FIRST REGULAR SESSION

SENATE BILL NO. 347

94TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR SHOEMYER.

Read 1st time January 22, 2007, and ordered printed.

TERRY L. SPIELER, Secretary.

1594L.01I

AN ACT

To repeal section 301.010, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof two new sections relating to utility vehicles, with penalty provisions.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Section 301.010, RSMo, is repealed and two new sections 2 enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 301.010 and 304.032, to read as 3 follows:

301.010. As used in this chapter and sections 304.010 to 304.040, 304.120 2 to 304.260, RSMo, and sections 307.010 to 307.175, RSMo, the following terms 3 mean:

4 (1) "All-terrain vehicle", any motorized vehicle manufactured and used 5 exclusively for off-highway use which is fifty inches or less in width, with an 6 unladen dry weight of one thousand pounds or less, traveling on three, four or 7 more low pressure tires, with a seat designed to be straddled by the operator, or 8 with a seat designed to carry more than one person, and handlebars for steering 9 control;

10 (2) "Automobile transporter", any vehicle combination designed and used
11 specifically for the transport of assembled motor vehicles;

(3) "Axle load", the total load transmitted to the road by all wheels whose
centers are included between two parallel transverse vertical planes forty inches
apart, extending across the full width of the vehicle;

(4) "Boat transporter", any vehicle combination designed and usedspecifically to transport assembled boats and boat hulls;

(5) "Body shop", a business that repairs physical damage on motorvehicles that are not owned by the shop or its officers or employees by mending,

19 straightening, replacing body parts, or painting;

20 (6) "Bus", a motor vehicle primarily for the transportation of a driver and 21 eight or more passengers but not including shuttle buses;

(7) "Commercial motor vehicle", a motor vehicle designed or regularly used
for carrying freight and merchandise, or more than eight passengers but not
including vanpools or shuttle buses;

(8) "Cotton trailer", a trailer designed and used exclusively for
transporting cotton at speeds less than forty miles per hour from field to field or
from field to market and return;

(9) "Dealer", any person, firm, corporation, association, agent or subagent
engaged in the sale or exchange of new, used or reconstructed motor vehicles or
trailers;

31 (10) "Director" or "director of revenue", the director of the department of
32 revenue;

33 (11) "Driveaway operation":

(a) The movement of a motor vehicle or trailer by any person or motor
carrier other than a dealer over any public highway, under its own power singly,
or in a fixed combination of two or more vehicles, for the purpose of delivery for
sale or for delivery either before or after sale;

38 (b) The movement of any vehicle or vehicles, not owned by the transporter, 39 constituting the commodity being transported, by a person engaged in the 40 business of furnishing drivers and operators for the purpose of transporting 41 vehicles in transit from one place to another by the driveaway or towaway 42 methods; or

(c) The movement of a motor vehicle by any person who is lawfully engaged in the business of transporting or delivering vehicles that are not the person's own and vehicles of a type otherwise required to be registered, by the driveaway or towaway methods, from a point of manufacture, assembly or distribution or from the owner of the vehicles to a dealer or sales agent of a manufacturer or to any consignee designated by the shipper or consignor;

(12) "Dromedary", a box, deck, or plate mounted behind the cab and forward of the fifth wheel on the frame of the power unit of a truck tractor-semitrailer combination. A truck tractor equipped with a dromedary may carry part of a load when operating independently or in a combination with a semitrailer;

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(13) "Farm tractor", a tractor used exclusively for agricultural purposes;

(14) "Fleet", any group of ten or more motor vehicles owned by the sameowner;

57 (15) "Fleet vehicle", a motor vehicle which is included as part of a fleet;
58 (16) "Fullmount", a vehicle mounted completely on the frame of either the

59 first or last vehicle in a saddlemount combination;

60 (17) "Gross weight", the weight of vehicle and/or vehicle combination
61 without load, plus the weight of any load thereon;

62 (18) "Hail-damaged vehicle", any vehicle, the body of which has become63 dented as the result of the impact of hail;

64 (19) "Highway", any public thoroughfare for vehicles, including state
65 roads, county roads and public streets, avenues, boulevards, parkways or alleys
66 in any municipality;

67 (20) "Improved highway", a highway which has been paved with gravel,
68 macadam, concrete, brick or asphalt, or surfaced in such a manner that it shall
69 have a hard, smooth surface;

70 (21) "Intersecting highway", any highway which joins another, whether
71 or not it crosses the same;

(22) "Junk vehicle", a vehicle which is incapable of operation or use upon
the highways and has no resale value except as a source of parts or scrap, and
shall not be titled or registered;

(23) "Kit vehicle", a motor vehicle assembled by a person other than a
generally recognized manufacturer of motor vehicles by the use of a glider kit or
replica purchased from an authorized manufacturer and accompanied by a
manufacturer's statement of origin;

(24) "Land improvement contractors' commercial motor vehicle", any
not-for-hire commercial motor vehicle the operation of which is confined to:

81 (a) An area that extends not more than a radius of one hundred miles 82 from its home base of operations when transporting its owner's machinery, 83 equipment, or auxiliary supplies to or from projects involving soil and water 84 conservation, or to and from equipment dealers' maintenance facilities for 85 maintenance purposes; or

(b) An area that extends not more than a radius of fifty miles from its
home base of operations when transporting its owner's machinery, equipment, or
auxiliary supplies to or from projects not involving soil and water conservation.
Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to prevent any motor vehicle from
being registered as a commercial motor vehicle or local commercial motor vehicle;

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91 (25) "Local commercial motor vehicle", a commercial motor vehicle whose 92 operations are confined solely to a municipality and that area extending not more than fifty miles therefrom, or a commercial motor vehicle whose property-carrying 93 94operations are confined solely to the transportation of property owned by any person who is the owner or operator of such vehicle to or from a farm owned by 9596 such person or under the person's control by virtue of a landlord and tenant lease; 97provided that any such property transported to any such farm is for use in the operation of such farm; 98

99(26) "Local log truck", a commercial motor vehicle which is registered pursuant to this chapter to operate as a motor vehicle on the public highways of 100 101this state, used exclusively in this state, used to transport harvested forest products, operated solely at a forested site and in an area extending not more 102than a fifty-mile radius from such site, carries a load with dimensions not in 103104excess of twenty-five cubic yards per two axles with dual wheels, and when operated on the national system of interstate and defense highways described in 105106Title 23, Section 103(e) of the United States Code, such vehicle shall not exceed 107 the weight limits of section 304.180, RSMo, does not have more than four axles, and does not pull a trailer which has more than two axles. Harvesting equipment 108 which is used specifically for cutting, felling, trimming, delimbing, debarking, 109 110 chipping, skidding, loading, unloading, and stacking may be transported on a 111 local log truck. A local log truck may not exceed the limits required by law, 112however, if the truck does exceed such limits as determined by the inspecting 113officer, then notwithstanding any other provisions of law to the contrary, such 114truck shall be subject to the weight limits required by such sections as licensed for eighty thousand pounds; 115

(27) "Local log truck tractor", a commercial motor vehicle which is 116registered under this chapter to operate as a motor vehicle on the public 117highways of this state, used exclusively in this state, used to transport harvested 118forest products, operated solely at a forested site and in an area extending not 119120more than a fifty-mile radius from such site, operates with a weight not exceeding twenty-two thousand four hundred pounds on one axle or with a weight not 121122exceeding forty-four thousand eight hundred pounds on any tandem axle, and 123when operated on the national system of interstate and defense highways 124described in Title 23, Section 103(e) of the United States Code, such vehicle does not exceed the weight limits contained in section 304.180, RSMo, and does not 125have more than three axles and does not pull a trailer which has more than two 126

127 axles. Violations of axle weight limitations shall be subject to the load limit128 penalty as described for in sections 304.180 to 304.220, RSMo;

(28) "Local transit bus", a bus whose operations are confined wholly within a municipal corporation, or wholly within a municipal corporation and a commercial zone, as defined in section 390.020, RSMo, adjacent thereto, forming a part of a public transportation system within such municipal corporation and such municipal corporation and adjacent commercial zone;

(29) "Log truck", a vehicle which is not a local log truck or local log truck
tractor and is used exclusively to transport harvested forest products to and from
forested sites which is registered pursuant to this chapter to operate as a motor
vehicle on the public highways of this state for the transportation of harvested
forest products;

(30) "Major component parts", the rear clip, cowl, frame, body, cab,
front-end assembly, and front clip, as those terms are defined by the director of
revenue pursuant to rules and regulations or by illustrations;

142 (31) "Manufacturer", any person, firm, corporation or association engaged
143 in the business of manufacturing or assembling motor vehicles, trailers or vessels
144 for sale;

(32) "Mobile scrap processor", a business located in Missouri or any other
state that comes onto a salvage site and crushes motor vehicles and parts for
transportation to a shredder or scrap metal operator for recycling;

(33) "Motor change vehicle", a vehicle manufactured prior to August, 1957,
which receives a new, rebuilt or used engine, and which used the number
stamped on the original engine as the vehicle identification number;

151 (34) "Motor vehicle", any self-propelled vehicle not operated exclusively152 upon tracks, except farm tractors;

(35) "Motor vehicle primarily for business use", any vehicle other than a
recreational motor vehicle, motorcycle, motortricycle, or any commercial motor
vehicle licensed for over twelve thousand pounds:

(b) The owner of which also owns ten or more such motor vehicles;

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- (a) Offered for hire or lease; or

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(36) "Motorcycle", a motor vehicle operated on two wheels;

(37) "Motorized bicycle", any two-wheeled or three-wheeled device having
an automatic transmission and a motor with a cylinder capacity of not more than
fifty cubic centimeters, which produces less than three gross brake horsepower,
and is capable of propelling the device at a maximum speed of not more than

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163 thirty miles per hour on level ground;

164 (38) "Motortricycle", a motor vehicle operated on three wheels, including
165 a motorcycle while operated with any conveyance, temporary or otherwise,
166 requiring the use of a third wheel. A motortricycle shall not be included in the
167 definition of all-terrain vehicle;

(39) "Municipality", any city, town or village, whether incorporated or not;
(40) "Nonresident", a resident of a state or country other than the state
of Missouri;

171 (41) "Non-USA-std motor vehicle", a motor vehicle not originally
172 manufactured in compliance with United States emissions or safety standards;
173 (42) "Operator", any person who operates or drives a motor vehicle;

(43) "Owner", any person, firm, corporation or association, who holds the legal title to a vehicle or in the event a vehicle is the subject of an agreement for the conditional sale or lease thereof with the right of purchase upon performance of the conditions stated in the agreement and with an immediate right of possession vested in the conditional vendee or lessee, or in the event a mortgagor of a vehicle is entitled to possession, then such conditional vendee or lessee or mortgagor shall be deemed the owner for the purpose of this law;

181 (44) "Public garage", a place of business where motor vehicles are housed,
182 stored, repaired, reconstructed or repainted for persons other than the owners or
183 operators of such place of business;

184 (45) "Rebuilder", a business that repairs or rebuilds motor vehicles owned
185 by the rebuilder, but does not include certificated common or contract carriers of
186 persons or property;

187 (46) "Reconstructed motor vehicle", a vehicle that is altered from its
188 original construction by the addition or substitution of two or more new or used
189 major component parts, excluding motor vehicles made from all new parts, and
190 new multistage manufactured vehicles;

191 (47) "Recreational motor vehicle", any motor vehicle designed, constructed 192 or substantially modified so that it may be used and is used for the purposes of 193 temporary housing quarters, including therein sleeping and eating facilities 194 which are either permanently attached to the motor vehicle or attached to a unit 195 which is securely attached to the motor vehicle. Nothing herein shall prevent any 196 motor vehicle from being registered as a commercial motor vehicle if the motor 197 vehicle could otherwise be so registered;

198 (48) "Rollback or car carrier", any vehicle specifically designed to

199 transport wrecked, disabled or otherwise inoperable vehicles, when the 200 transportation is directly connected to a wrecker or towing service;

201(49) "Saddlemount combination", a combination of vehicles in which a 202truck or truck tractor tows one or more trucks or truck tractors, each connected 203by a saddle to the frame or fifth wheel of the vehicle in front of it. The "saddle" 204is a mechanism that connects the front axle of the towed vehicle to the frame or 205fifth wheel of the vehicle in front and functions like a fifth wheel kingpin 206connection. When two vehicles are towed in this manner the combination is called a "double saddlemount combination". When three vehicles are towed in 207this manner, the combination is called a "triple saddlemount combination"; 208

(50) "Salvage dealer and dismantler", a business that dismantles used
motor vehicles for the sale of the parts thereof, and buys and sells used motor
vehicle parts and accessories;

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(51) "Salvage vehicle", a motor vehicle, semitrailer, or house trailer which:

(a) Has been damaged to the extent that the total cost of repairs to
rebuild or reconstruct the vehicle to its condition immediately before it was
damaged for legal operation on the roads or highways exceeds seventy-five
percent of the fair market value of the vehicle immediately preceding the time it
was damaged;

(b) By reason of condition or circumstance, has been declared salvage,
either by its owner, or by a person, firm, corporation, or other legal entity
exercising the right of security interest in it;

(c) Has been declared salvage by an insurance company as a result ofsettlement of a claim for loss due to damage or theft;

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(d) Ownership of which is evidenced by a salvage title; or

(e) Is abandoned property which is titled pursuant to section 304.155,
RSMo, or section 304.157, RSMo, and designated with the words
"salvage/abandoned property".

The total cost of repairs to rebuild or reconstruct the vehicle shall not include the cost of repairing, replacing, or reinstalling inflatable safety restraints, tires, sound systems, or any sales tax on parts or materials to rebuild or reconstruct the vehicle. For purposes of this definition, "fair market value" means the retail value of a motor vehicle as:

a. Set forth in a current edition of any nationally recognized compilation of retail values, including automated databases, or from publications commonly used by the automotive and insurance industries to establish the values of motor 235 vehicles;

b. Determined pursuant to a market survey of comparable vehicles withregard to condition and equipment; and

c. Determined by an insurance company using any other procedure
recognized by the insurance industry, including market surveys, that is applied
by the company in a uniform manner;

(52) "School bus", any motor vehicle used solely to transport students to
or from school or to transport students to or from any place for educational
purposes;

(53) "Shuttle bus", a motor vehicle used or maintained by any person,
firm, or corporation as an incidental service to transport patrons or customers of
the regular business of such person, firm, or corporation to and from the place of
business of the person, firm, or corporation providing the service at no fee or
charge. Shuttle buses shall not be registered as buses or as commercial motor
vehicles;

250(54) "Special mobile equipment", every self-propelled vehicle not designed or used primarily for the transportation of persons or property and incidentally 251operated or moved over the highways, including farm equipment, implements of 252husbandry, road construction or maintenance machinery, ditch-digging apparatus, 253254stone crushers, air compressors, power shovels, cranes, graders, rollers, 255well-drillers and wood-sawing equipment used for hire, asphalt spreaders, 256bituminous mixers, bucket loaders, ditchers, leveling graders, finished machines, 257motor graders, road rollers, scarifiers, earth-moving carryalls, scrapers, drag lines, concrete pump trucks, rock-drilling and earth-moving equipment. This 258enumeration shall be deemed partial and shall not operate to exclude other such 259260vehicles which are within the general terms of this section;

(55) "Specially constructed motor vehicle", a motor vehicle which shall not
have been originally constructed under a distinctive name, make, model or type
by a manufacturer of motor vehicles. The term "specially constructed motor
vehicle" includes kit vehicles;

(56) "Stinger-steered combination", a truck tractor-semitrailer wherein the
fifth wheel is located on a drop frame located behind and below the rearmost axle
of the power unit;

(57) "Tandem axle", a group of two or more axles, arranged one behind
another, the distance between the extremes of which is more than forty inches
and not more than ninety-six inches apart;

(58) "Tractor", "truck tractor" or "truck-tractor", a self-propelled motor
vehicle designed for drawing other vehicles, but not for the carriage of any load
when operating independently. When attached to a semitrailer, it supports a part
of the weight thereof;

275(59) "Trailer", any vehicle without motive power designed for carrying 276property or passengers on its own structure and for being drawn by a 277self-propelled vehicle, except those running exclusively on tracks, including a 278semitrailer or vehicle of the trailer type so designed and used in conjunction with 279a self-propelled vehicle that a considerable part of its own weight rests upon and 280is carried by the towing vehicle. The term "trailer" shall not include cotton 281trailers as defined in subdivision (8) of this section and shall not include 282manufactured homes as defined in section 700.010, RSMo;

(60) "Truck", a motor vehicle designed, used, or maintained for thetransportation of property;

(61) "Truck-tractor semitrailer-semitrailer", a combination vehicle in which the two trailing units are connected with a B-train assembly which is a rigid frame extension attached to the rear frame of a first semitrailer which allows for a fifth-wheel connection point for the second semitrailer and has one less articulation point than the conventional "A dolly" connected truck-tractor semitrailer-trailer combination;

291 (62) "Truck-trailer boat transporter combination", a boat transporter 292 combination consisting of a straight truck towing a trailer using typically a ball 293 and socket connection with the trailer axle located substantially at the trailer 294 center of gravity rather than the rear of the trailer but so as to maintain a 295 downward force on the trailer tongue;

(63) "Used parts dealer", a business that buys and sells used motor vehicle
parts or accessories, but not including a business that sells only new,
remanufactured or rebuilt parts. "Business" does not include isolated sales at a
swap meet of less than three days;

(64) "Utility vehicle", any motorized vehicle manufactured and
used exclusively for off-highway use which is sixty-three inches or less
in width, with an unladen dry weight of one thousand eight hundred
fifty pounds or less, traveling on four or six wheels, to be used
primarily for landscaping, lawn care, or maintenance purposes;

305 (65) "Vanpool", any van or other motor vehicle used or maintained by any
306 person, group, firm, corporation, association, city, county or state agency, or any

307 member thereof, for the transportation of not less than eight nor more than 308forty-eight employees, per motor vehicle, to and from their place of employment; however, a vanpool shall not be included in the definition of the term "bus" or 309310"commercial motor vehicle" as defined by subdivisions (6) and (7) of this section, nor shall a vanpool driver be deemed a "chauffeur" as that term is defined by 311312section 302.010, RSMo; nor shall use of a vanpool vehicle for ride-sharing 313 arrangements, recreational, personal, or maintenance uses constitute an unlicensed use of the motor vehicle, unless used for monetary profit other than 314 315for use in a ride-sharing arrangement;

316 [(65)] (66) "Vehicle", any mechanical device on wheels, designed 317 primarily for use, or used, on highways, except motorized bicycles, vehicles 318 propelled or drawn by horses or human power, or vehicles used exclusively on 319 fixed rails or tracks, or cotton trailers or motorized wheelchairs operated by 320 handicapped persons;

[(66)] (67) "Wrecker" or "tow truck", any emergency commercial vehicle equipped, designed and used to assist or render aid and transport or tow disabled or wrecked vehicles from a highway, road, street or highway rights-of-way to a point of storage or repair, including towing a replacement vehicle to replace a disabled or wrecked vehicle;

[(67)] (68) "Wrecker or towing service", the act of transporting, towing or recovering with a wrecker, tow truck, rollback or car carrier any vehicle not owned by the operator of the wrecker, tow truck, rollback or car carrier for which the operator directly or indirectly receives compensation or other personal gain.

304.032. 1. No person shall operate a utility vehicle, as defined 2 in section 301.010, RSMo, upon the highways of this state, except as 3 follows:

4 (1) Utility vehicles owned and operated by a governmental entity 5 for official use;

6 (2) Utility vehicles operated for agricultural purposes or 7 industrial on-premises purposes between the official sunrise and sunset 8 on the day of operation;

9 (3) Utility vehicles operated by handicapped persons for short 10 distances occasionally only on the state's secondary roads when 11 operated between the hours of sunrise and sunset;

12 (4) Governing bodies of cities may issue special permits for 13 utility vehicles to be used on highways within the city limits by 14 licensed drivers. Fees of fifteen dollars may be collected and retained15 by cities for such permits;

16 (5) Governing bodies of counties may issue special permits for 17 utility vehicles to be used on county roads within the county by 18 licensed drivers. Fees of fifteen dollars may be collected and retained 19 by the counties for such permits.

202. No person shall operate a utility vehicle within any stream or river in this state, except that utility vehicles may be operated within 21waterways which flow within the boundaries of land which a utility 22vehicle operator owns, or for agricultural purposes within the 23boundaries of land which a utility vehicle operator owns or has 24permission to be upon, or for the purpose of fording such stream or 25river of this state at such road crossings as are customary or part of the 26highway system. All law enforcement officials or peace officers of this 27state and its political subdivisions or department of conservation 28agents or department of natural resources park rangers shall enforce 2930 the provisions of this subsection within the geographic area of their 31jurisdiction.

32 3. A person operating a utility vehicle on a highway pursuant to 33 an exception covered in this section shall have a valid operator's or 34 chauffeur's license, except that a handicapped person operating such 35 vehicle pursuant to subdivision (3) of subsection 1 of this section, but 36 shall not be required to have passed an examination for the operation 37 of a motorcycle, and the vehicle shall be operated at speeds of less than 38 thirty miles per hour.

39 4. No persons shall operate a utility vehicle:

40 (1) In any careless way so as to endanger the person or property
41 of another;

42 (2) While under the influence of alcohol or any controlled43 substance;

(3) Without a securely fastened safety helmet on the head of an
individual who operates a utility vehicle or who is being towed or
otherwise propelled by a utility vehicle, unless the individual is at least
eighteen years of age.

5. No operator of a utility vehicle shall carry a passenger, except for agricultural purposes. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to any utility vehicle in which the seat of such vehicle is 51 designed to carry more than one person.

52 6. A violation of this section shall be a class C misdemeanor. In 53 addition to other legal remedies, the attorney general or county 54 prosecuting attorney may institute a civil action in a court of 55 competent jurisdiction for injunctive relief to prevent such violation or 56 future violations and for the assessment of a civil penalty not to exceed 57 one thousand dollars per day of violation.

