation or 82 vertically between columnar decks of explosives that have been placed 83 in a hole in preparation for detonation; (25) "Uncontrolled structure", any dwelling, public building,
school, church, commercial building, or institutional building, that is
not owned or leased by the person using explosives, or otherwise under
the direct contractual responsibility of the person using explosives.

319.306. 1. Any individual who uses explosives in Missouri shall obtain a blaster's license, except those exempted in subsection 18 of this section. A person using explosives shall not be required to hold a blaster's license, but all blasting on behalf of a person using explosives shall be performed only by licensed blasters. Applications for a blaster's license or renewal of a blaster's license shall be on a form designated by the Missouri division of fire safety, and shall contain the following:

9 (1) The applicant's full name;

10 (2) The applicant's home address;

11 (3) The applicant's date of birth;

12 (4) The applicant's sex;

13 (5) The applicant's physical description;

14 (6) The applicant's driver's license number;

15 (7) The applicant's current place of employment;

16 (8) A listing of any other blasting license or certification held by 17 the applicant, to include the name, address, and phone number of the 18 regulatory authority that issued the license or certification;

19 (9) Any other information required to fulfill the obligations of20 sections 319.300 to 319.345.

21 2. Any individual who has met the qualifications set forth in 22 subsection 4 of this section may apply for a blaster's license.

3. An applicant for a blaster's license shall submit an application
fee and two copies of the applicant's photograph with the application
submitted to the division of fire safety. The amount of such fee shall
be established by rule promulgated by the division of fire safety. The
fee established by rule shall be no greater than the cost of
administering this section, but shall not exceed one hundred dollars.

29 30 4. An applicant for a blaster's license shall:

(1) Be at least twenty-one years of age;

31 (2) Not have willfully violated any provisions of sections 319.300
32 to 319.345;

33 (3) Not have knowingly withheld information or has not made

5

any false or fictitious statement intended or likely to deceive in
connection with the application;

36 (4) Have familiarity and understanding of relevant federal and
37 state laws relating to explosives materials;

38 (5) Not have been convicted in any court of, or plead guilty to,
39 a felony;

40

(6) Not be a fugitive from justice;

41 (7) Not be an unlawful user of any controlled substance in
42 violation of chapter 195, RSMo;

(8) Except as provided in subsections 11 and 13 of this section,
have completed an approved blaster's training course that meets the
requirements of subdivision (1) of subsection 14 of this section and has
successfully passed the licensing examination under the provisions of
subdivisions (1) to (5) of subsection 15 of this section;

(9) Have accumulated at least one thousand hours of experience
directly relating to the use of explosives within two years immediately
prior to applying for a blaster's license and shall provide signed
documentation from an employer, supervisor, or other responsible
party verifying the applicant's experience;

53

(10) Not have been adjudicated as mentally defective; and

54 (11) Be a citizen of the United States and not advocate or 55 knowingly belong to any organization or group that advocates violent 56 action against any federal, state, or local government, or against any 57 person.

58 5. Any individual holding a blaster's license under the provisions 59 of this section shall promptly notify the division of fire safety if he or 60 she has had any change of material fact relating to any qualification for 61 holding a blaster's license.

62 6. If the division of fire safety finds that the requirements for a 63 blaster's license have been satisfied, a license shall be issued to the 64 applicant.

7. A blaster's license shall expire three years from the date of issuance. To qualify for a renewal of a blaster's license, an individual will be required to provide documentation of completing eight hours of training in an explosives-related course of instruction that is approved by the division of fire safety, half of which shall have been completed within the year prior to renewal. The remainder of such training for 71 renewal of the license may be acquired at any time during the three-72 year period that a license is valid. Additional training beyond an 73 accumulated eight hours during any three-year period is not valid for 74 more than one subsequent renewal of the license.

758. Each license issued under the provisions of this section shall provide documentation to the license holder in the form of a letter or 76letter-sized certificate and a card that is approximately two inches by 77three inches in size. Each shall specify a unique license number, the 78name of the individual, his or her driver's license number, the 79individual's photograph, the blaster's license's effective date and its 80 expiration date, and any other record-keeping information needed by 81 the division of fire safety. In addition, the card form of the license 82shall contain a photographic image of the license holder. 83

9. Each individual required to have a blaster's license shall provide documentation that he or she has a currently valid license to a representative of the division of fire safety within two business days of a written or verbal request. No enforcement action shall be taken against any individual that cannot comply with such a request so long as the division of fire safety's records provide documentation that the individual has a valid blaster's license.

91 10. (1) A blaster's license issued under the provisions of this
92 section may be suspended or revoked by the division of fire safety upon
93 substantial proof that the individual holding the license has:

94 (a) Knowingly failed to monitor the use of explosives as provided
95 in section 319.309;

96 (b) Negligently or habitually exceeded the limits established
97 under section 319.312;

98 (c) Knowingly or habitually failed to create a record of blasts as
99 required by section 319.315;

(d) Had a change in material fact relating to their qualifications
for holding a blaster's license as described in subsection 4 of this
section;

(e) Failed to advise the division of fire safety of any change of
material fact relating to his or her qualifications for holding a blaster's
license; or

106(f) Knowingly made a material misrepresentation of any107 information by any means of false pretense, deception, fraud,

108 misrepresentation, or cheating for the purpose of obtaining training or
109 otherwise meeting the qualifications of obtaining a license.

(2) The division of fire safety shall provide any notice of 110 111 suspension or revocation, as provided in subdivision (1) of this subsection, in writing, sent by certified mail to the last known address 112of the holder of the license. The notice may also be verbal, but this 113does not eliminate the requirement for written notice. Upon receipt of 114a verbal or written notice of suspension or revocation from the division 115116 of fire safety, the individual holding the license shall immediately 117 surrender all copies of the license to a representative of the division of fire safety and shall immediately cease all blasting activity. 118

(3) The individual holding the license may appeal any suspension 119 120 or revocation to the state blasting safety board established under 121section 319.324 within forty-five days of the date written notice was received. The division of fire safety shall immediately notify the 122123chairman of the board that an appeal has been received and a hearing before the board shall be held. The board shall consider and make a 124125decision on any appeal received by the division of fire safety within 126thirty days of the date the appeal is received by the division of fire 127safety. The board shall make a decision on the appeal by majority vote 128of the board and shall immediately notify the licensee of its decision in 129writing. The written statement of the board's decision shall be 130prepared by the division of fire safety or its designee and shall be 131approved by the chairman of the board. The approved statement of the 132board's decision shall be sent by certified mail to the last known 133address of the holder of the license.

13411. Any individual whose license has been expired for a period 135of three years or less shall be required to successfully pass the examination as provided in subdivisions (1) to (5) of subsection 15 of 136137 this section and attend the eight hours of training required for renewal of a license as minimum qualifications for submitting an application for 138reinstatement of the license. Any individual whose license has been 139expired for a period of more than three years shall meet the 140141qualifications set forth in subsection 4 of this section, including completing twenty hours of training and passing the examination, prior 142to applying for a blaster's license. 143

12. A license may be granted to applicants who within the last

three years have held a valid license or certification from any other 145146source if all of the qualifications for obtaining the license or certification meet or exceed the provisions of this section. It is the 147duty of the division of fire safety to investigate the qualifications 148required for obtaining a license or certification from any other 149source. Licenses or certification held prior to the effective date of the 150rule required by subsection 19 of this section shall be deemed to meet 151requirements for this subsection, provided that they meet requirements 152153of the rule.

15413. A license may be granted upon the application of an individual employed as a blaster on or before December 31, 2000, and 155who has accumulated one thousand hours of training or education 156pertaining to blasting and experience working for a specific person 157using explosives within two years immediately prior to applying for a 158license. The application shall include a statement of hours of 159160 experience in the form of an affidavit signed by the person using explosives who has employed or contracted with the blaster for the 161 162preceding two years. Such applicant also shall meet the requirement of subdivisions (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), (10), and (11) of subsection 1631644 of this section. Any individual granted a license under this 165subsection shall be limited to blasting performed for the person using 166explosives submitting the affidavit required by this subsection. Such 167licensee shall meet the requirements for continuing training required 168by subsection 7 of this section.

16914. (1) The division of fire safety or its authorized agent shall 170offer annually at least two courses of instruction that fulfill the 171training requirement of qualifying for a blaster's license and two courses that fulfill the training requirement for renewal of a blaster's 172license. In addition, any person may apply to the division of fire safety 173for approval of a course of instruction that meets the training 174requirement of obtaining a blaster's license or renewal of a blaster's 175license. The application shall include a description of the 176qualifications of the instructor, a description of instructional materials 177178to be used in the course, and an outline of the subject matter to be taught, including minimum hours of instruction on each topic. The 179division of fire safety shall review the application regarding the 180 knowledge and experience of proposed instructors, the total hours of 181

182training and the adequacy of proposed training in subject matter with 183 regard to the provisions of sections 319.300 to 319.345. If the division 184 of fire safety determines that training proposed by the applicant is 185 adequate, a letter of approval shall be issued to the applicant. The letter of approval shall be effective for a period of three years. If at 186 any time the division of fire safety determines that an approved 187 training course no longer meets the standards of this section, the letter 188 of approval may be revoked with written notice. The division of fire 189190 safety or any person providing a course of instruction may charge an 191 appropriate fee to recover the cost of conducting such instruction.

(2) To be approved by the division of fire safety, a blaster's training course shall contain at least twenty hours of instruction to prepare attendees for obtaining a blaster's license the first time, or eight hours of instruction to prepare attendees for obtaining a license renewal.

(3) Any person providing training in a course of instruction
approved by the division of fire safety shall submit a list of individuals
that attended any such course to the division of fire safety within ten
business days after completion of the course.

201 (4) The division of fire safety shall maintain a current list of 202 persons who provide approved training and shall make this list 203 available by any reasonable means to professional and trade 204 associations, labor organizations, universities, vocational schools, and 205 others upon request.

15. (1) The division of fire safety shall approve a standard examination or examinations for the purpose of qualifying an individual to obtain a blaster's license. Each individual taking the examination shall pay a fee to the division of fire safety, or the division's agent, that is established by rule. Testing fees shall be no greater than what is required to administer the testing provisions of this section and shall not exceed fifty dollars per test.

(2) Except as provided in subsection 11 of this section, no individual shall be allowed to take an examination for purposes of obtaining a blaster's license unless that individual has completed a training course approved by the division of fire safety. The individual must have completed an approved course of instruction as provided in subdivision (1) of subsection 14 of this section no longer than two years 219 prior to taking the examination. The examination may be administered 220 by any person approved to provide a course of instruction, as provided 221 in subdivision (1) of subsection 14 of this section, at the site of 222 instruction, provided that any such examination may, at the discretion 223 of the fire marshal, be conducted under the supervision of the state fire 224 marshal or his or her designee. The division of fire safety may also 225 administer such examinations at other times and locations.

(3) Standards for passing the examination shall be set by thedivision of fire safety by rule.

(4) The division of fire safety or its authorized agent shall
provide a written statement within thirty days to the individual taking
the examination as to whether that individual passed or failed.

231(5) Any individual failing to pass the examination may retake the 232examination within six months without having to complete an 233additional approved course of instruction. If the individual fails the 234second examination, the person must complete another course of instruction as required in subdivision (1) of subsection 14 of this 235236section before taking the examination again. No limit will be placed on 237how many times any individual may take the examination, subject to 238the provisions of this subdivision of this subsection.

239(6) Individuals having previously taken an approved blaster's training course, and passed an approved examination, and having 240241taken an approved blaster's renewal training course, or that have 242obtained a blaster's license as provided in subsections 12 and 13 of this section are eligible for renewal of a blaster's license after meeting the 243requirements of subsection 7 of this section. The fee for renewal of a 244245license shall be the same as the fee specified in subsection 3 of this section. 246

16. No individual shall load or fire explosives or direct, order, or 247otherwise cause any individual to load or fire explosives in this state 248unless that individual has a valid blaster's license or is under the direct 249supervision and responsibility of an individual having a valid blaster's 250license. For purposes of this section, "direct supervision" means the 251252supervisor is physically present on the same job site as the individual who is loading or firing explosives. An individual without a blaster's 253license who is loading or firing explosives while under the direct 254supervision and responsibility of someone having a blaster's license 255

256 shall not be in violation of sections 319.300 to 319.345.

25717. Persons found guilty of loading or firing explosives, or 258directing, ordering, or otherwise causing any individual to load or fire 259explosives in this state without having a valid blaster's license, or that loads and fires explosives without being under the direct supervision 260261and responsibility of an individual holding a blaster's license as provided in sections 319.300 to 319.345, shall be guilty of a class B 262misdemeanor for the first offense or a class A misdemeanor for a 263 264second or subsequent offense. Any individual convicted of a class A misdemeanor under the provisions of sections 319.300 to 319.345 shall 265be permanently prohibited from obtaining a blaster's license in this 266267 state.

18. The requirement for obtaining a blaster's license shall notapply to:

(1) Individuals employed by universities, colleges, or trade
schools when the use of explosives is confined to instruction or
research;

(2) Individuals using explosive materials in the forms prescribed
by the official U.S. Pharmacopoeia or the National Formulary and used
in medicines and medicinal agents;

(3) Individuals conducting training or emergency operations of
any federal, state, or local government including all departments,
agencies, and divisions thereof, provided they are acting in their
official capacity and in the proper performance of their duties or
functions;

(4) Individuals that are members of the armed forces or any
military unit of Missouri or the United States who are using explosives
while on official training exercises or who are on active duty;

(5) Individuals using pyrotechnics, commonly known as
 fireworks, including signaling devices such as flares, fuses, and
 torpedoes;

(6) Individuals using small arms ammunition and components
thereof which are subject to the Gun Control Act of 1968, 18 U.S.C.,
Section 44, and regulations promulgated thereunder;

(7) Any individual performing duties in underground mines
regulated by 30 CFR Part 48, Subpart A, 30 CFR Part 57, or performing
duties in coal mining regulated by 30 CFR Part 75, and 30 CFR Part 77

of the Code of Federal Regulations, as amended, or using explosiveswithin an industrial furnace;

(8) Any individual having a valid blaster's license or certificate
issued under the provisions of any requirement of the U.S. government
in which the requirements for obtaining the license or certificate meet
or exceed the requirements of sections 319.300 to 319.345;

(9) Individuals using agricultural fertilizers when used for
 agricultural or horticultural purposes;

(10) Individuals handling explosives while in the act of
 transporting them from one location to another;

303 (11) Individuals assisting or training under the direct
 304 supervision of a licensed blaster;

305 (12) Individuals handling explosives while engaged in the
 306 process of explosives manufacturing;

307(13) Employees, agents, or contractors of rural electric308cooperatives organized or operating under chapter 394, RSMo; and

309 (14) Individuals discharging historic firearms and cannon or
 310 reproductions of historic firearms and cannon.

19. The division of fire safety shall promulgate rules under this section to become effective no later than July 1, 2008. Any individual loading or firing explosives after the effective date of such rule shall obtain a license within one-hundred eighty days of the effective date of such rule. Any experience or training prior to the effective date of such rule that meets the standards established by the rule shall be deemed to comply with this section.

319.309. 1. Any person using explosives in the state of Missouri 2 shall calculate the scaled distance to the nearest uncontrolled 3 structure. If more than one uncontrolled structure is the same 4 approximate distance from the blast site, then the person using 5 explosives may select one representative structure for calculation of 6 scaled distance.

2. For the purposes of this section, the term "uncontrolled
8 structure" shall not apply to the following:

9 (1) Buildings in a state of disrepair or neglect which are not 10 being used as a permanent residence;

11 (2) Noncommercial storage sheds;

12 (3) Temporary structures;

13 (4) Any unoccupied mobile recreational vehicle, trailer, or14 camper;

(5) Agricultural barns, storage sheds, and animal shelters;

16 (6) Any building on mine property that is owned by the mine17 operator or contained on property leased by the mine operator.

15

18 3. In any instance when the scaled distance value is fifty-five or less, any person using explosives, except as provided in section 319.321, 19shall use at least one seismograph calibrated to the manufacturer's 20standard for use to record the ground vibration and acoustic levels that 21occur from the use of such explosives or explosive materials. When 2223measuring ground vibration and acoustic levels, the seismograph shall be placed in the proximity of the nearest uncontrolled structure or, at 24the option of the person using explosives, closer to the blast site. If 25more than one uncontrolled structure is the same approximate distance 2627from the blast site, then the person using explosives may select one 28representative structure for placement of the seismograph.

4. Any person using explosives who is voluntarily using a
seismograph calibrated to the manufacturer's standard for use for all
blasting is exempt from the requirements of this section.

319.312. 1. (1) Any person using explosives in the state of 2 Missouri in which monitoring with a seismograph is required, as 3 provided in section 319.309, shall comply with ground vibration limits 4 based on the U.S. Bureau of Mines Report of Investigations 8507, 5 Appendix B.

6 (2) In lieu of the ground vibration limit established in subdivision (1) of this subsection, the person using explosives may 7 8 submit a written request to the division of fire safety to use an alternate compliance method. Such written request must be supported 9 by sufficient technical information, which may include but not be 10 limited to, documented approval of such method by other federal, state, 11 or local political subdivisions which regulate the use 12of explosives. Upon submittal by the person using explosives of a request 13to use an alternate compliance method, the state blasting safety board 1415shall issue a written determination as to whether the technical information submitted provides sufficient justification for the alternate 16method to be used as a method of demonstrating compliance with the 17provisions of this section. 18

13

8

2. Any person using explosives in the state of Missouri in which monitoring with a seismograph is required, as provided in section 319.309, shall limit acoustic values from blasting to one hundred thirtythree decibels using a two hertz flat response measuring system based on the Office of Surface Mining regulation 816.67(b)(1)(I).

319.315. 1. Seismograph recordings of the ground vibration and 2 acoustic levels created by the use of explosives, when required by 3 section 319.309, shall be retained for at least three years. Such 4 recordings shall be made available to the division of fire safety within 5 twenty-four hours of a request by any representative of the division of 6 fire safety. Each seismograph recording and the accompanying records 7 shall include the:

(1) Maximum ground vibration and acoustics levels recorded;

9 (2) Specific location of the seismograph equipment, its distance 10 from the detonation of the explosives, the date of the recording, and the 11 time of the recording;

12 (3) Name of the individual responsible for operation of the
13 seismograph equipment and performing an analysis of each recording;
14 and

15 (4) Type of seismograph instrument, its sensitivity and
16 calibration signal or certification date of the last calibration.

2. When seismograph recordings of the use of explosives are required by section 319.309, a record of each such use of explosives shall be made and retained for at least three years. The record shall be completed by the end of the business day following the day in which the explosives were detonated. Such records shall be made available to the division of fire safety, upon request, within twenty-four hours of the request. Each record shall include the:

24 (1) Name of the person using the explosives;

25 (2) Location, date, and time of the detonation;

26 (3) Name of the licensed blaster responsible for use of the 27 explosives;

28 (4) Type of material blasted;

29 (5) Number of bore holes, burden, and spacing;

30 (6) Diameter and depth of bore holes;

31 (7) Type of explosives used;

32 (8) Weight of explosives used per bore hole and total weight of

explosives used; 33

34(9) Maximum weight of explosives detonated within any eight millisecond period; 35

(10) Maximum number of bore holes or decks detonated within 36 37 any eight millisecond period;

38 (11) Initiation system, including number of circuits and the timer interval, if a sequential timer is used; 39

40(12) Type and length of stemming;

41

(13) Type of detonator and delay periods used, in milliseconds;

(14) Sketch of delay pattern, including decking; 42

43(15) Distance and scaled distance, if required under the provisions of 319.309, to the nearest uncontrolled structure; 44

45(16) Location of the nearest uncontrolled structure, using the best available information. 46

3. It shall be the duty of each licensed blaster and each person 47 using explosives to assure that the requirements of this section are 48met. Any person using explosives shall provide properly calibrated 49 50seismographic equipment at the closest practical proximity to the nearest uncontrolled structure, or at the option of the person using 5152explosives the seismograph equipment may be located nearer to the 53blast site on an approximate line between the nearest uncontrolled structure and the blast site. Licensed blasters shall create the record 5455required in subsection 2 of this section and provide such record to the person using explosives, who shall be responsible for maintaining 56records required in this section. 57

319.318. 1. Any person using explosives shall comply with the $\mathbf{2}$ provisions of this section.

3 2. Provisions of federal law and regulation regarding the manufacturing, transportation, distribution, and storage of explosives 4 shall be enforced by the appropriate federal agency and shall not be 5subject to enforcement under sections 319.300 to 319.345. 6

7 3. Within sixty days after the effective date of sections 319.300 to 319.345, each person using explosives or intending to use explosives in 8 9 Missouri shall register with the state fire marshal. Any person using explosives who is not required to register on the effective date, who 1011 subsequently uses explosives in Missouri, shall register with the state fire marshal prior to first using explosives in Missouri. The initial 12

13 registration shall state the name of the person, address, telephone 14 number, facsimile number, e-mail address, and name of the principal 15 individual having responsibility for supervision of the use of 16 explosives. A fee of one hundred dollars shall be submitted with the 17 initial registration.

4. Each person using explosives that is required to register
under subsection 3 of this section shall by January thirty-first of each
year after registering, file an annual report with the state fire marshal
for the preceding calendar year.

(1) The initial annual report shall only include that portion of
the preceding calendar year after the date the person became subject
to the requirement to register under subsection 3 of this section.

25 (2) The report shall include:

26 (a) Any change or addition to the information required in 27 subsection 3 of this section;

(b) The name and address of the distributors from which
explosives were purchased;

30 (c) The total number of pounds of explosives purchased for use 31 in Missouri and the total number of pounds actually used in Missouri 32 during the period covered by the report. Persons required to report 33 annually shall maintain records sufficient to prove the accuracy of the 34 information reported.

35(3) The person using explosives shall submit with the annual 36 report a fee per ton, as established under this section, based on the amount of explosives used in Missouri. If the report of total pounds 37used results in a portion of a ton, the cumulative total of the fee shall 38be rounded to the nearest ton. The fee shall be five hundred dollars 3940 plus one dollar and fifteen cents per ton of explosives used. The fee per ton authorized under this subdivision may be adjusted by rule provided 41the fee shall not exceed one dollar and fifty cents per ton. The state 42blasting safety board shall review the fee schedule on a biennial basis 43and make recommendations for adjustments. 44

5. (1) The state fire marshal may audit the records of any person using explosives required to report annually under subsection 4 of this section to determine the accuracy of the number of pounds of explosives reported. In connection with such audit, the state fire marshal may also require any distributor of explosives to provide a statement of sales during the year to persons required to report under
subsection 4 of this section.

52(2) It shall be a violation of sections 319.300 to 319.345 to fail to register as required by subsection 3 of this section or knowingly report 53false information in the reports required under subsections 3 and 4 of 54this section. The state fire marshal may issue a notice of violation for 55reporting false information. The notice of violation shall be subject to 56the same procedures and rights of appeal as established in sections 57319.324, 319.327, and 319.333. Upon conviction for knowingly filing a 58false report, the person using explosives shall be subject to a penalty 59as a class B misdemeanor. Conviction upon a second or subsequent 60 offense shall be subject to a penalty as a class A misdemeanor. 61

62 6. It shall be a violation of sections 319.300 to 319.345 for any 63 person using explosives to:

64 (1) Engage in blasting other than by a licensed blaster or an
65 individual working under the direct supervision of a licensed blaster;

66 (2) Fail to calculate the scaled distance, conduct monitoring of
67 vibration and noise levels, and conduct record keeping as required by
68 sections 319.300 to 319.345;

69 (3) Fail to carry a minimum of one million dollars in commercial70 general liability insurance.

71 7. A violation of subsection 6 of this section shall be a class B 72 misdemeanor for the first offense, and a class A misdemeanor for a 73 second or subsequent offense.

319.321. Sections 319.309, 319.312, 319.315, and 319.318 shall not 2 apply to:

3 (1) Universities, colleges, or trade schools when confined to the
4 purpose of instruction or research;

5 (2) The use of explosive materials in the forms prescribed by the 6 official U.S. Pharmacopoeia or the National Formulary and used in 7 medicines and medicinal agents;

8 (3) The training or emergency operations of any federal, state, 9 or local government including all departments, agencies, and divisions 10 thereof, provided they are acting in their official capacity and in the 11 proper performance of their duties or functions;

12 (4) The use of explosives by the military or any agency of the13 United States;

14 (5) The use of pyrotechnics, commonly known as fireworks,
15 including signaling devices such as flares, fuses, and torpedoes;

16 (6) The use of small arms ammunition and components thereof 17 which are subject to the Gun Control Act of 1968, 18 U.S.C., Section 44, 18 and regulations promulgated thereunder. Any small arms ammunition 19 and components thereof exempted by the Gun Control Act of 1968 and 20 regulations promulgated thereunder are also exempted from the 21 provisions of sections 319.300 to 319.345;

(7) Any person performing duties in underground mines
regulated by 30 CFR Part 48, Subpart A, 30 CFR Part 57, or performing
duties in coal mining regulated by 30 CFR Part 75, and 30 CFR Part 77
of the Code of Federal Regulations, as amended, or using explosives
within an industrial furnace;

(8) The use of agricultural fertilizers when used for agricultural
or horticultural purposes;

29 (9) The use of explosives for demolition of structures;

30 (10) The use of explosives by employees, agents, or contractors
31 of rural electric cooperatives organized or operating under chapter 394,
32 RSMo, and;

(11) Individuals discharging historic firearms and cannon or
 reproductions of historic firearms and cannon.

319.324. 1. The state blasting safety board is hereby created and 2 assigned to the division of fire safety under the state fire 3 marshal. There shall be seven members of this board, as appointed by 4 the governor, with the advice and consent of the senate, to be 5 comprised of:

6 (1) One representative of a municipality who serves in the 7 capacity of director of public works or a similar position;

8 (2) One representative of a person using explosives that is 9 engaged in surface mining that is subject to the requirements of section 10 **319.300 to 319.345**;

11 (3) One representative of a person using explosives that is12 engaged in construction;

13 (4) One person who is in the business of providing contract blast
14 monitoring services;

15 (5) Two persons who manufacture or distribute explosives; and
16 (6) The state fire marshal or his or her designee.

172. Each board member shall serve for a term of six years, except 18for the members initially appointed one term shall be for one year, one term shall be for two years, one term shall be for three years, one term 19shall be for four years, one term shall be for five years, and one term 20shall be for six years. Members appointed and serving shall serve until 21their successor is named and shall be eligible for reappointment. The 22state fire marshal or his or her designee shall be a standing member of 23the board and shall have the power to vote. 24

253. Members of the board shall serve without compensation but may be reimbursed by the division of fire safety for reasonable and 26necessary expenses. Meetings of the board shall be held in facilities 27arranged by the division of fire safety. Hearings of the board may be 28held at a location in Missouri agreed upon by the state fire marshal and 29the chairman of the board. Upon agreement by the licensee, the state 30 fire marshal, and the chairman of the state blasting safety board, 3132hearings may be conducted by conference call.

4. The board shall annually by January thirty-first elect a chairman from one of the members other than the state fire marshal or his or her designee. The chairman shall be elected by majority vote of the board and shall preside over all meetings and hearings and perform any specific duties set out in sections 319.300 to 319.345.

38 5. The state fire marshal or his or her designee shall perform the
39 duties of secretary of the board.

6. The board shall meet as needed at the call of the chairman or
upon written notice by the state fire marshal. The board shall meet at
least once each calendar year.

43

7. It shall be the duty of the board to:

(1) Advise the state fire marshal in the development of
application and registration forms, training and examinations, and
setting fees for the filing of required applications, registrations, and
reports;

48 (2) Approve or disapprove any examination for licensing of49 blasters;

50 (3) Hold hearings and make decisions by majority vote upon 51 appeals under section 319.306 and upon notices of violation under 52 section 319.333;

53

(4) Approve or disapprove any rule proposed by the division of

54 fire safety for the administration of sections 319.300 to 319.345;

55 (5) Advise or assist the division of fire safety in any other matter 56 regarding administration or enforcement, within the scope and 57 requirements of sections 319.300 to 319.345.

58 8. For any matter upon which a hearing is held under 59 subdivision (3) of subsection 7 of this section, any referral of a notice 60 of violation or request for criminal or civil enforcement action or 61 injunctive relief shall be made by the state fire marshal to the attorney 62 general or a prosecuting attorney, only upon a majority vote by the 63 board.

319.327. 1. It shall be the duty of the division of fire safety to:

(1) Develop and distribute all forms, certificates, and printed
material necessary for carrying out duties relating to applications,
registrations, training, testing, and licensing required by sections
319.300 to 319.345;

6 (2) Publish, distribute, and administer an examination that tests 7 the knowledge of applicants for a blaster's license in the safe and 8 proper use of explosives. The examination may be given to applicants 9 by representatives of the division of fire safety, by persons approved 10 by the division of fire safety to provide training under section 319.306, 11 or by other persons designated by the division of fire safety;

(3) Upon approval by majority vote of the state blasting safety
board, promulgate any rule necessary for carrying out the purposes of
sections 319.300 to 319.345. No rule promulgated by the state fire
marshal shall duplicate, amend, supersede, or conflict with the
provisions of any statute, regulation, or policy established by:

17 (a) The U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco,
18 Firearms and Explosives;

19 (b) 18 U.S.C., Chapter 40, Importation, Manufacturing,
20 Distribution and Storage of Explosive Materials;

21

(c) The U.S. Department of Transportation;

22 (d) The federal Mine Safety and Health Administration; or

(e) The federal Occupational Safety and Health Administration;
(4) Investigate possible violations of sections 319.300 to 319.345
upon the complaint of any citizen that believes explosives are being
used in such a way to endanger the public's safety or property, or upon
any cause for the state fire marshal to believe that a violation is

28occurring. To conduct such investigations, the state fire marshal shall 29assign adequately trained personnel within the division of fire safety 30 to inspect blasting sites, examine records and seismograph recordings, inspect blaster's licenses, inspect registration and reporting records 31 required by section 319.315, or determine if any other provision of 32sections 319.300 to 319.345 has been violated. Such inspectors shall be 33 employees of the division of fire safety and may act on a full-time or 34part-time basis. Any such inspector shall meet the requirements of 35 36 section 319.306 for being licensed as a blaster in the state of Missouri;

(5) Receive and provide information and assistance, in
cooperation with local governments, federal agencies, and agencies of
other states, in administration and enforcement of sections 319.300 to
319.345 and similar laws, regulations, and requirements in other
jurisdictions.

2. The division of fire safety may enforce any provision of 4243sections 319.300 to 319.345 by referral of violations to the attorney general or a prosecuting attorney and may seek criminal penalties and 44 45may seek injunctive relief. For any matter upon which a hearing is held under subdivision (3) of subsection 7 of section 319.324, any 4647referral of a notice of violation or request for criminal or civil 48enforcement action or injunctive relief shall be made by the state fire marshal to the attorney general or a prosecuting attorney, only upon 49 50a majority vote by the board.

319.330. There is hereby created in the state treasury the $\mathbf{2}$ "Missouri Explosives Safety Act Administration Fund", which shall consist of all fees collected under sections 319.300 to 319.345, 3 4 appropriations of the general assembly, federal grants, and private donations. The state treasurer shall be custodian of the fund. In 5accordance with sections 30.170 and 30.180, RSMo, the state treasurer 6 may approve disbursements. Upon appropriation, money in the fund 7 shall be used solely for the administration of sections 319.300 to 8 319.345. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 33.080, RSMo, to the 9 contrary, any moneys remaining in the fund at the end of the biennium 10 11 shall not revert to the credit of the general revenue fund. The state treasurer shall invest moneys in the fund in the same manner as other 12funds are invested. Any interest and moneys earned on such 13investments shall be credited to the fund. The state fire marshal shall 14

submit a report to the state blasting safety board and the public each year that describes the revenue created by fees established under the provisions of sections 319.300 to 319.345 and how the revenue was expended to enforce the provisions of sections 319.300 to 319.345, including the number of employees used and activities performed.

319.333. Any individual or person using explosives who the state fire marshal or his or her representative determines, upon substantial $\mathbf{2}$ evidence, to be in violation of sections 319.300 to 319.345 may be issued 3 a notice of violation by the division of fire safety. Any hearings 4 regarding suspension or revocation of a blaster's license shall be 5conducted under the provisions of subsection 10 of section 319.306, 6 rather than the provisions of this section. The notice of violation shall 7 be in writing and shall state the section or sections violated and the 8 circumstance of the violation, including date, place, person involved, 9 10 and the act or omission constituting the violation. The notice shall also inform the person receiving the notice of the right to request a hearing 11 before the state blasting safety board. The recipient may request a 1213hearing within forty-five days of the date the notice was received. If a hearing is requested, the state fire marshal shall immediately inform 1415the chairman of the board. The person receiving the notice, the state 16fire marshal, and the chairman of the board shall establish a mutually acceptable date and place for the hearing, which in no case shall be 1718more than thirty days after the hearing was requested. The hearing 19shall be conducted as an uncontested case, although the person or the 20state fire marshal may be represented by an attorney. Within fifteen days of such hearing, the board shall notify the person of its decision 21on the appeal, which may include upholding, modifying, or 22disapproving the notice of violation. The board's action upon the 23appeal shall be decided by majority vote. If the notice of violation is 24upheld by the board, in whole or part, upon a separate majority vote of 25the board, the person may be referred for enforcement action as 2627provided in section 319.327.

319.336. Any individual aggrieved by any official action of the state blasting safety board or the division of fire safety affecting their license status, including revocation, suspension, failure to renew, or refusal to grant a license may seek a determination thereon by the administrative hearing commission under the provisions of section

22

6 621.045, RSMo.

319.339. 1. Any person using explosives within Missouri shall notify the division of fire safety in writing or by telephone at least two business days in advance of first using explosives at a site where blasting has not been previously conducted. If blasting will be conducted at an ongoing project, such as a long term construction project, or at a permanent site, such as a surface mine, the person shall only be required to make one notice to the division of fire safety in advance of the first use of explosives.

9 2. The notice required by this section shall state the name, 10 address, and telephone number of the person using explosives, the 11 name of the individual responsible for supervision of blasting, the date 12 or approximate period over which blasting will be conducted, the 13 location of blasting by street address, route, or other description, and 14 the nature of the project or reason for blasting.

3. This section shall not apply to any blasting required by a
contract with any agency of the state of Missouri, any federal agency,
or any political subdivision.

319.342. 1. Any person using explosives which will conduct $\mathbf{2}$ blasting within the jurisdiction of a municipality shall notify the 3 appropriate representative of the municipality in writing or by 4 telephone at least two business days in advance of blasting at that 5 location. An appropriate representative shall be deemed to be the city's public works department, code enforcement official, or an official at 6 the main office maintained by the municipality. In any area where 7 blasting will be conducted, whether in a municipality or in an 8 unincorporated area, the person using explosives also shall notify the 9 appropriate fire protection official for the jurisdiction where blasting 10 will occur, which may be a city fire department, fire protection district, 11 or volunteer fire protection association. The notice required by this 12section shall state the name, address, and telephone number of the 13person using explosives, the name of the individual responsible for 14supervision of blasting, the date or approximate period over which 1516blasting will be conducted, the location of blasting by street address, route, or other description, and the nature of the project or reason for 17blasting. If blasting will be conducted at an ongoing project, such as 18a long term construction project, or at a permanent site, such as a 19

surface mine, the person shall only be required to make one notice to the municipality or appropriate fire protection official in advance of the first use of explosives. Any such ongoing projects or permanent sites in existence at the time of the effective date of sections 319.300 to 319.345 shall not be required to provide notice as described in this subsection.

2. Any person using explosives which will conduct blasting 26within the jurisdiction of a municipality shall notify the owner or 27occupant of any residence or business located within a scaled distance 28of fifty-five feet from the site of blasting prior to the start of blasting 2930at any new location. One notification by mail, telephone, printed notification posted prominently on the premises or the property of the 31owner or occupant of the residence or business, or delivered in person 32to any such owner or occupant meets the requirements of this 3334subsection. A municipality may provide the name, last known address, and telephone number of the owners or occupants of any residence or 35business that may be located within the scaled distance of fifty-five feet 3637from the site of blasting to the person using explosives upon request.

38 **3.** Any municipality or county may by ordinance:

(1) Require that a permit be obtained in addition to the notice
required by subsection 1 of this section, with such application for
permit being due no more than ten days prior to the first use of
explosives;

43 (2) Require that the application for the permit contain specific
44 information about the type of explosives to be used and their storage
45 location at the site where used;

46 (3) Require the applicant to demonstrate an acceptable plan for
47 signage or other means of informing the public of blasting in proximity
48 to public streets or highways and any request for temporary closing of
49 streets or routing of traffic;

50 (4) Specify the times of days blasting may be conducted, which 51 shall not be less than eight consecutive hours, and provide that blasting 52 may not be conducted on Sunday except upon application of the person 53 using explosives and approval by the municipality;

(5) Require that the applicant submit proof that the person using
explosives is registered with the division of fire safety and that blasting
will be conducted by a licensed blaster;

57 (6) Require that the applicant submit proof of commercial 58 general liability insurance in an acceptable amount, which shall be no 59 less than one million dollars and no more than five million dollars;

(7) Require that the applicant conduct a pre-blast survey of any
uncontrolled structures within a scaled distance of fifty-five feet from
the blast site.

4. A permit for blasting under a municipal ordinance authorized
by subsection 3 of this section shall be granted by the municipality
upon satisfying the requirements of the ordinance and upon the
applicant's payment of a reasonable fee to cover the administration of
the permit system.

5. Any authorized representative of a municipality, county or an
appropriate fire protection official may:

(1) Require any person using explosives to show proof that he or
she is registered with the division of fire safety and blasting is being
conducted by an individual that is licensed under the provisions of
section 319.306;

(2) Request and be allowed access to the site of blasting by the
person using explosives and shall be allowed to observe blasting from
a safe location as designated by the blaster;

(3) Examine records of blasting required to be maintained by
sections 319.309 and 319.315. However, no municipality or fire
protection official shall require a person using explosives or a blaster
to surrender such records or a copy of such records to the municipality
or fire protection official;

82 (4) Report suspected violations of section 319.300 to 319.345 to
83 the division of fire safety.

6. Subsections 1, 2, 3, and 4 of this section shall not apply to any blasting required by a construction contract with any agency of the state of Missouri, any federal agency, or any political subdivision.

7. The state of Missouri hereby preempts existing regulation, licensing, and inspection of persons using explosives, blasters, and blasting by local governments, except as authorized in this section. It shall be unlawful for any local government to impose any future ordinance, order, permit or regulation upon persons using explosives or blasters which duplicates, exceeds or conflicts with the requirements of sections 319.300 to 319.345, unless such ordinance, order, permit, or 26

regulation, in effect as of January 1, 2007, shall exclusively regulate the 9495use of explosives at the site of a quarry in any county with a charter form of government and with more than two hundred fifty thousand but 96 fewer than three hundred fifty thousand inhabitants. For purposes of 97 this section, the term "quarry" shall include any place where rock, ore, 98stone, or similar materials are excavated for sale or off-premise use. A 99 quarry shall not include the removal or relocation of rock, stone, or 100earth incidental to the construction of residential, commercial, or 101 102industrial buildings. Nothing in this section shall preempt the rights 103and remedies afforded by the general assembly or common law to persons damaged by blasting. 104

319.345. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, RSMo, that is created under the authority delegated in 2 sections 319.300 to 319.345, shall become effective only if it complies 3 with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo, and, 4 if applicable, section 536.028, RSMo. This section and chapter 536, $\mathbf{5}$ RSMo, are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the 6 7general assembly pursuant to chapter 536, RSMo, to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove or annul a rule are subsequently 8 9 held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any 10 rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2007, shall be invalid and 11 **void**.

Сору