FIRST REGULAR SESSION

SENATE BILL NO. 176

96TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATORS MUNZLINGER, NIEVES, LAGER, RICHARD AND RIDGEWAY.

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TERRY L. SPIELER, Secretary.

AN ACT

To repeal sections 290.210, 290.250, 290.260, 290.262, 290.290, and 290.340, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof six new sections relating to public construction, with existing penalty provisions.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 290.210, 290.250, 290.260, 290.262, 290.290, and

- 2 290.340, RSMo, are repealed and six new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be
- 3 known as sections 290.210, 290.250, 290.260, 290.262, 290.290, and 290.340, to
- 4 read as follows:

290.210. As used in sections 290.210 to 290.340, unless the context

- 2 indicates otherwise:
- 3 (1) "Construction" includes construction, reconstruction, improvement,
- 4 enlargement, alteration, painting and decorating, or major repair.
- 5 (2) "Department" means the department of labor and industrial relations.
- 6 (3) "Locality" means the county where the physical work upon public
- 7 works is performed [, except that if there is not available in the county a sufficient
- 8 number of competent skilled workmen to construct the public works efficiently
- 9 and properly, "locality" may include two or more counties adjacent to the one in
- 10 which the work or construction is to be performed and from which such workers
- 11 may be obtained in sufficient numbers to perform the work, and that, with respect
- 12 to contracts with the state highways and transportation commission, "locality"
- 13 may be construed to include two or more adjacent counties from which workmen
- 14 may be accessible for work on such construction].

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15 (4) "Maintenance work" means the repair, but not the replacement, of 16 existing facilities when the size, type or extent of the existing facilities is not 17 thereby changed or increased.

(5) "Prevailing hourly rate of wages" means the average rate of wages paid generally, in the locality in which the public works is being performed, to workmen engaged in work of a similar character including the basic hourly rate of pay and the amount of the rate of contributions [irrevocably made by a contractor or subcontractor to a trustee or] to a [third person pursuant to a] fund, plan or program, and the amount of the rate of costs to the contractor or subcontractor which may be reasonably anticipated in providing benefits to workmen and mechanics pursuant to an enforceable commitment to carry out a financially responsible plan or program which was communicated in writing to the workmen affected, for medical or hospital care, pensions on retirement or death, compensation for injuries or illness resulting from occupational activity, or insurance to provide any of the foregoing, for unemployment benefits, life insurance, disability and sickness insurance, accident insurance, for vacation and holiday pay, for defraying costs of apprenticeship or other similar programs, or for other bona fide fringe benefits, but only where the contractor or subcontractor is not required by other federal or state law to provide any of the benefits; provided, that the obligation of a contractor or subcontractor to make payment in accordance with the prevailing wage determinations of the department, insofar as sections 290.210 to 290.340 are concerned, may be discharged by the making of payments in cash, [by the making of irrevocable] contributions to [trustees or third persons as provided herein, by the assumption of] an enforceable commitment to bear the costs of a plan or program as provided herein, or any combination thereof, where the aggregate of such payments, contributions and costs is not less than the rate of pay plus the other amounts as provided herein. If the department is unable to determine the prevailing hourly rate of wages in a particular locality by means of wage surveys for workmen engaged in work of a similar character, the prevailing hourly rate of wages for that locality shall be deemed:

(a) The median hourly wage estimate for the construction and extraction occupational code most closely resembling the occupational title as published in the latest United States Bureau of Labor Statistics published on or before December thirty-first of the year of the survey for that respective locality by Metropolitan and Non-Metropolitan Area

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51 Occupational Employment Wage Estimate; or

(b) If no such rate can be determined under paragraph (a) of this subdivision, the median hourly wage estimate for occupational code 47-0000 in the construction and extraction occupational code, published in the latest United States Bureau of Labor Statistics publication on or before December thirty-first of the year of the survey shall be the prevailing wage for such occupational title;

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- (6) "Public body" means the state of Missouri or any officer, official, authority, board or commission of the state, or other political subdivision thereof, or any institution supported in whole or in part by public funds.
- (7) "Public works" means all fixed works constructed for public use or benefit or paid for wholly or in part out of public funds. It also includes any work done directly by any public utility company when performed by it pursuant to the order of the public service commission or other public authority whether or not it be done under public supervision or direction or paid for wholly or in part out of public funds when let to contract by said utility. It does not include any work done for or by any drainage or levee district.
 - (8) "Workmen" means laborers, workmen and mechanics.
- 290.250. 1. Every public body authorized to contract for or construct public works before advertising for bids or undertaking such construction shall request the department to determine the prevailing rates of wages for workmen for the class or type of work called for by the public works, in the locality where the work is to be performed. The department shall determine the prevailing 5 hourly rate of wages in the locality in which the work is to be performed for each 7 type of workman required to execute the contemplated contract and such determination or schedule of the prevailing hourly rate of wages shall be attached to and made a part of the specifications for the work. The public body shall then 9 10 specify in the resolution or ordinance and in the call for bids for the contract what is the prevailing hourly rate of wages in the locality for each type of workman 11 12 needed to execute the contract and also the general prevailing rate for legal holiday and overtime work. It shall be mandatory upon the contractor to whom 13 14 the contract is awarded and upon any subcontractor under him to pay not less than the specified rates to all workmen employed by them in the execution of the 15 16 contract. The public body awarding the contract shall cause to be inserted in the 17 contract a stipulation to the effect that not less than the prevailing hourly rate of wages shall be paid to all workmen performing work under the contract. The 18

employer shall forfeit as a penalty to the state, county, city and county, city, town, district or other political subdivision on whose behalf the contract is made or awarded one hundred dollars for each workman employed, for each calendar day, or portion thereof, such workman is paid less than the said stipulated rates for any work done under said contract, by him or by any subcontractor under him, and the said public body awarding the contract shall cause to be inserted in the contract a stipulation to this effect. It shall be the duty of such public body awarding the contract, and its agents and officers, to take cognizance of all complaints of all violations of the provisions of sections 290.210 to 290.340 committed in the course of the execution of the contract, and, when making payments to the contractor becoming due under said contract, to withhold and retain therefrom all sums and amounts due and owing as a result of any violation of sections 290.210 to 290.340. It shall be lawful for any contractor to withhold from any subcontractor under him sufficient sums to cover any penalties withheld from him by the awarding body on account of said subcontractor's failure to comply with the terms of sections 290.210 to 290.340, and if payment has already been made to him, the contractor may recover from him the amount of the penalty in a suit at law.

- 2. In determining whether a violation of sections 290.210 to 290.340 has occurred, [and whether the penalty under subsection 1 of this section shall be imposed,] it shall be the duty of the department to investigate any claim of violation. Upon completing such investigation, the department shall notify the employer of its findings. If the department concludes that a violation of sections 290.210 to 290.340 has occurred and a penalty may be due, the department shall notify the employer of such finding by providing a notice of [penalty] violation to the employer. [Such penalty shall not be due until forty-five days after the date of the notice of the penalty.]
- 3. The employer shall have the right to dispute such notice of [penalty] violation in writing to the department within forty-five days of the date of the notice. Upon receipt of this written notice of dispute, the department shall notify the employer of the right to resolve such dispute through arbitration. The state and the employer shall submit to an arbitration process to be established by the department by rule, and in conformance with the guidelines and rules of the American Arbitration Association or other arbitration process mutually agreed upon by the employer and the state. If at any time prior to the department pursuing an enforcement action [to enforce the monetary penalty provisions of

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subsection 1 of this section] against the employer, the employer pays the back 55 56 wages as determined by either the department or the arbitrator, the department shall be precluded from initiating any enforcement action to impose the monetary 57 58 penalty provisions of subsection 1 of this section and no other administrative, civil, or criminal action shall be taken against the contractor, 59 subcontractor, employee, agent, owner, or principal of the 60 employer. Any dispute resolved pursuant to this subsection prior to the 62 department initiating an enforcement action shall not be considered a 63 violation for the purposes of section 290.330.

- 4. If the employer fails to pay all wages due as determined by the arbitrator within forty-five days following the conclusion of the arbitration process, or if the employer fails to exercise the right to seek arbitration, the department may then pursue an enforcement action to enforce the monetary penalty provisions of subsection 1 of this section against the employer. If the court orders payment of the penalties as prescribed in subsection 1 of this section, the department shall be entitled to recover its actual cost of enforcement from such penalty amount.
- 5. Nothing in this section shall be interpreted as precluding an action for enforcement filed by an aggrieved employee as otherwise provided in law.
- 290.260. 1. The department, as it deems necessary, shall from time to time investigate and determine the prevailing hourly rate of wages in the localities. A determination applicable to every locality to be contained in a general wage order shall be made annually on or before July first of each year for the Missouri state highways and transportation commission and shall remain in effect until superseded by a new general wage order. [In determining] To determine the prevailing rates of wages, the department shall ascertain [and consider the applicable wage rates established by collective bargaining agreements, if any, and] the average of the rates that are paid generally within the locality.
- 2. A certified copy of the determination so made shall be filed immediately with the secretary of state and with the department in Jefferson City. Copies shall be supplied by the department to all persons requesting them within ten days after the filing.
- 3. At any time within thirty days after the certified copies of the determinations have been filed with the secretary of state and the department, any person who is affected thereby may object in writing to the determination or

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the part thereof that he deems objectionable by filing a written notice with the 18 19 department, stating the specific grounds of the objection.

- 20 4. Within thirty days of the receipt of the objection, the department shall 21set a date for a hearing on the objection. The date for the hearing shall be within 22sixty days of the receipt of the objection. Written notice of the time and place of 23 the hearing shall be given to the objectors at least ten days prior to the date set for the hearing. 24
- 255. The department at its discretion may hear each written objection 26 separately or consolidate for hearing any two or more written objections. At the hearing the department shall first introduce in evidence the investigation it 27instituted and the other facts which were considered at the time of the original 28 determination which formed the basis for its determination. The department, or 29 the objector, or any interested party, thereafter may introduce any evidence that 30 is material to the issues. 31
- 6. Within twenty days of the conclusion of the hearing, the department must rule on the written objection and make the final determination that it believes the evidence warrants. Immediately, the department shall file a certified copy of its final determination with the secretary of state and with the department and shall serve a copy of the final determination on all parties to the 36 proceedings by personal service or by registered mail.
 - 7. This final decision of the department of the prevailing wages in the locality is subject to review in accordance with the provisions of chapter 536. Any person affected, whether or not the person participated in the proceedings resulting in the final determination, may have the decision of the department reviewed. The filing of the final determination with the secretary of state shall be considered a service of the final determination on persons not participating in the administrative proceedings resulting in the final determination.
- 8. At any time before trial any person affected by the final determination 45 of the department may intervene in the proceedings to review under chapter 536 46 and be made a party to the proceedings. 47
- 48 9. All proceedings in any court affecting a determination of the department under the provisions of sections 290.210 to 290.340 shall have 50 priority in hearing and determination over all other civil proceedings pending in the court, except election contests. 51
 - 290.262. 1. Except as otherwise provided in section 290.260, the department shall annually investigate and determine the prevailing hourly rate

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of wages in each locality for each separate occupational title. A final determination applicable to every locality to be contained in an annual wage order shall be made annually on or before July first of each year and shall remain 5 in effect until superseded by a new annual wage order or as otherwise provided in this section. [In determining] To determine the prevailing rates of wages, 7 the department shall ascertain [and consider the applicable wage rates established by collective bargaining agreements, if any, and the average of the 9 10 rates that are paid generally within the locality, and shall, by March tenth of 11 each year, make an initial determination for each occupational title within the locality. 12

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- 2. A certified copy of the initial determinations so made shall be filed immediately with the secretary of state and with the department in Jefferson City. Copies shall be supplied by the department to all persons requesting them within ten days after the filing.
- 3. At any time within thirty days after the certified copies of the determinations have been filed with the secretary of state and the department, any person who is affected thereby may object in writing to a determination or a part thereof that he deems objectionable by filing a written notice with the department, stating the specific grounds of the objection. If no objection is filed, the determination is final after thirty days.
 - 4. After the receipt of the objection, the department shall set a date for a hearing on the objection. The date for the hearing shall be within sixty days of the receipt of the objection. Written notice of the time and place of the hearing shall be given to the objectors at least ten days prior to the date set for the hearing.
 - 5. The department at its discretion may hear each written objection separately or consolidate for hearing any two or more written objections. At the hearing the department shall first introduce in evidence the investigation it instituted and the other facts which were considered at the time of the original determination which formed the basis for its determination. The department, or the objector, or any interested party, thereafter may introduce any evidence that is material to the issues.
- 6. Within twenty days of the conclusion of the hearing, the department shall rule on the written objection and make the final determination that it believes the evidence warrants. Immediately, the department shall file a certified copy of its final determination with the secretary of state and with the

department and shall serve a copy of the final determination on all parties to the proceedings by personal service or by registered mail.

- 7. This final decision of the department of the prevailing wages in the locality for each occupational title is subject to review in accordance with the provisions of chapter 536. Any person affected, whether or not the person participated in the proceedings resulting in the final determination, may have the decision of the department reviewed. The filing of the final determination with the secretary of state shall be considered a service of the final determination on persons not participating in the administrative proceedings resulting in the final determination.
- 8. At any time before trial any person affected by the final determination of the department may intervene in the proceedings to review under chapter 536 and be made a party to the proceedings.
 - 9. [Any annual wage order made for a particular occupational title in a locality may be altered once each year, as provided in this subsection. The prevailing wage for each such occupational title may be adjusted on the anniversary date of any collective bargaining agreement which covers all persons in that particular occupational title in the locality in accordance with any annual incremental wage increases set in the collective bargaining agreement. If the prevailing wage for an occupational title is adjusted pursuant to this subsection, the employee's representative or employer in regard to such collective bargaining agreement shall notify the department of this adjustment, including the effective date of the adjustment. The adjusted prevailing wage shall be in effect until the next final annual wage order is issued pursuant to this section.] The wage rates for any particular job, contracted and commenced within sixty days of the contract date, which were set as a result of the annual [or revised] wage order, shall remain in effect for the duration of that particular job.
 - 10. In addition to all other reporting requirements of sections 290.210 to 290.340, each public body which is awarding a contract for a public works project shall, prior to beginning of any work on such public works project, notify the department, on a form prescribed by the department, of the scope of the work to be done, the various types of craftsmen who will be needed on the project, and the date work will commence on the project.

290.290. 1. The contractor and each subcontractor engaged in any construction of public works shall keep full and accurate records clearly indicating the names, occupations and crafts of every workman employed by them

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4 in connection with the public work together with an accurate record of the 5 number of hours worked by each workman and the actual wages paid 6 therefor. The payroll records required to be so kept shall be open to inspection 7 by any authorized representative of the contracting public body or of the 8 department at any reasonable time and as often as may be necessary and such 9 records shall not be destroyed or removed from the state for the period of one year 10 following the completion of the public work in connection with which the records 11 are made.

- 2. Each contractor and subcontractor shall file with the contracting public body upon completion of the public work and prior to final payment therefor an affidavit stating that he had fully complied with the provisions and requirements of this chapter, and no public body shall be authorized to make final payment until such affidavit is filed therewith in proper form and order.
- 17 [3. Each contractor and subcontractor engaged in any construction of public works shall have its name, acceptable abbreviation or recognizable logo 18 and the name of the city and state of the mailing address of the principal office 19 20 of the company, on each motor vehicle and motorized self-propelled piece of equipment which is used in connection with such public works project during the 2122time the contractor or subcontractor is engaged on such project. The sign shall 23be legible from a distance of twenty feet but the size of the lettering need not be 24 larger than two inches. In cases where equipment is leased or where affixing a 25legible sign to the equipment is impractical, the contractor may place a temporary 26 stationary sign, with the information required pursuant to this subsection, at the main entrance of the construction project in place of affixing the required 27information on the equipment so long as such sign is not in violation of any state 28 or federal statute, rule or regulation. Motor vehicles which are required to have 29 similar information affixed thereto pursuant to requirements of a regulatory 30 31 agency of the state or federal government are exempt from the provisions of this 32 subsection.
- 4. The provisions of subsection 3 of this section shall not apply to construction of public works for which the contract awarded is in the amount of two hundred fifty thousand dollars or less.]

290.340. Any officer, official, member, agent or representative of any public body, contractor or subcontractor who willfully violates and omits to comply with any of the provisions and requirements of sections 290.210 to 290.340 shall be punished for each violation thereof by a fine not exceeding five

5 hundred dollars[, or by imprisonment not exceeding six months, or by both such

- 6 fine and imprisonment]. Each day such violation or omission continues shall
- 7 constitute a separate offense as contemplated by this section.

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