FIRST REGULAR SESSION

SENATE BILL NO. 229

94TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR COLEMAN.

Read 1st time January 9, 2007, and ordered printed.

1162S.01I

TERRY L. SPIELER, Secretary.

AN ACT

To repeal section 115.631, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof two new sections relating to elections, with penalty provisions.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Section 115.631, RSMo, is repealed and two new sections

- 2 enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 115.148 and 115.631, to read as
- 3 follows:
 - 115.148. 1. Each individual who requests fifty or more voter
- 2 registration applications from the secretary of state and who is not a
- 3 deputy registration official, whether such person is making the request
- 4 on his or her own behalf or on behalf of a group organization or some
- 5 other entity, shall be at least eighteen years of age and shall submit the
- 6 information required by subsection 2 of this section to the secretary of
- 7 state before receiving the applications. The secretary of state shall
- 8 keep this information on file with the number of the voter registration
- 9 applications supplied to that individual.
- 2. Persons described in subsection 1 of this section shall supply
- 11 the following information to the secretary of state:
- 12 **(1)** Name;
- 13 (2) Residential address, including street number, city, state, and
- 14 zip code;
- 15 (3) Mailing address, if different;
- 16 (4) Telephone number;
- 17 (5) Whether the person is making the request on behalf of a
- 18 group or organization; and
- 19 (6) The identity of the group or organization if the request is
- 20 being made on behalf of a group or organization.

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- 21 3. The secretary of state shall prescribe a form designed to 22provide the information required by subsection 2 of this section. The 23person described in subsection 1 of this section shall sign the form with the following oath or affirmation: 24
- I HEREBY SWEAR OR AFFIRM UNDER PENALTY OF PERJURY THAT 25 ALL STATEMENTS MADE BY ME ARE TRUE AND CORRECT. 26
- 4. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 560.021, RSMo, to the contrary, any person who falsely swears to the above oath or 2829 affirmation knowing it to be false is guilty of a class A misdemeanor, punishable by a term of imprisonment not to exceed one year in the 30 county jail or a fine not to exceed ten thousand dollars or by both such imprisonment and fine.
 - 5. Any person who knowingly signs any name other than his or her own to any voter registration application shall be guilty of a class one election offense.
- 6. The secretary of state shall make available to persons making 37 a request for voter registration applications a computer-based 38 registration training or other registration training in a manner 39 prescribed by the secretary of state. If a request is made on behalf of 40 a group or organization, the training shall be made available to each person who will distribute the voter registration applications provided to that group or organization. 42
- 115.631. The following offenses, and any others specifically so described by law, shall be class one election offenses and are deemed felonies connected with the exercise of the right of suffrage. Conviction for any of these offenses shall be punished by imprisonment of not more than five years or by fine of not less than two thousand five hundred dollars but not more than ten thousand dollars or by both such imprisonment and fine: 6
- 7 (1) Willfully and falsely making any certificate, affidavit, or statement required to be made pursuant to any provision of sections 115.001 to 115.641 and sections 51.450 and 51.460, RSMo, including but not limited to statements specifically required to be made "under penalty of perjury"; or in any other 10 11 manner knowingly furnishing false information to an election authority or election official engaged in any lawful duty or action in such a way as to hinder 12or mislead the authority or official in the performance of official duties. Any other provision in this section notwithstanding, if an individual willfully

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and falsely makes any certificate, affidavit, or statement required to be made 15 under section 115.155, including but not limited to statements specifically 16 required to be made "under penalty of perjury", such individual shall be guilty of 17 18 a class C felony, except that an individual who knowingly signs any name other than his or her own to any voter registration application shall be 19 20 guilty of a class B felony. Any other provision in this section 21notwithstanding, if an individual furnishes identification to an election 22official in order to cast a ballot as required under section 115.427 with 23 the knowledge that such identification is false, such individual shall be guilty of a class B felony; 24

- (2) Voting more than once or voting at any election knowing that the person is not entitled to vote or that the person has already voted on the same day at another location inside or outside the state of Missouri;
- (3) Procuring any person to vote knowing the person is not lawfully entitled to vote or knowingly procuring an illegal vote to be cast at any election;
- (4) Applying for a ballot in the name of any other person, whether the name be that of a person living or dead or of a fictitious person, or applying for a ballot in his own or any other name after having once voted at the election inside or outside the state of Missouri;
- (5) Aiding, abetting or advising another person to vote knowing the person is not legally entitled to vote or knowingly aiding, abetting or advising another person to cast an illegal vote;
- 37 (6) An election judge knowingly causing or permitting any ballot to be in 38 the ballot box at the opening of the polls and before the voting commences;
- 39 (7) Knowingly furnishing any voter with a false or fraudulent or bogus 40 ballot, or knowingly practicing any fraud upon a voter to induce him to cast a 41 vote which will be rejected, or otherwise defrauding him of his vote;
- 42 (8) An election judge knowingly placing or attempting to place or 43 permitting any ballot, or paper having the semblance of a ballot, to be placed in 44 a ballot box at any election unless the ballot is offered by a qualified voter as 45 provided by law;
- 46 (9) Knowingly placing or attempting to place or causing to be placed any 47 false or fraudulent or bogus ballot in a ballot box at any election;
 - (10) Knowingly removing any legal ballot from a ballot box for the purpose of changing the true and lawful count of any election or in any other manner knowingly changing the true and lawful count of any election;

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- 51 (11) Knowingly altering, defacing, damaging, destroying or concealing any 52 ballot after it has been voted for the purpose of changing the lawful count of any 53 election;
- 54 (12) Knowingly altering, defacing, damaging, destroying or concealing any 55 poll list, report, affidavit, return or certificate for the purpose of changing the 56 lawful count of any election;
- 57 (13) On the part of any person authorized to receive, tally or count a poll 58 list, tally sheet or election return, receiving, tallying or counting a poll list, tally 59 sheet or election return the person knows is fraudulent, forged or counterfeit, or 60 knowingly making an incorrect account of any election;
 - (14) On the part of any person whose duty it is to grant certificates of election, or in any manner declare the result of an election, granting a certificate to a person the person knows is not entitled to receive the certificate, or declaring any election result the person knows is based upon fraudulent, fictitious or illegal votes or returns;
- 66 (15) Willfully destroying or damaging any official ballots, whether marked 67 or unmarked, after the ballots have been prepared for use at an election and 68 during the time they are required by law to be preserved in the custody of the 69 election judges or the election authority;
 - (16) Willfully tampering with, disarranging, altering the information on, defacing, impairing or destroying any voting machine or marking device after the machine or marking device has been prepared for use at an election and during the time it is required by law to remain locked and sealed with intent to impair the functioning of the machine or marking device at an election, mislead any voter at the election, or to destroy or change the count or record of votes on such machine;
- 77 (17) Registering to vote knowing the person is not legally entitled to 78 register or registering in the name of another person, whether the name be that 79 of a person living or dead or of a fictitious person;
- 80 (18) Procuring any other person to register knowing the person is not 81 legally entitled to register, or aiding, abetting or advising another person to 82 register knowing the person is not legally entitled to register;
 - (19) Knowingly preparing, altering or substituting any computer program or other counting equipment to give an untrue or unlawful result of an election;
- 85 (20) On the part of any person assisting a blind or disabled person to vote, 86 knowingly failing to cast such person's vote as such person directs;

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87 (21) On the part of any registration or election official, permitting any 88 person to register to vote or to vote when such official knows the person is not 89 legally entitled to register or not legally entitled to vote;

- (22) On the part of a notary public acting in his official capacity, knowingly violating any of the provisions of sections 115.001 to 115.627 or any provision of law pertaining to elections;
- (23) Violation of any of the provisions of sections 115.275 to 115.303, or of any provision of law pertaining to absentee voting. Any other provision in this section notwithstanding, if an individual willfully and falsely completes the certificate, affidavit, statement, or ballot of another individual under the provisions of sections 115.283 and 115.284, including but not limited to statements specifically required to be made under penalty of perjury, such individual shall be guilty of a class B felony;
- (24) Assisting a person to vote knowing such person is not legally entitled to such assistance, or while assisting a person to vote who is legally entitled to such assistance, in any manner coercing, requesting or suggesting that the voter vote for or against, or refrain from voting on any question, ticket or candidate;
- (25) Engaging in any act of violence, destruction of property having a value of five hundred dollars or more, or threatening an act of violence with the intent of denying a person's lawful right to vote or to participate in the election process; and
- (26) Knowingly providing false information about election procedures for the purpose of preventing any person from going to the polls.

