FIRST REGULAR SESSION

SENATE BILL NO. 576

94TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATORS BRAY, SHOEMYER AND BARNITZ.

Read 1st time February 22, 2007, and ordered printed.

2187S.01I

TERRY L. SPIELER, Secretary.

AN ACT

To repeal sections 32.087, 67.576, 67.582, 67.584, 67.671, 67.678, 67.1303, 67.1545, 67.1959, 67.2000, 67.2030, 67.2525, 67.2530, 94.578, 94.580, 94.605, 94.660, 94.705, 94.900, 144.010, 144.014, 144.030, 144.046, 144.049, 144.100, 144.517, 144.625, 144.655, 144.805, 221.407, 238.235, 238.410, and 644.032, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof thirty-two new sections relating to the implementation of the streamlined sales and use tax agreement.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 32.087, 67.576, 67.582, 67.584, 67.671, 67.678,

- 2 67.1303, 67.1545, 67.1959, 67.2000, 67.2030, 67.2525, 67.2530, 94.578, 94.580,
- 3 94.605, 94.660, 94.705, 94.900, 144.010, 144.014, 144.030, 144.046, 144.049,
- 4 144.100, 144.517, 144.625, 144.655, 144.805, 221.407, 238.235, 238.410, and
- 5 644.032, RSMo, are repealed and thirty-two new sections enacted in lieu thereof,
- 6 to be known as sections 32.087, 67.576, 67.582, 67.584, 67.671, 67.678, 67.1303,
- 7 67.1545, 67.1959, 67.2000, 67.2030, 67.2525, 67.2530, 94.578, 94.580, 94.605,
- 8 94.660, 94.705, 94.900, 144.010, 144.014, 144.030, 144.049, 144.100, 144.105,
- 9 144.625, 144.655, 144.805, 221.407, 238.235, 238.410, and 644.032, to read as
- 10 follows:
 - 32.087. 1. Within ten days after the adoption of any ordinance or order
 - 2 in favor of adoption of any local sales tax authorized under the local sales tax law
 - 3 by the voters of a taxing entity, the governing body or official of such taxing
- 4 entity shall forward to the director of revenue by United States registered mail
- 5 or certified mail a certified copy of the ordinance or order.The ordinance or order
- 6 shall reflect the effective date thereof.
- 7 2. Any local sales tax so adopted shall become effective on the first day

EXPLANATION—Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in this bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

8 of the second calendar quarter after the director of revenue receives notice of 9 adoption of the local sales tax, except as provided in subsection 18 of this section.

- 3. Every retailer within the jurisdiction of one or more taxing entities which has imposed one or more local sales taxes under the local sales tax law shall add all taxes so imposed along with the tax imposed by the sales tax law of the state of Missouri to the sale price and, when added, the combined tax shall constitute a part of the price, and shall be a debt of the purchaser to the retailer until paid, and shall be recoverable at law in the same manner as the purchase price. The combined rate of the state sales tax and all local sales taxes shall be the sum of the rates, multiplying the combined rate times the amount of the sale.
- 4. The brackets required to be established by the director of revenue under the provisions of section 144.285, RSMo, shall be based upon the sum of the combined rate of the state sales tax and all local sales taxes imposed under the provisions of the local sales tax law.
 - 5. The ordinance or order imposing a local sales tax under the local sales tax law shall impose upon all sellers a tax for the privilege of engaging in the business of selling tangible personal property or rendering taxable services at retail to the extent and in the manner provided in sections 144.010 to 144.525, RSMo, and the rules and regulations of the director of revenue issued pursuant thereto; except that the rate of the tax shall be the sum of the combined rate of the state sales tax or state highway use tax and all local sales taxes imposed under the provisions of the local sales tax law.
 - 6. On and after the effective date of any local sales tax imposed under the provisions of the local sales tax law, the director of revenue shall perform all functions incident to the administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of the tax, and the director of revenue shall collect in addition to the sales tax for the state of Missouri all additional local sales taxes authorized under the authority of the local sales tax law. All local sales taxes imposed under the local sales tax law together with all taxes imposed under the sales tax law of the state of Missouri shall be collected together and reported upon such forms and under such administrative rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the director of revenue.
- 7. All applicable provisions contained in sections 144.010 to 144.525, RSMo, governing the state sales tax and section 32.057, the uniform confidentiality provision, shall apply to the collection of any local sales tax imposed under the local sales tax law except as modified by the local sales tax

44 law.

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- 45 8. All exemptions granted to agencies of government, organizations, persons and to the sale of certain articles and items of tangible personal property 46 47 and taxable services under the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525, RSMo, as these sections now read and as they may hereafter be amended, it being the 48 49 intent of this general assembly to ensure that the same sales tax exemptions granted from the state sales tax law also be granted under the local sales tax law, 50 51 are hereby made applicable to the imposition and collection of all local sales taxes 52imposed under the local sales tax law.
 - 9. The same sales tax permit, exemption certificate and retail certificate required by sections 144.010 to 144.525, RSMo, for the administration and collection of the state sales tax shall satisfy the requirements of the local sales tax law, and no additional permit or exemption certificate or retail certificate shall be required; except that the director of revenue may prescribe a form of exemption certificate for an exemption from any local sales tax imposed by the local sales tax law.
 - 10. All discounts allowed the retailer under the provisions of the state sales tax law for the collection of and for payment of taxes under the provisions of the state sales tax law are hereby allowed and made applicable to any local sales tax collected under the provisions of the local sales tax law.
- 11. The penalties provided in section 32.057 and sections 144.010 to 144.525, RSMo, for a violation of the provisions of those sections are hereby made applicable to violations of the provisions of the local sales tax law.
- 67 12. (1) For the purposes of any local sales tax imposed by an ordinance or order under the local sales tax law, all sales, except the sale of motor vehicles, 68 trailers, boats, and outboard motors, shall be deemed to be consummated at the 69 70 place [of business of the retailer unless the tangible personal property sold is delivered by the retailer or his agent to an out-of-state destination. In the event 71 a retailer has more than one place of business in this state which participates in 72the sale, the sale shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business of 73 74the retailer where the initial order for the tangible personal property is taken, 75 even though the order must be forwarded elsewhere for acceptance, approval of credit, shipment or billing. A sale by a retailer's agent or employee shall be 76 77 deemed to be consummated at the place of business from which he works] where the tangible personal property is received by the purchaser. 78
 - (2) For the purposes of any local sales tax imposed by an ordinance or

order under the local sales tax law, all sales of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors shall be deemed to be consummated at the residence of the purchaser and not at the place of business of the retailer, or the place of business from which the retailer's agent or employee works.

- (3) For the purposes of any local tax imposed by an ordinance or under the local sales tax law on charges for mobile telecommunications services, all taxes of mobile telecommunications service shall be imposed as provided in the Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act, 4 U.S.C. Sections 116 through 124, as amended.
- 13. Local sales taxes imposed pursuant to the local sales tax law on the purchase and sale of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors shall not be collected and remitted by the seller, but shall be collected by the director of revenue at the time application is made for a certificate of title, if the address of the applicant is within a taxing entity imposing a local sales tax under the local sales tax law.
- 14. The director of revenue and any of his deputies, assistants and employees who have any duties or responsibilities in connection with the collection, deposit, transfer, transmittal, disbursement, safekeeping, accounting, or recording of funds which come into the hands of the director of revenue under the provisions of the local sales tax law shall enter a surety bond or bonds payable to any and all taxing entities in whose behalf such funds have been collected under the local sales tax law in the amount of one hundred thousand dollars for each such tax; but the director of revenue may enter into a blanket bond covering himself and all such deputies, assistants and employees. The cost of any premium for such bonds shall be paid by the director of revenue from the share of the collections under the sales tax law retained by the director of revenue for the benefit of the state.
- 15. The director of revenue shall annually report on his management of each trust fund which is created under the local sales tax law and administration of each local sales tax imposed under the local sales tax law. He shall provide each taxing entity imposing one or more local sales taxes authorized by the local sales tax law with a detailed accounting of the source of all funds received by him for the taxing entity. Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, the state auditor shall annually audit each trust fund. A copy of the director's report and annual audit shall be forwarded to each taxing entity imposing one or more local sales taxes.

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16. Within the boundaries of any taxing entity where one or more local sales taxes have been imposed, if any person is delinquent in the payment of the amount required to be paid by him under the local sales tax law or in the event a determination has been made against him for taxes and penalty under the local sales tax law, the limitation for bringing suit for the collection of the delinquent tax and penalty shall be the same as that provided in sections 144.010 to 144.525, RSMo. Where the director of revenue has determined that suit must be filed against any person for the collection of delinquent taxes due the state under the state sales tax law, and where such person is also delinquent in payment of taxes under the local sales tax law, the director of revenue shall notify the taxing entity in the event any person fails or refuses to pay the amount of any local sales tax due so that appropriate action may be taken by the taxing entity.

17. Where property is seized by the director of revenue under the provisions of any law authorizing seizure of the property of a taxpayer who is delinquent in payment of the tax imposed by the state sales tax law, and where such taxpayer is also delinquent in payment of any tax imposed by the local sales tax law, the director of revenue shall permit the taxing entity to join in any sale of property to pay the delinquent taxes and penalties due the state and to the taxing entity under the local sales tax law. The proceeds from such sale shall first be applied to all sums due the state, and the remainder, if any, shall be applied to all sums due such taxing entity.

18. If a local sales tax has been in effect for at least one year under the provisions of the local sales tax law and voters approve reimposition of the same local sales tax at the same rate at an election as provided for in the local sales tax law prior to the date such tax is due to expire, the tax so reimposed shall become effective the first day of the first calendar quarter after the director receives a certified copy of the ordinance, order or resolution accompanied by a map clearly showing the boundaries thereof and the results of such election, provided that such ordinance, order or resolution and all necessary accompanying materials are received by the director at least thirty days prior to the expiration of such tax. Any administrative cost or expense incurred by the state as a result of the provisions of this subsection shall be paid by the city or county reimposing such tax.

19. If the boundaries of a city in which a sales tax has been imposed shall thereafter be changed or altered, the city clerk shall forward to the director of revenue by United States registered mail or

certified mail a certified copy of the ordinance adding or detaching 152 territory from the city within ten days of adoption of the ordinance. The ordinance shall reflect the effective date of the 154ordinance and shall be accompanied by a map of the city clearly 155showing the territory added or detached from the city 156boundaries. Upon receipt of the ordinance and map, the tax imposed 157 under the local sales tax law shall be effective in the added territory or 158abolished in the detached territory on the first day of the second 159160 calendar quarter after the director of revenue receives notice of the boundary change. 161

- 67.576. 1. The following provisions shall govern the collection of the tax imposed by the provisions of sections 67.571 to 67.577:
- 3 (1) All applicable provisions contained in sections 144.010 to 144.510, 4 RSMo, governing the state sales tax and section 32.057, RSMo, the uniform 5 confidentiality provision, shall apply to the collection of the tax imposed by the 6 provisions of sections 67.571 to 67.577;
- 7 (2) All exemptions granted to agencies of government, organizations, and 8 persons under the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.510, RSMo, are hereby 9 made applicable to the imposition and collection of the tax imposed by sections 10 67.571 to 67.577.
- 2. The same sales tax permit, exemption certificate and retail certificate required by sections 144.010 to 144.510, RSMo, for the administration and collection of the state sales tax shall satisfy the requirements of sections 67.571 to 67.577, and no additional permit or exemption certificate or retail certificate shall be required; except that, the director of revenue may prescribe a form of exemption certificate for an exemption from the tax imposed by sections 67.571 to 67.577.
- 3. All discounts allowed the retailer pursuant to the provisions of the state sales tax law for the collection of and for payment of taxes pursuant to that act are hereby allowed and made applicable to any taxes collected pursuant to the provisions of sections 67.571 to 67.577.
- 4. The penalties provided in section 32.057, RSMo, and sections 144.010 to 144.510, RSMo, for a violation of those acts are hereby made applicable to violations of the provisions of sections 67.571 to 67.577.
- 5. [For the purposes of the sales tax imposed by an order pursuant to sections 67.571 to 67.577, all retail sales shall be deemed to be consummated at

the place of business of the retailer. Except as provided in sections 67.571 27 28 to 67.577, all provisions of sections 32.085 and 32.087, RSMo, shall apply 29 to the tax imposed under section 67.571 to 67.577. 67.582. 1. The governing body of any county, except a county of the first class with a charter form of government with a population of greater than four 2 hundred thousand inhabitants, is hereby authorized to impose, by ordinance or order, a sales tax in the amount of up to one-half of one percent on all retail sales made in such county which are subject to taxation under the provisions of 5 sections 144.010 to 144.525, RSMo, for the purpose of providing law enforcement 6 7 services for such county. The tax authorized by this section shall be in addition to any and all other sales taxes allowed by law, except that no ordinance or order imposing a sales tax under the provisions of this section shall be effective unless 10 the governing body of the county submits to the voters of the county, at a county or state general, primary or special election, a proposal to authorize the governing 11 body of the county to impose a tax. 12 13 2. The ballot of submission shall contain, but need not be limited to, the 14 following language: (1) If the proposal submitted involves only authorization to impose the tax 15 authorized by this section the ballot shall contain substantially the following: 16 Shall the county of (county's name) impose a countywide sales tax 17 18 of (insert amount) for the purpose of providing law enforcement services 19 for the county? 20 \square YES \square NO 21 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "Yes". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "No"; or 2223(2) If the proposal submitted involves authorization to enter into agreements to form a regional jail district and obligates the county to make 24 25payments from the tax authorized by this section the ballot shall contain 26 substantially the following: 27 Shall the county of (county's name) be authorized to enter into agreements for the purpose of forming a regional jail district and obligating the 28 29 county to impose a countywide sales tax of (insert amount) to fund 30 dollars of the costs to construct a regional jail and to fund the costs to 31 operate a regional jail, with any funds in excess of that necessary to construct

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and operate such jail to be used for law enforcement purposes?

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If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "Yes". If you 34 35 are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "No".

If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting 36 thereon are in favor of the proposal submitted pursuant to subdivision (1) of this subsection, then the ordinance or order and any amendments thereto shall be in effect on the first day of the second calendar quarter [immediately following the election approving the proposal after the director of revenue receives notification of adoption of the local sales tax. If the constitutionally required percentage of the voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal submitted pursuant to subdivision (2) of this subsection, then the ordinance or order and any amendments thereto shall be in effect on the first day of the second calendar quarter [immediately following the election approving the proposal] after the director of revenue receives notification of adoption of the 46 local sales tax. If a proposal receives less than the required majority, then the governing body of the county shall have no power to impose the sales tax herein authorized unless and until the governing body of the county shall again have submitted another proposal to authorize the governing body of the county to impose the sales tax authorized by this section and such proposal is approved by the required majority of the qualified voters voting thereon. However, in no event shall a proposal pursuant to this section be submitted to the voters sooner than twelve months from the date of the last proposal pursuant to this section.

- 3. All revenue received by a county from the tax authorized under the provisions of this section shall be deposited in a special trust fund and shall be used solely for providing law enforcement services for such county for so long as the tax shall remain in effect. Revenue placed in the special trust fund may also be utilized for capital improvement projects for law enforcement facilities and for the payment of any interest and principal on bonds issued for said capital improvement projects.
- 4. Once the tax authorized by this section is abolished or is terminated by any means, all funds remaining in the special trust fund shall be used solely for providing law enforcement services for the county. Any funds in such special trust fund which are not needed for current expenditures may be invested by the governing body in accordance with applicable laws relating to the investment of other county funds.
- 68 5. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under this section 69 on behalf of any county, less one percent for cost of collection which shall be

70 deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for 71 surety bonds as provided in section 32.087, RSMo, shall be deposited in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the "County Law Enforcement 7273 Sales Tax Trust Fund". The moneys in the county law enforcement sales tax trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled 7475 with any funds of the state. The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the trust and which was collected in each county 76 imposing a sales tax under this section, and the records shall be open to the 77 78 inspection of officers of the county and the public. Not later than the tenth day of each month the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the 79 80 trust fund during the preceding month to the county which levied the tax; such funds shall be deposited with the county treasurer of each such county, and all 81 expenditures of funds arising from the county law enforcement sales tax trust 82 83 fund shall be by an appropriation act to be enacted by the governing body of each 84 such county. Expenditures may be made from the fund for any law enforcement functions authorized in the ordinance or order adopted by the governing body 85 submitting the law enforcement tax to the voters. 86

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- 87 6. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any county for 88 89 erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks 90 and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties. If any county abolishes the 91 tax, the county shall notify the director of revenue of the action at least ninety 92days prior to the effective date of the repeal and the director of revenue may 93 order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or 94 overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to 95 the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of 96 abolition of the tax in such county, the director of revenue shall remit the balance 97 in the account to the county and close the account of that county. The director 98 99 of revenue shall notify each county of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the county. 100
- 7. Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 and 32.087, RSMo, shall apply to the tax imposed under this section.
 - 67.584. 1. The governing body of any county of the first classification with more than one hundred ninety-eight thousand but less than one hundred ninety-eight thousand two hundred inhabitants is hereby authorized to impose,

4 by ordinance or order, a sales tax in the amount of up to one-half percent on all

5 retail sales made in such county which are subject to taxation pursuant to

- 6 sections 144.010 to 144.525, RSMo, for the purpose of providing law enforcement
- 7 services for such county. The tax authorized by this section shall be in addition
- B to any and all other sales taxes allowed by law, except that no ordinance or order
- 9 imposing a sales tax pursuant to this section shall be effective unless the
- 10 governing body of the county submits to the voters of the county, at a county or
- 11 state general, primary, or special election, a proposal to authorize the governing
- 12 body of the county to impose a tax.
- 2. If the proposal submitted involves only authorization to impose the tax authorized by this section, the ballot of submission shall contain, but need not be limited to, the following language:
- 16 "Shall the county of (county's name) impose a countywide sales 17 tax of (insert amount) for the purpose of providing law enforcement
- 18 services for the county?"
- 19 \square YES \square NO
- 20 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you
- 21 are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".
- 22 If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting
- 23 thereon are in favor of the proposal submitted pursuant to this subsection, then
- 24 the ordinance or order and any amendments thereto shall be in effect on the first
- 25 day of the second calendar quarter [immediately following the election
- 26 approving the proposal after the director of revenue receives notification
- 27 of adoption of the local sales tax. If a proposal receives less than the
- 28 required majority, then the governing body of the county shall have no power to
- 29 impose the sales tax herein authorized unless and until the governing body of the
- 30 county shall again have submitted another proposal to authorize the governing
- 31 body of the county to impose the sales tax authorized by this section and such
- 32 proposal is approved by the required majority of the qualified voters voting
- 33 thereon. However, in no event shall a proposal pursuant to this section be
- 34 submitted to the voters sooner than twelve months from the date of the last
- 35 proposal pursuant to this section.
- 36 3. Twenty-five percent of the revenue received by a county treasurer from
- 37 the tax authorized pursuant to this section shall be deposited in a special trust
- 38 fund and shall be used solely by a prosecuting attorney's office for such county for
- 39 so long as the tax shall remain in effect. The remainder of revenue shall be

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deposited in the county law enforcement sales tax trust fund established pursuant to section 67.582 of the county levying the tax pursuant to this section. The revenue derived from the tax imposed pursuant to this section shall be used for public law enforcement services only. No revenue derived from the tax imposed pursuant to this section shall be used for any private contractor providing law enforcement services or for any private jail.

- 4. Once the tax authorized by this section is abolished or is terminated by any means, all funds remaining in the prosecuting attorney's trust fund shall be used solely by a prosecuting attorney's office for the county. Any funds in such special trust fund which are not needed for current expenditures may be invested by the governing body in accordance with applicable laws relating to the investment of other county funds.
- 5. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue pursuant to this section on behalf of any county, less one percent for cost of collection which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087, RSMo, shall be deposited in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the "County Prosecuting Attorney's Office Sales Tax Trust Fund" or in the county law enforcement sales tax trust fund, pursuant to the deposit ratio in subsection 3 of this section. The moneys in the trust funds shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state. The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the trusts and which was collected in each county imposing a sales tax pursuant to this section, and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of the county and the public. Not later than the tenth day of each month the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the trust funds during the preceding month to the county which levied the tax; such funds shall be deposited with the county treasurer of each such county, and all expenditures of funds arising from either trust fund shall be by an appropriation act to be enacted by the governing body of each such county. Expenditures may be made from the funds for any functions authorized in the ordinance or order adopted by the governing body submitting the tax to the voters.
- 6. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the amounts in the trust funds and credited to any county for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties. If any county abolishes the

tax, the county shall notify the director of revenue of the action at least ninety 76 77 days before the effective date of the repeal and the director of revenue may order retention in the appropriate trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent 78 79 of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayments of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited 80 to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date 82 of abolition of the tax in such county, the director of revenue shall remit the 83 balance in the account to the county and close the account of that county 84 established pursuant to this section. The director of revenue shall notify each county of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from 85 receipts due the county. 86

- 87 7. Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 and 32.087, RSMo, shall apply to the tax imposed pursuant to this section. 88
- 67.671. 1. The governing body of any county, except first class counties other than first class counties without charter form of government not adjoining any other first class county unless such first class county contains part of a city with a population over four hundred and fifty thousand, and except as otherwise provided in subsection 4 or subsection 7 of this section may, by a majority vote, impose a tourism sales tax throughout or in any portion of the county for the promotion of tourism as provided in this act, but such tax shall not become effective unless the governing body of the county submits to the voters of the county, at a public election, a proposal to authorize the county to impose a tax 10 under the provisions of sections 67.671 to 67.685.
- 11 2. The ballot of submission shall be in substantially the following form: 12 Shall the county of (Insert the name of the county) impose a tourism sales tax of (Insert rate of percent) percent in certain 13 areas of the county? 14

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If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal, then the tax shall be in effect on the first 18 day of the second calendar quarter after the director of revenue receives notification of adoption of the local sales tax. If a majority of the votes cast by the qualified voters voting are opposed to the proposal, then the governing body of the county shall have no power to impose the tax authorized by sections 67.671 to 67.685, unless and until the governing body of the county shall again have submitted another proposal to authorize the governing body of

the county to impose the tax, and such proposal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting thereon.

- 3. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 4 or subsection 7 of this section, the tourism tax may be imposed at a rate of not more than seven-eighths of one percent on the receipts from the sale at retail of certain tangible personal property or taxable services within that part of the county for which such tax has been adopted, as specified in section 67.674.
- 4. The governing body of any third class county which adjoins the Mississippi River and which also adjoins one or more first class counties without a charter form of government and which has a population of not more than sixteen thousand inhabitants according to the 1980 decennial census may, by a majority vote, impose:
 - (1) A tourism sales tax on the sale of all food and beverages sold for consumption on the premises of all restaurants, bars, taverns, or other establishments which are primarily used to provide food and beverage services;
- 39 (2) A tourism sales tax upon the rent or lease charges paid by transient 40 guests of hotels, motels, condominiums, houseboats, and space rented in 41 campgrounds;
- 42 (3) Or both.

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- The tax may be imposed throughout or in any portion of the county for the promotion of tourism as provided in sections 67.671 to 67.685 but such tax shall not become effective unless the governing body of the county submits to the voters of the county, at a public election, a proposal to authorize the county to impose the tax.

 \Box YES \Box NO

If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal, then the tax shall be in effect. If a majority of the votes cast by the qualified voters voting are opposed to the proposal, then the governing body of the county shall have no power to impose the tax unless and until the governing body of the county shall again have submitted another proposal to authorize the governing body of the county to impose the tax, and

such proposal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting thereon. The tourism tax may be imposed at a rate of not more than two percent on the receipts from the sale or rental at retail of certain tangible personal property or taxable services as provided in this subsection within that part of the county for which such tax has been adopted.

- 6. Within ten days after a vote in favor of the adoption of a tourism sales tax by the voters of any such county, the governing body of the county shall make its order imposing the tax. The tax shall become effective on the first day of the [first] second calendar quarter after [such order is made; provided that in any first class county with a population of at least eighty thousand but less than one hundred thousand, the tax shall become effective on the first day of the first month which begins more than thirty days after such order is made, and such tax shall be collected by the department of revenue in the same manner as prescribed in section 32.087, RSMo, except as otherwise provided in this section] the department receives notification of adoption of such tax.
- 7. In any county which has any part of a Corps of Engineers lake with a shoreline of at least eight hundred miles and not exceeding a shoreline of nine hundred miles, the tourism tax may be imposed at a rate of not more than two percent on the receipts from the sale at retail of certain tangible personal property or taxable services, subject to tax pursuant to chapter 144, RSMo, within that portion of the county for which such tax has been adopted. All areas in such county imposing a tourism tax eligible to do so under the provisions of this section shall be contiguous with all other areas which adopt the tax.
- [8. All tourism sales tax collected pursuant to subsection 7 of this section shall be collected and administered by the county collector as provided in section 67.680 and deposited in the "County Advertising and Tourism Sales Tax Trust Fund" created in such section.]
- 67.678. 1. The following provisions shall govern the collection of the tax 2 imposed by the provisions of sections 67.671 to 67.685:
- 3 (1) All applicable provisions contained in sections 144.010 to 144.510, RSMo, governing the state sales tax and section 32.057, RSMo, the uniform confidentiality provision, shall apply to the collection of the tax imposed by the provisions of sections 67.671 to 67.685, except as modified in sections 67.671 to 67.685;
- 8 (2) All exemptions granted to agencies of government, organizations, and 9 persons under the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.510, RSMo, are hereby

made applicable to the imposition and collection of the tax imposed by sections 67.671 to 67.685.

- 2. The same sales tax permit, exemption certificate and retail certificate required by sections 144.010 to 144.510, RSMo, for the administration and collection of the state sales tax shall satisfy the requirements of sections 67.671 to 67.685, and no additional permit or exemption certificate or retail certificate shall be required; except that, the director of revenue may prescribe a form of exemption certificate for an exemption from the tax imposed by sections 67.671 to 67.685.
- 3. All discounts allowed the retailer under the provisions of the state sales tax law for the collection of and for payment of taxes under that act are hereby allowed and made applicable to any taxes collected under the provisions of sections 67.671 to 67.685.
- 4. The penalties provided in sections 32.057 and 144.010 to 144.510, RSMo, for a violation of those acts are hereby made applicable to violations of the provisions of sections 67.671 to 67.685.
- [5. For the purposes of the tourism sales tax imposed by an order pursuant to sections 67.671 to 67.685, all retail sales shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business of the retailer.]

67.1303. 1. The governing body of any home rule city with more than one hundred fifty-one thousand five hundred but less than one hundred fifty-one thousand six hundred inhabitants, any home rule city with more than forty-five thousand five hundred but less than forty-five thousand nine hundred inhabitants and the governing body of any city within any county of the first classification with more than one hundred four thousand six hundred but less than one hundred four thousand seven hundred inhabitants and the governing body of any 7 county of the third classification without a township form of government and with more than forty thousand eight hundred but less than forty thousand nine 10 hundred inhabitants or any city within such county may impose, by order or ordinance, a sales tax on all retail sales made in the city or county which are 11 subject to sales tax under chapter 144, RSMo. In addition, the governing body 12 of any county of the first classification with more than eighty-five thousand nine hundred but less than eighty-six thousand inhabitants or the governing body of any home rule city with more than seventy-three thousand but less than 15 seventy-five thousand inhabitants may impose, by order or ordinance, a sales tax 16 on all retail sales made in the city or county which are subject to sales tax under

chapter 144, RSMo. The tax authorized in this section shall not be more than 18 19 one-half of one percent. The order or ordinance imposing the tax shall not become effective unless the governing body of the city or county submits to the voters of 20 21the city or county at a state general or primary election a proposal to authorize 22the governing body to impose a tax under this section. The tax authorized in this 23 section shall be in addition to all other sales taxes imposed by law, and shall be stated separately from all other charges and taxes. 24

252. The ballot of submission for the tax authorized in this section shall be 26 in substantially the following form:

27 Shall (insert the name of the city or county) impose a 28 sales tax at a rate of (insert rate of percent) percent for economic development purposes? 29

 \square YES \square NO 30

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If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the question, then the tax shall become effective on the first day of the second calendar quarter [following the calendar quarter in which the election was held. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the 34qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the question, then the tax shall not 35 36 become effective unless and until the question is resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters and such question is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting on the question, provided that no proposal shall be resubmitted to the voters sooner than twelve months from the date of the submission of the last proposall after the director of revenue receives notification of adoption of the local sales tax. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting on the question are opposed, then the tax shall not become effective unless the question is resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters and such question is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting on the question. No proposal shall be resubmitted to the voters sooner than twelve months from the date of the submission of the last proposal.

- 3. No revenue generated by the tax authorized in this section shall be used for any retail development project. At least twenty percent of the revenue generated by the tax authorized in this section shall be used solely for projects directly related to long-term economic development preparation, including, but not limited to, the following:
- (1) Acquisition of land;

54 (2) Installation of infrastructure for industrial or business parks;

- (3) Improvement of water and wastewater treatment capacity;
- 56 (4) Extension of streets;
- 57 (5) Providing matching dollars for state or federal grants;
- 58 (6) Marketing;

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- 59 (7) Providing grants and low-interest loans to companies for job training, 60 equipment acquisition, site development, and infrastructure.
- Not more than twenty-five percent of the revenue generated may be used annually for administrative purposes, including staff and facility costs.
- 4. All revenue generated by the tax shall be deposited in a special trust fund and shall be used solely for the designated purposes. If the tax is repealed, all funds remaining in the special trust fund shall continue to be used solely for the designated purposes. Any funds in the special trust fund which are not needed for current expenditures may be invested by the governing body in accordance with applicable laws relating to the investment of other city or county funds.
 - 5. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any city or county for erroneous payments in the trust fund and credited to any city or county for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties. Each city or county shall notify the director of revenue at least ninety days prior to the effective date of the expiration of the sales tax authorized by this section and the director of revenue may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of such tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the date of expiration of the tax authorized by this section in such city or county, the director of revenue shall remit the balance in the account to the city or county and close the account of that city or county. The director of revenue shall notify each city or county of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the city or county.
 - **6.** Any city or county imposing the tax authorized in this section shall establish an economic development tax board. The board shall consist of eleven

90 members, to be appointed as follows:

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- (1) Two members shall be appointed by the school boards whose districts are included within any economic development plan or area funded by the sales 92 tax authorized in this section. Such members shall be appointed in any manner agreed upon by the affected districts;
- 95 (2) One member shall be appointed, in any manner agreed upon by the 96 affected districts, to represent all other districts levying ad valorem taxes within the area selected for an economic development project or area funded by the sales 97 98 tax authorized in this section, excluding representatives of the governing body of the city or county; 99
- 100 (3) One member shall be appointed by the largest public school district in 101 the city or county;
- 102 (4) In each city or county, five members shall be appointed by the chief elected officer of the city or county with the consent of the majority of the 103 governing body of the city or county; 104
- 105 (5) In each city, two members shall be appointed by the governing body 106 of the county in which the city is located. In each county, two members shall be appointed by the governing body of the county. 107
 - At the option of the members appointed by a city or county the members who are appointed by the school boards and other taxing districts may serve on the board for a term to coincide with the length of time an economic development project, plan, or designation of an economic development area is considered for approval by the board, or for the definite terms as provided in this subsection. If the members representing school districts and other taxing districts are appointed for a term coinciding with the length of time an economic development project, plan, or area is approved, such term shall terminate upon final approval of the project, plan, or designation of the area by the governing body of the city or county. If any school district or other taxing jurisdiction fails to appoint members of the board within thirty days of receipt of written notice of a proposed economic development plan, economic development project, or designation of an economic development area, the remaining members may proceed to exercise the power of the board. Of the members first appointed by the city or county, three shall be designated to serve for terms of two years, three shall be designated to serve for a term of three years, and the remaining members shall be designated to serve for a term of four years from the date of such initial appointments. Thereafter,

the members appointed by the city or county shall serve for a term of four years,

except that all vacancies shall be filled for unexpired terms in the same manner as were the original appointments.

- 128 [6.] 7. The board, subject to approval of the governing body of the city or 129 county, shall develop economic development plans, economic development 130 projects, or designations of an economic development area, and shall hold public 131 hearings and provide notice of any such hearings. The board shall vote on all 132 proposed economic development plans, economic development projects, or 133 designations of an economic development area, and amendments thereto, within 134 thirty days following completion of the hearing on any such plan, project, or 135 designation, and shall make recommendations to the governing body within 136 ninety days of the hearing concerning the adoption of or amendment to economic development plans, economic development projects, or designations of an economic 137 138 development area.
- [7.] 8. The board shall report at least annually to the governing body of the city or county on the use of the funds provided under this section and on the progress of any plan, project, or designation adopted under this section.
- [8.] 9. The governing body of any city or county that has adopted the sales tax authorized in this section may submit the question of repeal of the tax to the voters on any date available for elections for the city or county. The ballot of submission shall be in substantially the following form:

149 \square YES \square NO

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- If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal are in favor of repeal, that repeal shall become effective on December thirty-first of the calendar year in which such repeal was approved. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the repeal, then the sales tax authorized in this section shall remain effective until the question is resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters of the city or county, and the repeal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting on the question.
- [9.] 10. Whenever the governing body of any city or county that has adopted the sales tax authorized in this section receives a petition, signed by ten percent of the registered voters of the city or county voting in the last gubernatorial election, calling for an election to repeal the sales tax imposed under this section, the governing body shall submit to the voters a proposal to

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repeal the tax. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified 163 voters voting thereon are in favor of the repeal, that repeal shall become effective on December thirty-first of the calendar year in which such repeal was approved. 164 165 If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the repeal, then the tax shall remain effective until the 166 167 question is resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters and the repeal approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting on the 168question. Effective January 1, 2009, if the city or county abolishes the 169 tax, the city or county shall notify the director of revenue of the action 170 at least one hundred twenty days prior to the effective date of the 171172 repeal.

11. After the effective date of any tax imposed under the provisions of this section, the director of revenue shall perform all functions incident to the administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of the tax and the director of revenue shall collect in addition to the sales tax for the state of Missouri the additional tax authorized under the authority of this section. The tax imposed under this section and the tax imposed under the sales tax law of the state of Missouri shall be collected together and reported upon such forms and under such administrative rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the director of revenue.

12. There is hereby created the "Economic Development Sales Tax Trust Fund", which shall consist of all sales tax revenue collected under this section. The state treasurer's office shall be custodian of the trust fund, and moneys in the trust fund shall be used solely for the 186 purposes authorized in this section. Moneys in the trust fund shall be considered nonstate funds under section 15, article IV, constitution of 188 189 Missouri. The state treasurer shall invest moneys in the trust fund in the same manner as other funds are invested. Any interest and moneys 190 earned on such investments shall be credited to the trust fund. All 192sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under this section on behalf of the city or county, less one percent for the cost of collection 193 194which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087, 195RSMo, shall be deposited in the trust fund. The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of moneys in the trust fund that was collected in the city or county imposing a sales tax under this

section, and the records shall be open to the inspection of the officers of each city or county and the general public. Not later than the tenth day of each month, the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during the preceding month to the city or county.

13. Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 and 32.087, RSMo, shall apply to the tax imposed under this section.

67.1545. 1. Any district formed as a political subdivision may impose by resolution a district sales and use tax on all retail sales made in such district which are subject to taxation pursuant to sections 144.010 to 144.525, RSMo, except sales of motor vehicles, trailers, boats or outboard motors [and sales to public utilities]. Any sales and use tax imposed pursuant to this section may be imposed in increments of one-eighth of one percent, up to a maximum of one percent. Such district sales and use tax may be imposed for any district purpose 7 designated by the district in its ballot of submission to its qualified voters; except that, no resolution adopted pursuant to this section shall become effective unless the board of directors of the district submits to the qualified voters of the district, 10 by mail-in ballot, a proposal to authorize a sales and use tax pursuant to this 11 section. If a majority of the votes cast by the qualified voters on the proposed 12sales tax are in favor of the sales tax, then the resolution is adopted. If a 13 14 majority of the votes cast by the qualified voters are opposed to the sales tax, then the resolution is void. 15

2. The ballot shall be substantially in the following form:

 \square YES \square NO

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- If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".
- 3. Within ten days after the qualified voters have approved the imposition of the sales and use tax, the district shall, in accordance with section 32.097, RSMo, notify the director of the department of revenue. The sales and use tax

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authorized by this section shall become effective on the first day of the second calendar quarter after the director of the department of revenue receives notice of the adoption of such tax.

- 4. [The director of the department of revenue shall collect any tax adopted pursuant to this section pursuant to section 32.087, RSMo.] After the effective date of any tax imposed under the provisions of this section, the director of revenue shall perform all functions incident to the administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of the tax and the director of revenue shall collect in addition to the sales tax for the state of Missouri the additional tax authorized under the authority of this section. The tax imposed under this section and the tax imposed under the sales tax law of the state of Missouri shall be collected together and reported upon such forms and under such administrative rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the director of revenue.
- 5. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under this section on behalf of any district, less one percent for the cost of collection, which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087, RSMo, shall be deposited with the state treasurer in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the "Community Improvement District Trust Fund". The moneys in the district community improvement district tax trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state. The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the trust fund which was collected in each district imposing a sales tax under this section, and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of each district and the general public. Not later than the tenth day of each month, the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during the preceding month by distributing to the district treasurer, or such other officer as may be designated by the district ordinance or order, of each district imposing the tax authorized by this section, the sum, as certified by the director of revenue, due the district.
- [5.] 6. In each district in which a sales and use tax is imposed pursuant to this section, every retailer shall add such additional tax imposed by the district to such retailer's sale price, and when so added such tax shall constitute a part of the purchase price, shall be a debt of the purchaser to the retailer until paid

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66 and shall be recoverable at law in the same manner as the purchase price.

- [6.] 7. In order to allow retailers to collect and report the sales and use tax authorized by this section as well as all other sales and use taxes required by law in the simplest and most efficient manner possible, a district may establish appropriate brackets to be used in the district imposing a tax pursuant to this section in lieu of the brackets provided in section 144.285, RSMo.
- 72 [7.] 8. The penalties provided in sections 144.010 to 144.525, RSMo, shall apply to violations of this section.
- 74[8.] 9. All revenue received by the district from a sales and use tax imposed pursuant to this section which is designated for a specific purpose shall 75be deposited into a special trust fund and expended solely for such 76 purpose. Upon the expiration of any sales and use tax adopted pursuant to this 77 section, all funds remaining in the special trust fund shall continue to be used 78 79 solely for the specific purpose designated in the resolution adopted by the qualified voters. Any funds in such special trust fund which are not needed for 80 current expenditures may be invested by the board of directors pursuant to 81 82 applicable laws relating to the investment of other district funds.
 - [9.] 10. A district may repeal by resolution any sales and use tax imposed pursuant to this section before the expiration date of such sales and use tax unless the repeal of such sales and use tax will impair the district's ability to repay any liabilities the district has incurred, moneys the district has borrowed or obligation the district has issued to finance any improvements or services rendered for the district.
- 11. Except as provided in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 and 32.087, RSMo, shall apply to the tax imposed under this section.
- 67.1959. 1. The board, by a majority vote, may submit to the residents of such district a tax of not more than one percent on all retail sales, except sales of [food as defined in section 144.014, RSMo, sales of] new or used motor vehicles[, trailers, boats, or other outboard motors, all utilities, telephone and wireless services, and sales of funeral services], made on or after January 1, 2009, within the district which are subject to taxation pursuant to the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525, RSMo. Upon the written request of the board to the election authority of the county in which a majority of the area of the district is situated, such election authority shall submit a proposition to the residents of such district at a municipal or statewide primary or general election, or at a

special election called for that purpose. Such election authority shall give legal notice as provided in chapter 115, RSMo.

2. Such proposition shall be submitted to the voters of the district in substantially the following form at such election:

Shall the Tourism Community Enhancement District impose a sales tax of (insert amount) for the purpose of promoting tourism in the district?

 \square YES \square NO

18 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "Yes". If you

19 are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "No".

20 If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters of the

21 proposed district voting thereon are in favor of the proposal, then the order shall

22 become effective on the first day of the second calendar quarter after the director

23 of revenue receives notice of adoption of the tax. If the proposal receives less

24 than the required majority, then the board shall have no power to impose the

25 sales tax authorized pursuant to this section unless and until the board shall

26 again have submitted another proposal to authorize the board to impose the sales

tax authorized by this section and such proposal is approved by the required

28 majority of the qualified voters of the district.

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67.2000. 1. This section shall be known as the "Exhibition Center and Recreational Facility District Act".

3 2. Whenever not less than fifty owners of real property located within any county of the first classification with more than seventy-one thousand three hundred but less than seventy-one thousand four hundred inhabitants, or any county of the first classification with more than one hundred ninety-eight thousand but less than one hundred ninety-nine thousand two hundred inhabitants, or any county of the first classification with more than eighty-five thousand nine hundred but less than eighty-six thousand inhabitants, or any 9 10 county of the second classification with more than fifty-two thousand six hundred but less than fifty-two thousand seven hundred inhabitants, or any county of the first classification with more than one hundred four thousand six hundred but 13 less than one hundred four thousand seven hundred inhabitants, or any county of the third classification without a township form of government and with more 14than seventeen thousand nine hundred but less than eighteen thousand 15inhabitants, or any county of the first classification with more than thirty-seven thousand but less than thirty-seven thousand one hundred inhabitants, or any 17

county of the third classification without a township form of government and with

19 more than twenty-three thousand five hundred but less than twenty-three 20 thousand six hundred inhabitants, or any county of the third classification without a township form of government and with more than nineteen thousand 2122 three hundred but less than nineteen thousand four hundred inhabitants, or any county of the first classification with more than two hundred forty thousand three 2324hundred but less than two hundred forty thousand four hundred inhabitants, desire to create an exhibition center and recreational facility district, the property 2526 owners shall file a petition with the governing body of each county located within 27the boundaries of the proposed district requesting the creation of the district. The district boundaries may include all or part of the counties described 28in this section. The petition shall contain the following information: 29

- 30 (1) The name and residence of each petitioner and the location of the real 31 property owned by the petitioner;
 - (2) A specific description of the proposed district boundaries, including a map illustrating the boundaries; and
 - (3) The name of the proposed district.

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- 3. Upon the filing of a petition pursuant to this section, the governing body of any county described in this section may, by resolution, approve the creation of a district. Any resolution to establish such a district shall be adopted by the governing body of each county located within the proposed district, and shall contain the following information:
 - (1) A description of the boundaries of the proposed district;
- 41 (2) The time and place of a hearing to be held to consider establishment 42 of the proposed district;
- 43 (3) The proposed sales tax rate to be voted on within the proposed district; 44 and
 - (4) The proposed uses for the revenue generated by the new sales tax.
- 46 4. Whenever a hearing is held as provided by this section, the governing body of each county located within the proposed district shall:
- (1) Publish notice of the hearing on two separate occasions in at least one newspaper of general circulation in each county located within the proposed district, with the first publication to occur not more than thirty days before the hearing, and the second publication to occur not more than fifteen days or less than ten days before the hearing;
- 53 (2) Hear all protests and receive evidence for or against the establishment 54 of the proposed district; and

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55 (3) Rule upon all protests, which determinations shall be final.

- 56 5. Following the hearing, if the governing body of each county located within the proposed district decides to establish the proposed district, it shall adopt an order to that effect; if the governing body of any county located within the proposed district decides to not establish the proposed district, the boundaries of the proposed district shall not include that county. The order shall contain the following:
 - (1) The description of the boundaries of the district;
- 63 (2) A statement that an exhibition center and recreational facility district 64 has been established;
 - (3) The name of the district;
 - (4) The uses for any revenue generated by a sales tax imposed pursuant to this section; and
- 68 (5) A declaration that the district is a political subdivision of the state.
- 69 6. A district established pursuant to this section may, at a general, primary, or special election, submit to the qualified voters within the district 70 boundaries a sales tax of one-fourth of one percent, for a period not to exceed 71twenty-five years, on all retail sales within the district, which are subject to 72taxation pursuant to sections 144.010 to 144.525, RSMo, to fund the acquisition, 73 74construction, maintenance, operation, improvement, and promotion of an 75exhibition center and recreational facilities. The ballot of submission shall be in 76 substantially the following form:

Shall the (name of district) impose a sales tax of one-fourth of one percent to fund the acquisition, construction, maintenance, operation, improvement, and promotion of an exhibition center and recreational facilities, for a period of (insert number of years)?

 \square YES \square NO

- 82 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".
- If a majority of the votes cast in the portion of any county that is part of the proposed district favor the proposal, then the sales tax shall become effective in that portion of the county that is part of the proposed district on the first day of the [first] second calendar quarter [immediately following the election] after the director of revenue receives notification of adoption of the local sales tax. If a majority of the votes cast in the portion of a county that is a part

of the proposed district oppose the proposal, then that portion of such county

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shall not impose the sales tax authorized in this section until after the county governing body has submitted another such sales tax proposal and the proposal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting thereon. However, if a sales tax proposal is not approved, the governing body of the county shall not resubmit a proposal to the voters pursuant to this section sooner than twelve months from the date of the last proposal submitted pursuant to this section. If the qualified voters in two or more counties that have contiguous districts approve the sales tax proposal, the districts shall combine to become one district.

- 7. There is hereby created a board of trustees to administer any district created and the expenditure of revenue generated pursuant to this section consisting of four individuals to represent each county approving the district, as provided in this subsection. The governing body of each county located within the district, upon approval of that county's sales tax proposal, shall appoint four members to the board of trustees; at least one shall be an owner of a nonlodging business located within the taxing district, or their designee, at least one shall be an owner of a lodging facility located within the district, or their designee, and all members shall reside in the district except that one nonlodging business owner, or their designee, and one lodging facility owner, or their designee, may reside outside the district. Each trustee shall be at least twenty-five years of age and a resident of this state. Of the initial trustees appointed from each county, two shall hold office for two years, and two shall hold office for four years. Trustees appointed after expiration of the initial terms shall be appointed to a four-year term by the governing body of the county the trustee represents, with the initially appointed trustee to remain in office until a successor is appointed, and shall take office upon being appointed. Each trustee may be reappointed. Vacancies shall be filled in the same manner in which the trustee vacating the office was originally appointed. The trustees shall not receive compensation for their services, but may be reimbursed for their actual and necessary expenses. The board shall elect a chair and other officers necessary for its membership. Trustees may be removed if:
- (1) By a two-thirds vote, the board moves for the member's removal and submits such motion to the governing body of the county from which the trustee was appointed; and
- 124 (2) The governing body of the county from which the trustee was 125 appointed, by a majority vote, adopts the motion for removal.
- 126 8. The board of trustees shall have the following powers, authority, and

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- 128 (1) To have and use a corporate seal;
- 129 (2) To sue and be sued, and be a party to suits, actions, and proceedings;
- 130 (3) To enter into contracts, franchises, and agreements with any person or entity, public or private, affecting the affairs of the district, including contracts 131 132 with any municipality, district, or state, or the United States, and any of their 133 agencies, political subdivisions, or instrumentalities, for the funding, including 134 without limitation interest rate exchange or swap agreements, planning, 135development, construction, acquisition, maintenance, or operation of a single exhibition center and recreational facilities or to assist in such 136 137 activity. "Recreational facilities" means locations explicitly designated for public use where the primary use of the facility involves participation in hobbies or 138 139 athletic activities;
 - (4) To borrow money and incur indebtedness and evidence the same by certificates, notes, or debentures, to issue bonds and use any one or more lawful funding methods the district may obtain for its purposes at such rates of interest as the district may determine. Any bonds, notes, and other obligations issued or delivered by the district may be secured by mortgage, pledge, or deed of trust of any or all of the property and income of the district. Every issue of such bonds, notes, or other obligations shall be payable out of property and revenues of the district and may be further secured by other property of the district, which may be pledged, assigned, mortgaged, or a security interest granted for such payment, without preference or priority of the first bonds issued, subject to any agreement with the holders of any other bonds pledging any specified property or revenues. Such bonds, notes, or other obligations shall be authorized by resolution of the district board, and shall bear such date or dates, and shall mature at such time or times, but not in excess of thirty years, as the resolution shall specify. Such bonds, notes, or other obligations shall be in such denomination, bear interest at such rate or rates, be in such form, either coupon or registered, be issued as current interest bonds, compound interest bonds, variable rate bonds, convertible bonds, or zero coupon bonds, be issued in such manner, be payable in such place or places, and be subject to redemption as such resolution may provide, notwithstanding section 108.170, RSMo. The bonds, notes, or other obligations may be sold at either public or private sale, at such interest rates, and at such price or prices as the district shall determine;
 - (5) To acquire, transfer, donate, lease, exchange, mortgage, and encumber

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163 real and personal property in furtherance of district purposes;

- (6) To refund any bonds, notes, or other obligations of the district without an election. The terms and conditions of refunding obligations shall be substantially the same as those of the original issue, and the board shall provide for the payment of interest at not to exceed the legal rate, and the principal of such refunding obligations in the same manner as is provided for the payment of interest and principal of obligations refunded;
- (7) To have the management, control, and supervision of all the business and affairs of the district, and the construction, installation, operation, and maintenance of district improvements therein; to collect rentals, fees, and other charges in connection with its services or for the use of any of its facilities;
 - (8) To hire and retain agents, employees, engineers, and attorneys;
- 175 (9) To receive and accept by bequest, gift, or donation any kind of 176 property;
 - (10) To adopt and amend bylaws and any other rules and regulations not in conflict with the constitution and laws of this state, necessary for the carrying on of the business, objects, and affairs of the board and of the district; and
- 180 (11) To have and exercise all rights and powers necessary or incidental 181 to or implied from the specific powers granted by this section.
- 182 9. [There is hereby created the "Exhibition Center and Recreational 183 Facility District Sales Tax Trust Fund", which shall consist of all sales tax 184 revenue collected pursuant to this section. The director of revenue shall be 185 custodian of the trust fund, and moneys in the trust fund shall be used solely for the purposes authorized in this section. Moneys in the trust fund shall be 186 considered nonstate funds pursuant to section 15, article IV, Constitution of 187 Missouri. The director of revenue shall invest moneys in the trust fund in the 188 same manner as other funds are invested. Any interest and moneys earned on 189 such investments shall be credited to the trust fund. All sales taxes collected by 190 191 the director of revenue pursuant to this section on behalf of the district, less one 192 percent for the cost of collection which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 193 194 32.087, RSMo, shall be deposited in the trust fund. The director of revenue shall 195 keep accurate records of the amount of moneys in the trust fund which was 196 collected in the district imposing a sales tax pursuant to this section, and the 197 records shall be open to the inspection of the officers of each district and the general public. Not later than the tenth day of each month, the director of 198

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revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during the preceding month to the district. The director of revenue may authorize refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to the district for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of the district.

10. The sales tax authorized by this section is in addition to all other sales taxes allowed by law.] After the effective date of any tax imposed under the provisions of this section, the director of revenue shall perform all functions incident to the administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of the tax and the director of revenue shall collect in addition to the sales tax for the state of Missouri the additional tax authorized under the authority of this section. The tax imposed under this section and the tax imposed under the sales tax law of the state of Missouri shall be collected together and reported upon such forms and under such administrative rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the director of revenue.

10. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under this section on behalf of any district, less one percent for the cost of collection, which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087, RSMo, shall be deposited with the state treasurer in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the "Exhibition Center and Recreational Facility District Trust Fund". The moneys in the district exhibition center and recreational facilities trust fund tax trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state. The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the trust fund that was collected in each district imposing a sales tax under this section, and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of each district and the general public. Not later than the tenth day of each month, the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during the preceding month by distributing to the district treasurer, or such other officer as may be designated by the district ordinance or order, of each district imposing the tax authorized by this section, the sum, as certified by the director of revenue, due the district.

11. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to

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236 make refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any 237 city or county for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of 238 239 such counties. Each city or county shall notify the director of revenue at least ninety days prior to the effective date of the expiration of the 240 sales tax authorized by this section and the director of revenue may 241 order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two 242243 percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover 244 possible refunds or overpayment of such tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one 245 year has elapsed after the date of expiration of the tax authorized by 246this section in such city or county, the director of revenue shall remit 247the balance in the account to the city or county and close the account 248 249 of that city or county. The director of revenue shall notify each city or 250 county of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed 251 from receipts due the city or county.

- 252 **12.** Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 and 32.087, RSMo, apply to the sales tax imposed pursuant to this section.
 - [11.] 13. Any sales tax imposed pursuant to this section shall not extend past the initial term approved by the voters unless an extension of the sales tax is submitted to and approved by the qualified voters in each county in the manner provided in this section. Each extension of the sales tax shall be for a period not to exceed twenty years. The ballot of submission for the extension shall be in substantially the following form:

Shall the (name of district) extend the sales tax of one-fourth of one percent for a period of (insert number of years) years to fund the acquisition, construction, maintenance, operation, improvement, and promotion of an exhibition center and recreational facilities?

 \square YES \square NO

If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

If a majority of the votes cast favor the extension, then the sales tax shall remain in effect at the rate and for the time period approved by the voters. If a sales tax extension is not approved, the district may submit another sales tax proposal as authorized in this section, but the district shall not submit such a proposal to the voters sooner than twelve months from the date of the last extension submitted.

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[12.] 14. Once the sales tax authorized by this section is abolished or terminated by any means, all funds remaining in the trust fund shall be used solely for the purposes approved in the ballot question authorizing the sales tax. The sales tax shall not be abolished or terminated while the district has any financing or other obligations outstanding; provided that any new financing, debt, or other obligation or any restructuring or refinancing of an existing debt or obligation incurred more than ten years after voter approval of the sales tax provided in this section or more than ten years after any voter-approved extension thereof shall not cause the extension of the sales tax provided in this section or cause the final maturity of any financing or other obligations outstanding to be extended. Any funds in the trust fund which are not needed for current expenditures may be invested by the district in the securities described in subdivisions (1) to (12) of subsection 1 of section 30.270, RSMo, or repurchase agreements secured by such securities. If the district abolishes the sales tax, the district shall notify the director of revenue of the action at least ninety days before the effective date of the repeal, and the director of revenue may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the sales tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of abolition of the sales tax in the district, the director of revenue shall remit the balance in the account to the district and close the account of the district. The director of revenue shall notify the district of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the district.

[13.] 15. In the event that the district is dissolved or terminated by any means, the governing bodies of the counties in the district shall appoint a person to act as trustee for the district so dissolved or terminated. Before beginning the discharge of duties, the trustee shall take and subscribe an oath to faithfully discharge the duties of the office, and shall give bond with sufficient security, approved by the governing bodies of the counties, to the use of the dissolved or terminated district, for the faithful discharge of duties. The trustee shall have and exercise all powers necessary to liquidate the district, and upon satisfaction of all remaining obligations of the district, shall pay over to the county treasurer of each county in the district and take receipt for all remaining moneys in amounts based on the ratio the levy of each county bears to the total levy for the district in the previous three years or since the establishment of the district,

308 whichever time period is shorter. Upon payment to the county treasurers, the 309 trustee shall deliver to the clerk of the governing body of any county in the district all books, papers, records, and deeds belonging to the dissolved district. 310

67.2030. 1. The governing authority of any city of the fourth classification with more than one thousand six hundred but less than one thousand seven hundred inhabitants and located in any county of the first classification with more than seventy-three thousand seven hundred but less than seventy-three 5 thousand eight hundred inhabitants is hereby authorized to impose, by ordinance or order, a sales tax in the amount not to exceed one-half of one percent on all retail sales made in such city which are subject to taxation pursuant to sections 7 144.010 to 144.525, RSMo, for the promotion of tourism in such city. The tax authorized by this section shall be in addition to any and all other sales taxes 9 allowed by law, except that no ordinance or order imposing a sales tax pursuant 10 to this section shall be effective unless the governing authority of the city submits 11 to the qualified voters of the city, at any municipal or state general, primary, or 12 special election, a proposal to authorize the governing authority of the city to 13 impose a tax. 14

2. The ballot of submission shall be in substantially the following form: "Shall the city of (city's name) impose a citywide sales tax of (insert amount) for the purpose of promoting tourism in the city?"

If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you

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are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO". 20 If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting 2122thereon are in favor of the proposal, then the ordinance or order and any 23 amendments thereto shall be in effect on the first day of the [first] second calendar quarter immediately [following notification to] after the director of the 2425 department of revenue [of the election approving the proposal] receives 26 notification of adoption of the local sales tax. If a proposal receives less 27than the required majority, then the governing authority of the city shall have no 28

power to impose the sales tax unless and until the governing authority of the city 29has submitted another proposal to authorize the imposition of the sales tax authorized by this section and such proposal is approved by the required majority 30 of the qualified voters voting thereon. However, in no event shall a proposal pursuant to this section be submitted to the voters sooner than twelve months from the date of the last proposal pursuant to this section.

3. [On and after the effective date of any tax authorized in this section, the city may adopt one of the two following provisions for the collection and administration of the tax:

- (1) The city may adopt rules and regulations for the internal collection of such tax by the city officers usually responsible for collection and administration of city taxes; or
- (2) The city may enter into an agreement with the director of revenue of the state of Missouri for the purpose of collecting the tax authorized in this section. In the event any city enters into an agreement with the director of revenue of the state of Missouri for the collection of the tax authorized in this section, the director of revenue shall perform all functions incident to the administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of such tax, and the director of revenue shall collect the additional tax authorized in this section. The tax authorized in this section shall be collected and reported upon such forms and under such administrative rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the director of revenue, and the director of revenue shall retain an amount not to exceed one percent for cost of collection.
 - 4. If a tax is imposed by a city pursuant to this section, the city may collect a penalty of one percent and interest not to exceed two percent per month on unpaid taxes which shall be considered delinquent thirty days after the last day of each quarter.] After the effective date of any tax imposed under the provisions of this section, the director of revenue shall perform all functions incident to the administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of the tax and the director of revenue shall collect in addition to the sales tax for the state of Missouri the additional tax authorized under the authority of this section. The tax imposed under this section and the tax imposed under the sales tax law of the state of Missouri shall be collected together and reported upon such forms and under such administrative rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the director of revenue.
 - 4. There is hereby created the "City Tourism Sales Tax Trust Fund", which shall consist of all sales tax revenue collected pursuant to this section. The state treasurer's office shall be custodian of the trust fund, and moneys in the trust fund shall be used solely for the purposes authorized in this section. Moneys in the trust fund shall be considered nonstate funds under section 15, article IV, constitution of

70 Missouri. The state treasurer shall invest moneys in the trust fund in 71the same manner as other funds are invested. Any interest and moneys earned on such investments shall be credited to the trust fund. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under this section on 73 behalf of the city, less one percent for the cost of collection, which shall 74be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of 75 premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087, RSMo, shall 76 be deposited in the trust fund. The director of revenue shall keep 77 accurate records of the amount of moneys in the trust fund that was 78collected in the city imposing a sales tax under this section, and the 79 records shall be open to the inspection of the officers of each city and 80 the general public. Not later than the tenth day of each month, the 81 director of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the trust 82 fund during the preceding month to the city. The director of revenue 83 84 may authorize refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to the city or county for erroneous payments and overpayments made, 85 and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit 86 87 of the city.

5. (1) The governing authority of any city that has adopted any sales tax pursuant to this section shall, upon filing of a petition calling for the repeal of such sales tax signed by at least ten percent of the qualified voters in the city, submit the question of repeal of the sales tax to the qualified voters at any primary or general election. The ballot of submission shall be in substantially the following form:

94 Shall (insert name of city) repeal the sales tax of (insert rate of 95 percent) percent for tourism purposes now in effect in (insert name of city)?

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97 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "Yes". If you 98 are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "No".

99 If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal are in favor of repeal, that repeal shall become effective on December thirty-first of the calendar year in which such 101 repeal was approved. Effective January 1, 2009, if the city or county 102 abolishes the tax, the city or county shall notify the director of revenue 103 of the action at least one hundred twenty days prior to the effective 104 date of the repeal.

(2) Once the tax is repealed as provided in this section, all funds

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remaining in any trust fund or account established to receive revenues generated by the tax shall be used solely for the original stated purpose of the tax. Any funds which are not needed for current expenditures may be invested by the governing authority in accordance with applicable laws relating to the investment of other city funds.

- (3) The governing authority of a city repealing a tax pursuant to this section shall notify the director of revenue of the action at least forty-five days before the effective date of the repeal and the director of revenue may order retention in any trust fund created in the state treasury associated with the tax, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of repeal of the tax in the city, the director of revenue shall remit the balance in the trust fund to the city and close the account of that city. The director of revenue shall notify each city of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the city.
- 122 (4) In the event that the repeal of a sales tax pursuant to this section 123 dissolves or terminates a taxing district, the governing authority of the city shall appoint a person to act as trustee for the district so dissolved or 124 125 terminated. Before beginning the discharge of duties, the trustee shall take and 126subscribe an oath to faithfully discharge the duties of the office, and shall give 127bond with sufficient security, approved by the governing authority of the city, to 128the use of the dissolved or terminated district, for the faithful discharge of duties. The trustee shall have and exercise all powers necessary to liquidate the 129 district, and upon satisfaction of all remaining obligations of the district, shall 130 pay over to the city treasurer or the equivalent official and take receipt for all 131 132 remaining moneys. Upon payment to the city treasurer, the trustee shall deliver to the clerk of the governing authority of the city all books, papers, records, and 133 134 deeds belonging to the dissolved district.
- 6. Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 and 32.087, RSMo, shall apply to the tax imposed pursuant to this section.
 - 67.2525. 1. Each member of the board of directors shall have the following qualifications:
 - 3 (1) As to those subdistricts in which there are registered voters, a resident 4 registered voter in the subdistrict that he or she represents, or be a property 5 owner or, as to those subdistricts in which there are not registered voters who are

6 residents, a property owner or representative of a property owner in the 7 subdistrict he or she represents;

- 8 (2) Be at least twenty-one years of age and a registered voter in the 9 district.
- 2. The district shall be subdivided into at least five but not more than fifteen subdistricts, which shall be represented by one representative on the district board of directors. All board members shall have terms of four years, including the initial board of directors. All members shall take office upon being appointed and shall remain in office until a successor is appointed by the mayor or chairman of the municipality in which the district is located, or elected by the property owners in those subdistricts without registered voters.
 - 3. For those subdistricts which contain one or more registered voters, the mayor or chairman of the city, town, or village shall, with the consent of the governing body, appoint a registered voter residing in the subdistrict to the board of directors.
 - 4. For those subdistricts which contain no registered voters, the property owners who collectively own one or more parcels of real estate comprising more than half of the land situated in each subdistrict shall meet and shall elect a representative to serve upon the board of directors. The clerk of the city, town, or village in which the petition was filed shall, unless waived in writing by all property owners in the subdistrict, give notice by causing publication to be made once a week for two consecutive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation in the county, the last publication of which shall be at least ten days before the day of the meeting required by this section, to call a meeting of the owners of real property within the subdistrict at a day and hour specified in a public place in the city, town, or village in which the petition was filed for the purpose of electing members of the board of directors.
 - 5. The property owners, when assembled, shall organize by the election of a temporary chairman and secretary of the meeting who shall conduct the election. An election shall be conducted for each subdistrict, with the eligible property owners voting in that subdistrict. At the election, each acre of real property within the subdistrict shall represent one share, and each owner, including corporations and other entities, may have one vote in person or for every acre of real property owned by such person within the subdistrict. Each voter which is not an individual shall determine how to cast its vote as provided for in its articles of incorporation, articles of organization, articles of partnership,

bylaws, or other document which sets forth an appropriate mechanism for the determination of the entity's vote. If a voter has no such mechanism, then its vote shall be cast as determined by a majority of the persons who run the day-to-day affairs of the voter. The results of the meeting shall be certified by the temporary chairman and secretary to the municipal clerk if the district is established by a municipality described in this section, or to the circuit clerk if the district is established by a circuit court.

- 6. Successor boards shall be appointed or elected, depending upon the presence or absence of resident registered voters, by the mayor or chairman of a city, town, or village described in this section, or the property owners as set forth above; provided, however, that elections held by the property owners after the initial board is elected shall be certified to the municipal clerk of the city, town, or village where the district is located and the board of directors of the district.
- 7. Should a vacancy occur on the board of directors, the mayor or chairman of the city, town, or village if there are registered voters within the subdistrict, or a majority of the owners of real property in a subdistrict if there are not registered voters in the subdistrict, shall have the authority to appoint or elect, as set forth in this section, an interim director to complete any unexpired term of a director caused by resignation or disqualification.
- 8. The board shall possess and exercise all of the district's legislative and executive powers, including:
 - (1) The power to fund, promote and provide educational, civic, musical, theatrical, cultural, concerts, lecture series, and related or similar entertainment events or activities, and fund, promote, plan, design, construct, improve, maintain, and operate public improvements, transportation projects, and related facilities within the district;
- 68 (2) The power to accept and disburse tax or other revenue collected in the 69 district; and
 - (3) The power to receive property by gift or otherwise.
- 9. Within thirty days after the selection of the initial directors, the board shall meet. At its first meeting and annually thereafter the board shall elect a chairman from its members.
- 74 10. The board shall appoint an executive director, district secretary, 75 treasurer, and such other officers or employees as it deems necessary.
- 76 11. At the first meeting, the board, by resolution, shall define the first and subsequent fiscal years of the district, and shall adopt a corporate seal.

- 12. A simple majority of the board shall constitute a quorum. If a quorum exists, a majority of those voting shall have the authority to act in the name of the board, and approve any board resolution.
- 13. At the first meeting, the board, by resolution, shall receive the certification of the election regarding the sales tax, and may impose the sales tax in all subdistricts approving the imposing sales tax. In those subdistricts that approve the sales tax, the sales tax shall become effective on the first day of the [first] second calendar quarter [immediately following the action by the district board of directors imposing the tax] after the director receives notification of adoption of the local sales tax.
- 14. Each director shall devote such time to the duties of the office as the faithful discharge thereof may require and be reimbursed for his or her actual expenditures in the performance of his or her duties on behalf of the district. Directors may be compensated, but such compensation shall not exceed one hundred dollars per month.
- 93 15. In addition to all other powers granted by sections 67.2500 to 67.2530, 94 the district shall have the following general powers:
- 95 (1) To sue and be sued in its own name, and to receive service of process, 96 which shall be served upon the district secretary;
 - (2) To fix compensation of its employees and contractors;
- 98 (3) To enter into contracts, franchises, and agreements with any person or entity, public or private, affecting the affairs of the district, including contracts with any municipality, district, or state, or the United States, and any of their agencies, political subdivisions, or instrumentalities, for the funding, including without limitation, interest rate exchange or swap agreements, planning, development, construction, acquisition, maintenance, or operation of a district facility or to assist in such activity;
- 105 (4) To acquire, develop, construct, equip, transfer, donate, lease, exchange, 106 mortgage, and encumber real and personal property in furtherance of district 107 purposes;
 - (5) To collect and disburse funds for its activities;
- 109 (6) To collect taxes and other revenues;

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110 (7) To borrow money and incur indebtedness and evidence the same by 111 certificates, notes, bonds, debentures, or refunding of any such obligations for the 112 purpose of paying all or any part of the cost of land, construction, development, 113 or equipping of any facilities or operations of the district;

- 114 (8) To own or lease real or personal property for use in connection with 115 the exercise of powers pursuant to this subsection;
- 116 (9) To provide for the election or appointment of officers, including a 117 chairman, treasurer, and secretary. Officers shall not be required to be residents 118 of the district, and one officer may hold more than one office;
- 119 (10) To hire and retain agents, employees, engineers, and attorneys;
- 120 (11) To enter into entertainment contracts binding the district and artists, 121 agencies, or performers, management contracts, contracts relating to the booking 122 of entertainment and the sale of tickets, and all other contracts which relate to 123 the purposes of the district;
- 124 (12) To contract with a local government, a corporation, partnership, or 125 individual regarding funding, promotion, planning, designing, constructing, 126 improving, maintaining, or operating a project or to assist in such activity;
- 127 (13) To contract for transfer to a city, town, or village such district 128 facilities and improvements free of cost or encumbrance on such terms set forth 129 by contract;
- 130 (14) To exercise such other powers necessary or convenient for the district 131 to accomplish its purposes which are not inconsistent with its express powers.
- 132 16. A district may at any time authorize or issue notes, bonds, or other 133 obligations for any of its powers or purposes. Such notes, bonds, or other 134 obligations:
- 135 (1) Shall be in such amounts as deemed necessary by the district, 136 including costs of issuance thereof;
- 137 (2) Shall be payable out of all or any portion of the revenues or other 138 assets of the district;
- 139 (3) May be secured by any property of the district which may be pledged, 140 assigned, mortgaged, or otherwise encumbered for payment;
- 141 (4) Shall be authorized by resolution of the district, and if issued by the 142 district, shall bear such date or dates, and shall mature at such time or times, 143 but not in excess of forty years, as the resolution shall specify;
- 144 (5) Shall be in such denomination, bear interest at such rates, be in such 145 form, be issued as current interest bonds, compound interest bonds, variable rate 146 bonds, convertible bonds, or zero coupon bonds, be issued in such manner, be 147 payable in such place or places and subject to redemption as such resolution may 148 provide; and
- 149 (6) May be sold at either public or private sale, at such interest rates, and

150 at such price or prices as the district shall determine.

151 The provisions of this subsection are applicable to the district notwithstanding

the provisions of section 108.170, RSMo.

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67.2530. 1. Any note, bond, or other indebtedness of the district may be refunded at any time by the district by issuing refunding bonds in such amount as the district may deem necessary. Such bonds shall be subject to and shall have the benefit of the foregoing provisions regarding notes, bonds, and other 5 obligations. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, refunding bonds 6 may include amounts necessary to finance any premium, unpaid interest, and costs of issuance in connection with the refunding bonds. Any such refunding 7 may be effected whether the bonds to be refunded then shall have matured or thereafter shall mature, either by sale of the refunding bonds and the application 9 of the proceeds thereof to the payment of the obligations being refunded or the 10 exchange of the refunding bonds for the obligations being refunded with the 11 consent of the holders of the obligations being refunded. 12

- 2. Notes, bonds, or other indebtedness of the district shall be exclusively the responsibility of the district payable solely out of the district funds and property and shall not constitute a debt or liability of the state of Missouri or any agency or political subdivision of the state. Any notes, bonds, or other indebtedness of the district shall state on their face that they are not obligations of the state of Missouri or any agency or political subdivision thereof other than the district.
- 20 3. Any district may by resolution impose a district sales tax of up to 21one-half of one percent on all retail sales made in such district that are subject to taxation pursuant to the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525, 2223 RSMo. Upon voter approval, and receiving the necessary certifications from the governing body of the municipality in which the district is located, or from the 24circuit court if the district was formed by the circuit court, the board of directors 25 shall have the power to impose a sales tax at its first meeting, or any meeting 26 27 thereafter. Voter approval of the question of the imposing sales tax shall be in accordance with section 67.2520. [The sales tax shall become effective in those 2829 subdistricts that approve the sales tax on the first day of the first calendar 30 quarter immediately following the passage of a resolution by the board of 31 directors imposing the sales tax.
- 4. In each district in which a sales tax has been imposed in the manner provided by this section, every retailer shall add the tax imposed by the district

pursuant to this section to the retailer's sale price, and when so added, such tax shall constitute a part of the price, shall be a debt of the purchaser to the retailer until paid, and shall be recoverable at law in the same manner as the purchase price.

- 5. In order to permit sellers required to collect and report the sales tax authorized by this section to collect the amount required to be reported and remitted, but not to change the requirements of reporting or remitting tax or to serve as a levy of the tax, and in order to avoid fractions of pennies, the district may establish appropriate brackets which shall be used in the district imposing a tax pursuant to this section in lieu of those brackets provided in section 144.285, RSMo.
- 6.] 4. All revenue received by a district from the sales tax authorized by this section shall be deposited in a special trust fund and shall be used solely for the purposes of the district. Any funds in such special trust fund which are not needed for the district's current expenditures may be invested by the district board of directors in accordance with applicable laws relating to the investment of other district funds.
 - [7.] 5. The sales tax may be imposed at a rate of up to one-half of one percent on the receipts from the sale at retail of all tangible personal property or taxable services at retail within the district adopting such tax, if such property and services are subject to taxation by the state of Missouri pursuant to the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525, RSMo. Any district sales tax imposed pursuant to this section shall be imposed at a rate that shall be uniform throughout the subdistricts approving the sales tax.
 - [8. The resolution imposing the sales tax pursuant to this section shall impose upon all sellers a tax for the privilege of engaging in the business of selling tangible personal property or rendering taxable services at retail to the extent and in the manner provided in sections 144.010 to 144.525, RSMo, and the rules and regulations of the director of revenue issued pursuant thereto; except that the rate of the tax shall be the rate imposed by the resolution as the sales tax and the tax shall be reported and returned to and collected by the district.
 - 9. (1) On and after the effective date of any sales tax imposed pursuant to this section, the district shall perform all functions incident to the administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of the tax. The sales tax imposed pursuant to this section shall be collected and reported upon such forms and under such administrative rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the

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- (2)] 6. After the effective date of any tax imposed under the provisions of this section, the director of revenue shall perform all functions incident to the administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of the tax and the director of revenue shall collect in addition to the sales tax for the state of Missouri the additional tax authorized under the authority of this section. The tax imposed under this section and the tax imposed under the sales tax law of the state of Missouri shall be collected together and reported upon such forms and under such administrative rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the director of revenue.
- 7. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under this section on behalf of any district, less one percent for the cost of collection, which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087, RSMo, shall be deposited with the state treasurer in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the "Theater, Cultural Arts, and Entertainment District Trust Fund". The moneys in the district theater, cultural arts, and entertainment tax trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state. The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the trust fund that was collected in each district imposing a sales tax under this section, and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of each district and the general public. Not later than the tenth day of each month, the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during the preceding month by distributing to the district treasurer, or such other officer as may be designated by the district ordinance or order, of each district imposing the tax authorized by this section, the sum, as certified by the director of revenue, due the district.
- 8. All [such] sales taxes [collected by the district] shall be deposited by the district in a special fund to be expended for the purposes authorized in this section. The district shall keep accurate records of the amount of money which was collected pursuant to this section, and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of each district and the general public.
- 105 [(3) The district may contract with the municipality that the district is within for the municipality to collect any revenue received by the district and,

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after deducting the cost of such collection, but not to exceed one percent of the total amount collected, deposit such revenue in a special trust account. Such revenue and interest may be applied by the municipality to expenses, costs, or debt service of the district at the direction of the district as set forth in a contract between the municipality and the district.

- 10. (1) All applicable provisions contained in sections 144.010 to 144.525, RSMo, governing the state sales tax, sections 32.085 and 32.087, RSMo, and section 32.057, RSMo, the uniform confidentiality provision, shall apply to the collection of the tax imposed by this section, except as modified in this section.
- (2) All exemptions granted to agencies of government, organizations, persons, and to the sale of certain articles and items of tangible personal property and taxable services pursuant to the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525, RSMo, are hereby made applicable to the imposition and collection of the tax imposed by this section.
- (3) The same sales tax permit, exemption certificate, and retail certificate required by sections 144.010 to 144.525, RSMo, for the administration and collection of the state sales tax shall satisfy the requirements of this section, and no additional permit or exemption certificate or retail certificate shall be required; except that the district may prescribe a form of exemption certificate for an exemption from the tax imposed by this section.
- 127 (4) All discounts allowed the retailer pursuant to the provisions of the 128 state sales tax laws for the collection of and for payment of taxes pursuant to 129 such laws are hereby allowed and made applicable to any taxes collected pursuant 130 to the provisions of this section.
- 131 (5) The penalties provided in section 32.057, RSMo, and sections 144.010 132 to 144.525, RSMo, for violation of those sections are hereby made applicable to 133 violations of this section.
 - (6) For the purpose of a sales tax imposed by a resolution pursuant to this section, all retail sales shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business of the retailer unless the tangible personal property sold is delivered by the retailer or the retailer's agent to an out-of-state destination or to a common carrier for delivery to an out-of-state destination. In the event a retailer has more than one place of business in this state which participates in the sale, the sale shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business of the retailer where the initial order for the tangible personal property is taken, even though the order must be forwarded elsewhere for acceptance, approval of credit,

shipment, or billing. A sale by a retailer's employee shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business from which the employee works.

(7)] 9. Subsequent to the initial approval by the voters and 145 146 implementation of a sales tax in the district, the rate of the sales tax may be increased, but not to exceed a rate of one-half of one percent on retail sales as 147 148 provided in this subsection. The election shall be conducted in accordance with 149 section 67.2520; provided, however, that the district board of directors may place 150 the question of the increase of the sales tax before the voters of the district by 151 resolution, and the municipal clerk of the city, town, or village which originally conducted the incorporation of the district, or the circuit clerk of the court which 152153 originally conducted the incorporation of the district, shall conduct the subsequent election. In subsequent elections, the election judges shall certify the 154 election results to the district board of directors. The ballot of submission shall 155 156 be in substantially the following form:

 \square YES \square NO

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161 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters of the district voting thereon are in favor of the increase, the increase shall become effective [December thirty-first of the calendar year in which such increase was approved] on the first day of the second calendar quarter after the director of revenue receives notification of the local sales tax increase.

- [11.] 10. (1) There shall not be any election as provided for in this section while the district has any financing or other obligations outstanding.
- (2) The board, when presented with a petition signed by at least one-third of the registered voters in a district that voted in the last gubernatorial election, or signed by at least two-thirds of property owners of the district, calling for an election to dissolve and repeal the tax shall submit the question to the voters using the same procedure by which the imposing tax was voted. The ballot of submission shall be in substantially the following form:

 \square YES \square NO 179 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you 180 are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO". 181 182 Such subsequent elections for the repeal of the sales tax shall be conducted in accordance with section 67.2520; provided, however, that the district board of 183 directors may place the question of the repeal of the sales tax before the voters 184 of the district, and the municipal clerk of the city, town, or village which 185 186 originally conducted the incorporation of the district, or the circuit clerk of the 187 court which originally conducted the incorporation of the district, shall conduct 188 the subsequent election. In subsequent elections the election judges shall certify 189 the election results to the district board of directors. 190 (3) If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters 191 of the district voting thereon are in favor of repeal, that repeal shall become effective December thirty-first of the calendar year in which such repeal was 192 approved or after the repayment of the district's indebtedness, whichever occurs 193 later. Effective January 1, 2009, if the district abolishes the tax, the 194 district shall notify the director of revenue of the action at least one 195 196 hundred twenty days prior to the effective date of the repeal. 197 [12.] 11. (1) At such time as the board of directors of the district 198 determines that further operation of the district is not in the best interests of the 199 inhabitants of the district, and that the district should dissolve, the board shall 200 submit for a vote in an election held throughout the district the question of 201 whether the district should be abolished. The question shall be submitted in 202 substantially the following form: 203 Shall the theater, cultural arts, and entertainment district be 204 abolished? \square YES 205 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you 206 207 are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO". 208 (2) The district board shall not propose the question to abolish the district 209 while there are outstanding claims or causes of action pending against the district, while the district liabilities exceed its assets, while indebtedness of the 210district is outstanding, or while the district is insolvent, in receivership or under 211the jurisdiction of the bankruptcy court. Prior to submitting the question to 212abolish the district to a vote of the entire district, the state auditor shall audit 213

the district to determine the financial status of the district, and whether the

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district may be abolished pursuant to law. The vote on the abolition of the district shall be conducted by the municipal clerk of the city, town, or village in which the district is located. The procedure shall be the same as in section 67.2520, except that the question shall be determined by the qualified voters of the entire district. No individual subdistrict may be abolished, except at such time as the district is abolished.

- 221 (3) While the district still exists, it shall continue to accrue all revenues 222 to which it is entitled at law.
- 223 (4) Upon receipt by the board of directors of the district of the certification 224 by the city, town, or village in which the district is located that the majority of 225 those voting within the entire district have voted to abolish the district, and if the 226 state auditor has determined that the district's financial condition is such that 227 it may be abolished pursuant to law, then the board of directors of the district 228 shall:
- (a) Sell any remaining district real or personal property it wishes, and then transfer the proceeds and any other real or personal property owned by the district to the city, town, or village in which the district is located, including revenues due and owing the district, for its further use and disposition;
- 233 (b) Terminate the employment of any remaining district employees, and 234 otherwise conclude its affairs;
- 235 (c) At a public meeting of the district, declare by a resolution of the board 236 of directors passed by a majority vote that the district has been abolished 237 effective that date;
- 238 (d) Cause copies of that resolution under seal to be filed with the 239 secretary of state and the city, town, or village in which the district is located.
- Upon the completion of the final act specified in this subsection, the legal existence of the district shall cease.
- 242 (5) The legal existence of the district shall not cease for a period of two 243 years after voter approval of the abolition.
- 12. Except as provided in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 and 32.087, RSMo, shall apply to the tax imposed under this section.
 - 94.578. 1. In addition to the sales tax authorized in section 94.577, the 2 governing body of any home rule city with more than one hundred fifty-one 3 thousand five hundred but less than one hundred fifty-one thousand six hundred 4 inhabitants is hereby authorized to impose, by order or ordinance, a sales tax on

all retail sales made within the city which are subject to sales tax under chapter 144, RSMo. The tax authorized in this section may be imposed at a rate of one-eighth, one-fourth, three-eighths, or one-half of one percent, but shall not exceed one-half of one percent, shall not be imposed for longer than three years, and shall be imposed solely for the purpose of funding the construction, operation, and maintenance of capital improvements in the city's center city. The governing body may issue bonds for the funding of such capital improvements, which will 11 12 be retired by the revenues received from the sales tax authorized by this 13 section. The order or ordinance shall not become effective unless the governing body of the city submits to the voters residing within the city at a state or 14 municipal general, primary, or special election a proposal to authorize the 15 16 governing body of the city to impose a tax under this section. The tax authorized in this section shall be in addition to all other sales taxes imposed by law, and 17 shall be stated separately from all other charges and taxes. 18

19 2. The ballot submission for the tax authorized in this section shall be in 20 substantially the following form:

 \square YES \square NO

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If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the question, then the tax shall become effective on the first day of the second calendar quarter after the director of revenue receives notice of the adoption of the sales tax. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the question, then the tax shall not become effective unless and until the question is resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters and such question is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting on the question. In no case shall a tax be resubmitted to the qualified voters of the city sooner than twelve months from the date of the proposal under this section.

3. Any sales tax imposed under this section shall be administered, collected, enforced, and operated as required in [section] sections 32.085 and 32.087, RSMo. All revenue generated by the tax shall be deposited in a special trust fund and shall be used solely for the designated purposes. If the tax is repealed, all funds remaining in the special trust fund shall continue to be used

solely for the designated purposes. Any funds in the special trust fund which are not needed for current expenditures shall be invested in the same manner as other funds are invested. Any interest and moneys earned on such investments shall be credited to the fund.

- 4. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any city for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such cities. If any city abolishes the tax, the city shall notify the director of revenue of the action at least ninety days before the effective date of the repeal, and the director of revenue may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such city, the director of revenue shall remit the balance in the account to the city and close the account of that city. The director of revenue shall notify each city of each instance of any amount refunded.
- 58 5. The governing body of any city that has adopted the sales tax 59 authorized in this section may submit the question of repeal of the tax to the 60 voters on any date available for elections for the city. The ballot of submission 61 shall be in substantially the following form:

 \Box YES \Box NO

If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal are in favor of repeal, that repeal shall become effective on December thirty-first of the calendar year in which such repeal was approved. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the repeal, then the sales tax authorized in this section shall remain effective until the question is resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters, and the repeal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting on the question. Effective January 1, 2009, if the city or county abolishes the tax, the city or county shall notify the director of revenue of the action at least one hundred twenty days prior to the effective date of the repeal.

6. Whenever the governing body of any city that has adopted the sales tax

authorized in this section receives a petition, signed by ten percent of the 77registered voters of the city voting in the last gubernatorial election, calling for an election to repeal the sales tax imposed under this section, the governing body 79 80 shall submit to the voters of the city a proposal to repeal the tax. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are in 81 favor of the repeal, that repeal shall become effective on December thirty-first of the calendar year in which such repeal was approved. If a majority of the votes 83 84 cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the 85 repeal, then the tax shall remain effective until the question is resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters and the repeal is approved by a majority of the 86 qualified voters voting on the question. 87

7. Except as provided in this section, all provisions of section 32.085 and 32.087, RSMo, apply to the sales tax imposed under this section.

94.580. 1. The governing body of any constitutional charter city with a population of over four hundred thousand and located in four or more counties is hereby authorized to impose, by ordinance, a sales tax on all retail sales which are subject to taxation under the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525, RSMo, for the purpose of providing funds for flood relief projects in that city. The tax authorized by this section shall be authorized only to the extent a city may seek authority from its voters under section 94.577 to impose a capital improvements sales tax. The sum of sales taxes imposed by a city under the authority of section 94.577 and this section shall not exceed one-half of one percent. The ordinance shall become effective after the governing body of the city submits to the voters 10 11 of that city a proposal to authorize the tax. Notwithstanding the provisions of chapter 115, RSMo, to the contrary, all required notice shall be provided to all 12 entities specified in sections 115.125 and 115.127, RSMo, within one business day 13 of adoption of the ordinance calling an election as a result of a flooding 14emergency, and the provisions of section 115.123, RSMo, shall not 15 apply. However, election authorities shall provide notice one time as soon as 16 feasible after receiving notice from the city calling the election consistent with the 17 publication requirements of chapter 115, RSMo. 18

19 2. The ballot of submission shall contain, but need not be limited to, the 20 following language:

21 Shall the city of(name of city) impose a sales tax of 22(insert amount) for (insert term) for the purpose of funding

23 flood relief projects?

 \square YES \square NO

25 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you

- 26 are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".
- 27 If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting
- 28 thereon are in favor of the proposal, then the ordinance shall be in effect,
- 29 beginning the first day of the second calendar quarter [following its adoption]
- 30 after the director of revenue receives notification of adoption of the
- 31 local sales tax. If a majority of the votes cast by the qualified voters voting are
- 32 opposed to the proposal, then the governing body of the city shall have no power
- 33 to impose the sales tax authorized in this section unless and until the governing
- 34 body of the city shall again have submitted another such proposal and the
- 35 proposal is approved by the requisite majority of the qualified voters voting
- 36 thereon. Any subsequent election shall not be excused from the requirements of
- 37 chapter 115, RSMo.

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- 3. After the effective date of any tax imposed under the provisions of this section, the director of revenue shall perform all functions incident to the administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of the tax in the same manner as provided in sections 94.500 to 94.550, and the director of revenue shall collect in addition to the sales tax for the state of Missouri the additional tax authorized under the authority of this section. The tax imposed pursuant to this section and the tax imposed under the sales tax law of the state of Missouri shall be collected together and reported upon such forms and under such administrative rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the director of revenue. If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal, then the tax shall go into effect on the first day of the [next] second calendar quarter beginning after [its adoption and notice to] the director of revenue[, but no sooner than thirty days after such adoption and notice] receives notice of adoption of the local sales
- 4. The sales tax may be approved at a rate of one-eighth of one percent, one-fourth of one percent, three-eighths of one percent or one-half of one percent, but in no event shall the sum of the tax imposed by this section and section 94.577, in one or more elections, exceed one-half of one percent of the receipts from the sale at retail of all tangible personal property and taxable services at

32.087, RSMo, shall apply to the tax imposed under this section.

tax. Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 and

59 retail within any city adopting such tax, if such property and services are subject

- 60 to taxation by the state of Missouri under the provisions of sections 144.010 to
- 61 144.525, RSMo. Whether approved at one or more elections, the flood relief sales
- 62 tax rate may not exceed the available taxing authority of the city.
- 5. All revenue generated from the tax authorized under the provisions of
- 64 this section shall be deposited into the "Flood Relief Projects Fund", which is
- 65 hereby created in the state treasury. The fund moneys shall be distributed to the
- 66 city from which the revenue was generated for the sole purpose of funding flood
- 67 relief projects. Once the tax authorized by this section is abolished or terminated
- 68 by any means, all funds remaining in the fund shall be used solely for that
- 69 purpose.
- 70 6. Any sales tax imposed pursuant to this section shall expire no later
- 71 than two years from the date of its inception.
 - 94.605. 1. Any city as defined in section 94.600 may by a majority vote
 - 2 of its governing body impose a sales tax for transportation purposes enumerated
- 3 in sections 94.600 to 94.655.
- 4 2. The sales tax may be imposed at a rate not to exceed one-half of one
- 5 percent on the receipts from the sale at retail of all tangible personal property or
- 6 taxable services at retail within any city adopting such tax, if such property and
- 7 services are subject to taxation by the state of Missouri under the provisions of
- 8 sections 144.010 to 144.525, RSMo.
- 9 [3. If the boundaries of a city in which such sales tax has been imposed
- 10 shall thereafter be changed or altered, the city or county clerk shall forward to
- 11 the director of revenue by United States registered mail or certified mail a
- 12 certified copy of the ordinance adding or detaching territory from the city. The
- 13 ordinance shall reflect the effective date thereof, and shall be accompanied by a
- 14 map of the city clearly showing the territory added thereto or detached
- 15 therefrom. Upon receipt of the ordinance and map, the tax imposed by sections
- 16 94.600 to 94.655 shall be effective in the added territory or abolished in the
- 17 detached territory on the effective date of the change of the city boundary.]
 - 94.660. 1. The governing body of any city not within a county and any
 - 2 county of the first classification having a charter form of government with a
 - 3 population of over nine hundred thousand inhabitants may propose, by ordinance
 - 4 or order, a transportation sales tax of up to one percent for submission to the
 - 5 voters of that city or county at an authorized election date selected by the
 - 6 governing body.

- 2. Any sales tax approved under this section shall be imposed on the receipts from the sale at retail of all tangible personal property or taxable services within the city or county adopting the tax, if such property and services are subject to taxation by the state of Missouri under sections 144.010 to 144.525, RSMo.
- 3. The ballot of submission shall contain, but need not be limited to, the following language:

Shall the county/city of (county's or city's name) impose a county/city-wide sales tax of percent for the purpose of providing a source of funds for public transportation purposes?

 \square YES \square NO

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18 Except as provided in subsection 4 of this section, if a majority of the votes cast 19 in that county or city not within a county on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal, then the tax shall go into effect on the 20 first day of the [next] second calendar quarter beginning after [its adoption and 21notice to] the director of revenue[, but no sooner than thirty days after such 22adoption and notice] receives notice of adoption of the local sales tax. If 23a majority of the votes cast in that county or city not within a county by the 2425qualified voters voting are opposed to the proposal, then the additional sales tax 26 shall not be imposed in that county or city not within a county unless and until the governing body of that county or city not within a county shall have 27submitted another proposal to authorize the local option transportation sales tax 2829authorized in this section, and such proposal is approved by a majority of the 30 qualified voters voting on it. In no event shall a proposal pursuant to this section be submitted to the voters sooner than twelve months from the date of the last 31 32 proposal.

- 4. No tax shall go into effect under this section in any city not within a county or any county of the first classification having a charter form of government with a population over nine hundred thousand inhabitants unless and until both such city and such county approve the tax.
- 5. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under this section on behalf of any city or county, less one percent for cost of collection which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds, shall be deposited with the state treasurer in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the "County Public Transit Sales Tax Trust Fund". The sales taxes shall be collected as provided in section 32.087,

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RSMo. The moneys in the trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and 43 shall not be commingled with any funds of the state. The director of revenue 44 shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the trust fund which was 45 46 collected in each city or county approving a sales tax under this section, and the records shall be open to inspection by officers of the city or county and the 47 48 public. Not later than the tenth day of each month the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during the preceding month to 49 50the city or county which levied the tax, and such funds shall be deposited with the treasurer of each such city or county and all expenditures of funds arising 51 from the county public transit sales tax trust fund shall be by an appropriation act to be enacted by the governing body of each such county or city not within a 53 54 county.

- 6. The revenues derived from any transportation sales tax under this section shall be used only for the planning, development, acquisition, construction, maintenance and operation of public transit facilities and systems other than highways.
- 59 7. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the amount in the trust fund and credited to any city or county for 60 erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks 62 and drafts deposited to the credit of such cities or counties. If any city or county 63 abolishes the tax, the city or county shall notify the director of revenue of the action at least ninety days prior to the effective date of the repeal and the 64 65 director of revenue may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, 66 of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts 67 deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the 68 effective date of abolition of the tax in such city or county, the director of revenue 69 shall authorize the state treasurer to remit the balance in the account to the city 70 or county and close the account of that city or county. The director of revenue 7172shall notify each city or county of each instance of any amount refunded or any 73check redeemed from receipts due the city or county.
 - 94.705. 1. Any city may by a majority vote of its governing body impose a sales tax for transportation purposes enumerated in sections 94.700 to 94.755, and issue bonds for transportation purposes which shall be retired by the revenues received from the sales tax authorized by this section. The tax authorized by this section shall be in addition to any and all other sales taxes

allowed by law. No ordinance imposing a sales tax pursuant to the provisions of this section shall become effective unless the council or other governing body submits to the voters of the city, at a city or state general, primary, or special election, a proposal to authorize the council or other governing body of the city to impose such a sales tax and, if such tax is to be used to retire bonds authorized 10 11 pursuant to this section, to authorize such bonds and their retirement by such tax; except that no vote shall be required in any city that imposed and collected 12 13 such tax under sections 94.600 to 94.655, before January 5, 1984. The ballot of the submission shall contain, but is not limited to, the following language: 14 (1) If the proposal submitted involves only authorization to impose the tax 15 authorized by this section, the following language: 16 17 Shall the city of (city's name) impose a sales tax of (insert amount) for transportation purposes? 18 19 \square YES \square NO If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "Yes". If you 20 21are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "No"; 22(2) If the proposal submitted involves authorization to issue bonds and repay such bonds with revenues from the tax authorized by this section, the 23 following language: 24 25 Shall the city of (city's name) issue bonds in the amount of (insert amount) for transportation purposes and impose a sales tax of 26 27 (insert amount) to repay such bonds? 28 \square YES \square NO 29 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "Yes". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "No". 30 If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal, provided in subdivision (1) of this 31 subsection, by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal, 3233 then the ordinance and any amendments thereto shall be in effect. If the four-sevenths majority of the votes, as required by the Missouri Constitution, 34 35 article VI, section 26, cast on the proposal, provided in subdivision (2) of this 36 subsection to issue bonds and impose a sales tax to retire such bonds, by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal, then the ordinance 37 and any amendments thereto shall be in effect. If a majority of the votes cast on 38 the proposal, as provided in subdivision (1) of this subsection, by the qualified 39 voters voting thereon are opposed to the proposal, then the council or other 40 governing body of the city shall have no power to impose the tax authorized in

subdivision (1) of this subsection unless and until the council or other governing body of the city submits another proposal to authorize the council or other governing body of the city to impose the tax and such proposal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting thereon. If more than three-sevenths of the votes cast by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the proposal, as provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection to issue bonds and impose a sales tax to retire such bonds, then the council or other governing body of the city shall have no power to issue any bonds or to impose the tax authorized in subdivision (2) of this subsection unless and until the council or other governing body of the city submits another proposal to authorize the council or other governing body of the city to issue such bonds or impose the tax to retire such bonds and such proposal is approved by four-sevenths of the qualified voters voting thereon.

- 2. No incorporated municipality located wholly or partially within any first class county operating under a charter form of government and having a population of over nine hundred thousand inhabitants shall impose such a sales tax for that part of the city, town or village that is located within such first class county, in the event such a first class county imposes a sales tax under the provisions of sections 94.600 to 94.655.
- 3. The sales tax may be imposed at a rate not to exceed one-half of one percent on the receipts from the sale at retail of all tangible personal property or taxable services at retail within any city adopting such tax, if such property and services are subject to taxation by the state of Missouri under the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525, RSMo.
- 4. [If the boundaries of a city in which such sales tax has been imposed shall thereafter be changed or altered, the city clerk shall forward to the director of revenue by United States registered mail or certified mail a certified copy of the ordinance adding or detaching territory from the city. The ordinance shall reflect the effective date thereof, and shall be accompanied by a map of the city clearly showing the territory added thereto or detached therefrom. Upon receipt of the ordinance and map, the tax imposed by sections 94.700 to 94.755 shall be effective in the added territory or abolished in the detached territory on the effective date of the change of the city boundary.
- 5.] No tax imposed pursuant to this section for the purpose of retiring bonds issued pursuant to this section may be terminated until all of such bonds have been retired.

94.900. 1. The governing body of any city of the third classification with

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more than ten thousand eight hundred but less than ten thousand nine hundred inhabitants located at least partly within a county of the first classification with more than one hundred eighty-four thousand but less than one hundred 5 eighty-eight thousand inhabitants is hereby authorized to impose, by ordinance or order, a sales tax in the amount of up to one-half of one percent on all retail sales made in such city which are subject to taxation under the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525, RSMo, for the purpose of improving the public safety 9 for such city, including but not limited to expenditures on equipment, city employee salaries and benefits, and facilities for police, fire and emergency 10 medical providers. The tax authorized by this section shall be in addition to any 11 and all other sales taxes allowed by law, except that no ordinance or order 12imposing a sales tax pursuant to the provisions of this section shall be effective 13 unless the governing body of the city submits to the voters of the city, at a county 14 or state general, primary or special election, a proposal to authorize the governing 15 16 body of the city to impose a tax. 17 2. If the proposal submitted involves only authorization to impose the tax

2. If the proposal submitted involves only authorization to impose the tax authorized by this section, the ballot of submission shall contain, but need not be limited to, the following language:

23 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "Yes". If you

are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "No". 24 25 If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal submitted pursuant to this subsection, then 26 27 the ordinance or order and any amendments thereto shall be in effect on the first day of the second quarter [immediately following the election approving the 28 29 proposal] after the director of revenue receives notification of adoption 30 of the local sales tax. If a proposal receives less than the required majority, 31 then the governing body of the city shall have no power to impose the sales tax 32herein authorized unless and until the governing body of the city shall again have submitted another proposal to authorize the governing body of the city to impose 33 the sales tax authorized by this section and such proposal is approved by the 34 required majority of the qualified voters voting thereon. However, in no event shall a proposal pursuant to this section be submitted to the voters sooner than 36

twelve months from the date of the last proposal pursuant to this section.

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3. All revenue received by a city from the tax authorized under the provisions of this section shall be deposited in a special trust fund and shall be used solely for improving the public safety for such city for so long as the tax shall remain in effect.

- 4. Once the tax authorized by this section is abolished or is terminated by any means, all funds remaining in the special trust fund shall be used solely for improving the public safety for the city. Any funds in such special trust fund which are not needed for current expenditures may be invested by the governing body in accordance with applicable laws relating to the investment of other city funds.
- 5. All sales taxes collected by the director of the department of revenue under this section on behalf of any city, less one percent for cost of collection which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087, RSMo, shall be deposited in a special trust fund, which is hereby created in the state treasury, to be known as the "City Public Safety Sales Tax Trust Fund". The moneys in the trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state. The provisions of section 33.080, RSMo, to the contrary notwithstanding, money in this fund shall not be transferred and placed to the credit of the general revenue fund. The director of the department of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the trust and which was collected in each city imposing a sales tax pursuant to this section, and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of the city and the public. Not later than the tenth day of each month the director of the department of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during the preceding month to the city which levied the tax; such funds shall be deposited with the city treasurer of each such city, and all expenditures of funds arising from the trust fund shall be by an appropriation act to be enacted by the governing body of each such city. Expenditures may be made from the fund for any functions authorized in the ordinance or order adopted by the governing body submitting the tax to the voters.
- 6. The director of the department of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any city for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such cities. If any city abolishes the tax, the city shall notify the director of the department of revenue of the action

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at least ninety days prior to the effective date of the repeal and the director of the 7475 department of revenue may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover 76 77possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after 78 79 the effective date of abolition of the tax in such city, the director of the department of revenue shall remit the balance in the account to the city and close 80 81 the account of that city. The director of the department of revenue shall notify 82 each city of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the city. 83

- 7. Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 and 32.087, RSMo, shall apply to the tax imposed pursuant to this section.
- 144.010. 1. The following words, terms, and phrases when used in 2 sections 144.010 to 144.525 have the meanings ascribed to them in this section, 3 except when the context indicates a different meaning:
- 4 (1) "Admission" includes seats and tables, reserved or otherwise, and 5 other similar accommodations and charges made therefor and amount paid for 6 admission, exclusive of any admission tax imposed by the federal government or 7 by sections 144.010 to 144.525;
 - (2) "Bundled transaction", is the retail sale of two or more products, except real property and services to real property, where the products are otherwise distinct and identifiable, and the products are sold for one non-itemized price. A "bundled transaction" does not include the sale of any products in which the sales price varies, or is negotiable, based on the selection by the purchaser of the products included in the transaction. "Distinct and identifiable products" does not include:
 - (a) Packaging, such as containers, boxes, sacks, bags, bottles, or other materials such as wrapping, labels, tags, and instruction guides that accompany the retail sale of the products and are incidental or immaterial to the retail sale thereof. Examples of packaging that are incidental or immaterial include grocery sacks, shoe boxes, dry cleaning garment bags, and express delivery envelopes and boxes;
 - (b) A product provided free of charge with the required purchase of another product. A product is provided free of charge if the sales price of the product purchased does not vary depending on the

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25 inclusion of the product provided free of charge;

- 26 (c) Items included in the member state's definition of sales price, 27under appendix C of the agreement. The term "one non-itemized price" does not include a price that is separately identified by product on 2829 binding sales or other supporting sales-related documentation made available to the customer in paper or electronic form including, but not 30 limited to, an invoice, bill of sale, receipt, contract, service agreement, 31lease agreement, periodic notice of rates and services, rate card, or 32price list. A transaction that otherwise meets the definition of a 33 bundled transaction as defined in this subdivision, is not a bundled transaction if it is:
 - a. The retail sale of tangible personal property and a service where the tangible personal property is essential to the use of the service, and is provided exclusively in connection with the service, and the true object of the transaction is the service; or
 - b. The retail sale of services where one service is provided that is essential to the use of receipt of a second service and the first service is provided exclusively in connection with the second service and the true object of the transaction is the second service; or
- c. A transaction that includes taxable products and nontaxable products and the purchase price or sales price of the taxable products is de minimis. "De minimis" means the seller's purchase price or sales 46 47price of the taxable products is ten percent or less of the total purchase price or sales price of the bundled products. 48
 - Sellers shall use either the purchase price or the sales price of the products to determine if the taxable products are de minimis. Sellers may not use a combination of the purchase price and sales price of the products to determine if the taxable products are de minimis. Sellers shall use the full term of a service contract to determine if the taxable products are de minimis; or
 - d. The retail sale of exempt tangible personal property and taxable tangible personal property where:
- i. The transaction included food and food ingredients, drugs, 57 58 durable medical equipment, mobility enhancing equipment, over-thecounter drugs, prosthetic devices, all as defined in appendix C, or 59 medical supplies; and 60
- 61 ii. The seller's purchase price or sales price of the taxable

tangible personal property is fifty percent or less of the total purchase price or sales price of the bundled tangible personal property. Sellers may not use a combination of the purchase price and sales price of the tangible personal property when making the fifty percent determination for a transaction;

- (3) "Business" includes any activity engaged in by any person, or caused to be engaged in by him, with the object of gain, benefit or advantage, either direct or indirect, and the classification of which business is of such character as to be subject to the terms of sections 144.010 to 144.525. The isolated or occasional sale of tangible personal property, service, substance, or thing, by a person not engaged in such business, does not constitute engaging in business within the meaning of sections 144.010 to 144.525 unless the total amount of the gross receipts from such sales, exclusive of receipts from the sale of tangible personal property by persons which property is sold in the course of the partial or complete liquidation of a household, farm or nonbusiness enterprise, exceeds three thousand dollars in any calendar year. The provisions of this subdivision shall not be construed to make any sale of property which is exempt from sales tax or use tax on June 1, 1977, subject to that tax thereafter;
- (4) "Delivery charges", charges by the seller of personal property or services for preparation and delivery to a location designated by the purchaser of personal property or services including, but not limited to, transportation, shipping, postage, handling, crating, and packing;
- [(3)] (5) "Gross receipts", except as provided in section 144.012, means the total amount of the sale price of the sales at retail including any services other than charges incident to the extension of credit that are a part of such sales made by the businesses herein referred to, capable of being valued in money, whether received in money or otherwise; except that, the term "gross receipts" shall not include the sale price of property returned by customers when the full sale price thereof is refunded either in cash or by credit. In determining any tax due under sections 144.010 to 144.525 on the gross receipts, charges incident to the extension of credit shall be specifically exempted. For the purposes of sections 144.010 to 144.525 the total amount of the sale price above mentioned shall be deemed to be the amount received. It shall also include the lease or rental consideration where the right to continuous possession or use of any article of tangible personal property is granted under a lease or contract and such transfer of possession would be taxable if outright sale were made and, in such

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98 cases, the same shall be taxable as if outright sale were made and considered as 99 a sale of such article, and the tax shall be computed and paid by the lessee upon 100 the rentals paid;

- 101 (6) "Lease or rental", any transfer of possession or control of 102 tangible personal property for a fixed or indeterminate term for 103 consideration. A lease or rental may include future options to purchase 104 or extend;
 - (a) Lease or rental does not include:
- a. A transfer of possession or control of property under a 107 security agreement or deferred payment plan that requires the transfer 108 of title upon completion of the required payments;
- b. A transfer or possession or control of property under an agreement that requires the transfer of title upon completion of required payments and payment of an option price does not exceed the greater of one hundred dollars or one percent of the total required payments; or
- 114 c. Providing tangible personal property along with an operator 115 for a fixed or indeterminate period of time. A condition of this 116 exclusion is that the operator is necessary for the equipment to 117 perform as designed. For the purpose of this subsection, an operator 118 must do more than maintain, inspect, or set-up the tangible personal 119 property;
- (b) Lease or rental does include agreements covering motor vehicles and trailers where the amount of consideration may be increased or decreased by reference to the amount realized upon sale or disposition of the property as defined in 26 U.S.C. 7701(h)(1), as amended;
- 125 (c) This definition shall be used for sales and use tax purposes 126 regardless of whether a transaction is characterized as a lease or rental 127 under generally accepted accounting principles, the Internal Revenue 128 Code, the Missouri revised statutes, or other provisions of federal, 129 state, or local law;
- (d) This definition will be applied only prospectively from the date of adoption and will have no retroactive impact on existing leases or rentals;
- [(4)] (7) "Livestock", cattle, calves, sheep, swine, ratite birds, including but not limited to, ostrich and emu, aquatic products as defined in section

277.024, RSMo, llamas, alpaca, buffalo, elk documented as obtained from a legal source and not from the wild, goats, horses, other equine, or rabbits raised in confinement for human consumption;

- [(5)] (8) "Motor vehicle leasing company" [shall be], a company obtaining a permit from the director of revenue to operate as a motor vehicle leasing company. Not all persons renting or leasing trailers or motor vehicles need to obtain such a permit; however, no person failing to obtain such a permit may avail itself of the optional tax provisions of subsection 5 of section 144.070, as hereinafter provided;
- [(6)] (9) "Person" [includes], any individual, firm, copartnership, joint adventure, association, corporation, municipal or private, and whether organized for profit or not, state, county, political subdivision, state department, commission, board, bureau or agency, except the state transportation department, estate, trust, business trust, receiver or trustee appointed by the state or federal court, syndicate, or any other group or combination acting as a unit, and the plural as well as the singular number;
 - (10) "Product that is intended to be sold ultimately for final use or consumption", tangible personal property, or any service that is subject to state or local sales or use taxes, or any tax that is substantially equivalent to these taxes, in this state or any other state;
 - (11) "Purchase price", applies to the measure subject to use tax and has the same meaning as sales price;
- [(7)] (12) "Purchaser" [means], a person who purchases tangible personal property or to whom are rendered services, receipts from which are taxable under sections 144.010 to 144.525;
 - [(8)] (13) "Research or experimentation activities" [are], the development of an experimental or pilot model, plant process, formula, invention or similar property, and the improvement of existing property of such type. Research or experimentation activities do not include activities such as ordinary testing or inspection of materials or products for quality control, efficiency surveys, advertising promotions or research in connection with literary, historical or similar projects;
- [(9)] (14) "Sale" or "sales" includes, installment and credit sales, and the exchange of properties as well as the sale thereof for money, every closed transaction constituting a sale, and means any transfer, exchange or barter, conditional or otherwise, in any manner or by any means whatsoever, of tangible

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personal property for valuable consideration and the rendering, furnishing or selling for a valuable consideration any of the substances, things and services herein designated and defined as taxable under the terms of sections 144.010 to 174 144.525;

- 175 [(10)] (15) "Sale at retail" [means any transfer made by any person 176 engaged in business as defined herein of the ownership of, or title to, tangible 177 personal property to the purchaser, for use or consumption and not for resale in 178any form as tangible personal property, for a valuable consideration; except that, 179for the purposes of sections 144.010 to 144.525 and the tax imposed thereby: (i) purchases of tangible personal property made by duly licensed physicians, 180 181 dentists, optometrists and veterinarians and used in the practice of their professions shall be deemed to be purchases for use or consumption and not for 182resale; and (ii) the selling of computer printouts, computer output or microfilm 183 184or microfiche and computer-assisted photo compositions to a purchaser to enable the purchaser to obtain for his or her own use the desired information contained 185 in such computer printouts, computer output on microfilm or microfiche and 186 computer-assisted photo compositions shall be considered as the sale of a service 187 and not as the sale of tangible personal property], any sale, lease, or rental 188 for any purpose other than for resale, sublease, or subrent. Purchases 189 190 of tangible personal property made by duly licensed physicians, 191 dentists, optometrists, and veterinarians and used in the practice of 192their professions shall be deemed to be purchases for use or 193consumption and not for resale. Where necessary to conform to the context 194 of sections 144.010 to 144.525 and the tax imposed thereby, the term "sale at 195 retail" shall be construed to embrace:
 - (a) Sales of admission tickets, cash admissions, charges and fees to or in places of amusement, entertainment and recreation, games and athletic events;
- 198 (b) Sales of electricity, electrical current, water and gas, natural or 199 artificial, to domestic, commercial or industrial consumers;
 - (c) Sales of local and long distance telecommunications service to telecommunications subscribers and to others through equipment of telecommunications subscribers for the transmission of messages and conversations, and the sale, rental or leasing of all equipment or services pertaining or incidental thereto;
 - (d) Sales of service for transmission of messages by telegraph companies;
- 206 (e) Sales or charges for all rooms, meals and drinks furnished at any

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207 hotel, motel, tavern, inn, restaurant, eating house, drugstore, dining car, tourist 208 camp, tourist cabin, or other place in which rooms, meals or drinks are regularly 209 served to the public;

- 210 (f) Sales of tickets by every person operating a railroad, sleeping car, dining car, express car, boat, airplane, and such buses and trucks as are licensed 211 212 by the division of motor carrier and railroad safety of the department of economic 213 development of Missouri, engaged in the transportation of persons for hire;
- (16) "Sales price", applies to the measure subject to sales tax and 214 means the total amount of consideration, including cash, credit, 215 216 property, and services, for which personal property or services are 217 sold, leased, or rented, valued in money, whether received in money or 218 otherwise, without any deduction for the following:
 - (a) The seller's cost of the property sold;
- (b) The cost of materials used, labor or service cost, interest, 220 221 losses, all costs of transportation to the seller, all taxes imposed on the 222 seller, and any other expense of the seller;
- 223 (c) Charges by the seller for any services necessary to complete the sale, other than delivery and installation charges; 224
- 225 (d) Delivery charges;

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- (e) Installation charges; and
- (f) Credit for any trade-in, as determined by state law;
- 228 [(11)] (17) "Seller" means a person selling or furnishing tangible personal 229 property or rendering services, on the receipts from which a tax is imposed 230 pursuant to section 144.020;
- (18) "Tangible personal property", personal property that can be 232 seen, weighed, measured, felt, or touched, or that is in any other manner perceptible to the senses. "Tangible personal property" includes electricity, water, gas, steam, and prewritten computer software;
- 236 [(12)] (19) The noun "tax" means either the tax payable by the purchaser 237 of a commodity or service subject to tax, or the aggregate amount of taxes due 238 from the vendor of such commodities or services during the period for which he 239 or she is required to report his or her collections, as the context may require;
- 240 [(13)] (20) "Telecommunications service", for the purpose of this chapter, 241 the transmission of information by wire, radio, optical cable, coaxial cable, 242electronic impulses, or other similar means. As used in this definition,

- 243 "information" means knowledge or intelligence represented by any form of writing,
- 244 signs, signals, pictures, sounds, or any other symbols. Telecommunications service
- 245 does not include the following if such services are separately stated on the
- 246 customer's bill or on records of the seller maintained in the ordinary course of
- 247 business:
- 248 (a) Access to the Internet, access to interactive computer services or
- 249 electronic publishing services, except the amount paid for the telecommunications
- 250 service used to provide such access;
- 251 (b) Answering services and one-way paging services;
- 252 (c) Private mobile radio services which are not two-way commercial mobile
- 253 radio services such as wireless telephone, personal communications services or
- 254 enhanced specialized mobile radio services as defined pursuant to federal law;
- 255 [or]
- 256 (d) Cable or satellite television or music services; [and
- 257 (14) "Product which is intended to be sold ultimately for final use or
- 258 consumption" means tangible personal property, or any service that is subject to
- 259 state or local sales or use taxes, or any tax that is substantially equivalent
- 260 thereto, in this state or any other state.]
- 261 Beginning January 1, 2009, "telecommunications service" shall be
- 262 defined as:
- a. "Air-to-ground radiotelephone service", a radio service, as that
- 264 term is defined in 47 CFR 22.99, in which common carriers are
- 265 authorized to offer and provide radio telecommunications service for
- 266 hire to subscribers in aircraft;
- 267 b. "Ancillary services", services that are associated with or
- 268 incidental to the provisions of telecommunications services, including
- 269 but not limited to, detailed telecommunications billing, directory
- 270 assistance, vertical service, and voice mail services;
- 271 c. "Call-by-call basis", any method of charging for
- 272 telecommunications services where the price is measured by individual
- 273 calls;
- d. "Communications channel", a physical or virtual path of
- 275 communications over which signals are transmitted between or among
- 276 customer channel termination points;
- e. "Customer", the person or entity that contracts with the seller
- 278 of telecommunications services. If the end user of telecommunications

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279 services is not the contracting party, the end user of the 280 telecommunications service is the customer of the telecommunication 281service, but this subparagraph only applies to the purpose of sourcing 282 sales of telecommunications under chapter 314, RSMo. "Customer" does not include a reseller of telecommunications service or for mobile 283 284 telecommunications service of a serving carrier under an agreement to 285serve the customer outside the home service provider's licensed service 286 area;

- f. "Customer channel termination point", the location where the customer either inputs or receives the communication;
- g. "End user", the person who utilizes the telecommunication service. In case of an entity, "end user" means the individual who utilizes the service on behalf of the entity;
- h. "Home service provider", the same as that term is defined in Section 124(5) of Public Law 106-252, Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act;
- i. "Mobile telecommunications service", the same as that term is defined in Section 124(7) of Public Law 106-252, Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act;
 - j. "Place of primary use", the street address representative of where the customer's use of the telecommunications service primarily occurs, which much must be the residential street address or the primary business street address of the customer. In Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement, Page 29, January 13, 2006, the case of mobile telecommunications services, place of primary use must be within the licensed service area of the home service provider;
- 305 k. "Post-paid calling service", the telecommunications service 306 obtained by making a payment on a call-by-call basis either through the use of a credit card or payment mechanism such as a bank card, travel 307 308 card, credit card, or debit card, or by charge made to a telephone number which is not associated with the origination or termination of 309 the telecommunications service. A post-paid calling service includes a 310 telecommunications service, except a prepaid wireless calling service, 311312 that would be a prepaid calling service except it is not exclusively a 313 telecommunications service;
- 1. "Prepaid calling service", the right to access exclusively telecommunications services, which must be paid for in advance and

which enables the origination of calls using an access number or authorization code, whether manually or electronically dialed, and that is sold in predetermined units or dollars of which the number declines with use in a known amount;

m. "Prepaid wireless calling service", a telecommunications service that provides the right to utilize mobile wireless services as well as other non-telecommunications services, including the download of digital products delivered electronically, content and ancillary services, which must be paid for in advance that is sold in predetermined units or dollars of which the number declines with use in a known amount;

n. "Private communication service", a telecommunication service that entitles the customer to exclusive or priority use of a communications channel or group of channels between or among termination points, regardless of the manner in which such channel or channels are connected, and includes switching capacity, extension lines, stations, and any other associated services that are provided in connection with the use of such channel or channels;

o. "Service address":

i. The location of the telecommunications equipment to which a customer's call is charged and from which the originates or terminates, regardless of where the call is billed or paid;

ii. If the location in subparagraph n is not known, service address means the origination point of the signal of the telecommunications services first identified in either the seller's telecommunications system or in information received by the seller from its service provider, where the system used to transport such signals is not that of the seller;

iii. If the location in subparagraph n is not known, the service address means the location of the customer's place of primary use;

p. "Telecommunications service", the electronic transmission, conveyance, or routing of voice, data, audio, video, or any other information or signals to a point, or between or among points. The term "telecommunications service" includes such transmission, conveyance, or routing in which computer processing applications are used to act on the form, code, or protocol of the content for purposes of transmission, conveyance, or routing without regard to whether such

service is referred to as voice over Internet protocol services or is classified by the Federal Communications Commission as enhanced or value added. "Telecommunications service" does not include:

- i. Data processing and information services that allow data to be generated, acquired, stored, processed, or retrieved and delivered by an electronic transmission to a purchaser where such purchaser's primary purpose for the underlying transaction is the processed data or information;
- 361 ii. Installation or maintenance of wiring or equipment on a 362 customer's premises;
- iii. Tangible personal property;
- 364 iv. Advertising, including but not limited to directory 365 advertising;
- v. Billing and collection services provided to third parties;
- vi. Internet access service;
- vii. Radio and television audio and video programming services, regardless of the medium, including the furnishing of transmission, conveyance, and routing of such services by the programming service provider. Radio and television audio and video programming services shall include but not be limited to cable service as defined in 47 U.S.C. 522(6) and audio and video programming services delivered by commercial mobile radio service providers, as defined in 47 C.F.R. 20.3;
 - viii. Ancillary services; or

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- ix. Digital products delivered electronically, including, but not limited to, software, music, video, reading materials, or ring tones.
- 2. For purposes of the taxes imposed under sections 144.010 to 144.525, and any other provisions of law pertaining to sales or use taxes which incorporate the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525 by reference, the term "manufactured homes" shall have the same meaning given it in section 700.010, RSMo.
- 383 3. Sections 144.010 to 144.525 may be known and quoted as the "Sales Tax Law".
 - ax Law".

 144.014. 1. Notwithstanding other provisions of law to the contrary,
 - 2 beginning October 1, 1997, the tax levied and imposed pursuant to sections
 - 3 144.010 to 144.525 and sections 144.600 to 144.746 on all retail sales of food shall
 - 4 be at the rate of one percent. The revenue derived from the one percent rate
 - 5 pursuant to this section shall be deposited by the state treasurer in the school

6 district trust fund and shall be distributed as provided in section 144.701.

7 2. For the purposes of this section, the term "food" shall include only [those products and types of food for which food stamps may be redeemed 8 9 pursuant to the provisions of the Federal Food Stamp Program as contained in 7 U.S.C. Section 2012, as that section now reads or as it may be amended 10 hereafter, and shall include food dispensed by or through vending machines food and food ingredients; food sold through vending machines; and 12 prepared food sold in an unheated state by weight or volume as a single 13 item without eating utensils, food sold by a seller whose proper 14 primary NAICS classification is manufacturing in sector 311 and bakery 15items, including bread, rolls, buns, biscuits, bagels, croissants, pastries, 16 17 donuts, danish, cakes, tortes, pies, tarts, muffins, bars, cookies, and tortillas. For purposes of this section, the term "food and food 18 19 ingredients" means substances, whether in liquid, concentrated, solid, 20 frozen, dried, or dehydrated form, that are sold for ingestion or 21chewing by humans and are consumed for their taste or nutritional value. "Food and food ingredients" does not include alcoholic 2223 beverages, tobacco, or dietary supplements. For purposes of this 24section, the term "food sold through vending machines" means food dispensed from a machine or other mechanical device that accepts 25payment. "Prepared food" means food sold in a heated state or heated 26by the seller; two or more food ingredients mixed or combined by the 2728 seller for sale as a single item; or food sold with eating utensils provided by the seller, including plates, knives, forks, spoons, glasses, 2930 cups, napkins, or straws. A plate does not include a container or 31 packaging used to transport the food. "Prepared food" does not include food that is only cut, repackaged, or pasteurized by the seller, and eggs, 3233 fish, meat, poultry, and foods containing these raw animal foods 34 requiring cooking by the consumer as recommended by the Food and Drug Administration in chapter 3, part 401.11 of its Food Code so as to 35 prevent food borne illnesses. "Alcoholic beverages" means beverages 36 37 that are suitable for human consumption and contain one-half of one percent or more of alcohol by volume. "Dietary supplement" means any 38 39 product, other than tobacco, intended to supplement the diet that 40contains one or more of the following dietary ingredients: a vitamin; a 41 mineral; an herb or other botanical; an amino acid; a dietary substance for use by humans to supplement the diet by increasing the total

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dietary intake; or a concentrate, metabolite, constituent, extract, or combination of any ingredient described above; and that is intended for ingestion in tablet, capsule, powder, softgel, gelcap, or liquid form, or if not intended for ingestion in such a form, is not represented as a conventional food and is not represented for use as a sole item of a meal or of the diet; and that is required to be labeled as a dietary supplement, identifiable by the supplemental facts box found on the label and as required pursuant to 21 C.F.R. Section 101.36. "Tobacco" means cigarettes, cigars, chewing or pipe tobacco, or any other item that contains tobacco. For the purpose of this section, except for vending machine sales, the term "food" shall not include food or drink sold by any establishment where the gross receipts derived from the sale of food prepared by such establishment for immediate consumption on or off the premises of the establishment constitutes more than eighty percent of the total gross receipts of that establishment, regardless of whether such prepared food is consumed on the premises of that establishment, including, but not limited to, sales of food by any restaurant, fast food restaurant, delicatessen, eating house, or café.

3. Any person required to collect and remit the sales or use tax on food pursuant to the provisions of this section shall be entitled to a refund from the general revenue fund equal to three percent of all state and local sales and use taxes collected by such person on or after October 1, 1997, and prior to September 30, 1998, and remitted by such person on or before the date when the same becomes due in accordance with the provisions of sections 144.080, 144.081, 144.090 and 144.655, on the retail sale of food as defined in this section. This refund shall be in addition to the amount allowed in section 144.140 and shall be made without interest. Such refund shall be made only if such person files a correctly completed claim for refund on or before September 30, 1999, accompanied by such information as the director may require. The director of revenue shall promulgate such rules and regulations pursuant to the provisions of section 144.270 as are necessary to facilitate efficient administration of the refund authorized in this section. For the purposes of this subsection, "local sales taxes" shall mean any tax levied, assessed, or payable pursuant to the provisions of the "local sales tax law" as defined in section 32.085, RSMo, "local use taxes" shall mean any tax levied, assessed, or payable pursuant to the provisions of sections 144.757 to 144.761, and "state sales and use taxes" shall mean any tax levied pursuant to the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525 and sections

79 144.600 to 144.746.

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144.030. 1. There is hereby specifically exempted from the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525 and from the computation of the tax levied, assessed or payable pursuant to sections 144.010 to 144.525 such retail sales as may be made in commerce between this state and any other state of the United States, or between this state and any foreign country, and any retail sale which the state of Missouri is prohibited from taxing pursuant to the Constitution or laws of the United States of America, and such retail sales of tangible personal property which the general assembly of the state of Missouri is prohibited from taxing or further taxing by the constitution of this state.

- 2. There are also specifically exempted from the provisions of the local sales tax law as defined in section 32.085, RSMo, section 238.235, RSMo, and sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 144.761 and from the computation of the tax levied, assessed or payable pursuant to the local sales tax law as defined in section 32.085, RSMo, section 238.235, RSMo, and sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 144.745:
- 16 (1) Motor fuel or special fuel subject to an excise tax of this state, unless all or part of such excise tax is refunded pursuant to section 142.824, RSMo; or 17 upon the sale at retail of fuel to be consumed in manufacturing or creating gas, 19 power, steam, electrical current or in furnishing water to be sold ultimately at 20 retail; or feed for livestock or poultry; or grain to be converted into foodstuffs which are to be sold ultimately in processed form at retail; or seed, limestone or 2122fertilizer which is to be used for seeding, liming or fertilizing crops which when harvested will be sold at retail or will be fed to livestock or poultry to be sold 23 ultimately in processed form at retail; economic poisons registered pursuant to 24the provisions of the Missouri pesticide registration law (sections 281.220 to 25281.310, RSMo) which are to be used in connection with the growth or production 26 of crops, fruit trees or orchards applied before, during, or after planting, the crop 2728 of which when harvested will be sold at retail or will be converted into foodstuffs 29 which are to be sold ultimately in processed form at retail;
- 30 (2) Materials, manufactured goods, machinery and parts which when used 31 in manufacturing, processing, compounding, mining, producing or fabricating 32 become a component part or ingredient of the new personal property resulting 33 from such manufacturing, processing, compounding, mining, producing or 34 fabricating and which new personal property is intended to be sold ultimately for 35 final use or consumption; and materials, including without limitation, gases and

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manufactured goods, including without limitation, slagging materials and firebrick, which are ultimately consumed in the manufacturing process by blending, reacting or interacting with or by becoming, in whole or in part, component parts or ingredients of steel products intended to be sold ultimately for final use or consumption;

- 41 (3) Materials, replacement parts and equipment purchased for use directly
 42 upon, and for the repair and maintenance or manufacture of, motor vehicles,
 43 watercraft, railroad rolling stock or aircraft engaged as common carriers of
 44 persons or property;
 - (4) Replacement machinery, equipment, and parts and the materials and supplies solely required for the installation or construction of such replacement machinery, equipment, and parts, used directly in manufacturing, mining, fabricating or producing a product which is intended to be sold ultimately for final use or consumption; and machinery and equipment, and the materials and supplies required solely for the operation, installation or construction of such machinery and equipment, purchased and used to establish new, or to replace or expand existing, material recovery processing plants in this state. For the purposes of this subdivision, a "material recovery processing plant" means a facility that has as its primary purpose the recovery of materials into a useable product or a different form which is used in producing a new product and shall include a facility or equipment which are used exclusively for the collection of recovered materials for delivery to a material recovery processing plant but shall not include motor vehicles used on highways. For purposes of this section, the terms "motor vehicle" and "highway" shall have the same meaning pursuant to section 301.010, RSMo. Material recovery is not the reuse of materials within a manufacturing process or the use of a product previously recovered. The material recovery processing plant shall qualify under the provisions of this section regardless of ownership of the material being recovered;
 - (5) Machinery and equipment, and parts and the materials and supplies solely required for the installation or construction of such machinery and equipment, purchased and used to establish new or to expand existing manufacturing, mining or fabricating plants in the state if such machinery and equipment is used directly in manufacturing, mining or fabricating a product which is intended to be sold ultimately for final use or consumption;
 - (6) Tangible personal property which is used exclusively in the manufacturing, processing, modification or assembling of products sold to the

72 United States government or to any agency of the United States government;

- (7) Animals or poultry used for breeding or feeding purposes;
- 74 (8) Newsprint, ink, computers, photosensitive paper and film, toner,
- 75 printing plates and other machinery, equipment, replacement parts and supplies
- 76 used in producing newspapers published for dissemination of news to the general
- 77 public;

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- 78 (9) The rentals of films, records or any type of sound or picture
- 79 transcriptions for public commercial display;
- 80 (10) Pumping machinery and equipment used to propel products delivered
- 81 by pipelines engaged as common carriers;
- 82 (11) Railroad rolling stock for use in transporting persons or property in
- 83 interstate commerce and motor vehicles licensed for a gross weight of twenty-four
- 84 thousand pounds or more or trailers used by common carriers, as defined in
- 85 section 390.020, RSMo, solely in the transportation of persons or property in
- 86 interstate commerce;
- 87 (12) Electrical energy used in the actual primary manufacture, processing,
- 88 compounding, mining or producing of a product, or electrical energy used in the
- 89 actual secondary processing or fabricating of the product, or a material recovery
- 90 processing plant as defined in subdivision (4) of this subsection, in facilities
- 91 owned or leased by the taxpayer, if the total cost of electrical energy so used
- 92 exceeds ten percent of the total cost of production, either primary or secondary,
- 93 exclusive of the cost of electrical energy so used or if the raw materials used in
- 94 such processing contain at least twenty-five percent recovered materials as
- 95 defined in section 260.200, RSMo. For purposes of this subdivision, "processing"
- 96 means any mode of treatment, act or series of acts performed upon materials to
- 97 transform and reduce them to a different state or thing, including treatment
- 98 necessary to maintain or preserve such processing by the producer at the
- 99 production facility;
- 100 (13) Anodes which are used or consumed in manufacturing, processing,
- 101 compounding, mining, producing or fabricating and which have a useful life of
- 102 less than one year;
- 103 (14) Machinery, equipment, appliances and devices purchased or leased
- 104 and used solely for the purpose of preventing, abating or monitoring air pollution,
- 105 and materials and supplies solely required for the installation, construction or
- 106 reconstruction of such machinery, equipment, appliances and devices, and so
- 107 certified as such by the director of the department of natural resources, except

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that any action by the director pursuant to this subdivision may be appealed to the air conservation commission which may uphold or reverse such action;

- (15) Machinery, equipment, appliances and devices purchased or leased and used solely for the purpose of preventing, abating or monitoring water pollution, and materials and supplies solely required for the installation, construction or reconstruction of such machinery, equipment, appliances and devices, and so certified as such by the director of the department of natural resources, except that any action by the director pursuant to this subdivision may be appealed to the Missouri clean water commission which may uphold or reverse such action;
- 118 (16) Tangible personal property purchased by a rural water district;
 - (17) All amounts paid or charged for admission or participation or other fees paid by or other charges to individuals in or for any place of amusement, entertainment or recreation, games or athletic events, including museums, fairs, zoos and planetariums, owned or operated by a municipality or other political subdivision where all the proceeds derived therefrom benefit the municipality or other political subdivision and do not inure to any private person, firm, or corporation;
 - (18) All sales of insulin and [prosthetic or] orthopedic devices as defined on January 1, 1980, by the federal Medicare program pursuant to Title XVIII of the Social Security Act of 1965, including the items specified in Section 1862(a)(12) of that act, and also specifically including hearing aids and hearing aid supplies and all sales of drugs which may be legally dispensed by a licensed pharmacist only upon a lawful prescription of a practitioner licensed to administer those items, including samples and materials used to manufacture samples which may be dispensed by a practitioner authorized to dispense such samples and all sales of medical oxygen, home respiratory equipment and accessories, hospital beds and accessories and ambulatory aids, all sales of manual and powered wheelchairs, stairway lifts, Braille writers, electronic Braille equipment and, if purchased by or on behalf of a person with one or more physical or mental disabilities to enable them to function more independently, all sales of scooters, reading machines, electronic print enlargers and magnifiers, electronic alternative and augmentative communication devices, and items used solely to modify motor vehicles to permit the use of such motor vehicles by individuals with disabilities or sales of over-the-counter or nonprescription drugs, except grooming or hygiene products, to individuals with disabilities, and all sales

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of prosthetic devices. For purposes of this section, "prosthetic device" 144 means a replacement, corrective, or supportive device including repair 146and replacement parts for same worn on or in the body to: artificially replace a missing portion of the body; prevent or correct physical 147deformity or malfunction; or support a weak or deformed portion of the 148body. "Prosthetic device" does not include corrective eyeglasses or 149 contact lenses. For purposes of this section, "drug" means a compound, 150substance or preparation, and any component of a compound, substance 151152 or preparation, other than food and food ingredients, dietary supplements, or alcoholic beverages: recognized in the official United 153 States Pharmacopoeia, official Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia of the 154United States, or official National Formulary, and supplement to any 155of them; or intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, 156treatment, or prevention of disease; or intended to affect the structure 157or any function of the body. For purposes of this section, "prescription" 158 159 means an order, formula, or recipe issued in any form of oral, written, electronic, or other means of transmission by a duly licensed 160 161 practitioner authorized by the laws of this state. For purposes of this 162section, "over-the-counter-drug" means a drug that contains a label that 163identifies the product as a drug as required by 21 C.F.R. Section 201.66. The over-the-counter-drug label includes: a drug facts panel; or a statement of the active ingredients with a list of those ingredients 165166 contained in the compound, substance, or preparation. Over-the-167 counter-drug does not include grooming and hygiene 168 products. "Grooming and hygiene products" are soaps and cleaning solutions, shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and sun 169 170 tan lotions and screens, regardless of whether the items meet the 171definition of over-the-counter-drugs;

- (19) All sales made by or to religious and charitable organizations and institutions in their religious, charitable or educational functions and activities and all sales made by or to all elementary and secondary schools operated at public expense in their educational functions and activities;
- (20) All sales of aircraft to common carriers for storage or for use in interstate commerce and all sales made by or to not-for-profit civic, social, service or fraternal organizations, including fraternal organizations which have been declared tax-exempt organizations pursuant to Section 501(c)(8) or (10) of the 1986 Internal Revenue Code, as amended, in their civic or charitable functions

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and activities and all sales made to eleemosynary and penal institutions and industries of the state, and all sales made to any private not-for-profit institution of higher education not otherwise excluded pursuant to subdivision (19) of this subsection or any institution of higher education supported by public funds, and all sales made to a state relief agency in the exercise of relief functions and activities;

(21) All ticket sales made by benevolent, scientific and educational associations which are formed to foster, encourage, and promote progress and improvement in the science of agriculture and in the raising and breeding of animals, and by nonprofit summer theater organizations if such organizations are exempt from federal tax pursuant to the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code and all admission charges and entry fees to the Missouri state fair or any fair conducted by a county agricultural and mechanical society organized and operated pursuant to sections 262.290 to 262.530, RSMo;

(22) All sales made to any private not-for-profit elementary or secondary school, all sales of feed additives, medications or vaccines administered to livestock or poultry in the production of food or fiber, all sales of pesticides used in the production of crops, livestock or poultry for food or fiber, all sales of bedding used in the production of livestock or poultry for food or fiber, all sales of propane or natural gas, electricity or diesel fuel used exclusively for drying agricultural crops, natural gas used in the primary manufacture or processing of fuel ethanol as defined in section 142.028, RSMo, natural gas, propane, and electricity used by an eligible new generation cooperative or an eligible new generation processing entity as defined in section 348.432, RSMo, and all sales of farm machinery and equipment, other than airplanes, motor vehicles and trailers. As used in this subdivision, the term "feed additives" means tangible personal property which, when mixed with feed for livestock or poultry, is to be used in the feeding of livestock or poultry. As used in this subdivision, the term "pesticides" includes adjuvants such as crop oils, surfactants, wetting agents and other assorted pesticide carriers used to improve or enhance the effect of a pesticide and the foam used to mark the application of pesticides and herbicides for the production of crops, livestock or poultry. As used in this subdivision, the term "farm machinery and equipment" means new or used farm tractors and such other new or used farm machinery and equipment and repair or replacement parts thereon, and supplies and lubricants used exclusively, solely, and directly for producing crops, raising and feeding livestock, fish, poultry, pheasants,

chukar, quail, or for producing milk for ultimate sale at retail, including field drain tile, and one-half of each purchaser's purchase of diesel fuel therefor which is:

- (a) Used exclusively for agricultural purposes;
- 221 (b) Used on land owned or leased for the purpose of producing farm 222 products; and
- (c) Used directly in producing farm products to be sold ultimately in processed form or otherwise at retail or in producing farm products to be fed to livestock or poultry to be sold ultimately in processed form at retail;
 - (23) Except as otherwise provided in section 144.032, all sales of metered water service, electricity, electrical current, natural, artificial or propane gas, wood, coal or home heating oil for domestic use and in any city not within a county, all sales of metered or unmetered water service for domestic use;
 - (a) "Domestic use" means that portion of metered water service, electricity, electrical current, natural, artificial or propane gas, wood, coal or home heating oil, and in any city not within a county, metered or unmetered water service, which an individual occupant of a residential premises uses for nonbusiness, noncommercial or nonindustrial purposes. Utility service through a single or master meter for residential apartments or condominiums, including service for common areas and facilities and vacant units, shall be deemed to be for domestic use. Each seller shall establish and maintain a system whereby individual purchases are determined as exempt or nonexempt;
 - (b) Regulated utility sellers shall determine whether individual purchases are exempt or nonexempt based upon the seller's utility service rate classifications as contained in tariffs on file with and approved by the Missouri public service commission. Sales and purchases made pursuant to the rate classification "residential" and sales to and purchases made by or on behalf of the occupants of residential apartments or condominiums through a single or master meter, including service for common areas and facilities and vacant units, shall be considered as sales made for domestic use and such sales shall be exempt from sales tax. Sellers shall charge sales tax upon the entire amount of purchases classified as nondomestic use. The seller's utility service rate classification and the provision of service thereunder shall be conclusive as to whether or not the utility must charge sales tax;
- 251 (c) Each person making domestic use purchases of services or property 252 and who uses any portion of the services or property so purchased for a

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253 nondomestic use shall, by the fifteenth day of the fourth month following the year 254 of purchase, and without assessment, notice or demand, file a return and pay sales tax on that portion of nondomestic purchases. Each person making 255 256 nondomestic purchases of services or property and who uses any portion of the 257 services or property so purchased for domestic use, and each person making 258 domestic purchases on behalf of occupants of residential apartments or 259 condominiums through a single or master meter, including service for common areas and facilities and vacant units, under a nonresidential utility service rate 260 261 classification may, between the first day of the first month and the fifteenth day 262 of the fourth month following the year of purchase, apply for credit or refund to 263 the director of revenue and the director shall give credit or make refund for taxes paid on the domestic use portion of the purchase. The person making such 264 purchases on behalf of occupants of residential apartments or condominiums shall 265 266 have standing to apply to the director of revenue for such credit or refund;

- (24) All sales of handicraft items made by the seller or the seller's spouse if the seller or the seller's spouse is at least sixty-five years of age, and if the total gross proceeds from such sales do not constitute a majority of the annual gross income of the seller;
- 271 (25) Excise taxes, collected on sales at retail, imposed by Sections 4041, 272 4061, 4071, 4081, 4091, 4161, 4181, 4251, 4261 and 4271 of Title 26, United 273 States Code. The director of revenue shall promulgate rules pursuant to chapter 274 536, RSMo, to eliminate all state and local sales taxes on such excise taxes;
 - (26) Sales of fuel consumed or used in the operation of ships, barges, or waterborne vessels which are used primarily in or for the transportation of property or cargo, or the conveyance of persons for hire, on navigable rivers bordering on or located in part in this state, if such fuel is delivered by the seller to the purchaser's barge, ship, or waterborne vessel while it is afloat upon such river;
 - (27) All sales made to an interstate compact agency created pursuant to sections 70.370 to 70.441, RSMo, or sections 238.010 to 238.100, RSMo, in the exercise of the functions and activities of such agency as provided pursuant to the compact;
 - (28) Computers, computer software and computer security systems purchased for use by architectural or engineering firms headquartered in this state. For the purposes of this subdivision, "headquartered in this state" means the office for the administrative management of at least four integrated facilities

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- 289 operated by the taxpayer is located in the state of Missouri;
- 290 (29) All livestock sales when either the seller is engaged in the growing, 291 producing or feeding of such livestock, or the seller is engaged in the business of 292 buying and selling, bartering or leasing of such livestock;
- 293 (30) All sales of barges which are to be used primarily in the 294 transportation of property or cargo on interstate waterways;
- 295 (31) Electrical energy or gas, whether natural, artificial or propane, water, 296 or other utilities which are ultimately consumed in connection with the 297 manufacturing of cellular glass products or in any material recovery processing 298 plant as defined in subdivision (4) of subsection 2 of this section;
- 299 (32) Notwithstanding other provisions of law to the contrary, all sales of 300 pesticides or herbicides used in the production of crops, aquaculture, livestock or 301 poultry;
 - (33) Tangible personal property purchased for use or consumption directly or exclusively in the research and development of prescription pharmaceuticals consumed by humans or animals;
 - (34) All sales of grain bins for storage of grain for resale;
- 306 (35) All sales of feed which are developed for and used in the feeding of 307 pets owned by a commercial breeder when such sales are made to a commercial 308 breeder, as defined in section 273.325, RSMo, and licensed pursuant to sections 309 273.325 to 273.357, RSMo;
 - (36) All purchases by a contractor on behalf of an entity located in another state, provided that the entity is authorized to issue a certificate of exemption for purchases to a contractor under the provisions of that state's laws. For purposes of this subdivision, the term "certificate of exemption" shall mean any document evidencing that the entity is exempt from sales and use taxes on purchases pursuant to the laws of the state in which the entity is located. Any contractor making purchases on behalf of such entity shall maintain a copy of the entity's exemption certificate as evidence of the exemption. If the exemption certificate issued by the exempt entity to the contractor is later determined by the director of revenue to be invalid for any reason and the contractor has accepted the certificate in good faith, neither the contractor or the exempt entity shall be liable for the payment of any taxes, interest and penalty due as the result of use of the invalid exemption certificate. Materials shall be exempt from all state and local sales and use taxes when purchased by a contractor for the purpose of fabricating tangible personal property which is used in fulfilling a contract for the purpose

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325 of constructing, repairing or remodeling facilities for the following:

- 326 (a) An exempt entity located in this state, if the entity is one of those 327 entities able to issue project exemption certificates in accordance with the 328 provisions of section 144.062; or
 - (b) An exempt entity located outside the state if the exempt entity is authorized to issue an exemption certificate to contractors in accordance with the provisions of that state's law and the applicable provisions of this section;
- 332 (37) Tangible personal property purchased for use or consumption directly 333 or exclusively in research or experimentation activities performed by life science companies and so certified as such by the director of the department of economic 334 335 development or the director's designees; except that, the total amount of exemptions certified pursuant to this section shall not exceed one million three 336 hundred thousand dollars in state and local taxes per fiscal year. For purposes 337 of this subdivision, the term "life science companies" means companies whose 338 primary research activities are in agriculture, pharmaceuticals, biomedical or food 339 340 ingredients, and whose North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) 341 Codes fall under industry 541710 (biotech research or development laboratories), 342 621511 (medical laboratories) or 541940 (veterinary services). The exemption 343 provided by this subdivision shall expire on June 30, 2003;
 - (38) All sales or other transfers of tangible personal property to a lessor who leases the property under a lease of one year or longer executed or in effect at the time of the sale or other transfer to an interstate compact agency created pursuant to sections 70.370 to 70.441, RSMo, or sections 238.010 to 238.100, RSMo; and
 - (39) Sales of tickets to any collegiate athletic championship event that is held in a facility owned or operated by a governmental authority or commission, a quasi-governmental agency, a state university or college or by the state or any political subdivision thereof, including a municipality, and that is played on a neutral site and may reasonably be played at a site located outside the state of Missouri. For purposes of this subdivision, "neutral site" means any site that is not located on the campus of a conference member institution participating in the event.

144.049. 1. For purposes of this section, the following terms mean:

2 (1) "Clothing", [any article of wearing apparel, including footwear, 3 intended to be worn on or about the human body. The term shall include but not 4 be limited to cloth and other material used to make school uniforms or other

5 school clothing. Items normally sold in pairs shall not be separated to qualify for

- 6 the exemption. The term shall not include watches, watchbands, jewelry,
- 7 handbags, handkerchiefs, umbrellas, scarves, ties, headbands, or belt buckles;
- 8 and] all human wearing apparel suitable for general use. The following
- 9 list contains examples and is not intended to be an all-inclusive list.
- 10 (a) "Clothing" shall include:
- a. Aprons, household and shop;
- b. Athletic supporters;
- c. Baby receiving blankets;
- d. Bathing suits and caps;
- e. Beach capes and coats;
- 16 f. Boots;
- g. Coats and jackets;
- 18 h. Costumes;
- i. Diapers, children and adult, including disposable diapers;
- j. Ear muffs;
- 21 k. Footlets:
- 22 l. Formal wear;
- 23 m. Garters and garter belts;
- 24 n. Gloves and mittens for general use;
- o. Hats and caps;
- p. Hosiery;
- q. Insoles for shoes;
- 28 r. Lab coats;
- s. Neckties;
- 30 t. Overshoes;
- 31 u. Pantyhose;
- 32 v. Rainwear;
- w. Rubber pants;
- 34 x. Sandals;
- 35 y. Scarves;
- 36 z. Shoes and shoe laces;
- aa. Slippers;
- 38 bb. Sneakers;
- 39 cc. Socks and stockings;
- dd. Steel-toed shoes;
- 41 ee. Underwear;

42 ff. Uniforms, athletic and non-athletic; and

- 43 gg. Wedding apparel;
- 44 (b) Clothing shall not include:
- 45 a. Belt buckles sold separately;
- b. Costume masks sold separately;
- c. Patches and emblems sold separately;
- d. Sewing equipment and supplies, including but not limited to,
- 49 knitting needles, patterns, pins, scissors, sewing machines, sewing
- 50 needles, tape measures, and thimbles; and
- e. Sewing materials that become part of "clothing" including, but
- 52 not limited to, buttons, fabric, lace, thread, yarn, and zippers;
- 53 (2) "Personal computers", a laptop, desktop, or tower computer system
- 54 which consists of a central processing unit, random access memory, a storage
- 55 drive, a display monitor, and a keyboard and devices designed for use in
- 56 conjunction with a personal computer, such as a disk drive, memory module,
- 57 compact disk drive, daughterboard, digitalizer, microphone, modem, motherboard,
- 58 mouse, multimedia speaker, printer, scanner, single-user hardware, single-user
- 59 operating system, soundcard, or video card;
- 60 (3) "School supplies", [any item normally used by students in a standard
- 61 classroom for educational purposes, including but not limited to textbooks,
- 62 notebooks, paper, writing instruments, crayons, art supplies, rulers, book bags,
- 63 backpacks, handheld calculators, chalk, maps, and globes. The term shall not
- 64 include watches, radios, CD players, headphones, sporting equipment, portable
- 65 or desktop telephones, copiers or other office equipment, furniture, or
- 66 fixtures. School supplies shall also include computer software having a taxable
- 67 value of three hundred fifty dollars or less] an item commonly used by a
- 68 student in a course of study. The following is an all-inclusive list:
- 69 (a) Binders;
- 70 (b) Book bags;
- 71 (c) Calculators;
- 72 (d) Cellophane tape;
- 73 (e) Blackboard chalk;
- 74 (f) Compasses;
- 75 (g) Composition books;
- 76 (h) Crayons;
- 77 (i) Erasers;

78 (j) Folders, expandable, pocket, plastic, and manila; 79 (k) Glue, paste, and paste sticks; 80 (l) Highlighters; 81 (m) Index cards; 82 (n) Index card boxes; 83 (o) Legal pads; (p) Lunch boxes; 84 85 (q) Markers; 86 (r) Notebooks; 87 (s) Paper, loose leaf ruled notebook paper, copy paper, graph paper, tracing paper, manila paper, colored paper, poster board, and 88 89 construction paper; 90 (t) Pencil boxes and other school supply boxes; (u) Pencil sharpeners; 91 (v) Pencils; 92 93 (w) Pens; (x) Protractors; 94 95 (y) Scissors; 96 (z) Writing tablets; 97 (aa) School art supply. School art supply is an item commonly 98 used by a student in a course of study for artwork. The following is an 99 all-inclusive list: 100 a. Clay and glazes; 101 b. Paints, acrylic, tempora, and oil; 102 c. Paintbrushes for artwork; 103 d. Sketch and drawing pads; 104 e. Watercolors: (bb) Schoolinstructional material. Schoolinstructional material 105 is written material commonly used by a student in a course of study as 106 107 a reference and to learn the subject being taught. The following is an 108 all-inclusive list: 109 a. Reference books; 110 b. Reference maps and globes; 111 c. Textbooks; and 112 d. Workbooks;

commonly used by a student in a course of study in which a computer

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(cc) School computer supply. School computer supply is an item

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- 115 is used. The following is an all-inclusive list:
- a. Computer storage media, diskettes, compact disks;
- b. Handheld electronic schedulers, except devices that are cellular phones;
- 119 c. Personal digital assistants, except devices that are cellular 120 phones; and
- d. Computer printers and printer supplies for computers, printerpaper, and printer ink.
 - 2. In each year beginning on or after January 1, 2005, there is hereby specifically exempted from state sales tax law all retail sales of any article of clothing having a taxable value of one hundred dollars or less, all retail sales of school supplies not to exceed fifty dollars per purchase, all computer software with a taxable value of three hundred fifty dollars or less, and all retail sales of personal computers or computer peripheral devices not to exceed three thousand five hundred dollars, during a three-day period beginning at 12:01 a.m. on the first Friday in August and ending at midnight on the Sunday following.
 - 3. [If the governing body of any political subdivision adopted an ordinance that applied to the 2004 sales tax holiday to prohibit the provisions of this section from allowing the sales tax holiday to apply to such political subdivision's local sales tax, then, notwithstanding any provision of a local ordinance to the contrary, the 2005 sales tax holiday shall not apply to such political subdivision's local sales tax. However, any such political subdivision may enact an ordinance to allow the 2005 sales tax holiday to apply to its local sales taxes. A political subdivision must notify the department of revenue not less than forty-five calendar days prior to the beginning date of the sales tax holiday occurring in that year of any ordinance or order rescinding an ordinance or order to opt out.
- 141 4.] This section shall not apply to any sales which take place within the 142 Missouri state fairgrounds.
 - [5.] 4. This section applies to sales of items bought for personal use only.
- [6. After the 2005 sales tax holiday, any political subdivision may, by adopting an ordinance or order, choose to prohibit future annual sales tax holidays from applying to its local sales tax. After opting out, the political subdivision may rescind the ordinance or order. The political subdivision must notify the department of revenue not less than forty-five calendar days prior to the beginning date of the sales tax holiday occurring in that year of any ordinance or order rescinding an ordinance or order to opt out.

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151 7. This section may not apply to any retailer when less than two percent 152 of the retailer's merchandise offered for sale qualifies for the sales tax holiday. The retailer shall offer a sales tax refund in lieu of the sales tax 153 154 holiday.]

144.100. 1. Every person making any taxable sales of property or service, except transactions provided for in sections 144.070 and 144.440, individually or by duly authorized officer or agent, shall make and file a written return with the director of revenue in such manner as he may prescribe.

- 2. The returns shall be on blanks designed and furnished by the director of the department of revenue and shall be filed at the times provided in sections 144.080 and 144.090. The returns shall show the amount of gross receipts from sales of taxable property and services by the person and the amount of tax due thereon by that person during and for the period covered by the return. With 9 10 each return, the person shall remit to the director of revenue the full amount of the tax due.
- 12 3. In case of charge and time sales the gross receipts thereof shall be included as sales in the returns as and when payments are received by the 13 person, without any deduction therefrom whatsoever. 14
- 15 4. If an error or omission is discovered in a return or a change be 16 necessary to show the true facts, the error may be corrected, the omission 17 supplied, or the change made in the return next filed with the director for the filing period immediately following the filing period in which the error was made 18 19 or the omission occurred, as prescribed by law, except that no refund under this 20 chapter shall be allowed for any amount of tax paid by a seller which is based upon charges incident to credit card discounts. Any other omission or error must 2122 be corrected by filing an amended return for the erroneously reported period if the amount of tax is less than that originally reported, or an additional return if 23the amount of tax is greater than that originally reported. An additional return 2425shall be deemed filed on the date the envelope in which it is mailed is postmarked 26 or the date it is received by the director, whichever is earlier. Any payment of tax, interest, penalty or additions to tax shall be deemed filed on the date the 2728envelope containing the payment is postmarked or the date the payment is 29 received by the director, whichever is earlier. If a refund or credit results from 30 the filing of an amended return, no refund or credit shall be allowed unless an application for refund or credit is properly completed and submitted to the 31director pursuant to section 144.190. 32

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33 5. The amount of gross receipts from sales and the amount of tax due returned by the person, as well as all matters contained in the return, is subject 34 to review and revision in the manner herein provided for the correction of the 35 36 returns.

37 6. The director of revenue may prescribe any seller to file and 38 remit sales tax electronically.

144.105. 1. Beginning on or before January 1, 2009, the state shall review software submitted to the streamlined sales and use tax governing board for certification as a CAS under Section 501 of the streamlined sales and use tax agreement. Such review shall include a review to determine that the program adequately classifies the state's product-based exemptions. Upon completion of the review, the state shall certify to the governing board its acceptance of the classifications made by the system. The state shall relieve CSPs and model 2 sellers from liability to this state and its local jurisdictions for not collecting 10 sales or use taxes resulting from the CSP or model 2 seller relying on the certification provided by the state. 11

- 2. The streamlined sales and use tax governing board and this state shall not be responsible for classification of an item or transaction with the product-based exemptions. The relief from liability provided in this section shall not be available for a CSP or model 2 seller that has incorrectly classified an item or transaction into a product-based exemption certified by this state. This subsection shall apply to the individual listing of items or transactions within a product definition approved by the governing board or the state.
- 3. If the state determines that an item or transaction is incorrectly classified as to its taxability, it shall notify the CSP or model 2 seller of the incorrect classification. The CSP or model 2 seller shall have ten days to revise the classification after receipt of notice from the state of the determination. Upon expiration of the ten days, CSP or model 2 seller shall be liable for the failure to collect the correct amount of sales or use taxes due and owing to the state.
 - 4. For purposes of this section, the following terms shall mean:
- (1) "Certified automated system" or "CAS", software certified 28 under the streamlined sales and use tax agreement to calculate the tax 30 imposed by each jurisdiction on a transaction, determine the amount of tax to remit to the appropriate state, and maintain a record of the

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- (2) "Certified service provider" or "CSP", an agent certified under the streamlined sales and use tax agreement to perform all the seller's sales and use tax functions, other than the seller's obligation to remit tax on its own purchases;
- 37 (3) "Model 2 seller", a seller that has selected a CAS to perform 38 part of its sales and use tax functions, but retains responsibility for 39 remitting the tax;
- 40 (4) "Product-based exemption", an exemption based on the 41 description of the product and not based on who purchases the product 42 or how the purchaser intends to use the product.

144.625. To secure the payment of the tax, interest and penalties, which may become due from a vendor as provided in sections 144.600 to 144.745, the director of revenue may, where necessary to secure the payment of the tax, interest, and penalties require [all vendors] a vendor to file a bond or a letter of credit in an amount to be determined by the director, under the same requirements as provided in section 144.087.

144.655. 1. Every vendor, on or before the last day of the month following
2 each calendar quarterly period of three months, shall file with the director of
3 revenue a return of all taxes collected for the preceding quarter in the form
4 prescribed by the director of revenue, showing the total sales price of the tangible
5 personal property sold by the vendor, the storage, use or consumption of which
6 is subject to the tax levied by this law, and other information the director of
7 revenue deems necessary. The return shall be accompanied by a remittance of
8 the amount of the tax required to be collected by the vendor during the period
9 covered by the return. Returns shall be signed by the vendor or the vendor's
10 authorized agent. The director of revenue may promulgate rules or regulations
11 changing the filing and payment requirements of vendors, but shall not require
12 any vendor to file and pay more frequently than required in this section.

- 2. Where the aggregate amount of tax required to be collected by a vendor is in excess of two hundred and fifty dollars for either the first or second month of a calendar quarter, the vendor shall pay such aggregate amount for such months to the director of revenue by the twentieth day of the succeeding month. The amount so paid shall be allowed as a credit against the liability shown on the vendor's quarterly return required by this section.
 - 3. Where the aggregate amount of tax required to be collected by a vendor

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20 is less than forty-five dollars in a calendar quarter, the director of revenue shall 21 by regulation permit the vendor to file a return for a calendar year. The return shall be filed and the taxes paid on or before January thirty-first of the 22 23 succeeding year.

- 4. Except as provided in subsection 5 of this section, every person purchasing tangible personal property, the storage, use or consumption of which is subject to the tax levied by sections 144.600 to 144.748, who has not paid the 26 tax due to a vendor registered in accordance with the provisions of section 144.650, shall file with the director of revenue a return for the preceding reporting period in the form and manner that the director of revenue prescribes, showing the total sales price of the tangible property purchased during the preceding reporting period and any other information that the director of revenue 32deems necessary for the proper administration of sections 144.600 to 33 144.748. The return shall be accompanied by a remittance of the amount of the tax required by sections 144.600 to 144.748 to be paid by the person. Returns shall be signed by the person liable for the tax or such person's duly authorized agent. For purposes of this subsection, the reporting period shall be determined 36 by the director of revenue and may be a calendar quarter or a calendar year. Annual returns and payments required by the director pursuant to this 38 39 subsection shall be due on or before April fifteenth of the year for the preceding 40 calendar year and quarterly returns and payments shall be due on or before the last day of the month following each calendar period of three months. Upon the taxpayer's request, the director may allow the filing of such returns and payments 43 on a monthly basis. If a taxpayer elects to file a monthly return and payment, such return and payment shall be due on or before the twentieth day of the succeeding month.
 - 5. [Any person purchasing tangible personal property subject to the taxes imposed by sections 144.600 to 144.748 shall not be required to file a use tax return with the director of revenue if such purchases on which such taxes were not paid do not exceed in the aggregate two thousand dollars in any calendar year.
 - 6. Nothing in subsection 5 of this section shall relieve a vendor of liability to collect the tax imposed pursuant to sections 144.600 to 144.748 on the total gross receipts of all sales of tangible personal property used, stored or consumed in this state and to remit all taxes collected to the director of revenue in accordance with the provisions of this section nor shall it relieve a purchaser from

paying such taxes to a vendor registered in accordance with the provisions of 56 57 section 144.650 Any out-of-state seller, which is not legally required to register for use tax in this state, but chooses to collect and remit use 5859 tax under sections 144.600 to 144.761, shall file a return for a calendar year. The return shall be filed and the taxes paid on or before January 60 thirty-first of the succeeding year. In the event that any out of state 61 seller, which is not legally required to register for use tax in this state, 62but chooses to collect and remit use tax under section 144.600 to 144.761, has accumulated state and local use tax funds in the amount equal to one thousand dollars or more, that vendor shall file a return 6566 and remit the amount due for the month in which the accumulated state and local use tax funds in the amount equal to one thousand 67 68 dollars or more, that vendor shall file a return and remit the amount due for the month in which the accumulated state and local funds equal 69 70to one thousand dollars.

6. The director of revenue may prescribe any seller to file and remit use tax electronically.

144.805. 1. In addition to the exemptions granted pursuant to the provisions of section 144.030, there shall also be specifically exempted from the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525, sections 144.600 to 144.748, and section 238.235, RSMo, and the provisions of any local sales tax law, as defined in section 32.085, RSMo, and from the computation of the tax levied, assessed or payable 5 pursuant to sections 144.010 to 144.525, sections 144.600 to 144.748, and section 238.235, RSMo, and the provisions of any local sales tax law, as defined in section 32.085, RSMo, all sales of aviation jet fuel in a given calendar year to common carriers engaged in the interstate air transportation of passengers and cargo, and the storage, use and consumption of such aviation jet fuel by such common 10 carriers, if such common carrier has first paid to the state of Missouri, in 11 12accordance with the provisions of this chapter, state sales and use taxes pursuant to the foregoing provisions and applicable to the purchase, storage, use or 13 consumption of such aviation jet fuel in a maximum and aggregate amount of one 14 million five hundred thousand dollars of state sales and use taxes in such calendar year. 16

2. To qualify for the exemption prescribed in subsection 1 of this section, the common carrier shall furnish to the seller a certificate in writing to the effect that an exemption pursuant to this section is applicable to the aviation jet fuel

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20 so purchased, stored, used and consumed. The director of revenue shall permit 21 any such common carrier to enter into a direct-pay agreement with the department of revenue, pursuant to which such common carrier may pay directly 22 23to the department of revenue any applicable sales and use taxes on such aviation jet fuel up to the maximum aggregate amount of one million five hundred 2425 thousand dollars in each calendar year. The director of revenue shall adopt appropriate rules and regulations to implement the provisions of this section, and 26 27to permit appropriate claims for refunds of any excess sales and use taxes 28 collected in calendar year 1993 or any subsequent year with respect to any such common carrier and aviation jet fuel. 29

- 3. The provisions of this section shall apply to all purchases and deliveries of aviation jet fuel from and after May 10, 1993.
- 4. All sales and use tax revenues upon aviation jet fuel received pursuant to this chapter, less the amounts specifically designated pursuant to the constitution or pursuant to section 144.701 for other purposes, shall be deposited to the credit of the aviation trust fund established pursuant to section 305.230, RSMo; provided however, the amount of such state sales and use tax revenues deposited to the credit of such aviation trust fund shall not exceed six million dollars in each calendar year.
- 5. The provisions of this section and section 144.807 shall expire on [December 31, 2013] January 31, 2008.
- 221.407. 1. The commission of any regional jail district may impose, by order, a sales tax in the amount of one-eighth of one percent, one-fourth of one percent, three-eighths of one percent, or one-half of one percent on all retail sales made in such region which are subject to taxation pursuant to the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525, RSMo, for the purpose of providing jail services and court facilities and equipment for such region. The tax authorized by this section shall be in addition to any and all other sales taxes allowed by law, except that no order imposing a sales tax pursuant to this section shall be effective unless the commission submits to the voters of the district, on any election date authorized in chapter 115, RSMo, a proposal to authorize the commission to impose a tax.
- 11 2. The ballot of submission shall contain, but need not be limited to, the 12 following language:
- Shall the regional jail district of (counties' names) impose a region-wide sales tax of (insert amount) for the purpose of providing jail services and court facilities and equipment for the region?

 \square YES

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17 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "Yes". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "No". If a majority 18 of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters of the district voting 19 thereon are in favor of the proposal, then the order and any amendment to such 20 order shall be in effect on the first day of the second calendar quarter 2122 [immediately following the election approving the proposal] after the director 23 of revenue receives notification of adoption of the local sales tax. If the 24proposal receives less than the required majority, the commission shall have no 25 power to impose the sales tax authorized pursuant to this section unless and until 26 the commission shall again have submitted another proposal to authorize the 27commission to impose the sales tax authorized by this section and such proposal 28 is approved by the required majority of the qualified voters of the district voting on such proposal; however, in no event shall a proposal pursuant to this section 29 be submitted to the voters sooner than twelve months from the date of the last 30 31 submission of a proposal pursuant to this section.

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 \square NO

- 3. All revenue received by a district from the tax authorized pursuant to this section shall be deposited in a special trust fund and shall be used solely for providing jail services and court facilities and equipment for such district for so long as the tax shall remain in effect.
- 4. Once the tax authorized by this section is abolished or terminated by any means, all funds remaining in the special trust fund shall be used solely for providing jail services and court facilities and equipment for the district. Any funds in such special trust fund which are not needed for current expenditures may be invested by the commission in accordance with applicable laws relating to the investment of other county funds.
- 5. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue pursuant to this section on behalf of any district, less one percent for cost of collection which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087, RSMo, shall be deposited in a special 46 trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the "Regional Jail District Sales Tax Trust Fund". The moneys in the regional jail district sales tax trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state. The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the trust fund which was collected in each district imposing a sales tax pursuant to this section, and the records shall be open to the

inspection of officers of each member county and the public. Not later than the tenth day of each month the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during the preceding month to the district which levied the tax. Such funds shall be deposited with the treasurer of each such district, and all expenditures of funds arising from the regional jail district sales tax trust fund shall be paid pursuant to an appropriation adopted by the commission and shall be approved by the commission. Expenditures may be made from the fund for any function authorized in the order adopted by the commission submitting the regional jail district tax to the voters.

- 6. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any district for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such districts. If any district abolishes the tax, the commission shall notify the director of revenue of the action at least ninety days prior to the effective date of the repeal, and the director of revenue may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such district, the director of revenue shall remit the balance in the account to the district and close the account of that district. The director of revenue shall notify each district in each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the district.
- 75 7. Except as provided in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 and 32.087, RSMo, shall apply to the tax imposed pursuant to this section.
 - 8. The provisions of this section shall expire September 30, 2015.

238.235. 1. (1) Any transportation development district may by resolution impose a transportation development district sales tax on all retail sales made in such transportation development district which are subject to taxation pursuant to the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525, RSMo, except such transportation development district sales tax shall not apply to the sale or use of motor vehicles, trailers, boats or outboard motors [nor to all sales of electricity or electrical current, water and gas, natural or artificial, nor to sales of service to telephone subscribers, either local or long distance]. Such transportation development district sales tax may be imposed for any transportation development purpose designated by the transportation

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development district in its ballot of submission to its qualified voters, except that no resolution enacted pursuant to the authority granted by this section shall be effective unless:

- 14 (a) The board of directors of the transportation development district 15 submits to the qualified voters of the transportation development district a 16 proposal to authorize the board of directors of the transportation development 17 district to impose or increase the levy of an existing tax pursuant to the 18 provisions of this section; or
- 19 (b) The voters approved the question certified by the petition filed 20 pursuant to subsection 5 of section 238.207.
 - (2) If the transportation district submits to the qualified voters of the transportation development district a proposal to authorize the board of directors of the transportation development district to impose or increase the levy of an existing tax pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (a) of subdivision (1) of this subsection, the ballot of submission shall contain, but need not be limited to, the following language:

Shall the transportation development district of (transportation development district's name) impose a transportation development district-wide sales tax at the rate of (insert amount) for a period of (insert number) years from the date on which such tax is first imposed for the purpose of (insert transportation development purpose)?

 \Box YES \Box NO

33 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting 35 thereon are in favor of the proposal, then the resolution and any amendments 36 thereto shall be in effect. If a majority of the votes cast by the qualified voters 37 38 voting are opposed to the proposal, then the board of directors of the 39 transportation development district shall have no power to impose the sales tax 40 authorized by this section unless and until the board of directors of the 41 transportation development district shall again have submitted another proposal 42to authorize it to impose the sales tax pursuant to the provisions of this section and such proposal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting 43 thereon.

45 (3) [The sales tax authorized by this section shall become effective on the 46 first day of the month following adoption of the tax by the qualified voters. SB57695

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- 47 (4) In each transportation development district in which a sales tax has 48 been imposed in the manner provided by this section, every retailer shall add the tax imposed by the transportation development district pursuant to this section 49 50 to the retailer's sale price, and when so added such tax shall constitute a part of the price, shall be a debt of the purchaser to the retailer until paid, and shall be 51 52 recoverable at law in the same manner as the purchase price.
 - (5) In order to permit sellers required to collect and report the sales tax authorized by this section to collect the amount required to be reported and remitted, but not to change the requirements of reporting or remitting tax or to serve as a levy of the tax, and in order to avoid fractions of pennies, the transportation development district may establish appropriate brackets which shall be used in the district imposing a tax pursuant to this section in lieu of those brackets provided in section 144.285, RSMo.
- (6) All revenue received by a transportation development district from the tax authorized by this section which has been designated for a certain transportation development purpose shall be deposited in a special trust fund and shall be used solely for such designated purpose. Upon the expiration of the period of years approved by the qualified voters pursuant to subdivision (2) of this subsection or if the tax authorized by this section is repealed pursuant to 66 subsection 6 of this section, all funds remaining in the special trust fund shall continue to be used solely for such designated transportation development purpose. Any funds in such special trust fund which are not needed for current expenditures may be invested by the board of directors in accordance with applicable laws relating to the investment of other transportation development district funds.
 - [(7)] (4) The sales tax may be imposed in increments of one-eighth of one percent, up to a maximum of one percent on the receipts from the sale at retail of all tangible personal property or taxable services at retail within the transportation development district adopting such tax, if such property and services are subject to taxation by the state of Missouri pursuant to the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525, RSMo, except such transportation development district sales tax shall not apply to the sale or use of motor vehicles, trailers, boats or outboard motors [nor to public utilities]. Any transportation development district sales tax imposed pursuant to this section shall be imposed at a rate that shall be uniform throughout the district.
 - 2. The resolution imposing the sales tax pursuant to this section shall

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impose upon all sellers a tax for the privilege of engaging in the business of selling tangible personal property or rendering taxable services at retail to the extent and in the manner provided in sections 144.010 to 144.525, RSMo, and the rules and regulations of the director of revenue issued pursuant thereto; except that the rate of the tax shall be the rate imposed by the resolution as the sales tax and the tax shall be reported and returned to and collected by the transportation development district.

- 3. [On and after the effective date of any tax imposed pursuant to this section, the transportation development district shall perform all functions incident to the administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of the tax. The tax imposed pursuant to this section shall be collected and reported upon such forms and under such administrative rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the transportation development district.
- 4. (1) All applicable provisions contained in sections 144.010 to 144.525, RSMo, governing the state sales tax, sections 32.085 and 32.087, RSMo, and section 32.057, RSMo, the uniform confidentiality provision, shall apply to the collection of the tax imposed by this section, except as modified in this section.
- 100 (2) All exemptions granted to agencies of government, organizations, 101 persons and to the sale of certain articles and items of tangible personal property 102 and taxable services pursuant to the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525, 103 RSMo, are hereby made applicable to the imposition and collection of the tax 104 imposed by this section.
 - (3) The same sales tax permit, exemption certificate and retail certificate required by sections 144.010 to 144.525, RSMo, for the administration and collection of the state sales tax shall satisfy the requirements of this section, and no additional permit or exemption certificate or retail certificate shall be required; except that the transportation development district may prescribe a form of exemption certificate for an exemption from the tax imposed by this section.
- 112 (4) All discounts allowed the retailer pursuant to the provisions of the 113 state sales tax laws for the collection of and for payment of taxes pursuant to 114 such laws are hereby allowed and made applicable to any taxes collected pursuant 115 to the provisions of this section.
- 116 (5) The penalties provided in section 32.057, RSMo, and sections 144.010 117 to 144.525, RSMo, for violation of those sections are hereby made applicable to 118 violations of this section.

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- (6) For the purpose of a sales tax imposed by a resolution pursuant to this section, all retail sales except retail sales of motor vehicles shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business of the retailer unless the tangible personal property sold is delivered by the retailer or the retailer's agent to an out-of-state destination or to a common carrier for delivery to an out-of-state destination. In the event a retailer has more than one place of business in this state which participates in the sale, the sale shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business of the retailer where the initial order for the tangible personal property is taken, even though the order must be forwarded elsewhere for acceptance, approval of credit, shipment or billing. A sale by a retailer's employee shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business from which the employee works.
- 5.] All sales taxes collected by the transportation development district shall be deposited by the transportation development district in a special fund to be expended for the purposes authorized in this section. The transportation development district shall keep accurate records of the amount of money which was collected pursuant to this section, and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of each transportation development district and the general public.
- [6.] 4. (1) No transportation development district imposing a sales tax pursuant to this section may repeal or amend such sales tax unless such repeal or amendment will not impair the district's ability to repay any liabilities which it has incurred, money which it has borrowed or revenue bonds, notes or other obligations which it has issued or which have been issued by the commission or any local transportation authority to finance any project or projects.
- (2) Whenever the board of directors of any transportation development district in which a transportation development sales tax has been imposed in the manner provided by this section receives a petition, signed by ten percent of the qualified voters calling for an election to repeal such transportation development sales tax, the board of directors shall, if such repeal will not impair the district's ability to repay any liabilities which it has incurred, money which it has borrowed or revenue bonds, notes or other obligations which it has issued or which have been issued by the commission or any local transportation authority to finance any project or projects, submit to the qualified voters of such transportation development district a proposal to repeal the transportation development sales tax imposed pursuant to the provisions of this section. If a majority of the votes

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cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the 155 156 proposal to repeal the transportation development sales tax, then the resolution imposing the transportation development sales tax, along with any amendments 157158thereto, is repealed. If a majority of the votes cast by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the proposal to repeal the transportation development 159160 sales tax, then the ordinance or resolution imposing the transportation development sales tax, along with any amendments thereto, shall remain in 161 162 effect.

- 5. After the effective date of any tax imposed under the provisions of this section, the director of revenue shall perform all functions incident to the administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of the tax and the director of revenue shall collect in addition to the sales tax for the state of Missouri the additional tax authorized under the authority of this section. The tax imposed under this section and the tax imposed under the sales tax law of the state of Missouri shall be collected together and reported upon such forms and under such administrative rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the director of revenue.
- 173 6. All transportation development district sales taxes collected by the director of revenue pursuant to this section on behalf of any 174transportation development district, less one percent for cost of 175 176 collection, which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 17732.087, RSMo, shall be deposited with the state treasurer in a 178transportation development district sales tax trust fund. The moneys 179in such transportation development sales tax trust fund shall not be 180 deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds 181 of the state. The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the 182183 amount of money in the trust fund which was collected in each transportation development district imposing a transportation 184 185 development district sales tax, and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of the district and to the public. Not later than 186 187the tenth day of each month the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during the preceding month by 188 189 distributing to the district treasurer, or such other officer as may be 190 designated by the transportation development district ordinance or 191 order, of each district imposing the tax authorized by this section, the

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192 sum due the district as certified by the director of revenue.

- 7. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any transportation development district for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties. If any county abolishes the tax, the transportation development district shall notify the director of revenue of the action at least ninety days prior to the effective date of the repeal, and the director of revenue may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such transportation development district, the director of revenue shall authorize the state treasurer to remit the balance in the account to the transportation development district and close the account of that county. The director of revenue shall notify each transportation development district of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the district.
- 8. Except as provided in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 and 32.087, RSMo, shall apply to the tax imposed under this 213 section.

238.410. 1. Any county transit authority established pursuant to section 238.400 may impose a sales tax of up to one percent on all retail sales made in 2 such county which are subject to taxation under the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525, RSMo. The tax authorized by this section shall be in addition to any and all other sales taxes allowed by law, except that no sales tax imposed under 5 the provisions of this section shall be effective unless the governing body of the 6 county, on behalf of the transit authority, submits to the voters of the county, at 7 a county or state general, primary or special election, a proposal to authorize the 9 transit authority to impose a tax.

10 2. The ballot of submission shall contain, but need not be limited to, the 11 following language:

12Shall the Transit Authority impose a countywide sales tax of (insert amount) in order to provide revenues for the operation of 13 transportation facilities operated by the transit authority? 14

 \square YES \square NO

16 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "Yes". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "No".

- 18 If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting
- 19 thereon are in favor of the proposal, then the tax shall become effective on the
- 20 first day of the second calendar quarter following notification to the department
- 21 of revenue of adoption of the tax. If a majority of the votes cast by the qualified
- 22 voters voting are opposed to the proposal, then the transit authority shall have
- 23 no power to impose the sales tax authorized by this section unless and until
- 24 another proposal to authorize the transit authority to impose the sales tax
- 25 authorized by this section has been submitted and such proposal is approved by
- 26 a majority of the qualified voters voting thereon.

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- 3. All revenue received by the transit authority from the tax authorized under the provisions of this section shall be deposited in a special trust fund and shall be used solely by the transit authority for construction, purchase, lease, maintenance and operation of transportation facilities located within the county for so long as the tax shall remain in effect. Any funds in such special trust fund which are not needed for current expenditures may be invested by the transit authority in accordance with applicable laws relating to the investment of county funds.
- 4. No transit authority imposing a sales tax pursuant to this section may repeal or amend such sales tax unless such repeal or amendment is submitted to and approved by the voters of the county in the same manner as provided in subsection 1 of this section for approval of such tax. Whenever the governing body of any county in which a sales tax has been imposed in the manner provided by this section receives a petition, signed by ten percent of the registered voters of such county voting in the last gubernatorial election, calling for an election to repeal such sales tax, the governing body shall submit to the voters of such county a proposal to repeal the sales tax imposed under the provisions of this section. If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the registered voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal to repeal the sales tax, then such sales tax is repealed. If a majority of the votes cast by the registered voters voting thereon are opposed to the proposal to repeal the sales tax, then such sales tax shall remain in effect.
- 5. The sales tax imposed under the provisions of this section shall impose upon all sellers a tax for the privilege of engaging in the business of selling

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tangible personal property or rendering taxable services at retail to the extent 51 52 and in the manner provided in sections 144.010 to 144.525, RSMo, and the rules and regulations of the director of revenue issued pursuant thereto; except that 53 54the rate of the tax shall be the rate approved pursuant to this section. The amount reported and returned to the director of revenue by the seller shall be 55 56 computed on the basis of the combined rate of the tax imposed by sections 57 144.010 to 144.525, RSMo, and the tax imposed by this section, plus any amounts 58 imposed under other provisions of law.

- 6. After the effective date of any tax imposed under the provisions of this section, the director of revenue shall perform all functions incident to the administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of the tax, and the director of revenue shall collect in addition to the sales tax for the state of Missouri the additional tax authorized under the authority of this section. The tax imposed under this section and the tax imposed under the sales tax law of the state of Missouri shall be collected together and reported upon such forms and under such administrative rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the director of revenue. In order to permit sellers required to collect and report the sales tax to collect the amount required to be reported and remitted, but not to change the requirements of reporting or remitting tax or to serve as a levy of the tax, and in order to avoid fractions of pennies, the applicable provisions of section 144.285, RSMo, shall apply to all taxable transactions.
- 727. All applicable provisions contained in sections 144.010 to 144.525, 73 RSMo, governing the state sales tax and section 32.057, RSMo, the uniform confidentiality provision, shall apply to the collection of the tax imposed by this 74section, except as modified in this section. All exemptions granted to agencies of 75government, organizations, persons and to the sale of certain articles and items 76 of tangible personal property and taxable services under the provisions of sections 77 144.010 to 144.525, RSMo, are hereby made applicable to the imposition and 78 collection of the tax imposed by this section. The same sales tax permit, 79 80 exemption certificate and retail certificate required by sections 144.010 to 144.525, RSMo, for the administration and collection of the state sales tax shall 81 82 satisfy the requirements of this section, and no additional permit or exemption certificate or retail certificate shall be required; except that the director of 83 revenue may prescribe a form of exemption certificate for an exemption from the 84 tax imposed by this section. All discounts allowed the retailer under the 85 provisions of the state sales tax law for the collection of and for payment of taxes 86

under chapter 144, RSMo, are hereby allowed and made applicable to any taxes collected under the provisions of this section. The penalties provided in section 32.057, RSMo, and sections 144.010 to 144.525, RSMo, for a violation of those sections are hereby made applicable to violations of this section.

- 8. [For the purposes of a sales tax imposed pursuant to this section, all retail sales shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business of the retailer, except for tangible personal property sold which is delivered by the retailer or his agent to an out-of-state destination or to a common carrier for delivery to an out-of-state destination and except for the sale of motor vehicles, trailers, boats and outboard motors, which is provided for in subsection 12 of this section. In the event a retailer has more than one place of business in this state which participates in the sale, the sale shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business of the retailer where the initial order for the tangible personal property is taken, even though the order must be forwarded elsewhere for acceptance, approval of credit, shipment or billing. A sale by a retailer's employee shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business from which he works.
- 9.] All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under this section on behalf of any transit authority, less one percent for cost of collection which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in this section, shall be deposited in the state treasury in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the "County Transit Authority Sales Tax Trust Fund". The moneys in the county transit authority sales tax trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state. The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the trust fund which was collected in each transit authority imposing a sales tax under this section, and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of the county and the public. Not later than the tenth day of each month the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during the preceding month to the transit authority which levied the tax.
- [10.] 9. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any transit authority for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may authorize the state treasurer to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such transit authorities. If any transit authority abolishes the tax, the transit

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authority shall notify the director of revenue of the action at least ninety days prior to the effective date of the repeal and the director of revenue may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such transit authority, the director of revenue shall authorize the state treasurer to remit the balance in the account to the transit authority and close the account of that transit authority. The director of revenue shall notify each transit authority of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the transit authority. The director of revenue shall annually report on his management of the trust fund and administration of the sales taxes authorized by this section. He shall provide each transit authority imposing the tax authorized by this section with a detailed accounting of the source of all funds received by him for the transit authority.

[11.] 10. The director of revenue and any of his deputies, assistants and employees, who shall have any duties or responsibilities in connection with the collection, deposit, transfer, transmittal, disbursement, safekeeping, accounting, or recording of funds which come into the hands of the director of revenue under the provisions of this section shall enter a surety bond or bonds payable to any and all transit authorities in whose behalf such funds have been collected under this section in the amount of one hundred thousand dollars; but the director of revenue may enter into a blanket bond or bonds covering himself and all such deputies, assistants and employees. The cost of the premium or premiums for the surety bond or bonds shall be paid by the director of revenue from the share of the collection retained by the director of revenue for the benefit of the state.

[12.] 11. Sales taxes imposed pursuant to this section and use taxes on the purchase and sale of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors shall not be collected and remitted by the seller, but shall be collected by the director of revenue at the time application is made for a certificate of title, if the address of the applicant is within a county where a sales tax is imposed under this section. The amounts so collected, less the one percent collection cost, shall be deposited in the county transit authority sales tax trust fund. The purchase or sale of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors shall be deemed to be consummated at the address of the applicant. As used in this subsection, the term "boat" shall only include motorboats and vessels as the terms "motorboat"

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and "vessel" are defined in section 306.010, RSMo.

- 160 [13.] 12. In any county where the transit authority sales tax has been imposed, if any person is delinquent in the payment of the amount required to be 161 162paid by him under this section or in the event a determination has been made against him for taxes and penalty under this section, the limitation for bringing 163164 suit for the collection of the delinquent tax and penalty shall be the same as that provided in sections 144.010 to 144.525, RSMo. Where the director of revenue 165166 has determined that suit must be filed against any person for the collection of 167delinquent taxes due the state under the state sales tax law, and where such person is also delinquent in payment of taxes under this section, the director of 168169 revenue shall notify the transit authority to which delinquent taxes are due under this section by United States registered mail or certified mail at least ten 170days before turning the case over to the attorney general. The transit authority, 171172acting through its attorney, may join in such suit as a party plaintiff to seek a judgment for the delinquent taxes and penalty due such transit authority. In the 173 event any person fails or refuses to pay the amount of any sales tax due under 174this section, the director of revenue shall promptly notify the transit authority to 175 which the tax would be due so that appropriate action may be taken by the 176 177 transit authority.
 - [14.] 13. Where property is seized by the director of revenue under the provisions of any law authorizing seizure of the property of a taxpayer who is delinquent in payment of the tax imposed by the state sales tax law, and where such taxpayer is also delinquent in payment of any tax imposed by this section, the director of revenue shall permit the transit authority to join in any sale of property to pay the delinquent taxes and penalties due the state and to the transit authority under this section. The proceeds from such sale shall first be applied to all sums due the state, and the remainder, if any, shall be applied to all sums due such transit authority under this section.
 - [15. The transit authority created under the provisions of sections 238.400 to 238.412 shall notify any and all affected businesses of the change in tax rate caused by the imposition of the tax authorized by sections 238.400 to 238.412.]
- 190 14. Except as provided in sections 238.400 to 238.412, all provisions of sections 32.085 and 32.087, RSMo, shall apply to the tax 192 imposed under sections 238.410 to 238.412.

644.032. 1. The governing body of any municipality or county may 2 impose, by ordinance or order, a sales tax in an amount not to exceed one-half of

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one percent on all retail sales made in such municipality or county which are subject to taxation under the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525, RSMo. The tax authorized by this section and section 644.033 shall be in 5 addition to any and all other sales taxes allowed by law, except that no ordinance or order imposing a sales tax under the provisions of this section and section 7 644.033 shall be effective unless the governing body of the municipality or county submits to the voters of the municipality or county, at a municipal, county or 9 10 state general, primary or special election, a proposal to authorize the governing 11 body of the municipality or county to impose a tax[, provided, that the tax authorized by this section shall not be imposed on the sales of food, as defined in 12section 144.014, RSMo, when imposed by any county with a charter form of 13 14 government and with more than one million inhabitants].

2. The ballot of submission shall contain, but need not be limited to, the following language:

Shall the municipality (county) of impose a sales tax of (insert amount) for the purpose of providing funding for (insert either storm water control, or local parks, or storm water control and local parks) for the municipality (county)?

 \square YES \square NO

22If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal, then the ordinance or order and any 23amendments thereto shall be in effect on the first day of the second quarter after 24the director of revenue receives notice of adoption of the tax. If a majority of the 25 votes cast by the qualified voters voting are opposed to the proposal, then the 26 governing body of the municipality or county shall not impose the sales tax 27 28 authorized in this section and section 644.033 until the governing body of the municipality or county resubmits another proposal to authorize the governing 29 30 body of the municipality or county to impose the sales tax authorized by this 31 section and section 644.033 and such proposal is approved by a majority of the 32qualified voters voting thereon; however, in no event shall a proposal pursuant 33 to this section and section 644.033 be submitted to the voters sooner than twelve months from the date of the last proposal pursuant to this section and section 34 644.033. 35

3. All revenue received by a municipality or county from the tax authorized under the provisions of this section and section 644.033 shall be deposited in a special trust fund and shall be used to provide funding for storm

water control or for local parks, or both, within such municipality or county, provided that such revenue may be used for local parks outside such municipality or county if the municipality or county is engaged in a cooperative agreement pursuant to section 70.220, RSMo.

4. Any funds in such special trust fund which are not needed for current expenditures may be invested by the governing body in accordance with applicable laws relating to the investment of other municipal or county funds.

[144.046. In addition to the exemptions granted under the provisions of section 144.030, there is hereby specifically exempted from the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525 and sections 144.600 to 144.748 and from the computation of the tax levied, assessed or payable under sections 144.010 to 144.525 and sections 144.600 to 144.748, the sale at retail of separately measured electrical current to manufacturers of batteries in this state for conversion to stored chemical energy in new lead-acid storage batteries solely for the purpose of providing an initial charge in such batteries during the manufacturing process but not for the purpose of recharging any previously manufactured batteries. The sale at retail of such separately measured electrical current described in this section shall not be exempted from any local sales tax imposed under a local sales tax law, as defined in section 32.085, RSMo.]

[144.517. In addition to the exemptions granted pursuant to section 144.030, there shall also be exempted from state sales and use taxes all sales of textbooks, as defined by section 170.051, RSMo, when such textbook is purchased by a student who possesses proof of current enrollment at any Missouri public or private university, college or other postsecondary institution of higher learning offering a course of study leading to a degree in the liberal arts, humanities or sciences or in a professional, vocational or technical field, provided that the books which are exempt from state sales tax are those required or recommended for a class. Upon request the institution or department must provide at least one list of textbooks to the bookstore each semester. Alternately, the student may provide to the bookstore a list from the instructor, department or institution of his or her

required or recommended textbooks. This exemption shall not apply to any locally imposed sales or use tax.]

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