FIRST REGULAR SESSION

## **SENATE BILL NO. 386**

## 94TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR MAYER.

Read 1st time January 25, 2007, and ordered printed.

1145S.02I

TERRY L. SPIELER, Secretary.

## AN ACT

To amend chapter 319, RSMo, by adding thereto sixteen new sections relating to blasting and excavation, with penalty provisions.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Chapter 319, RSMo, is amended by adding thereto sixteen new
sections, to be known as sections 319.300, 319.303, 319.306, 319.309, 319.312,
319.315, 319.318, 319.321, 319.324, 319.327, 319.330, 319.333, 319.336, 319.339,
319.342 and 319.345, to read as follows:

319.300. Sections 319.300 to 319.345 shall be known as the "Missouri Blasting Safety Act". The purpose of sections 319.300 to  $\mathbf{2}$ 3 319.345 shall be to foster the safe use of explosives in mining and 4 construction by establishing and enforcing consistent statewide 5 industry standards for licensing of blasters and persons using explosives. The provisions of sections 319.300 to 319.345 or any rules 6 or regulations promulgated thereunder shall not be construed to 7 8 amend, supersede, or conflict with any requirement of federal law or 9 regulation governing the manufacturing, transporting, or storage of 10 explosives.

319.303. As used in sections 319.300 to 319.345, the following 2 terms shall mean:

3 (1) "Blaster", a person qualified to be in charge of and 4 responsible for the loading and firing of an explosive or explosive 5 material;

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(2) "Blast", detonation of explosives;

7 (3) "Blasting", the use of explosives in mining, construction,
8 seismology, demolition, or industrial cleaning;

9 (4) "Blast site", the area where explosives are handled during 10 loading of a bore hole, including fifty feet in all directions from the perimeter formed by loaded holes. A minimum of thirty feet may replace the fifty feet requirement if the perimeter of loaded holes is marked and separated from nonblast site areas by a barrier. The fifty feet or thirty feet distance requirements, as applicable, shall apply in all directions along the full depth of the bore hole;

16 (5) "Board", the state blasting safety board created in section17 319.324;

18 (6) "Bore hole", a hole made with a drill, auger, or other tool in
19 which explosives are placed in preparation for detonation;

20 (7) "Burden", the distance from an explosive charge to the 21 nearest free or open face at the time of detonation;

(8) "Business day", any day of the week except Saturday, Sunday,
or a federal or state holiday;

24 (9) "Deck", charge of explosives separated from other charges by
25 stemming;

26 (10) "Delay period", the time delay provided by blasting caps
27 which permits firing of bore holes in sequence;

(11) "Detonation", the action of converting the chemicals in an
explosive charge to gases at a high pressure by means of a selfpropagating shock wave passing through the charge;

31(12) "Detonator", any device containing initiating or primary explosive that is used for initiating detonation of another explosive 3233material. A detonator may not contain more than ten grams of total explosives by weight, excluding ignition or delay charges. The term 34includes, but is not limited to, electric blasting caps of instantaneous 35and delay types, blasting caps for use with safety fuse, detonating cord 3637delay connectors, and non-electric instantaneous and delay blasting 38caps which use detonating cord, shock tube, or any other replacement for electric leg wires; 39

40 (13) "Explosives", any chemical compound, mixture, or device, the primary or common purpose of which is to function by explosion, 41 including, but not limited to, dynamite, black powder, pellet powder, 42initiating explosives, detonators, millisecond connectors, safety fuses, 43squibs, detonating cord, igniter cord, and igniters; includes explosive 4445materials such as any blasting agent, emulsion explosive, water gel, or detonator. Explosive materials determined to be within the coverage 46of sections 319.300 to 319.345 shall include all such materials listed in 47

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48 18 U.S.C. Chapter 40, as issued at least annually by the Department of
49 Justice, Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives;

50 (14) "Firing", causing explosives to be detonated by the use of a
51 fuse, electric detonator, or non-electric shock tube;

52 (15) "Fire protection official", an authorized representative of a 53 municipal fire department, fire protection district, or volunteer fire 54 protection association for the area where blasting occurs;

55 (16) "Fugitive from justice", any person who has fled from the 56 jurisdiction of any court of record to avoid prosecution for any crime 57 or to avoid giving testimony in any criminal proceeding. The term 58 shall also include any person who has been convicted of any crime and 59 has fled to avoid case disposition;

(17) "Initiation system", components of an explosive charge that
cause the charge to detonate, such as primers, electric detonators, and
detonating charge;

(18) "Loading", placing of explosives in a hole in preparation for
detonation;

(19) "Local government", a city, county, fire protection district,
volunteer fire protection association, or other political subdivision of
the state;

(20) "Person using explosives", any individual, proprietorship,
partnership, firm, corporation, company, or joint venture that is
required to hold authority to receive or use explosives under statutes
or regulations administered by the U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau
of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives and who employs licensed
blasters;

(21) "Scaled distance", the linear distance, in feet, from the blast
to a specified location, divided by the square root of the maximum
weight of explosives, in pounds, to be detonated in any eight
millisecond period;

(22) "Seismograph", an instrument that measures ground
vibration and acoustic effects;

80 (23) "Spacing", the distance between adjacent bore holes;

(24) "Stemming", inert material that is placed above explosives
that have been placed in a blast hole in preparation for detonation or
vertically between columnar decks of explosives that have been placed
in a hole in preparation for detonation;

85 (25) "Uncontrolled structure", any dwelling, public building, 86 school, church, commercial building, or institutional building, that is 87 not owned or leased by the person using explosives, or otherwise under 88 the direct contractual responsibility of the person using explosives.

319.306. 1. Any individual who owns, uses, possesses, or stores explosives in Missouri shall obtain a blaster's license, except those exempted in subsection 18 of this section. A person using explosives shall not be required to hold a blaster's license, but all blasting on behalf of a person using explosives shall be performed only by licensed blasters. Applications for a blaster's license or renewal of a blaster's license shall be on a form designated by the Missouri division of fire safety, and shall contain the following:

9 (1) The applicant's full name;

10 (2) The applicant's home address;

11 (3) The applicant's date of birth;

12 (4) The applicant's sex;

13 (5) The applicant's physical description;

14 (6) The applicant's driver's license number;

15 (7) The applicant's current place of employment;

16 (8) A listing of any other blasting license or certification held by 17 the applicant, to include the name, address, and phone number of the 18 regulatory authority that issued the license or certification;

(9) Any other information required to fulfill the obligations ofsections 319.300 to 319.345.

21 2. Any individual who has met the qualifications set forth in 22 subsection 4 of this section may apply for a blaster's license.

3. An applicant for a blaster's license shall submit an application
fee and two copies of the applicant's photograph with the application
submitted to the division of fire safety. The amount of such fee shall
be established by rule promulgated by the division of fire safety. The
fee established by rule shall be no greater than the cost of
administering this section, but shall not exceed one hundred dollars.

29 30 4. An applicant for a blaster's license shall:

(1) Be at least twenty-one years of age;

31 (2) Not have willfully violated any provisions of sections 319.300
32 to 319.345;

33 (3) Not have knowingly withheld information or has not made

any false or fictitious statement intended or likely to deceive in
connection with the application;

36 (4) Have familiarity and understanding of relevant federal and
37 state laws relating to explosives materials;

38 (5) Not have been convicted in any court of, or plead guilty to,
39 a felony;

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(6) Not be a fugitive from justice;

41 (7) Not be an unlawful user of any controlled substance in
42 violation of chapter 195, RSMo;

(8) Except as provided in subsections 11 and 13 of this section,
have completed an approved blaster's training course that meets the
requirements of subdivision (1) of subsection 14 of this section and has
successfully passed the licensing examination under the provisions of
subdivisions (1) to (5) of subsection 15 of this section;

(9) Have accumulated at least one thousand hours of experience
directly relating to the use of explosives within two years immediately
prior to applying for a blaster's license and shall provide signed
documentation from an employer, supervisor, or other responsible
party verifying the applicant's experience;

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(10) Not have been adjudicated as mentally defective; and

(11) Be a citizen of the United States and not advocate or
knowingly belong to any organization or group that advocates violent
action against any federal, state, or local government, or against any
person.

58 5. Any individual holding a blaster's license under the provisions 59 of this section shall promptly notify the division of fire safety if he or 60 she has had any change of material fact relating to any qualification for 61 holding a blaster's license.

6. If the division of fire safety finds that the requirements for a
blaster's license have been satisfied, a license shall be issued to the
applicant.

7. A blaster's license shall expire three years from the date of issuance. To qualify for a renewal of a blaster's license, an individual will be required to provide documentation of completing eight hours of training in an explosives-related course of instruction that is approved by the division of fire safety, half of which shall have been completed within the year prior to renewal. The remainder of such training for

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71 renewal of the license may be acquired at any time during the three-72 year period that a license is valid. Additional training beyond an 73 accumulated eight hours during any three-year period is not valid for 74 more than one subsequent renewal of the license.

758. Each license issued under the provisions of this section shall provide documentation to the license holder in the form of a letter or 76letter-sized certificate and a card that is approximately two inches by 77three inches in size. Each shall specify a unique license number, the 78name of the individual, his or her driver's license number, the 79individual's photograph, the blaster's license's effective date and its 80 expiration date, and any other record-keeping information needed by 81 the division of fire safety. In addition, the card form of the license 82shall contain a photographic image of the license holder. 83

9. (1) Each individual required to have a blaster's license shall:
(a) Keep at least one form of license documentation on his or her
person while blasting; and

(b) Provide documentation that he or she has a currently valid
license to a representative of the division of fire safety within two
business days of a written or verbal request;

90 (2) No enforcement action shall be taken against any individual 91 that cannot comply with the requirements of this subsection so long as 92 the division of fire safety's records provide documentation that the 93 individual has a valid blaster's license.

94 10. (1) A blaster's license issued under the provisions of this
95 section may be suspended or revoked by the division of fire safety upon
96 substantial proof that the individual holding the license has:

97 (a) Knowingly failed to monitor the use of explosives as provided
98 in section 319.309;

99 (b) Negligently or habitually exceeded the limits established
100 under section 319.312;

101 (c) Knowingly or habitually failed to create a record of blasts as
102 required by section 319.315;

103 (d) Had a change in material fact relating to their qualifications
104 for holding a blaster's license as described in subsection 4 of this
105 section;

(e) Failed to advise the division of fire safety of any change of
material fact relating to his or her qualifications for holding a blaster's

108 license; or

(f) Knowingly made a material misrepresentation of any
information by any means of false pretense, deception, fraud,
misrepresentation, or cheating for the purpose of obtaining training or
otherwise meeting the qualifications of obtaining a license.

113 (2) The division of fire safety shall provide any notice of suspension or revocation, as provided in subdivision (1) of this 114subsection, in writing, sent by certified mail to the last known address 115116 of the holder of the license. The notice may also be verbal, but this 117does not eliminate the requirement for written notice. Upon receipt of a verbal or written notice of suspension or revocation from the division 118 of fire safety, the individual holding the license shall immediately 119 120 surrender all copies of the license to a representative of the division of fire safety and shall immediately cease all blasting activity. 121

(3) The individual holding the license may appeal any suspension 122 123or revocation to the state blasting safety board established under section 319.324 within forty-five days of the date written notice was 124125received. The division of fire safety shall immediately notify the 126chairman of the board that an appeal has been received and a hearing 127before the board shall be held. The board shall consider and make a 128decision on any appeal received by the division of fire safety within 129 thirty days of the date the appeal is received by the division of fire safety. The board shall make a decision on the appeal by majority vote 130 131of the board and shall immediately notify the licensee of its decision in 132writing. The written statement of the board's decision shall be prepared by the division of fire safety or its designee and shall be 133134approved by the chairman of the board. The approved statement of the board's decision shall be sent by certified mail to the last known 135address of the holder of the license. 136

137 11. Any individual whose license has been expired for a period of three years or less shall be required to successfully pass the 138 examination as provided in subdivisions (1) to (5) of subsection 15 of 139this section and attend the eight hours of training required for renewal 140141of a license as minimum qualifications for submitting an application for reinstatement of the license. Any individual whose license has been 142expired for a period of more than three years shall meet the 143qualifications set forth in subsection 4 of this section, including 144

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completing twenty hours of training and passing the examination, prior
to applying for a blaster's license.

14712. A license may be granted to applicants who within the last 148 three years have held a valid license or certification from any other source if all of the qualifications for obtaining the license or 149certification meet or exceed the provisions of this section. It is the 150duty of the division of fire safety to investigate the qualifications 151required for obtaining a license or certification from any other 152153source. Licenses or certification held prior to the effective date of the rule required by subsection 19 of this section shall be deemed to meet 154requirements for this subsection, provided that they meet requirements 155156of the rule.

13. A license may be granted upon the application of an 157individual employed as a blaster on or before December 31, 2000, and 158who has accumulated one thousand hours of training or education 159160pertaining to blasting and experience working for a specific person using explosives within two years immediately prior to applying for a 161 162license. The application shall include a statement of hours of 163experience in the form of an affidavit signed by the person using 164explosives who has employed or contracted with the blaster for the 165preceding two years. Such applicant also shall meet the requirement of subdivisions (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), (10), and (11) of subsection 1661674 of this section. Any individual granted a license under this 168subsection shall be limited to blasting performed for the person using 169explosives submitting the affidavit required by this subsection. Such licensee shall meet the requirements for continuing training required 170171by subsection 7 of this section.

14. (1) The division of fire safety or its authorized agent shall 172offer annually at least two courses of instruction that fulfill the 173174training requirement of qualifying for a blaster's license and two courses that fulfill the training requirement for renewal of a blaster's 175license. In addition, any person may apply to the division of fire safety 176for approval of a course of instruction that meets the training 177178requirement of obtaining a blaster's license or renewal of a blaster's license. The application shall include a description of the 179qualifications of the instructor, a description of instructional materials 180to be used in the course, and an outline of the subject matter to be 181

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182taught, including minimum hours of instruction on each topic. The 183 division of fire safety shall review the application regarding the 184 knowledge and experience of proposed instructors, the total hours of 185training and the adequacy of proposed training in subject matter with regard to the provisions of sections 319.300 to 319.345. If the division 186 187 of fire safety determines that training proposed by the applicant is adequate, a letter of approval shall be issued to the applicant. The 188 189 letter of approval shall be effective for a period of three years. If at 190 any time the division of fire safety determines that an approved 191 training course no longer meets the standards of this section, the letter of approval may be revoked with written notice. The division of fire 192193 safety or any person providing a course of instruction may charge an 194appropriate fee to recover the cost of conducting such instruction.

(2) To be approved by the division of fire safety, a blaster's training course shall contain at least twenty hours of instruction to prepare attendees for obtaining a blaster's license the first time, or eight hours of instruction to prepare attendees for obtaining a license renewal.

(3) Any person providing training in a course of instruction
approved by the division of fire safety shall submit a list of individuals
that attended any such course to the division of fire safety within ten
business days after completion of the course.

(4) The division of fire safety shall maintain a current list of persons who provide approved training and shall make this list available by any reasonable means to professional and trade associations, labor organizations, universities, vocational schools, and others upon request.

15. (1) The division of fire safety shall approve a standard examination or examinations for the purpose of qualifying an individual to obtain a blaster's license. Each individual taking the examination shall pay a fee to the division of fire safety, or the division's agent, that is established by rule. Testing fees shall be no greater than what is required to administer the testing provisions of this section and shall not exceed fifty dollars per test.

(2) Except as provided in subsection 11 of this section, no
individual shall be allowed to take an examination for purposes of
obtaining a blaster's license unless that individual has completed a

training course approved by the division of fire safety. The individual 219220must have completed an approved course of instruction as provided in 221subdivision (1) of subsection 14 of this section no longer than two years 222prior to taking the examination. The examination may be administered 223by any person approved to provide a course of instruction, as provided in subdivision (1) of subsection 14 of this section, at the site of 224instruction, provided that any such examination may, at the discretion 225of the fire marshal, be conducted under the supervision of the state fire 226227marshal or his or her designee. The division of fire safety may also 228administer such examinations at other times and locations.

(3) Standards for passing the examination shall be set by thedivision of fire safety by rule.

(4) The division of fire safety or its authorized agent shall
provide a written statement within thirty days to the individual taking
the examination as to whether that individual passed or failed.

234(5) Any individual failing to pass the examination may retake the examination within six months without having to complete an 235236additional approved course of instruction. If the individual fails the 237second examination, the person must complete another course of 238instruction as required in subdivision (1) of subsection 14 of this 239section before taking the examination again. No limit will be placed on how many times any individual may take the examination, subject to 240241the provisions of this subdivision of this subsection.

242(6) Individuals having previously taken an approved blaster's training course, and passed an approved examination, and having 243taken an approved blaster's renewal training course, or that have 244245obtained a blaster's license as provided in subsections 12 and 13 of this 246section are eligible for renewal of a blaster's license after meeting the requirements of subsection 7 of this section. The fee for renewal of a 247license shall be the same as the fee specified in subsection 3 of this 248section. 249

16. No individual shall load or fire explosives or direct, order, or otherwise cause any individual to load or fire explosives in this state unless that individual has a valid blaster's license or is under the direct supervision and responsibility of an individual having a valid blaster's license. For purposes of this section, "direct supervision" means the supervisor is physically present on the same job site as the individual who is loading or firing explosives. An individual without a blaster's license who is loading or firing explosives while under the direct supervision and responsibility of someone having a blaster's license shall not be in violation of sections 319.300 to 319.345.

26017. Persons found guilty of loading or firing explosives, or 261directing, ordering, or otherwise causing any individual to load or fire explosives in this state without having a valid blaster's license, or that 262263 loads and fires explosives without being under the direct supervision 264and responsibility of an individual holding a blaster's license as 265provided in sections 319.300 to 319.345, shall be guilty of a class B misdemeanor for the first offense or a class A misdemeanor for a 266second or subsequent offense. Any individual convicted of a class A 267misdemeanor under the provisions of sections 319.300 to 319.345 shall 268be permanently prohibited from obtaining a blaster's license in this 269270state.

18. The requirement for obtaining a blaster's license shall notapply to:

(1) Individuals using explosive materials in the forms prescribed
by the official U.S. Pharmacopoeia or the National Formulary and used
in medicines and medicinal agents;

(2) Individuals conducting training or emergency operations of
any federal, state, or local government including all departments,
agencies, and divisions thereof, provided they are acting in their
official capacity and in the proper performance of their duties or
functions;

(3) Individuals that are members of the armed forces or any
military unit of Missouri or the United States who are using explosives
while on official training exercises or who are on active duty;

(4) Individuals using pyrotechnics, commonly known as
fireworks, including signaling devices such as flares, fuses, and
torpedoes;

(5) Individuals using small arms ammunition and components
thereof which are subject to the Gun Control Act of 1968, 18 U.S.C.,
Section 44, and regulations promulgated thereunder;

(6) Any individual having a valid blaster's license or certificate
issued under the provisions of any requirement of the U.S. government
in which the requirements for obtaining the license or certificate meet

293 or exceed the requirements of sections 319.300 to 319.345;

294 (7) Individuals handling explosives while in the act of 295 transporting them from one location to another;

(8) Individuals assisting or training under the direct supervision
of a licensed blaster;

(9) Individuals handling explosives while engaged in the process
of explosives manufacturing; and

(10) Individuals discharging historic firearms and cannon or
 reproductions of historic firearms and cannon.

19. The division of fire safety shall promulgate rules under this section to become effective no later than July 1, 2008. Any individual loading or firing explosives after the effective date of such rule shall obtain a license within one-hundred eighty days of the effective date of such rule. Any experience or training prior to the effective date of such rule that meets the standards established by the rule shall be deemed to comply with this section.

319.309. 1. Any person using explosives in the state of Missouri 2 shall calculate the scaled distance to the nearest uncontrolled 3 structure. If more than one uncontrolled structure is the same 4 approximate distance from the blast site, then the person using 5 explosives may select one representative structure for calculation of 6 scaled distance.

2. For the purposes of this section, the term "uncontrolled
8 structure" shall not apply to the following:

9 (1) Buildings in a state of disrepair or neglect which are not 10 being used as a permanent residence;

11 (2) Noncommercial storage sheds;

12 (3) Temporary structures;

13 (4) Any unoccupied mobile recreational vehicle, trailer, or14 camper;

15 (5) Agricultural barns, storage sheds, and animal shelters;

16 (6) Any building on mine property that is owned by the mine17 operator or contained on property leased by the mine operator.

In any instance when the scaled distance value is fifty-five or
 less, any person using explosives, except as provided in section 319.321,
 shall use at least one seismograph calibrated to the manufacturer's
 standard for use to record the ground vibration and acoustic levels that

occur from the use of such explosives or explosive materials. When measuring ground vibration and acoustic levels, the seismograph shall be placed in the proximity of the nearest uncontrolled structure or, at the option of the person using explosives, closer to the blast site. If more than one uncontrolled structure is the same approximate distance from the blast site, then the person using explosives may select one representative structure for placement of the seismograph.

4. Any person using explosives who is voluntarily using a
seismograph calibrated to the manufacturer's standard for use for all
blasting is exempt from the requirements of this section.

319.312. 1. (1) Any person using explosives in the state of 2 Missouri in which monitoring with a seismograph is required, as 3 provided in section 319.309, shall comply with ground vibration limits 4 based on the U.S. Bureau of Mines Report of Investigations 8507, 5 Appendix B.

6 (2) In lieu of the ground vibration limit established in subdivision (1) of this subsection, the person using explosives may 7 8 submit a written request to the division of fire safety to use an alternate compliance method. Such written request must be supported 9 10 by sufficient technical information, which may include but not be 11 limited to, documented approval of such method by other federal, state, or local political subdivisions which regulate the use of 1213explosives. Upon submittal by the person using explosives of a request to use an alternate compliance method, the state blasting safety board 14 shall issue a written determination as to whether the technical 15information submitted provides sufficient justification for the alternate 1617method to be used as a method of demonstrating compliance with the provisions of this section. 18

2. Any person using explosives in the state of Missouri in which monitoring with a seismograph is required, as provided in section 319.309, shall limit acoustic values from blasting to one hundred thirtythree decibels using a two hertz flat response measuring system based on the Office of Surface Mining regulation 816.67(b)(1)(I).

319.315. 1. Seismograph recordings of the ground vibration and 2 acoustic levels created by the use of explosives, when required by 3 section 319.309, shall be retained for at least three years. Such 4 recordings shall be made available to the division of fire safety within twenty-four hours of a request by any representative of the division of
fire safety. Each seismograph recording and the accompanying records
shall include the:

8 (1) Maximum ground vibration and acoustics levels recorded;

9 (2) Specific location of the seismograph equipment, its distance 10 from the detonation of the explosives, the date of the recording, and the 11 time of the recording;

12 (3) Name of the individual responsible for operation of the
13 seismograph equipment and performing an analysis of each recording;
14 and

15 (4) Type of seismograph instrument, its sensitivity and
16 calibration signal or certification date of the last calibration.

2. When seismograph recordings of the use of explosives are required by section 319.309, a record of each such use of explosives shall be made and retained for at least three years. The record shall be completed by the end of the business day following the day in which the explosives were detonated. Such records shall be made available to the division of fire safety, upon request, within twenty-four hours of the request. Except as provided in subsection 3 of this section, each record shall include the:

25 (1) Name of the person using the explosives;

26 (2) Location, date, and time of the detonation;

27 (3) Name of the licensed blaster responsible for use of the28 explosives;

29 (4) Type of material blasted;

30 (5) Number of bore holes, burden, and spacing;

31 (6) Diameter and depth of bore holes;

32 (7) Type of explosives used;

33 (8) Weight of explosives used per bore hole and total weight of
34 explosives used;

35 (9) Maximum weight of explosives detonated within any eight
 36 millisecond period;

37 (10) Maximum number of bore holes or decks detonated within
38 any eight millisecond period;

(11) Initiation system, including number of circuits and the timer
interval, if a sequential timer is used;

41 (12) Type and length of stemming;

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1542(13) Type of detonator and delay periods used, in milliseconds; 43 (14) Sketch of delay pattern, including decking; 44(15) Distance and scaled distance, if required under the provisions of section 319.309, to the nearest uncontrolled structure; 4546 (16) Location of the nearest uncontrolled structure, using the best available information. 47483. If the type of blasting being recorded by a seismograph does not involve bore holes, then the record required in subsection 2 of this 49section shall contain the: 50(1) Name of the person using the explosives; 5152(2) Location, date, and time of the detonation; (3) Name of the licensed blaster responsible for use of the 5354explosives; (4) Type of material blasted; 5556(5) Type of explosives used; 57(6) Weight of explosives used per shot and total weight of 58explosives used; 59(7) Maximum weight of explosives detonated within any eight 60 millisecond period; 61 (8) Initiation system, including number of circuits and the timer 62interval, if a sequential timer is used; 63 (9) Type of detonator and delay periods used, in milliseconds; 64 (10) Sketch of delay pattern; 65 (11) Distance and scaled distance, if required under the provisions of section 319.309, to the nearest uncontrolled structure; 66 67(12) Location of the nearest uncontrolled structure, using the 68 best available information. 4. It shall be the duty of each licensed blaster and each person 69 using explosives to assure that the requirements of this section are 70met. Any person using explosives shall provide properly calibrated 71seismographic equipment at the closest practical proximity to the 72nearest uncontrolled structure, or at the option of the person using 7374 explosives the seismograph equipment may be located nearer to the blast site on an approximate line between the nearest uncontrolled 75structure and the blast site. Licensed blasters shall create the record 76required in subsection 2 or subsection 3 of this section and provide 77

such record to the person using explosives, who shall be responsible for

79 maintaining records required in this section.

319.318. 1. Any person using explosives shall comply with the 2 provisions of this section.

2. Provisions of federal law and regulation regarding the manufacturing, transportation, distribution, and storage of explosives shall be enforced by the appropriate federal agency and shall not be subject to enforcement under sections 319.300 to 319.345.

7 3. Within sixty days after the effective date of sections 319.300 to 319.345, each person using explosives or intending to use explosives in 8 Missouri shall register with the state fire marshal. Any person using 9 explosives who is not required to register on the effective date, who 1011 subsequently uses explosives in Missouri, shall register with the state fire marshal prior to first using explosives in Missouri. The initial 12registration shall state the name of the person, address, telephone 13number, facsimile number, e-mail address, and name of the principal 14individual having responsibility for supervision of the use of 1516 explosives. A fee of six hundred dollars shall be submitted with the 17initial registration, one hundred dollars of which shall constitute a registration fee and five hundred dollars of which shall constitute a 1819prepayment of the fee required in subsection 4 of this section.

4. Each person using explosives that is required to register under subsection 3 of this section shall by January thirty-first of each year after registering, file an annual report with the state fire marshal for the preceding calendar year.

(1) The initial annual report shall only include that portion of
the preceding calendar year after the date the person became subject
to the requirement to register under subsection 3 of this section.

27 (2) The report shall include:

28 (a) Any change or addition to the information required in
29 subsection 3 of this section;

30 (b) The name and address of the distributors from which 31 explosives were purchased;

(c) The total number of pounds of explosives purchased for use
in Missouri and the total number of pounds actually used in Missouri
during the period covered by the report. Persons required to report
annually shall maintain records sufficient to prove the accuracy of the
information reported;

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(d) The total number of pounds of explosives purchased for, or anticipated to be purchased for, use in Missouri during the following year.

40 (3) The person using explosives shall submit with the annual report a fee per ton, as established under this section, based on the 41amount of explosives used in Missouri. If the report of total pounds 42used results in a portion of a ton, the cumulative total of the fee shall 43be rounded to the nearest ton. The fee shall be five hundred dollars 44 plus one dollar and fifteen cents per ton of explosives used. Any fees 45prepaid, either in conjunction with the registration fee in subsection 46 473 of this section or with the previous year's annual report as in subdivision (4) of this subsection, shall be deducted from the balance 48owed. The fee per ton authorized under this subdivision may be 49adjusted by rule provided the fee shall not exceed one dollar and fifty 50cents per ton. The state blasting safety board shall review the fee 5152schedule on a biennial basis and make recommendations for adjustments. 53

(4) The person using explosives shall submit with the annual
report a prepayment of five hundred dollars to be credited toward the
fees required to be paid with the following year's annual report.

57 5. (1) The state fire marshal may audit the records of any person 58 using explosives required to report annually under subsection 4 of this 59 section to determine the accuracy of the number of pounds of 60 explosives reported. In connection with such audit, the state fire 61 marshal may also require any distributor of explosives to provide a 62 statement of sales during the year to persons required to report under 63 subsection 4 of this section.

(2) It shall be a violation of sections 319.300 to 319.345 to fail to 64register as required by subsection 3 of this section or knowingly report 65false information in the reports required under subsections 3 and 4 of 66 this section. The state fire marshal may issue a notice of violation for 67 reporting false information. The notice of violation shall be subject to 68 the same procedures and rights of appeal as established in sections 69 70319.324, 319.327, and 319.333. Upon conviction for knowingly filing a false report, the person using explosives shall be subject to a penalty 71as a class B misdemeanor. Conviction upon a second or subsequent 72offense shall be subject to a penalty as a class A misdemeanor. 73

6. It shall be a violation of sections 319.300 to 319.345 for any
person using explosives to:

(1) Engage in blasting other than by a licensed blaster or an
individual working under the direct supervision of a licensed blaster;
(2) Fail to calculate the scaled distance, conduct monitoring of
vibration and noise levels, and conduct record keeping as required by

80 sections 319.300 to 319.345;

81 (3) Fail to carry a minimum of one million dollars in commercial
82 general liability insurance.

7. A violation of subsection 6 of this section shall be a class B
misdemeanor for the first offense, and a class A misdemeanor for a
second or subsequent offense.

319.321. Sections 319.309, 319.312, 319.315, and 319.318 shall not 2 apply to:

3 (1) The use of explosive materials in the forms prescribed by the
4 official U.S. Pharmacopoeia or the National Formulary and used in
5 medicines and medicinal agents;

6 (2) The training or emergency operations of any federal, state, 7 or local government including all departments, agencies, and divisions 8 thereof, provided they are acting in their official capacity and in the 9 proper performance of their duties or functions;

10 (3) The use of explosives by the military or any agency of the11 United States;

12 (4) The use of pyrotechnics, commonly known as fireworks,
13 including signaling devices such as flares, fuses, and torpedoes;

14 (5) The use of small arms ammunition and components thereof 15 which are subject to the Gun Control Act of 1968, 18 U.S.C., Section 44, 16 and regulations promulgated thereunder. Any small arms ammunition 17 and components thereof exempted by the Gun Control Act of 1968 and 18 regulations promulgated thereunder are also exempted from the 19 provisions of sections 319.300 to 319.345; and

20 (6) Individuals discharging historic firearms and cannon or 21 reproductions of historic firearms and cannon.

319.324. 1. The state blasting safety board is hereby created and 2 assigned to the division of fire safety under the state fire 3 marshal. There shall be seven members of this board, as appointed by 4 the governor, with the advice and consent of the senate, to be

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comprised of:  $\mathbf{5}$ 

6 (1) One representative of a municipality who serves in the 7 capacity of director of public works or a similar position;

8 (2) One representative of a person using explosives that is engaged in surface mining that is subject to the requirements of section 9 319.300 to 319.345; 10

11 (3) One representative of a person using explosives that is engaged in construction; 12

13(4) One person who is in the business of providing contract blast monitoring services; 14

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(5) Two persons who manufacture or distribute explosives; and (6) The state fire marshal or his or her designee. 16

172. Each board member shall serve for a term of six years, except for the members initially appointed one term shall be for one year, one 18 19term shall be for two years, one term shall be for three years, one term 20shall be for four years, one term shall be for five years, and one term shall be for six years. Members appointed and serving shall serve until 2122their successor is named and shall be eligible for reappointment. The

23state fire marshal or his or her designee shall be a standing member of 24the board and shall have the power to vote.

253. Members of the board shall serve without compensation but may be reimbursed by the division of fire safety for reasonable and 2627necessary expenses. Meetings of the board shall be held in facilities arranged by the division of fire safety. Hearings of the board may be 2829held at a location in Missouri agreed upon by the state fire marshal and the chairman of the board. Upon agreement by the licensee, the state 30 31fire marshal, and the chairman of the state blasting safety board, 32hearings may be conducted by conference call.

4. The board shall annually by January thirty-first elect a 33 chairman from one of the members other than the state fire marshal or 34his or her designee. The chairman shall be elected by majority vote of 35the board and shall preside over all meetings and hearings and perform 36 any specific duties set out in sections 319.300 to 319.345. 37

38 5. The state fire marshal or his or her designee shall perform the duties of secretary of the board. 39

6. The board shall meet as needed at the call of the chairman or 40upon written notice by the state fire marshal. The board shall meet at 41

42 least once each calendar year.

43 7. It shall be the duty of the board to:

(1) Advise the state fire marshal in the development of
application and registration forms, training and examinations, and
setting fees for the filing of required applications, registrations, and
reports;

48 (2) Approve or disapprove any examination for licensing of49 blasters;

50 (3) Hold hearings and make decisions by majority vote upon 51 appeals under section 319.306 and upon notices of violation under 52 section 319.333;

53 (4) Approve or disapprove any rule proposed by the division of
54 fire safety for the administration of sections 319.300 to 319.345;

55 (5) Advise or assist the division of fire safety in any other matter 56 regarding administration or enforcement, within the scope and 57 requirements of sections 319.300 to 319.345.

58 8. For any matter upon which a hearing is held under 59 subdivision (3) of subsection 7 of this section, any referral of a notice 60 of violation or request for criminal or civil enforcement action or 61 injunctive relief shall be made by the state fire marshal to the attorney 62 general or a prosecuting attorney, only upon a majority vote by the 63 board.

319.327. 1. It shall be the duty of the division of fire safety to:

2 (1) Develop and distribute all forms, certificates, and printed
3 material necessary for carrying out duties relating to applications,
4 registrations, training, testing, and licensing required by sections
5 319.300 to 319.345;

6 (2) Publish, distribute, and administer an examination that tests 7 the knowledge of applicants for a blaster's license in the safe and 8 proper use of explosives. The examination may be given to applicants 9 by representatives of the division of fire safety, by persons approved 10 by the division of fire safety to provide training under section 319.306, 11 or by other persons designated by the division of fire safety;

12 (3) Upon approval by majority vote of the state blasting safety 13 board, promulgate any rule necessary for carrying out the purposes of 14 sections 319.300 to 319.345. No rule promulgated by the state fire 15 marshal shall duplicate, amend, supersede, or conflict with the 16 provisions of any statute, regulation, or policy established by:

17 (a) The U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco,
18 Firearms and Explosives;

19 (b) 18 U.S.C., Chapter 40, Importation, Manufacturing,
20 Distribution and Storage of Explosive Materials;

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(c) The U.S. Department of Transportation;

22

23

(d) The federal Mine Safety and Health Administration; or

(e) The federal Occupational Safety and Health Administration;

24(4) Investigate possible violations of sections 319.300 to 319.345 upon the complaint of any citizen that believes explosives are being 25used in such a way to endanger the public's safety or property, or upon 26any cause for the state fire marshal to believe that a violation is 27occurring. To conduct such investigations, the state fire marshal shall 28assign adequately trained personnel within the division of fire safety 29to inspect blasting sites, examine records and seismograph recordings, 30 inspect blaster's licenses, inspect registration and reporting records 31required by section 319.315, or determine if any other provision of 3233sections 319.300 to 319.345 has been violated. Such inspectors shall be 34employees of the division of fire safety and may act on a full-time or 35part-time basis. Any such inspector shall meet the requirements of 36 section 319.306 for being licensed as a blaster in the state of Missouri; 37 (5) Receive and provide information and assistance, in

38 cooperation with local governments, federal agencies, and agencies of 39 other states, in administration and enforcement of sections 319.300 to 40 319.345 and similar laws, regulations, and requirements in other 41 jurisdictions.

422. The division of fire safety may enforce any provision of sections 319.300 to 319.345 by referral of violations to the attorney 43general or a prosecuting attorney and may seek criminal penalties and 44 may seek injunctive relief. For any matter upon which a hearing is 45held under subdivision (3) of subsection 7 of section 319.324, any 46 referral of a notice of violation or request for criminal or civil 47enforcement action or injunctive relief shall be made by the state fire 4849marshal to the attorney general or a prosecuting attorney, only upon a majority vote by the board. 50

319.330. There is hereby created in the state treasury the 2 "Missouri Explosives Safety Act Administration Fund", which shall 22

consist of all fees collected under sections 319.300 to 319.345, 3 appropriations of the general assembly, federal grants, and private 4 donations. The state treasurer shall be custodian of the fund. In  $\mathbf{5}$ accordance with sections 30.170 and 30.180, RSMo, the state treasurer 6 may approve disbursements. Upon appropriation, money in the fund 7 shall be used solely for the administration of sections 319.300 to 8 319.345. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 33.080, RSMo, to the 9 contrary, any moneys remaining in the fund at the end of the biennium 10shall not revert to the credit of the general revenue fund. The state 11 treasurer shall invest moneys in the fund in the same manner as other 12funds are invested. Any interest and moneys earned on such 1314 investments shall be credited to the fund. The state fire marshal shall submit a report to the state blasting safety board and the public each 15year that describes the revenue created by fees established under the 16provisions of sections 319.300 to 319.345 and how the revenue was 17expended to enforce the provisions of sections 319.300 to 319.345, 18including the number of employees used and activities performed. 19

319.333. Any individual or person using explosives who the state 2fire marshal or his or her representative determines, upon substantial 3 evidence, to be in violation of sections 319.300 to 319.345 may be issued a notice of violation by the division of fire safety. Any hearings 4 regarding suspension or revocation of a blaster's license shall be 5 conducted under the provisions of subsection 10 of section 319.306, 6 rather than the provisions of this section. The notice of violation shall 7 be in writing and shall state the section or sections violated and the 8 circumstance of the violation, including date, place, person involved, 9 10 and the act or omission constituting the violation. The notice shall also 11 inform the person receiving the notice of the right to request a hearing before the state blasting safety board. The recipient may request a 12hearing within forty-five days of the date the notice was received. If 13a hearing is requested, the state fire marshal shall immediately inform 14the chairman of the board. The person receiving the notice, the state 15fire marshal, and the chairman of the board shall establish a mutually 1617acceptable date and place for the hearing, which in no case shall be more than thirty days after the hearing was requested. The hearing 1819shall be conducted as an uncontested case, although the person or the state fire marshal may be represented by an attorney. Within fifteen 20

days of such hearing, the board shall notify the person of its decision on the appeal, which may include upholding, modifying, or disapproving the notice of violation. The board's action upon the appeal shall be decided by majority vote. If the notice of violation is upheld by the board, in whole or part, upon a separate majority vote of the board, the person may be referred for enforcement action as provided in section 319.327.

319.336. Any individual aggrieved by any official action of the state blasting safety board or the division of fire safety affecting their license status, including revocation, suspension, failure to renew, or refusal to grant a license may seek a determination thereon by the administrative hearing commission under the provisions of section 6 621.045, RSMo.

319.339. 1. Any person using explosives within Missouri shall notify the division of fire safety in writing or by telephone at least two business days in advance of first using explosives at a site where blasting has not been previously conducted. If blasting will be conducted at an ongoing project, such as a long term construction project, or at a permanent site, such as a surface mine, the person shall only be required to make one notice to the division of fire safety in advance of the first use of explosives.

9 2. The notice required by this section shall state the name, 10 address, and telephone number of the person using explosives, the 11 name of the individual responsible for supervision of blasting, the date 12 or approximate period over which blasting will be conducted, the 13 location of blasting by street address, route, or other description, and 14 the nature of the project or reason for blasting.

3. This section shall not apply to any blasting required by a
contract with any agency of the state of Missouri, any federal agency,
or any political subdivision.

319.342. 1. Any person using explosives which will conduct 2 blasting within the jurisdiction of a municipality shall notify the 3 appropriate representative of the municipality in writing or by 4 telephone at least two business days in advance of blasting at that 5 location. An appropriate representative shall be deemed to be the city's 6 public works department, code enforcement official, or an official at 7 the main office maintained by the municipality. In any area where

blasting will be conducted, whether in a municipality or in an 8 9 unincorporated area, the person using explosives also shall notify the appropriate fire protection official for the jurisdiction where blasting 10will occur, which may be a city fire department, fire protection district, 11 or volunteer fire protection association. The notice required by this 12section shall state the name, address, and telephone number of the 13person using explosives, the name of the individual responsible for 14supervision of blasting, the date or approximate period over which 15blasting will be conducted, the location of blasting by street address, 16route, or other description, and the nature of the project or reason for 1718blasting. If blasting will be conducted at an ongoing project, such as a long term construction project, or at a permanent site, such as a 19surface mine, the person shall only be required to make one notice to 20the municipality or appropriate fire protection official in advance of 2122the first use of explosives. Any such ongoing projects or permanent 23sites in existence at the time of the effective date of sections 319.300 to 319.345 shall not be required to provide notice as described in this 2425subsection.

2. Any person using explosives which will conduct blasting 2627within the jurisdiction of a municipality shall notify the owner or 28occupant of any residence or business located within a scaled distance 29of fifty-five feet from the site of blasting prior to the start of blasting 30 at any new location. One notification by mail, telephone, printed notification posted prominently on the premises or the property of the 31owner or occupant of the residence or business, or delivered in person 32to any such owner or occupant meets the requirements of this 3334subsection. A municipality may provide the name, last known address, 35and telephone number of the owners or occupants of any residence or business that may be located within the scaled distance of fifty-five feet 36 from the site of blasting to the person using explosives upon request. 37

38 3. Any municipality or county may by ordinance:
39 (1) Require that a permit be obtained in addition to the notice
40 required by subsection 1 of this section, with such application for
41 permit being due no more than ten days prior to the first use of
42 explosives;

43 (2) Require that the application for the permit contain specific
44 information about the type of explosives to be used and their storage

45 location at the site where used;

46 (3) Require the applicant to demonstrate an acceptable plan for
47 signage or other means of informing the public of blasting in proximity
48 to public streets or highways and any request for temporary closing of
49 streets or routing of traffic;

50 (4) Specify the times of days blasting may be conducted, which 51 shall not be less than eight consecutive hours, and provide that blasting 52 may not be conducted on Sunday except upon application of the person 53 using explosives and approval by the municipality;

(5) Require that the applicant submit proof that the person using
explosives is registered with the division of fire safety and that blasting
will be conducted by a licensed blaster;

57 (6) Require that the applicant submit proof of commercial 58 general liability insurance in an acceptable amount, which shall be no 59 less than one million dollars and no more than five million dollars; and

60 (7) Require that the applicant conduct a pre-blast survey of any
61 uncontrolled structures within a scaled distance of fifty-five feet from
62 the blast site.

4. A permit for blasting under a municipal ordinance authorized
by subsection 3 of this section shall be granted by the municipality
upon satisfying the requirements of the ordinance and upon the
applicant's payment of a reasonable fee to cover the administration of
the permit system.

5. Any authorized representative of a municipality, county or an
 appropriate fire protection official may:

(1) Require any person using explosives to show proof that he or
she is registered with the division of fire safety and blasting is being
conducted by an individual that is licensed under the provisions of
section 319.306;

(2) Request and be allowed access to the site of blasting by the
person using explosives and shall be allowed to observe blasting from
a safe location as designated by the blaster;

(3) Examine records of blasting required to be maintained by
sections 319.309 and 319.315. However, no municipality or fire
protection official shall require a person using explosives or a blaster
to surrender such records or a copy of such records to the municipality
or fire protection official;

82 (4) Report suspected violations of section 319.300 to 319.345 to
83 the division of fire safety.

6. Subsections 1, 2, 3, and 4 of this section shall not apply to any blasting required by a construction contract with any agency of the state of Missouri, any federal agency, or any political subdivision.

87 7. The state of Missouri hereby preempts existing regulation, licensing, and inspection of persons using explosives, blasters, and 88 blasting by local governments, except as authorized in this section. It 8990 shall be unlawful for any local government to impose any future ordinance, order, permit or regulation upon persons using explosives 91or blasters which duplicates, exceeds or conflicts with the requirements 9293 of sections 319.300 to 319.345, unless such ordinance, order, permit, or regulation, in effect as of January 1, 2007, shall exclusively regulate the 94use of explosives at the site of a quarry in any county with a charter 95form of government and with more than two hundred fifty thousand but 96 fewer than three hundred fifty thousand inhabitants. For purposes of 97 this section, the term "quarry" shall include any place where rock, ore, 9899 stone, or similar materials are excavated for sale or off-premise use. A 100quarry shall not include the removal or relocation of rock, stone, or 101earth incidental to the construction of residential, commercial, or 102industrial buildings. Nothing in this section shall preempt the rights 103and remedies afforded by the general assembly or common law to 104persons damaged by blasting.

319.345. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, RSMo, that is created under the authority delegated in 2sections 319.300 to 319.345 shall become effective only if it complies 3 with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo, and, 4 if applicable, section 536.028, RSMo. This section and chapter 536, 5RSMo, are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the 6 general assembly pursuant to chapter 536, RSMo, to review, to delay 7 the effective date, or to disapprove or annul a rule are subsequently 8 held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any 9 rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2007, shall be invalid and 1011 **void**.

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