FIRST REGULAR SESSION

SENATE BILL NO. 250

94TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATORS RIDGEWAY AND VOGEL.

Read 1st time January 10, 2007, and ordered printed.

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TERRY L. SPIELER, Secretary,

AN ACT

To repeal sections 36.030, 36.031, 306.111, 306.112, 306.116, 306.117, 306.161, 565.082, and 650.005, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof eleven new sections relating to the water patrol, with penalty provisions and an emergency clause.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 36.030, 36.031, 306.111, 306.112, 306.116, 306.117,

- 2 306.161, 565.082, and 650.005, RSMo, are repealed and eleven new sections
- 3 enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 36.030, 36.031, 306.111, 306.112,
- 4 306.116, 306.117, 306.118, 306.161, 306.166, 565.082, and 650.005, to read as
- 5 follows:

36.030. 1. A system of personnel administration based on merit principles

- 2 and designed to secure efficient administration is established for all offices,
- 3 positions and employees, except attorneys, of the department of social services,
- 4 the department of corrections, the department of health and senior services, the
- 5 department of natural resources, the department of mental health, the division
- 6 of personnel and other divisions and units of the office of administration, the
- 7 division of employment security, mine safety and on-site consultation sections of
- 8 the division of labor standards and administration operations of the department
- 9 of labor and industrial relations, the division of tourism and job development and
- 10 training, the Missouri housing development commission, and the office of public
- 11 counsel of the department of economic development, [the Missouri state water
- 12 patrol,] the Missouri veterans commission, capitol police and state emergency
- 13 management agency of the department of public safety, such other agencies as
- 14 may be designated by law, and such other agencies as may be required to
- 15 maintain personnel standards on a merit basis by federal law or regulations for

16 grant-in-aid programs; except that, the following offices and positions of these 17 agencies are not subject to this chapter and may be filled without regard to its 18 provisions:

- (1) Other provisions of the law notwithstanding, members of boards and commissions, departmental directors, five principal assistants designated by the departmental directors, division directors, and three principal assistants designated by each division director; except that, these exemptions shall not apply to the division of personnel;
- 24 (2) One principal assistant for each board or commission, the members of 25 which are appointed by the governor or by a director of the department;
- 26 (3) Chaplains and attorneys regularly employed or appointed in any department or division subject to this chapter, except as provided in section 36.031;
- 29 (4) Persons employed in work assignments with a geographic location 30 principally outside the state of Missouri and other persons whose employment is 31 such that selection by competitive examination and standard classification and 32 compensation practices are not practical under all the circumstances as 33 determined by the board by rule;
- 34 (5) Patients or inmates in state charitable, penal and correctional 35 institutions who may also be employees in the institutions;
- 36 (6) Persons employed in an internship capacity in a state department or institution as a part of their formal training, at a college, university, business, trade or other technical school; except that, by appropriate resolution of the governing authorities of any department or institution, the personnel division may be called upon to assist in selecting persons to be appointed to internship positions;
- 42 (7) The administrative head of each state medical, penal and correctional 43 institution, as warranted by the size and complexity of the organization and as 44 approved by the board;
- 45 (8) Deputies or other policy-making assistants to the exempt head of each 46 division of service, as warranted by the size or complexity of the organization and 47 in accordance with the rules promulgated by the personnel advisory board;
- 48 (9) Special assistants as designated by an appointing authority; except
 49 that, the number of such special assistants shall not exceed one percent of a
 50 department's total authorized full-time equivalent workforce;
- 51 (10) Merit status shall be retained by present incumbents of positions

52 identified in this section which have previously been subject to this chapter.

- 2. All positions in the executive branch transferred to coverage pursuant to this chapter where incumbents of such positions have at least twelve months' prior service on the effective date of such transfer shall have incumbency preference and shall be permitted to retain their positions, provided they meet qualification standards acceptable to the division of personnel of the office of administration. An employee with less than twelve months of prior service on the effective date of such transfer or an employee who is appointed to such position after the effective date of such transfer and prior to the classification and allocation of the position by the division of personnel shall be permitted to retain his or her position, provided he or she meets acceptable qualification standards and subject to successful completion of a working test period which shall not exceed twelve months of total service in the position. After the allocation of any position to an established classification, such position shall thereafter be filled only in accordance with all provisions of this chapter.
- 3. The system of personnel administration governs the appointment, promotion, transfer, layoff, removal and discipline of employees and officers and other incidents of employment in divisions of service subject to this chapter, and all appointments and promotions to positions subject to this chapter shall be made on the basis of merit and fitness.
- 4. To encourage all state employees to improve the quality of state services, increase the efficiency of state work operations, and reduce the costs of state programs, the director of the division of personnel shall establish employee recognition programs, including a statewide employee suggestion system. The director shall determine reasonable rules and shall provide reasonable standards for determining the monetary awards, not to exceed five thousand dollars, under the employee suggestion system. Awards shall be made from funds appropriated for this purpose.
- 5. At the request of the senate or the house of representatives, the commissioner of administration shall submit a report on the employee suggestion award program described in subsection 4 of this section.

36.031. Any provision of law to the contrary notwithstanding, except for the elective offices, institutions of higher learning, the department of transportation, the department of conservation, those positions in the Missouri state highway patrol the compensation of which is established by subdivision (2) of subsection 2 of section 43.030, RSMo, and section 43.080, RSMo, those

positions in the Missouri state water patrol the compensation of which is established by section 306.166, RSMo, those positions in the division of finance and the division of credit unions compensated through a dedicated fund 9 obtained from assessments and license fees under sections 361.170 and 370.107, RSMo, and those positions for which the constitution specifically provides the 10 11 method of selection, classification, or compensation, and the positions specified in subsection 1 of section 36.030, but including attorneys, those departments, 13 agencies and positions of the executive branch of state government which have not been subject to these provisions of the state personnel law shall be subject to 14 the provisions of sections 36.100, 36.110, 36.120 and 36.130, and the regulations 1516 adopted pursuant to sections 36.100, 36.110, 36.120 and 36.130 which relate to the preparation, adoption and maintenance of a position classification plan, the 17 establishment and allocation of positions within the classification plan and the 18 use of appropriate class titles in official records, vouchers, payrolls and 19 20 communications. Any provision of law which confers upon any official or agency 21subject to the provisions of this section the authority to appoint, classify or 22 establish compensation for employees shall mean the exercise of such authority subject to the provisions of this section. This section shall not extend coverage 23 24of any section of this chapter, except those specifically named in this section, to any agency or employee. In accordance with sections 36.100, 36.110, 36.120 and 2526 36.130, and after consultation with appointing authorities, the director of the 27division of personnel shall conduct such job studies and job reviews and establish such additional new and revised job classes as the director finds necessary for 28 29 appropriate classification of the positions involved. Such classifications and the 30 allocation of positions to classes shall be maintained on a current basis by the division of personnel. The director of the division of personnel shall, at the same 31 time, notify all affected agencies of the appropriate assignment of each job 32classification to one of the salary ranges within the pay plan then applicable to 33 34 merit system agencies. The affected agencies and employees in the classifications 35 set pursuant to this section shall be subject to the pay plan and rates of compensation established and administered in accordance with the provisions of 36 37 this section, and the regulations adopted pursuant to this section, on the same 38 basis as for merit agency employees. In addition, any elected official, institution 39 of higher learning, the department of transportation, the department of conservation, the general assembly, or any judge who is the chief administrative 40 officer of the judicial branch of state government may request the division of 41

42 personnel to study salaries within the requestor's office, department or branch of 43 state government for classification purposes.

306.111. 1. A person commits the crime of negligent operation of a vessel if when operating a vessel on the [Mississippi River, Missouri River or the lakes] waters of this state he or she acts with criminal negligence, as defined in subsection 5 of section 562.016, RSMo, to cause physical injury to any other person or damage to the property of any other person. A person convicted of negligent operation of a vessel is guilty of a class B misdemeanor upon conviction for the first violation, guilty of a class A misdemeanor upon conviction for the second violation, and guilty of a class D felony for conviction for the third and subsequent violations.

- 2. A person commits the crime of operating a vessel while intoxicated if he **or she** operates a vessel on the [Mississippi River, Missouri River or the lakes] waters of this state while in an intoxicated condition. A person convicted of operating a vessel while intoxicated is guilty of a class B misdemeanor upon conviction for the first violation, guilty of a class A misdemeanor upon conviction for the second violation, and guilty of a class D felony for conviction for the third and subsequent violations.
- 3. A person commits the crime of involuntary manslaughter with a vessel if, while in an intoxicated condition, he **or she** operates any vessel on the [Mississippi River, Missouri River or the lakes] waters of this state and, when so operating, acts with criminal negligence to cause the death of any person. Involuntary manslaughter with a vessel is a class C felony.
- 4. A person commits the crime of assault with a vessel in the second degree if, while in an intoxicated condition, he **or she** operates any vessel on the [Mississippi River, Missouri River or the lakes] waters of this state and, when so operating, acts with criminal negligence to cause physical injury to any other person. Assault with a vessel in the second degree is a class D felony.
- 5. For purposes of this section, a person is in an intoxicated condition when he is under the influence of alcohol, a controlled substance or drug, or any combination thereof.

306.112. 1. A person commits the crime of operating a vessel with excessive blood alcohol content if such person operates a vessel on the [Mississippi River, Missouri River or the lakes] waters of this state with [ten-hundredths] eight-hundredths of one percent or more by weight of alcohol in such person's blood.

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- 6 2. As used in this section, percent by weight of alcohol in the blood shall 7 be based upon grams of alcohol per one hundred milliliters of blood and may be 8 shown by chemical analysis of the person's blood, breath, urine, or saliva.
- 3. Any person convicted of operating a vessel with excessive blood alcohol content is guilty of a class B misdemeanor upon conviction for the first violation[, guilty of a class A misdemeanor upon conviction for the second violation, and guilty of a class D felony for conviction for the third and subsequent violations].
 - 4. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 306.118 to the contrary, any person found guilty of or pleading guilty to a second operating a vessel with excessive blood alcohol content offense within ten years of a first offense shall be guilty of a class A misdemeanor and shall be given a minimum probation period of two years with a loss of boat operating privilege for one year from date of judgment.
 - 5. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 306.118 to the contrary, any person found guilty of or pleading guilty to a third operating a vessel with excessive blood alcohol content offense within twenty years of a first offense shall be guilty of a class D felony and shall be given a minimum probation period of three years with a loss of boat operating privilege for five years from date of judgment.
- 306.116. 1. Any person who operates a vessel upon the [Mississippi River,
 2 Missouri River or the lakes] waters of this state shall be deemed to have given
 3 consent to, subject to the provisions of sections 306.111 to 306.119, a chemical
 4 test or tests of such person's breath, blood, urine, or saliva for the purpose of
 5 determining the alcohol or drug content of such person's blood if arrested for any
 6 offense arising out of acts which the arresting law enforcement officer had
 7 reasonable grounds to believe were committed while the person was operating a
 8 vessel upon the [Mississippi River, Missouri River or lakes] waters of this state
 9 in violation of section 306.111 or 306.112. The test shall be administered at the
 10 direction of the arresting law enforcement officer whenever the person has been
 11 arrested for the offense.
 - 2. The implied consent to submit to the chemical tests listed in subsection 1 of this section shall be limited to not more than two such tests arising from the same arrest, incident, or charge.
- 3. The person tested may have a physician, or a qualified technician, chemist, registered nurse, or other qualified person of such person's choosing and at such person's expense administer a test in addition to any administered at the

18 direction of a law enforcement officer. The failure or inability to obtain an

- 19 additional test by a person shall not preclude the admission of evidence relating
- 20 to the test taken at the direction of a law enforcement officer.
- 4. Upon the request of the person who is tested, full information
- 22 concerning the test shall be made available to such person.
 - 306.117. 1. Upon the trial of any person for violation of any of the
 - 2 provisions of section 306.111 or 306.112 the amount of alcohol or drugs in the
- 3 person's blood at the time of the act alleged as shown by any chemical analysis
- 4 of the person's blood, breath, urine, or saliva is admissible in evidence and the
- 5 provisions of subdivision (5) of section 491.060, RSMo, shall not prevent the
- 6 admissibility or introduction of such evidence if otherwise admissible. Evidence
- 7 of alcohol in a person's blood shall be given the following effect:
- 8 (1) If there was five-hundredths of one percent or less by weight of alcohol
- 9 in such person's blood, it shall be presumed that the person was not intoxicated
- 10 at the time the specimen was obtained;
- 11 (2) If there was in excess of five-hundredths of one percent but less than
- 12 [ten-hundredths] eight-hundredths of one percent by weight of alcohol in such
- 13 person's blood, the fact shall not give rise to any presumption that the person was
- 14 or was not intoxicated, but the fact may be considered with other competent
- 15 evidence in determining whether the person was intoxicated;
- 16 (3) If there was [ten-hundredths] eight-hundredths of one percent or
- 17 more by weight of alcohol in the person's blood, this shall be prima facie evidence
- 18 that the person was intoxicated at the time the specimen was taken.
- 19 2. Percent by weight of alcohol in the blood shall be based upon grams of
- 20 alcohol per one hundred milliliters of blood.
- 21 3. A chemical analysis of a person's breath, blood, urine, or saliva, in
- 22 order to give rise to the presumption or to have the effect provided for in
- 23 subsection 1 of this section, shall have been performed as provided in sections
- 24 306.111 to 306.119 and in accordance with methods and standards approved by
- 25 the department of health and senior services.
- 4. The provisions of this section shall not be construed as limiting the
- 27 introduction of any other competent evidence bearing upon the question whether
- 28 the person was intoxicated or under the influence of a controlled substance, or
- 29 drug, or a combination of either or both with or without alcohol.
 - 306.118. 1. For purposes of this section, unless the context
 - 2 clearly indicates otherwise, the following terms mean:

- 3 (1) "Aggravated offender", a person who:
- 4 (a) Has pleaded guilty to or has been found guilty of three or more intoxication-related boating offenses; or
- 6 (b) Has pleaded guilty to or has been found guilty of one or more intoxication-related boating offenses and, in addition, any of the following: involuntary manslaughter under subsection 3 of section 306.111; assault with a vessel in the second degree under subsection 4 9 of section 306.111; or assault of a law enforcement officer in the second degree under subdivision (4) of subsection 1 of section 565.082, RSMo; 11
- 12 (2) "Chronic offender", a person who:

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- (a) Has pleaded guilty to or has been found guilty of four or more intoxication-related boating offenses; or
- (b) Has pleaded guilty to or has been found guilty of, on two or more separate occasions, any combination of the following: involuntary manslaughter under subsection 3 of section 306.111; assault with a vessel in the second degree under subsection 4 of section 306.111; or 18 assault of a law enforcement officer in the second degree under 19 subdivision (4) of subsection 1 of section 565.082, RSMo; or
- 21(c) Has pleaded guilty to or has been found guilty of two or more 22intoxication-related boating offenses and, in addition, any of the 23following: involuntary manslaughter under subsection 3 of section 306.111; assault with a vessel in the second degree under subsection 4 2425of section 306.111; or assault of a law enforcement officer in the second 26 degree under subdivision (4) of subsection 1 of section 565.082;
- (3) "Intoxication-related boating offense", operating a vessel while intoxicated under section 306.111; operating with excessive blood 2829alcohol content under section 306.112; involuntary manslaughter under 30 subsection 3 of section 306.111; or assault of a law enforcement officer in the second degree under subdivision (4) of subsection 1 of section 565.082, RSMo;
 - (4) "Persistent offender", one of the following:
 - (a) A person who has pleaded guilty to or has been found guilty of two or more intoxication-related boating offenses;
- 36 (b) A person who has pleaded guilty to or has been found guilty of involuntary manslaughter under subsection 3 of section 306.111; 37 38 assault in the second degree under subsection 4 of section 306.111; or assault of a law enforcement officer in the second degree under 39

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40 subdivision (4) of subsection 1 of section 565.082, RSMo;

- 41 (5) "Prior offender", a person who has pleaded guilty to or has 42 been found guilty of one intoxication-related boating offense, where 43 such prior offense occurred within five years of the occurrence of the 44 intoxication-related boating offense for which the person is charged.
- 2. Any person who pleads guilty to or is found guilty of a violation of sections 306.110, 306.111, or 306.112 who is alleged and proved to be a prior offender shall be guilty of a class A misdemeanor.
 - 3. Any person who pleads guilty to or is found guilty of a violation of sections 306.110, 306.111, or 306.112 who is alleged and proved to be a persistent offender shall be guilty of a class D felony.
 - 4. Any person who pleads guilty to or is found guilty of a violation of sections 306.110, 306.111, or 306.112 who is alleged and proved to be an aggravated offender shall be guilty of a class C felony.
 - 5. Any person who pleads guilty to or is found guilty of a violation of sections 306.110, 306.111, or 306.112 who is alleged and proved to be a chronic offender shall be guilty of a class B felony.
 - 6. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 557.011, RSMo, to the contrary, no state, county, or municipal court shall suspend the imposition of sentence as to a prior offender, persistent offender, aggravated offender, or chronic offender under this section nor sentence such person to pay a fine in lieu of a term of imprisonment. No prior offender shall be eligible for parole or probation until he or she has served a minimum of five days imprisonment, unless as a condition of such parole or probation such person performs at least thirty days of community service under the supervision of the court in those jurisdictions which have a recognized program for community service. No persistent offender shall be eligible for parole or probation until he or she has served a minimum of ten days imprisonment, unless as a condition of such parole of probation such person performs at least sixty days of community service under the supervision of the court. No aggravated offender shall be eligible for parole or probation until he or she has served a minimum of sixty days imprisonment. No chronic offender shall be eligible for parole or probation until he or she has served a minimum of two years imprisonment.
- 75 7. The state, county, or municipal court shall find the defendant to be a prior offender, persistent offender, aggravated offender, or

77 chronic offender if:

- (1) The indictment or information, original or amended, or the information in lieu of an indictment pleads all essential facts warranting a finding that the defendant is a prior, persistent, aggravated, or chronic offender; and
- 82 (2) Evidence is introduced that establishes sufficient facts 83 pleaded to warrant a finding beyond a reasonable doubt the defendant 84 is a prior offender, persistent offender, aggravated offender, or chronic 85 offender; and
- 86 (3) The court makes findings of fact that warrant a finding 87 beyond a reasonable doubt by the court that the defendant is a prior 88 offender, persistent offender, aggravated offender, or chronic offender.
- 89 8. In a jury trial, the facts shall be pleaded, established, and 90 found prior to submission to the jury outside of its hearing.
- 91 9. In a trial without a jury or upon a plea of guilty, the court may 92 defer the proof in findings of such facts to a later time, but prior to 93 sentencing.
- 10. The defendant shall be accorded full rights of confrontation and cross-examination, with the opportunity to present evidence, at such hearings.
 - 11. The defendant may waive proof of the facts alleged.
- 98 12. Nothing in this section shall prevent the use of presentence 99 investigations or commitments.
- 13. At the sentencing hearing, both the state, county, or 101 municipality and the defendant shall be permitted to present additional 102 information bearing on the issue of sentence.
- 103 14. The pleas or findings of guilty shall be prior to the date of commission of the present offense.
- 105 15. The court shall not instruct the jury as to the range of punishment or allow the jury, upon a finding of guilty, to assess and declare the punishment as part of its verdict in cases of prior offenders, persistent offenders, aggravated offenders, or chronic offenders.
 - 306.161. The Missouri state water patrol is authorized to employ, within the limits of appropriations [made therefor and subject to the provisions of chapter 36, RSMo,] and notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, such personnel as may be necessary to properly perform the duties of the water patrol, and the water patrol shall prescribe the duties and

6 responsibilities of such personnel.

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306.166. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, the commissioner of the Missouri state water patrol shall establish, with the advice of the director of the division of personnel of the office of administration, a pay plan for members of the water patrol and radio personnel employed by the water patrol that is equitable to the pay plan established for members of the highway patrol under chapter 43, RSMo. Such pay plan shall consider length of service and ranking within the water patrol.

565.082. 1. A person commits the crime of assault of a law enforcement officer, emergency personnel, or probation and parole officer in the second degree if such person:

- 4 (1) Knowingly causes or attempts to cause physical injury to a law 5 enforcement officer, emergency personnel, or probation and parole officer by 6 means of a deadly weapon or dangerous instrument;
- 7 (2) Knowingly causes or attempts to cause physical injury to a law 8 enforcement officer, emergency personnel, or probation and parole officer by 9 means other than a deadly weapon or dangerous instrument;
- (3) Recklessly causes serious physical injury to a law enforcement officer,
 emergency personnel, or probation and parole officer; or
 - (4) While in an intoxicated condition or under the influence of controlled substances or drugs, operates a motor vehicle **or motorboat** in this state and when so operating, acts with criminal negligence to cause physical injury to a law enforcement officer, emergency personnel, or probation and parole officer;
- 16 (5) Acts with criminal negligence to cause physical injury to a law 17 enforcement officer, emergency personnel, or probation and parole officer by 18 means of a deadly weapon or dangerous instrument;
- 19 (6) Purposely or recklessly places a law enforcement officer, emergency 20 personnel, or probation and parole officer in apprehension of immediate serious 21 physical injury; or
- 22 (7) Acts with criminal negligence to create a substantial risk of death or 23 serious physical injury to a law enforcement officer, emergency personnel, or 24 probation and parole officer.
- 25 2. As used in this section, "emergency personnel" means any paid or volunteer firefighter, emergency room or trauma center personnel, or emergency medical technician as defined in subdivisions (15), (16), and (17) of section

28 190.100, RSMo.

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- 3. Assault of a law enforcement officer, emergency personnel, or probation and parole officer in the second degree is a class B felony unless committed pursuant to subdivision (2), (5), (6), or (7) of subsection 1 of this section in which case it is a class C felony.
- 650.005. 1. There is hereby created a "Department of Public Safety" in charge of a director appointed by the governor with the advice and consent of the senate. The department's role will be to provide overall coordination in the state's public safety and law enforcement program, to provide channels of coordination with local and federal agencies in regard to public safety, law enforcement and with all correctional and judicial agencies in regard to matters pertaining to its responsibilities as they may interrelate with the other agencies or offices of state, local or federal governments.
- 9 2. All the powers, duties and functions of the state highway patrol, chapter 43, RSMo, and others, are transferred by type II transfer to the 10 department of public safety. The governor by and with the advice and consent of 11 12 the senate shall appoint the superintendent of the patrol. With the exception of sections 43.100 to 43.120, RSMo, relating to financial procedures, the director of 13 public safety shall succeed the state highways and transportation commission in 15 approving actions of the superintendent and related matters as provided in 16 chapter 43, RSMo. Uniformed members of the patrol shall be selected in the manner provided by law and shall receive the compensation provided by 17 18 law. Nothing in the Reorganization Act of 1974, however, shall be interpreted to affect the funding of appropriations or the operation of chapter 104, RSMo, 19 relating to retirement system coverage or section 226.160, RSMo, relating to 20 21 workers' compensation for members of the patrol.
 - 3. All the powers, duties and functions of the supervisor of liquor control, chapters 311 and 312, RSMo, and others, are transferred by type II transfer to the department of public safety. The supervisor shall be nominated by the department director and appointed by the governor with the advice and consent of the senate. The supervisor shall appoint such agents, assistants, deputies and inspectors as limited by appropriations. All employees shall have the qualifications provided by law and may be removed by the supervisor or director of the department as provided in section 311.670, RSMo.
- 4. The director of public safety, superintendent of the highway patrol and transportation division of the department of economic development are to

32 examine the motor carrier inspection laws and practices in Missouri to determine

- 33 how best to enforce the laws with a minimum of duplication, harassment of
- 34 carriers and to improve the effectiveness of supervision of weight and safety
- 35 requirements and to report to the governor and general assembly by January 1,
- 36 1975, on their findings and on any actions taken.
- 5. The Missouri division of highway safety is transferred by type I
- 38 transfer to the department of public safety. The division shall be in charge of a
- 39 director who shall be appointed by the director of the department.
- 40 6. All the powers, duties and functions of the safety and fire prevention
- 41 bureau of the department of public health and welfare are transferred by type I
- 42 transfer to the director of public safety.
- 43 7. All the powers, duties and functions of the state fire marshal, chapter
- 44 320, RSMo, and others, are transferred to the department of public safety by a
- 45 type I transfer.
- 8. All the powers, duties and functions of the law enforcement assistance
- 47 council administering federal grants, planning and the like relating to Public
- 48 Laws 90-351, 90-445 and related acts of Congress are transferred by type I
- 49 transfer to the director of public safety. The director of public safety shall
- 50 appoint such advisory bodies as are required by federal laws or regulations. The
- 51 council is abolished.
- 52 9. The director of public safety shall promulgate motor vehicle regulations
- 53 and be ex officio a member of the safety compact commission in place of the
- 54 director of revenue and all powers, duties and functions relating to chapter 307,
- 55 RSMo, are transferred by type I transfer to the director of public safety.
- 56 10. The office of adjutant general and the state militia are assigned to the
- 57 department of public safety; provided, however, nothing herein shall be construed
- 58 to interfere with the powers and duties of the governor as provided in article IV,
- 59 section 6 of the Constitution of the state of Missouri or chapter 41, RSMo.
- 60 11. All the powers, duties and functions of the Missouri boat commission,
- 61 chapter 306, RSMo, and others, are transferred by type I transfer to the "Missouri
- 62 State Water Patrol", which is hereby created, in the department of public
- 63 safety. The Missouri boat commission and the office of secretary to the
- 64 commission are abolished. The Missouri state water patrol shall be headed by a
- 65 boat commissioner who shall be appointed by the governor, with the advice and
- 66 consent of the senate. All deputy boat commissioners and all other employees of
- 67 the commission who were employed on February 1, 1974, shall be transferred to

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the water patrol [and they shall be immediately covered by the provisions of 68 69 chapter 36, RSMo,] without further qualification. [All deputy boat commissioners and others employed by the water patrol after May 2, 1974, shall be selected and 70 71removed pursuant to the provisions of chapter 36, RSMo.]

12. The division of veterans affairs, chapter 42, RSMo, is assigned to the office of adjutant general. The adjutant general, with the advice of the veterans' board, shall appoint the director of the division of veterans affairs who shall serve at the pleasure of the adjutant general.

13. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, RSMo, that is promulgated under the authority of this chapter, shall become effective only if the agency has fully complied with all of the requirements 78 of chapter 536, RSMo, including but not limited to, section 536.028, RSMo, if 79 applicable, after August 28, 1999. If the provisions of section 536.028, RSMo, 80 81 apply, the provisions of this section are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to section 536.028, RSMo, to review, 82 to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule or portion of a rule 83 are held unconstitutional or invalid, the purported grant of rulemaking authority 84 and any rule so proposed and contained in the order of rulemaking shall be invalid and void, except that nothing in this section shall affect the validity of 86 any rule adopted and promulgated prior to August 28, 1999.

Section B. Because of the need to protect the citizens of this state, section A of this act is deemed necessary for the immediate preservation of the public health, welfare, peace and safety, and is hereby declared to be an emergency act within the meaning of the constitution, and section A of this act shall be in full force and effect upon its passage and approval.