SENATE SUBSTITUTE

FOR

SENATE BILL NO. 24

AN ACT

To repeal sections 32.087, 67.990, 67.993, 94.902, 99.805, 137.115, 137.280, 143.121, and 144.757, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof fifteen new sections relating to taxation, with an emergency clause for a certain section.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 32.087, 67.990, 67.993, 94.902,

- 2 99.805, 137.115, 137.280, 143.121, and 144.757, RSMo, are
- 3 repealed and fifteen new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to
- 4 be known as sections 32.087, 67.990, 67.993, 94.902, 99.805,
- **5** 99.821, 135.755, 137.115, 137.280, 139.305, 143.121, 144.757,
- 6 620.3210, 650.550, and 650.555, to read as follows:
 - 32.087. 1. Within ten days after the adoption of any
- 2 ordinance or order in favor of adoption of any local sales
- 3 tax authorized under the local sales tax law by the voters
- 4 of a taxing entity, the governing body or official of such
- 5 taxing entity shall forward to the director of revenue by
- 6 United States registered mail or certified mail a certified
- 7 copy of the ordinance or order. The ordinance or order
- 8 shall reflect the effective date thereof.
- 9 2. Any local sales tax so adopted shall become
- 10 effective on the first day of the second calendar quarter
- 11 after the director of revenue receives notice of adoption of
- 12 the local sales tax, except as provided in subsection 18 of
- 13 this section, and shall be imposed on all transactions on
- 14 which the Missouri state sales tax is imposed.
- 15 3. (1) Every retailer within the jurisdiction of one
- 16 or more taxing entities which has imposed one or more local
- 17 sales taxes under the local sales tax law shall add all

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    taxes so imposed along with the tax imposed by the sales tax
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    law of the state of Missouri to the sale price and, when
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    added, the combined tax shall constitute a part of the
    price, and shall be a debt of the purchaser to the retailer
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    until paid, and shall be recoverable at law in the same
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    manner as the purchase price. The combined rate of the
    state sales tax and all local sales taxes shall be the sum
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    of the rates, multiplying the combined rate times the amount
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    of the sale.
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         (2) In addition to any local sales tax imposed or
    authorized under the local sales tax law as of January 1,
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    2022, any taxing jurisdiction may impose one or more sales
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    taxes on all retail sales made in such taxing jurisdiction
    which are subject to taxation under the provisions of
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    chapter 144 for any purpose designated by the taxing
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    jurisdiction in its ballot of submission to its voters;
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    provided, however, that no sales tax shall be effective
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    unless the governing body of the taxing jurisdiction submits
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    to the voters of the taxing jurisdiction, at a state general
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    election, a proposal to authorize the taxing jurisdiction to
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    impose a tax under the provisions of this subsection.
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    taxes authorized by this subsection shall be in addition to
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    any and all other sales taxes allowed by law.
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         (3) The ballot of submission shall contain, but need
    not be limited to, the following language:
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          Shall ..... (taxing jurisdiction's name)
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          impose a sales tax at the rate of ..... (insert
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          amount) for the purpose of ..... (insert
          purpose)?
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 \square NO

□ YES

- 48 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box
- 49 opposite "YES". If you are opposed to the question, place
- 50 an "X" in the box opposite "NO".
- 51 If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the
- 52 qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the
- 53 proposal, then the sales tax shall be in effect. If a
- 54 majority of the votes cast by the qualified voters voting
- 55 are opposed to the proposal, then the governing body of the
- 56 taxing jurisdiction shall have no power to impose the sales
- 57 tax authorized by this subsection unless and until the
- 58 governing body of the taxing jurisdiction shall again have
- 59 submitted another proposal to authorize it to impose the
- 60 sales tax under the provisions of this subsection and such
- 61 proposal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters
- 62 voting thereon.
- 63 (4) Sales taxes imposed or authorized under the local
- 64 sales tax law as of January 1, 2022, and under the
- 65 provisions of this subsection shall not exceed the following
- amounts:
- 67 (a) For local sales taxes imposed and retained by a
- 68 taxing entity that is incorporated as a city, town, or
- 69 village, the total combined rate shall not exceed four and
- 70 one-half percent;
- 71 (b) For local sales taxes imposed and retained by a
- 72 county, excluding cities not within a county, the total
- 73 combined rate shall not exceed four and one-half percent;
- 74 (c) For local sales taxes imposed and retained by a
- 75 city not within a county, the total combined rate shall not
- 76 exceed nine percent;
- 77 (d) For local sales taxes imposed and retained by all
- 78 taxing jurisdictions other than those described in
- 79 paragraphs (a) to (c) of this subdivision, the total

- 80 combined rate of sales taxes in any given taxing
- 81 jurisdiction shall not exceed three percent. For the
- 82 purposes of this paragraph, local sales taxes imposed by
- 83 taxing entities described in paragraphs (a) to (c) of this
- 84 subdivision in a given taxing jurisdiction shall not be
- 85 included in the calculation of the total combined rate of
- 86 sales taxes under this paragraph.
- 87 (5) For the purposes of subdivision (4) of this
- 88 subsection, no transient guest tax or convention and tourism
- 89 tax, including sections 92.325 to 92.340, shall be
- 90 considered a local sales tax under the local sales tax law.
- 91 (6) (a) In any election in which more than one sales
- 92 tax levy is approved by the voters, and the passage of such
- 93 levies results in a combined rate of sales tax in excess of
- 94 the limits provided for under subdivision (4) of this
- 95 subsection, only the sales tax levy receiving the most votes
- 96 shall become effective, provided such levy does not result
- 97 in a combined rate of sales tax in excess of the limits
- 98 provided for under subdivision (4) of this subsection.
- 99 (b) No taxing jurisdiction with a combined rate of
- 100 sales tax in excess of the rates provided in subdivision (4)
- of this subsection as of August 28, 2021, shall be required
- 102 to reduce or repeal any such sales tax rate.
- 103 4. The brackets required to be established by the
- director of revenue under the provisions of section 144.285
- 105 shall be based upon the sum of the combined rate of the
- 106 state sales tax and all local sales taxes imposed under the
- 107 provisions of the local sales tax law.
- 108 5. (1) The ordinance or order imposing a local sales
- 109 tax under the local sales tax law shall impose a tax upon
- 110 all transactions upon which the Missouri state sales tax is
- 111 imposed to the extent and in the manner provided in sections
- 112 144.010 to 144.525, and the rules and regulations of the

- director of revenue issued pursuant thereto; except that the rate of the tax shall be the sum of the combined rate of the state sales tax or state highway use tax and all local sales taxes imposed under the provisions of the local sales tax law.
- Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the 118 (2) contrary, local taxing jurisdictions, except those in which 119 120 voters have approved a local use tax under section 144.757, 121 shall have placed on the ballot on or after the general 122 election in November 2014, but no later than the general election in November 2022, whether to repeal application of 123 the local sales tax to the titling of motor vehicles, 124 125 trailers, boats, and outboard motors that are subject to state sales tax under section 144.020 and purchased from a 126 source other than a licensed Missouri dealer. 127 128 question presented to the local voters shall contain 129 substantially the following language:
- Shall the _____ (local jurisdiction's name)
 discontinue applying and collecting the local
 sales tax on the titling of motor vehicles,
 trailers, boats, and outboard motors that were
 purchased from a source other than a licensed
 Missouri dealer?

Approval of this measure will result in a reduction of local revenue to provide for vital services for ______ (local jurisdiction's name) and it will place Missouri dealers of motor vehicles, outboard motors, boats, and trailers at a competitive disadvantage to non-Missouri dealers of motor vehicles, outboard motors, boats, and trailers.

144 U YES U NO

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If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

- 149 (3) If the ballot question set forth in subdivision 150 (2) of this subsection receives a majority of the votes cast 151 in favor of the proposal, or if the local taxing jurisdiction fails to place the ballot question before the 152 153 voters on or before the general election in November 2022, 154 the local taxing jurisdiction shall cease applying the local 155 sales tax to the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, 156 and outboard motors that were purchased from a source other 157 than a licensed Missouri dealer.
- 158 In addition to the requirement that the ballot question set forth in subdivision (2) of this subsection be 159 placed before the voters, the governing body of any local 160 161 taxing jurisdiction that had previously imposed a local use 162 tax on the use of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors may, at any time, place a proposal on the 163 164 ballot at any election to repeal application of the local 165 sales tax to the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors purchased from a source other than a 166 167 licensed Missouri dealer. If a majority of the votes cast by the registered voters voting thereon are in favor of the 168 proposal to repeal application of the local sales tax to 169 170 such titling, then the local sales tax shall no longer be applied to the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, 171 172 and outboard motors purchased from a source other than a 173 licensed Missouri dealer. If a majority of the votes cast 174 by the registered voters voting thereon are opposed to the proposal to repeal application of the local sales tax to 175 such titling, such application shall remain in effect. 176
 - (5) In addition to the requirement that the ballot question set forth in subdivision (2) of this subsection be placed before the voters on or after the general election in November 2014, and on or before the general election in November 2022, whenever the governing body of any local

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- 182 taxing jurisdiction imposing a local sales tax on the sale 183 of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors 184 receives a petition, signed by fifteen percent of the registered voters of such jurisdiction voting in the last 185 186 qubernatorial election, and calling for a proposal to be 187 placed on the ballot at any election to repeal application 188 of the local sales tax to the titling of motor vehicles, 189 trailers, boats, and outboard motors purchased from a source 190 other than a licensed Missouri dealer, the governing body 191 shall submit to the voters of such jurisdiction a proposal 192 to repeal application of the local sales tax to such 193 titling. If a majority of the votes cast by the registered 194 voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal to repeal 195 application of the local sales tax to such titling, then the 196 local sales tax shall no longer be applied to the titling of 197 motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors 198 purchased from a source other than a licensed Missouri dealer. If a majority of the votes cast by the registered 199 200 voters voting thereon are opposed to the proposal to repeal application of the local sales tax to such titling, such 201 202 application shall remain in effect.
- 203 (6) Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to 204 authorize the voters of any jurisdiction to repeal 205 application of any state sales or use tax.
- 206 If any local sales tax on the titling of motor 207 vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors purchased from a source other than a licensed Missouri dealer is 208 repealed, such repeal shall take effect on the first day of 209 210 the second calendar quarter after the election. If any 211 local sales tax on the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, 212 boats, and outboard motors purchased from a source other than a licensed Missouri dealer is required to cease to be 213 214 applied or collected due to failure of a local taxing

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jurisdiction to hold an election pursuant to subdivision (2) of this subsection, such cessation shall take effect on March 1, 2023.
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Notwithstanding any provision of law to the (8) contrary, if any local sales tax on the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors purchased from a source other than a licensed Missouri dealer is repealed after the general election in November 2014, or if the taxing jurisdiction failed to present the ballot to the voters at a general election on or before November 2022, then the governing body of such taxing jurisdiction may, at any election subsequent to the repeal or after the general election in November 2022, if the jurisdiction failed to present the ballot to the voters, place before the voters the issue of imposing a sales tax on the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors that are subject to state sales tax under section 144.020 that were purchased from a source other than a licensed Missouri dealer. The ballot question presented to the local voters shall contain substantially the following language:

235 Shall the _____ (local jurisdiction's name)
236 apply and collect the local sales tax on the
237 titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and
238 outboard motors that are subject to state sales
239 tax under section 144.020 and purchased from a
240 source other than a licensed Missouri dealer?
241 Approval of this measure will result in an

increase of local revenue to provide for vital services for ______ (local jurisdiction's name), and it will remove a competitive advantage that non-Missouri dealers of motor vehicles, outboard motors, boats, and trailers have over Missouri dealers of motor vehicles, outboard motors, boats, and trailers.

249 U YES U NO

- If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".
- 254 (9) If any local sales tax on the titling of motor 255 vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors purchased 256 from a source other than a licensed Missouri dealer is 257 adopted, such tax shall take effect and be imposed on the 258 first day of the second calendar guarter after the election.
- On and after the effective date of any local sales 259 260 tax imposed under the provisions of the local sales tax law, 261 the director of revenue shall perform all functions incident to the administration, collection, enforcement, and 262 263 operation of the tax, and the director of revenue shall collect in addition to the sales tax for the state of 264 265 Missouri all additional local sales taxes authorized under the authority of the local sales tax law. All local sales 266 267 taxes imposed under the local sales tax law together with all taxes imposed under the sales tax law of the state of 268 Missouri shall be collected together and reported upon such 269 270 forms and under such administrative rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the director of revenue. 271
- 7. All applicable provisions contained in sections
 144.010 to 144.525 governing the state sales tax and section
 32.057, the uniform confidentiality provision, shall apply
 to the collection of any local sales tax imposed under the
 local sales tax law except as modified by the local sales
 tax law.
- 8. All exemptions granted to agencies of government, organizations, persons and to the sale of certain articles and items of tangible personal property and taxable services under the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525, as these sections now read and as they may hereafter be

- amended, it being the intent of this general assembly to
 ensure that the same sales tax exemptions granted from the
 state sales tax law also be granted under the local sales
 tax law, are hereby made applicable to the imposition and
 collection of all local sales taxes imposed under the local
 sales tax law.
- The same sales tax permit, exemption certificate 289 290 and retail certificate required by sections 144.010 to 291 144.525 for the administration and collection of the state 292 sales tax shall satisfy the requirements of the local sales tax law, and no additional permit or exemption certificate 293 294 or retail certificate shall be required; except that the 295 director of revenue may prescribe a form of exemption 296 certificate for an exemption from any local sales tax 297 imposed by the local sales tax law.
- 298 10. All discounts allowed the retailer under the
 299 provisions of the state sales tax law for the collection of
 300 and for payment of taxes under the provisions of the state
 301 sales tax law are hereby allowed and made applicable to any
 302 local sales tax collected under the provisions of the local
 303 sales tax law.
- 11. The penalties provided in section 32.057 and sections 144.010 to 144.525 for a violation of the provisions of those sections are hereby made applicable to violations of the provisions of the local sales tax law.
- 308 For the purposes of any local sales tax 309 imposed by an ordinance or order under the local sales tax law, all sales, except the sale of motor vehicles, trailers, 310 311 boats, and outboard motors required to be titled under the 312 laws of the state of Missouri, shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business of the retailer unless 313 the tangible personal property sold is delivered by the 314 315 retailer or his agent to an out-of-state destination.

- 316 the event a retailer has more than one place of business in 317 this state which participates in the sale, the sale shall be 318 deemed to be consummated at the place of business of the retailer where the initial order for the tangible personal 319 320 property is taken, even though the order must be forwarded 321 elsewhere for acceptance, approval of credit, shipment or 322 billing. A sale by a retailer's agent or employee shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business from which 323 324 he works.
- 325 (2) For the purposes of any local sales tax imposed by an ordinance or order under the local sales tax law, the 326 sales tax upon the titling of all motor vehicles, trailers, 327 328 boats, and outboard motors shall be imposed at the rate in 329 effect at the location of the residence of the purchaser, 330 and remitted to that local taxing entity, and not at the 331 place of business of the retailer, or the place of business 332 from which the retailer's agent or employee works.
- 333 (3) For the purposes of any local tax imposed by an
 334 ordinance or under the local sales tax law on charges for
 335 mobile telecommunications services, all taxes of mobile
 336 telecommunications service shall be imposed as provided in
 337 the Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act, 4 U.S.C.
 338 Sections 116 through 124, as amended.
- 339 13. Local sales taxes shall not be impo
- 339 13. Local sales taxes shall not be imposed on the
 340 seller of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard
 341 motors required to be titled under the laws of the state of
 342 Missouri, but shall be collected from the purchaser by the
 343 director of revenue at the time application is made for a
 344 certificate of title, if the address of the applicant is
 345 within a taxing entity imposing a local sales tax under the
 346 local sales tax law.
- 347 14. The director of revenue and any of his deputies, 348 assistants and employees who have any duties or

- 349 responsibilities in connection with the collection, deposit, 350 transfer, transmittal, disbursement, safekeeping, 351 accounting, or recording of funds which come into the hands 352 of the director of revenue under the provisions of the local 353 sales tax law shall enter a surety bond or bonds payable to 354 any and all taxing entities in whose behalf such funds have been collected under the local sales tax law in the amount 355 356 of one hundred thousand dollars for each such tax; but the 357 director of revenue may enter into a blanket bond covering 358 himself and all such deputies, assistants and employees. 359 The cost of any premium for such bonds shall be paid by the director of revenue from the share of the collections under 360 361 the sales tax law retained by the director of revenue for 362 the benefit of the state.
- 363 The director of revenue shall annually report on his management of each trust fund which is created under the 364 365 local sales tax law and administration of each local sales tax imposed under the local sales tax law. He shall provide 366 367 each taxing entity imposing one or more local sales taxes authorized by the local sales tax law with a detailed 368 369 accounting of the source of all funds received by him for 370 the taxing entity. Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, the state auditor shall annually audit each trust 371 372 fund. A copy of the director's report and annual audit 373 shall be forwarded to each taxing entity imposing one or 374 more local sales taxes.
- one or more local sales taxes have been imposed, if any person is delinquent in the payment of the amount required to be paid by him under the local sales tax law or in the event a determination has been made against him for taxes and penalty under the local sales tax law, the limitation for bringing suit for the collection of the delinquent tax

- 382 and penalty shall be the same as that provided in sections 144.010 to 144.525. 383 Where the director of revenue has 384 determined that suit must be filed against any person for the collection of delinquent taxes due the state under the 385 386 state sales tax law, and where such person is also 387 delinquent in payment of taxes under the local sales tax 388 law, the director of revenue shall notify the taxing entity 389 in the event any person fails or refuses to pay the amount 390 of any local sales tax due so that appropriate action may be 391 taken by the taxing entity.
- Where property is seized by the director of 392 revenue under the provisions of any law authorizing seizure 393 394 of the property of a taxpayer who is delinquent in payment 395 of the tax imposed by the state sales tax law, and where 396 such taxpayer is also delinquent in payment of any tax imposed by the local sales tax law, the director of revenue 397 398 shall permit the taxing entity to join in any sale of 399 property to pay the delinquent taxes and penalties due the 400 state and to the taxing entity under the local sales tax The proceeds from such sale shall first be applied to 401 402 all sums due the state, and the remainder, if any, shall be 403 applied to all sums due such taxing entity.
- 404 If a local sales tax has been in effect for at 405 least one year under the provisions of the local sales tax 406 law and voters approve reimposition of the same local sales 407 tax at the same rate at an election as provided for in the 408 local sales tax law prior to the date such tax is due to expire, the tax so reimposed shall become effective the 409 410 first day of the first calendar quarter after the director 411 receives a certified copy of the ordinance, order or resolution accompanied by a map clearly showing the 412 boundaries thereof and the results of such election, 413 414 provided that such ordinance, order or resolution and all

- necessary accompanying materials are received by the
 director at least thirty days prior to the expiration of
 such tax. Any administrative cost or expense incurred by
 the state as a result of the provisions of this subsection
 shall be paid by the city or county reimposing such tax.
- 67.990. 1. The governing body of any county or city not within a county may, upon approval of a majority of the 2 3 qualified voters of such county or city voting thereon, levy 4 and collect a tax not to exceed five cents per one hundred 5 dollars of assessed valuation, or in any county of the first classification with more than eighty-five thousand nine 6 hundred but less than eighty-six thousand inhabitants, the 7 8 governing body may, upon approval of a majority of the 9 qualified voters of the county voting thereon, levy and collect a tax not to exceed ten cents per one hundred 10 dollars of assessed valuation upon all taxable property 11 12 within the county or city or for the purpose of providing services to persons sixty years of age or older. 13 The tax so 14 levied shall be collected along with other county or city taxes, in the manner provided by law. All funds collected 15 for this purpose shall be deposited in a special fund for 16 17 the provision of services for persons sixty years of age or older, and shall be used for no other purpose except those 18 19 purposes authorized in sections 67.990 to 67.995. Deposits 20 in the fund shall be expended only upon approval of the board of directors established in section 67.993 and, if in 21 22 a county, only in accordance with the fund budget approved by the county [or city] governing body. 23
 - 2. The question of whether the tax authorized by this section shall be imposed shall be submitted in substantially the following form:

27 OFFICIAL BALLOT

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Shall _____ (name of county/city) levy a tax of

cents per each one hundred dollars

assessed valuation for the purpose of providing

services to persons sixty years of age or older?

yes __ NO

67.993. 1. Upon the approval of the tax authorized by 2 section 67.990 by the voters of the county or city not 3 within a county, the tax so approved shall be imposed upon all taxable property within the county or city and the 4 proceeds therefrom shall be deposited in a special fund, to 5 6 be known as the "Senior Citizens' Services Fund", which is 7 hereby established within the county or city treasury. No moneys in the senior citizens' services fund shall be spent 8 until the board of directors provided for in subsection 2 of 9 this section has been appointed and has taken office. 10

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2. Upon approval of the tax authorized by section 67.990 by the voters of the county or city, the governing body of the county or the mayor of the city shall appoint a board of directors consisting of seven directors, who shall be selected from the county or city at large and shall, as nearly as practicable, represent the various groups to be served by the board. Each director shall be a resident of the county or city. Each director shall be appointed to serve for a term of four years and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified; except that, of the directors first appointed, one director shall be appointed for a term of one year, two directors shall be appointed for a term of two years, two directors shall be appointed for a term of three years, and two directors shall be appointed for a term of four years. Directors may be reappointed. All vacancies on the board of directors shall be filled for the remainder of the unexpired term by the governing body of the county or

- mayor of the city. The directors shall not receive any compensation for their services, but may be reimbursed for all actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their official duties from the moneys in the senior citizens' services fund.
- 33 The administrative control and management of the funds in the senior citizens' services fund and all programs 34 35 to be funded therefrom shall rest solely with the board of 36 directors appointed under subsection 2 of this section[;], 37 except [that], in counties, the budget for the senior citizens' services fund shall be approved by the governing 38 body of the county [or city] prior to making of any payments 39 from the fund in any fiscal year. The board of directors 40 shall use the funds in the senior citizens' services fund to 41 provide programs which will improve the health, nutrition, 42 and quality of life of persons who are sixty years of age or 43 44 older. The budget may allocate funds for operational and capital needs to senior-related programs in the county or 45 46 city in which such property taxes are collected. No funds in the senior citizens' services fund may be used, directly 47 or indirectly, for any political purpose. In providing such 48 services, the board of directors may contract with any 49 person to provide services relating, in whole or in part, to 50 51 the services which the board itself may provide under this section, and for such purpose may expend the tax proceeds 52 53 derived from the tax authorized by section 67.990.
 - 4. The board of directors shall elect a chairman, vice chairman, and such other officers as it deems necessary; shall establish eligibility requirements for the programs it furnishes; and shall do all other things necessary to carry out the purposes of sections 67.990 to 67.995. A majority of the board of directors shall constitute a quorum.

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- 60 5. The board of directors, with the approval of the 61 governing body of the county or city, may accept any gift of 62 property or money for the use and benefit of the persons to be served through the programs established and funded under 63 sections 67.990 to 67.995[,] and may sell or exchange any 64 such property so long as such sale or exchange is in the 65 66 best interests of the programs provided under sections 67 67.990 to 67.995 and the proceeds from such sale or exchange are used exclusively to fund such programs. For a city not 68 69 within a county, the board of directors may solicit, accept, 70 and expend grants from private or public entities and enter into agreements to effectuate such grants so long as the 71 72 transaction is in the best interest of the programs provided by the board and the proceeds are used exclusively to fund 73 74 such programs.
- 94.902. 1. The governing bodies of the following cities may impose a tax as provided in this section:
- 6 (2) Any city of the fourth classification with more 7 than thirty thousand three hundred but fewer than thirty 8 thousand seven hundred inhabitants;
- 9 (3) Any city of the fourth classification with more 10 than twenty-four thousand eight hundred but fewer than 11 twenty-five thousand inhabitants;
- 12 (4) Any special charter city with more than twenty-13 nine thousand but fewer than thirty-two thousand inhabitants;
- 14 (5) Any city of the third classification with more
 15 than four thousand but fewer than four thousand five hundred
 16 inhabitants and located in any county of the first
 17 classification with more than two hundred thousand but fewer
- 18 than two hundred sixty thousand inhabitants;

- 19 (6) Any city of the fourth classification with more 20 than nine thousand five hundred but fewer than ten thousand 21 eight hundred inhabitants;
- 22 (7) Any city of the fourth classification with more 23 than five hundred eighty but fewer than six hundred fifty 24 inhabitants;

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- (8) Any city of the fourth classification with more than two thousand seven hundred but fewer than three thousand inhabitants and located in any county of the first classification with more than eighty-three thousand but fewer than ninety-two thousand inhabitants; [or]
- (9) Any city of the fourth classification with more than two thousand four hundred but fewer than two thousand seven hundred inhabitants and located in any county of the third classification without a township form of government and with more than ten thousand but fewer than twelve thousand inhabitants;
 - (10) Any city of the third classification with more than nine thousand but fewer than ten thousand inhabitants and located in any county of the third classification with a township form of government and with more than twenty thousand but fewer than twenty-three thousand inhabitants; or
- (11) Any city of the fourth classification with more 41 42 than one thousand fifty but fewer than one thousand two hundred inhabitants and located in any county of the third 43 44 classification without a township form of government and 45 with more than eighteen thousand but fewer than twenty thousand inhabitants and with a city of the fourth 46 classification with more than two thousand one hundred but 47 fewer than two thousand four hundred inhabitants as the 48 49 county seat.
- 50 2. The governing body of any city listed in subsection 51 1 of this section may impose, by order or ordinance, a sales

- 52 tax on all retail sales made in the city which are subject to taxation under chapter 144. The tax authorized in this 53 54 section may be imposed in an amount of up to one-half of one percent, and shall be imposed solely for the purpose of 55 improving the public safety for such city, including but not 56 57 limited to expenditures on equipment[,]; city employee salaries and benefits[,]; and facilities for police, fire 58 59 and emergency medical providers. The tax authorized in this 60 section shall be in addition to all other sales taxes 61 imposed by law, and shall be stated separately from all other charges and taxes. The order or ordinance imposing a 62 sales tax under this section shall not become effective 63 64 unless the governing body of the city submits to the voters residing within the city, at a county or state general, 65 primary, or special election, a proposal to authorize the 66 governing body of the city to impose a tax under this 67 section. 68
- 3. The ballot of submission for the tax authorized in this section shall be in substantially the following form:

Shall the city of _____ [(city's name)] impose
a citywide sales tax at a rate of _____

[(insert rate of percent)] percent for the purpose
of improving the public safety of the city?

75 □ YES □ NO

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78 79 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal, then the ordinance or order and any amendments to the order or ordinance shall become effective on the first day of the second calendar quarter after the director of

- 85 revenue receives notice of the adoption of the sales tax. If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the 86 87 qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the proposal, then the tax shall not become effective unless the proposal 88 89 is resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters 90 and such proposal is approved by a majority of the qualified 91 voters voting on the proposal. However, in no event shall a 92 proposal under this section be submitted to the voters 93 sooner than twelve months from the date of the last proposal 94 under this section.
- 95 Any sales tax imposed under this section shall be administered, collected, enforced, and operated as required 96 97 in section 32.087. All sales taxes collected by the director of the department of revenue under this section on 98 99 behalf of any city, less one percent for cost of collection 100 which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund 101 after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087, shall be deposited in a special trust fund, 102 103 which is hereby created in the state treasury, to be known as the "City Public Safety Sales Tax Trust Fund". 104 105 moneys in the trust fund shall not be deemed to be state 106 funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the 107 state. The provisions of section 33.080 to the contrary 108 notwithstanding, money in this fund shall not be transferred 109 and placed to the credit of the general revenue fund. 110 director shall keep accurate records of the amount of money 111 in the trust fund and which was collected in each city imposing a sales tax under this section, and the records 112 shall be open to the inspection of officers of the city and 113 114 the public. Not later than the tenth day of each month the director shall distribute all moneys deposited in the trust 115 fund during the preceding month to the city which levied the 116 117 Such funds shall be deposited with the city treasurer

- 118 of each such city, and all expenditures of funds arising
- 119 from the trust fund shall be by an appropriation act to be
- 120 enacted by the governing body of each such city.
- 121 Expenditures may be made from the fund for any functions
- authorized in the ordinance or order adopted by the
- 123 governing body submitting the tax to the voters. If the tax
- 124 is repealed, all funds remaining in the special trust fund
- shall continue to be used solely for the designated
- 126 purposes. Any funds in the special trust fund which are not
- 127 needed for current expenditures shall be invested in the
- 128 same manner as other funds are invested. Any interest and
- 129 moneys earned on such investments shall be credited to the
- 130 fund.
- 131 5. The director of the department of revenue may
- authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the
- 133 amounts in the trust fund and credited to any city for
- 134 erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem
- dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such
- 136 cities. If any city abolishes the tax, the city shall
- 137 notify the director of the action at least ninety days
- 138 before the effective date of the repeal, and the director
- 139 may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one
- 140 year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt
- 141 of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of
- 142 the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited
- 143 to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed
- 144 after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such
- 145 city, the director shall remit the balance in the account to
- 146 the city and close the account of that city. The director
- 147 shall notify each city of each instance of any amount
- 148 refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the city.
- 149 6. The governing body of any city that has adopted the 150 sales tax authorized in this section may submit the question

of repeal of the tax to the voters on any date available for elections for the city. The ballot of submission shall be in substantially the following form:

Shall the city of _____ [(insert the name of the city)] repeal the sales tax imposed at a rate of ____ [(insert rate of percent)] percent for the purpose of improving the public safety of the city?

If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal are in favor of repeal, that repeal shall become effective on December thirty-first of the calendar year in which such repeal was approved. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the repeal, then the sales tax authorized in this section shall remain effective until the question is resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters, and the repeal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting on the question.

7. Whenever the governing body of any city that has adopted the sales tax authorized in this section receives a petition, signed by ten percent of the registered voters of the city voting in the last gubernatorial election, calling for an election to repeal the sales tax imposed under this section, the governing body shall submit to the voters of the city a proposal to repeal the tax. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the repeal, that repeal shall become effective on December thirty-first of the calendar year in which such repeal was approved. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the repeal, then the tax shall remain

- effective until the question is resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters and the repeal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting on the question.
- 8. Any sales tax imposed under this section by a city described under subdivision (6) of subsection 1 of this section that is in effect as of December 31, 2038, shall automatically expire. No city described under subdivision
- 190 (6) of subsection 1 of this section shall collect a sales
- 191 tax pursuant to this section on or after January 1, 2039.
- 192 Subsection 7 of this section shall not apply to a sales tax
- 193 imposed under this section by a city described under
- 194 subdivision (6) of subsection 1 of this section.
- 9. Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 and 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under this section.
 - 99.805. As used in sections 99.800 to 99.865, unless
 the context clearly requires otherwise, the following terms
 shall mean:
 - 4 (1) "Blighted area", an area which, by reason of the 5 predominance of defective or inadequate street layout,
 - 6 insanitary or unsafe conditions, deterioration of site
 - 7 improvements, [improper subdivision or obsolete platting,]
 - 8 or the existence of conditions which endanger life or
 - 9 property by fire and other causes, or any combination of
- 10 such factors, retards the provision of housing
- 11 accommodations or constitutes an economic or social
- 12 liability or a menace to the public health, safety,
- 13 [morals,] or welfare in its present condition and use, and,
- 14 for areas located in a city not within a county which are
- 15 located in a census tract that is defined as a low-income
- 16 community under 26 U.S.C. Section 45D(e) or is eligible to
- 17 be designated as a qualified opportunity zone under 26
- 18 U.S.C. Section 1400Z-1;

- 19 (2) "Collecting officer", the officer of the
 20 municipality responsible for receiving and processing
 21 payments in lieu of taxes or economic activity taxes from
- taxpayers or the department of revenue; 22 "Conservation area", any improved area within the 23 24 boundaries of a redevelopment area located within the 25 territorial limits of a municipality in which fifty percent 26 or more of the structures in the area have an age of thirty-27 five years or more. Such an area is not yet a blighted area 28 but is detrimental to the public health, safety, [morals,] or welfare and may become a blighted area because of any one 29 or more of the following factors: dilapidation; 30 31 obsolescence; deterioration; illegal use of individual structures; presence of structures below minimum code 32 standards; abandonment; excessive vacancies; overcrowding of 33 structures and community facilities; lack of ventilation, 34 light or sanitary facilities; inadequate utilities; 35 36 excessive land coverage; deleterious land use or layout; 37 depreciation of physical maintenance; and lack of community planning. A conservation area shall meet at least three of 38 39 the factors provided in this subdivision for projects
 - (4) "Economic activity taxes", the total additional revenue from taxes which are imposed by a municipality and other taxing districts, and which are generated by economic activities within a redevelopment area over the amount of such taxes generated by economic activities within such redevelopment area in the calendar year prior to the adoption of the ordinance designating such a redevelopment area, while tax increment financing remains in effect, but excluding personal property taxes, taxes imposed on sales or charges for sleeping rooms paid by transient guests of hotels and motels, licenses, fees or special assessments.

approved on or after December 23, 1997;

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- 52 For redevelopment projects or redevelopment plans approved
- after December 23, 1997, if a retail establishment relocates
- 54 within one year from one facility to another facility within
- 55 the same county and the governing body of the municipality
- 56 finds that the relocation is a direct beneficiary of tax
- 57 increment financing, then for purposes of this definition,
- 58 the economic activity taxes generated by the retail
- 59 establishment shall equal the total additional revenues from
- 60 economic activity taxes which are imposed by a municipality
- or other taxing district over the amount of economic
- 62 activity taxes generated by the retail establishment in the
- 63 calendar year prior to its relocation to the redevelopment
- 64 area;
- (5) "Economic development area", any area or portion
- of an area located within the territorial limits of a
- 67 municipality, which does not meet the requirements of
- 68 subdivisions (1) and (3) of this section, and in which the
- 69 governing body of the municipality finds that redevelopment
- 70 will not be solely used for development of commercial
- 71 businesses which unfairly compete in the local economy and
- 72 is in the public interest because it will:
- 73 (a) Discourage commerce, industry or manufacturing
- 74 from moving their operations to another state; or
- 75 (b) Result in increased employment in the
- 76 municipality; or
- 77 (c) Result in preservation or enhancement of the tax
- 78 base of the municipality;
- 79 (6) "Gambling establishment", an excursion gambling
- 80 boat as defined in section 313.800 and any related business
- 81 facility including any real property improvements which are
- 82 directly and solely related to such business facility, whose
- 83 sole purpose is to provide goods or services to an excursion
- 84 gambling boat and whose majority ownership interest is held

- 85 by a person licensed to conduct gambling games on an
- 86 excursion gambling boat or licensed to operate an excursion
- gambling boat as provided in sections 313.800 to 313.850.
- 88 This subdivision shall be applicable only to a redevelopment
- 89 area designated by ordinance adopted after December 23, 1997;
- 90 (7) "Greenfield area", any vacant, unimproved, or
- 91 agricultural property that is located wholly outside the
- 92 incorporated limits of a city, town, or village, or that is
- 93 substantially surrounded by contiguous properties with
- 94 agricultural zoning classifications or uses unless said
- 95 property was annexed into the incorporated limits of a city,
- 96 town, or village ten years prior to the adoption of the
- 97 ordinance approving the redevelopment plan for such
- 98 greenfield area;
- 99 (8) "Municipality", a city, village, or incorporated
- 100 town or any county of this state. For redevelopment areas
- or projects approved on or after December 23, 1997,
- 102 municipality applies only to cities, villages, incorporated
- 103 towns or counties established for at least one year prior to
- 104 such date;
- 105 (9) "Obligations", bonds, loans, debentures, notes,
- 106 special certificates, or other evidences of indebtedness
- 107 issued by a municipality to carry out a redevelopment
- 108 project or to refund outstanding obligations;
- 109 (10) "Ordinance", an ordinance enacted by the
- 110 governing body of a city, town, or village or a county or an
- 111 order of the governing body of a county whose governing body
- is not authorized to enact ordinances;
- 113 (11) "Payment in lieu of taxes", those estimated
- 114 revenues from real property in the area selected for a
- 115 redevelopment project, which revenues according to the
- 116 redevelopment project or plan are to be used for a private
- 117 use, which taxing districts would have received had a

municipality not adopted tax increment allocation financing, and which would result from levies made after the time of 119 120 the adoption of tax increment allocation financing during 121 the time the current equalized value of real property in the 122 area selected for the redevelopment project exceeds the 123 total initial equalized value of real property in such area

- until the designation is terminated pursuant to subsection 2 124 125 of section 99.850;
- 126 "Redevelopment area", an area designated by a (12)127 municipality, in respect to which the municipality has made a finding that there exist conditions which cause the area 128 to be classified as a blighted area, a conservation area, an 129 130 economic development area, an enterprise zone pursuant to 131 sections 135.200 to 135.256, or a combination thereof, which area includes only those parcels of real property directly 132 133 and substantially benefitted by the proposed redevelopment 134 project;
- "Redevelopment plan", the comprehensive program 135 136 of a municipality for redevelopment intended by the payment of redevelopment costs to reduce or eliminate those 137 conditions, the existence of which qualified the 138 redevelopment area as a blighted area, conservation area, 139 economic development area, or combination thereof, and to 140 141 thereby enhance the tax bases of the taxing districts which 142 extend into the redevelopment area. Each redevelopment plan 143 shall conform to the requirements of section 99.810;
- "Redevelopment project", any development project 144 within a redevelopment area in furtherance of the objectives 145 of the redevelopment plan; any such redevelopment project 146 147 shall include a legal description of the area selected for the redevelopment project; 148
- "Redevelopment project costs" include the sum 149 (15)150 total of all reasonable or necessary costs incurred or

- 151 estimated to be incurred, and any such costs incidental to a
- 152 redevelopment plan or redevelopment project, as applicable.
- 153 Such costs include, but are not limited to, the following:
- 154 (a) Costs of studies, surveys, plans, and
- 155 specifications;
- 156 (b) Professional service costs, including, but not
- 157 limited to, architectural, engineering, legal, marketing,
- 158 financial, planning or special services. Except the
- reasonable costs incurred by the commission established in
- section 99.820 for the administration of sections 99.800 to
- 161 99.865, such costs shall be allowed only as an initial
- 162 expense which, to be recoverable, shall be included in the
- 163 costs of a redevelopment plan or project;
- 164 (c) Property assembly costs, including, but not
- 165 limited to:
- a. Acquisition of land and other property, real or
- 167 personal, or rights or interests therein;
- b. Demolition of buildings; and
- 169 c. The clearing and grading of land;
- 170 (d) Costs of rehabilitation, reconstruction, or repair
- 171 or remodeling of existing buildings and fixtures;
- 172 (e) Initial costs for an economic development area;
- 173 (f) Costs of construction of public works or
- 174 improvements;
- 175 (g) Financing costs, including, but not limited to,
- 176 all necessary and incidental expenses related to the
- 177 issuance of obligations, and which may include payment of
- interest on any obligations issued pursuant to sections
- 179 99.800 to 99.865 accruing during the estimated period of
- 180 construction of any redevelopment project for which such
- 181 obligations are issued and for not more than eighteen months
- 182 thereafter, and including reasonable reserves related
- 183 thereto;

- (h) All or a portion of a taxing district's capital costs resulting from the redevelopment project necessarily incurred or to be incurred in furtherance of the objectives of the redevelopment plan and project, to the extent the municipality by written agreement accepts and approves such costs;
- 190 (i) Relocation costs to the extent that a municipality
 191 determines that relocation costs shall be paid or are
 192 required to be paid by federal or state law;
 - (j) Payments in lieu of taxes;

- 194 (16) "Special allocation fund", the fund of a

 195 municipality or its commission which contains at least two

 196 separate segregated accounts for each redevelopment plan,

 197 maintained by the treasurer of the municipality or the

 198 treasurer of the commission into which payments in lieu of

 199 taxes are deposited in one account, and economic activity

 200 taxes and other revenues are deposited in the other account;
- 201 (17) "Taxing districts", any political subdivision of 202 this state having the power to levy taxes;
- 203 (18) "Taxing districts' capital costs", those costs of 204 taxing districts for capital improvements that are found by 205 the municipal governing bodies to be necessary and to 206 directly result from the redevelopment project; and
- 207 (19) "Vacant land", any parcel or combination of 208 parcels of real property not used for industrial, 209 commercial, or residential buildings.
 - 99.821. Notwithstanding any provision of sections

 99.800 to 99.865 to the contrary, redevelopment plans

 approved or amended after December 31, 2021, by a city not

 within a county may provide for the deposit of up to ten

 percent of the tax increment financing revenues generated
 - 6 pursuant to section 99.845 into a strategic infrastructure
 - 7 for economic growth fund established by such city in lieu of

- 8 deposit into the special allocation fund. Moneys deposited
- 9 into the strategic infrastructure for economic growth fund
- 10 pursuant to this section may be expended by the city
- 11 establishing such fund for the purpose of funding capital
- 12 investments in public infrastructure that the governing body
- of such city has determined to be in a census tract that is
- 14 defined as a low-income community under 26 U.S.C. Section
- 15 45D(e) or is eligible to be designated as a qualified
- opportunity zone under 26 U.S.C. Section 1400Z-1.
- 135.755. 1. For the purposes of this section, the
- 2 following terms shall mean:
- 3 (1) "Department", the Missouri department of revenue;
- 4 (2) "Higher ethanol blend", a fuel capable of being
- 5 dispensed directly into motor vehicle fuel tanks for
- 6 consumption that is comprised of at least fifteen percent
- 7 but not more than eighty-five percent ethanol;
- 8 (3) "Retail dealer", a person that owns or operates a
- 9 retail service station;
- 10 (4) "Retail service station", a location from which
- 11 higher ethanol blend is sold to the general public and is
- 12 dispensed directly into motor vehicle fuel tanks for
- 13 consumption.
- 14 2. For all tax years beginning on or after January 1,
- 15 2022, a retail dealer that sells higher ethanol blend at
- 16 such retail dealer's retail service station shall be allowed
- 17 a tax credit to be taken against the retail dealer's state
- 18 income tax liability. The amount of the credit shall equal
- 19 five cents per gallon of higher ethanol blend sold by the
- 20 retail dealer and dispensed through metered pumps at the
- 21 retail dealer's retail service station during the tax year
- 22 <u>in which the tax credit is claimed. Tax credits authorized</u>
- 23 pursuant to this section shall not be transferred, sold, or
- 24 assigned. If the amount of the tax credit exceeds the

- 25 taxpayer's state tax liability, the difference shall not be
- 26 refundable, but may be carried forward to any of the five
- 27 subsequent tax years. The total amount of tax credits
- 28 authorized pursuant to this section for any given fiscal
- 29 year shall not exceed four million dollars.
- 30 3. The tax credit allowed by this section shall be
- 31 claimed by such taxpayer at the time such taxpayer files a
- 32 return and shall be applied against the income tax liability
- imposed by chapter 143 after reduction for all other credits
- 34 allowed thereon. The department may require any
- 35 documentation it deems necessary to implement the provisions
- 36 of this section.
- 4. The department shall promulgate rules to implement
- 38 the provisions of this section. Any rule or portion of a
- 39 rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is
- 40 created under the authority delegated in this section shall
- 41 become effective only if it complies with and is subject to
- 42 all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable,
- 43 section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are
- 44 nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the
- 45 general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay
- 46 the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are
- 47 subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of
- 48 rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after
- 49 August 28, 2021, shall be invalid and void.
- 5. Pursuant to section 23.253 of the Missouri sunset
- 51 act:
- 52 (1) The provisions of this section shall automatically
- 53 sunset on December 31, 2027, unless reauthorized by an act
- of the general assembly; and
- 55 (2) If such program is reauthorized, the program
- 56 authorized under this section shall automatically sunset

- 57 twelve years after the effective date of the reauthorization58 of this section; and
- 59 (3) This section shall terminate on September first of 60 the calendar year immediately following the calendar year in
- 61 which the program authorized under this section is sunset.
 - 137.115. 1. (1) All other laws to the contrary
- 2 notwithstanding, the assessor or the assessor's deputies in
- 3 all counties of this state including the City of St. Louis
- 4 shall annually make a list of all real and tangible personal
- 5 property taxable in the assessor's city, county, town or
- 6 district. Except as otherwise provided in subsection [3] 4
- 7 of this section and section 137.078, the assessor shall
- 8 annually assess all personal property at thirty-three and
- 9 one-third percent of its true value in money as of January
- 10 first of each calendar year. Beginning January 1, 2022, the
- 11 assessor shall annually assess all personal property at a
- 12 percent of its true value in money as of January first of
- 13 each calendar year as follows:
- 14 (2) A political subdivision shall annually reduce the
- 15 percentage of true value in money at which personal property
- is assessed pursuant to subdivision (1) of this subsection
- 17 such that the amount by which the revenue generated by taxes
- 18 levied on such personal property is substantially equal to
- 19 any growth in revenue generated by real property assessment
- 20 growth. Annual reductions shall be made pursuant to this
- 21 subdivision until the percentage of true value in money at
- 22 which personal property is assessed pursuant to subdivision
- 23 (1) of this subsection is equal to one-thousandth of one
- 24 percent.
- 25 (3) The provisions of subdivision (2) of this
- 26 subsection shall not be construed to relieve a political
- 27 subdivision from adjustments to property tax levies as
- required by section 137.073.

- 29 (4) For the purposes of subdivision (2) of this 30 subsection, "real property assessment growth" shall mean the 31 growth in revenue from increases in the total assessed valuation of all real property in a political subdivision 32 33 over the revenue generated from the assessed valuation of such real property from the previous calendar year. Real 34 35 property assessment growth shall not include any revenue in 36 excess of the percent increase in the consumer price index, as described in subsection 2 of section 137.073. 37 38 2. The assessor shall annually assess all real property, including any new construction and improvements to 39 real property, and possessory interests in real property at 40 the percent of its true value in money set in subsection [5] 41 6 of this section. The true value in money of any 42 possessory interest in real property in subclass (3), where 43 such real property is on or lies within the ultimate airport 44 45 boundary as shown by a federal airport layout plan, as defined by 14 CFR 151.5, of a commercial airport having a 46
- 47 FAR Part 139 certification and owned by a political
- 48 subdivision, shall be the otherwise applicable true value in
- 49 money of any such possessory interest in real property, less
- 50 the total dollar amount of costs paid by a party, other than
- 51 the political subdivision, towards any new construction or
- 52 improvements on such real property completed after January
- 1, 2008, and which are included in the above-mentioned
- 54 possessory interest, regardless of the year in which such
- 55 costs were incurred or whether such costs were considered in
- 56 any prior year. The assessor shall annually assess all real
- 57 property in the following manner: new assessed values shall
- 58 be determined as of January first of each odd-numbered year
- 59 and shall be entered in the assessor's books; those same
- 60 assessed values shall apply in the following even-numbered
- 61 year, except for new construction and property improvements

- 62 which shall be valued as though they had been completed as
- of January first of the preceding odd-numbered year,
- 64 provided that no real residential property shall be assessed
- 65 at a value that exceeds the previous assessed value for such
- 66 property, exclusive of new construction and improvements, by
- 67 more than the percentage increase in the consumer price
- 68 index or five percent, whichever is greater. The assessor
- 69 may call at the office, place of doing business, or
- 70 residence of each person required by this chapter to list
- 71 property, and require the person to make a correct statement
- 72 of all taxable tangible personal property owned by the
- 73 person or under his or her care, charge or management,
- 74 taxable in the county. On or before January first of each
- 75 even-numbered year, the assessor shall prepare and submit a
- 76 two-year assessment maintenance plan to the county governing
- 77 body and the state tax commission for their respective
- 78 approval or modification. The county governing body shall
- 79 approve and forward such plan or its alternative to the plan
- 80 to the state tax commission by February first. If the
- 81 county governing body fails to forward the plan or its
- 82 alternative to the plan to the state tax commission by
- 83 February first, the assessor's plan shall be considered
- 84 approved by the county governing body. If the state tax
- 85 commission fails to approve a plan and if the state tax
- 86 commission and the assessor and the governing body of the
- 87 county involved are unable to resolve the differences, in
- 88 order to receive state cost-share funds outlined in section
- 89 137.750, the county or the assessor shall petition the
- 90 administrative hearing commission, by May first, to decide
- 91 all matters in dispute regarding the assessment maintenance
- 92 plan. Upon agreement of the parties, the matter may be
- 93 stayed while the parties proceed with mediation or
- 94 arbitration upon terms agreed to by the parties. The final

- 95 decision of the administrative hearing commission shall be subject to judicial review in the circuit court of the 96 97 county involved. In the event a valuation of subclass (1) real property within any county with a charter form of 98 99 government, or within a city not within a county, is made by 100 a computer, computer-assisted method or a computer program, 101 the burden of proof, supported by clear, convincing and 102 cogent evidence to sustain such valuation, shall be on the 103 assessor at any hearing or appeal. In any such county, 104 unless the assessor proves otherwise, there shall be a 105 presumption that the assessment was made by a computer, computer-assisted method or a computer program. 106 107 evidence shall include, but shall not be limited to, the 108 following:
- 109 (1) The findings of the assessor based on an appraisal
 110 of the property by generally accepted appraisal techniques;
 111 and
- 112 (2) The purchase prices from sales of at least three 113 comparable properties and the address or location thereof. 114 As used in this subdivision, the word "comparable" means 115 that:
- 116 (a) Such sale was closed at a date relevant to the 117 property valuation; and
- 118 Such properties are not more than one mile from 119 the site of the disputed property, except where no similar 120 properties exist within one mile of the disputed property, 121 the nearest comparable property shall be used. property shall be within five hundred square feet in size of 122 123 the disputed property, and resemble the disputed property in 124 age, floor plan, number of rooms, and other relevant 125 characteristics.

- [2.] 3. Assessors in each county of this state and the City of St. Louis may send personal property assessment forms through the mail.
- [3.] <u>4.</u> The following items of personal property shall each constitute separate subclasses of tangible personal property and shall be assessed and valued for the purposes of taxation at the following percentages of their true value in money:
- 134 (1) Grain and other agricultural crops in an 135 unmanufactured condition, one-half of one percent;
 - (2) Livestock, twelve percent;

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- (3) Farm machinery, twelve percent;
- 138 (4) Motor vehicles which are eligible for registration 139 as and are registered as historic motor vehicles pursuant to 140 section 301.131 and aircraft which are at least twenty-five 141 years old and which are used solely for noncommercial 142 purposes and are operated less than fifty hours per year or 143 aircraft that are home built from a kit, five percent;
 - (5) Poultry, twelve percent; and
- (6) Tools and equipment used for pollution control and tools and equipment used in retooling for the purpose of introducing new product lines or used for making improvements to existing products by any company which is located in a state enterprise zone and which is identified by any standard industrial classification number cited in subdivision (7) of section 135.200, twenty-five percent.
- [4.] <u>5.</u> The person listing the property shall enter a true and correct statement of the property, in a printed blank prepared for that purpose. The statement, after being filled out, shall be signed and either affirmed or sworn to as provided in section 137.155. The list shall then be delivered to the assessor.

- [5.] <u>6.</u> (1) All subclasses of real property, as such subclasses are established in Section 4(b) of Article X of the Missouri Constitution and defined in section 137.016, shall be assessed at the following percentages of true value:
- 164 (b) For real property in subclass (2), twelve percent;
 165 and
- 166 (c) For real property in subclass (3), thirty-two
 167 percent.
- A taxpayer may apply to the county assessor, or, 168 (2) if not located within a county, then the assessor of such 169 170 city, for the reclassification of such taxpayer's real 171 property if the use or purpose of such real property is 172 changed after such property is assessed under the provisions 173 of this chapter. If the assessor determines that such 174 property shall be reclassified, he or she shall determine 175 the assessment under this subsection based on the percentage 176 of the tax year that such property was classified in each subclassification. 177
- [6.] 7. Manufactured homes, as defined in section 178 179 700.010, which are actually used as dwelling units shall be 180 assessed at the same percentage of true value as residential 181 real property for the purpose of taxation. The percentage 182 of assessment of true value for such manufactured homes 183 shall be the same as for residential real property. If the 184 county collector cannot identify or find the manufactured 185 home when attempting to attach the manufactured home for 186 payment of taxes owed by the manufactured home owner, the 187 county collector may request the county commission to have the manufactured home removed from the tax books, and such 188 request shall be granted within thirty days after the 189 190 request is made; however, the removal from the tax books

- 191 does not remove the tax lien on the manufactured home if it 192 is later identified or found. For purposes of this section, 193 a manufactured home located in a manufactured home rental park, rental community or on real estate not owned by the 194 195 manufactured home owner shall be considered personal 196 property. For purposes of this section, a manufactured home 197 located on real estate owned by the manufactured home owner 198 may be considered real property.
- [7.] 8. Each manufactured home assessed shall be considered a parcel for the purpose of reimbursement pursuant to section 137.750, unless the manufactured home is real estate as defined in subsection 7 of section 442.015 and assessed as a realty improvement to the existing real estate parcel.
- [8.] 9. Any amount of tax due and owing based on the 205 assessment of a manufactured home shall be included on the 206 207 personal property tax statement of the manufactured home owner unless the manufactured home is real estate as defined 208 in subsection 7 of section 442.015, in which case the amount 209 of tax due and owing on the assessment of the manufactured 210 home as a realty improvement to the existing real estate 211 212 parcel shall be included on the real property tax statement 213 of the real estate owner.
- 214 [9.] 10. The assessor of each county and each city not 215 within a county shall use the trade-in value published in the October issue of the National Automobile Dealers' 216 Association Official Used Car Guide, or its successor 217 publication, as the recommended guide of information for 218 determining the true value of motor vehicles described in 219 220 such publication. The assessor shall not use a value that 221 is greater than the average trade-in value in determining 222 the true value of the motor vehicle without performing a 223 physical inspection of the motor vehicle. For vehicles two

- 224 years old or newer from a vehicle's model year, the assessor
- 225 may use a value other than average without performing a
- 226 physical inspection of the motor vehicle. In the absence of
- 227 a listing for a particular motor vehicle in such
- 228 publication, the assessor shall use such information or
- 229 publications which in the assessor's judgment will fairly
- 230 estimate the true value in money of the motor vehicle.
- [10.] 11. Before the assessor may increase the
- 232 assessed valuation of any parcel of subclass (1) real
- 233 property by more than fifteen percent since the last
- 234 assessment, excluding increases due to new construction or
- improvements, the assessor shall conduct a physical
- inspection of such property.
- 237 [11.] 12. If a physical inspection is required,
- 238 pursuant to subsection [10] 11 of this section, the assessor
- 239 shall notify the property owner of that fact in writing and
- 240 shall provide the owner clear written notice of the owner's
- 241 rights relating to the physical inspection. If a physical
- 242 inspection is required, the property owner may request that
- 243 an interior inspection be performed during the physical
- 244 inspection. The owner shall have no less than thirty days
- 245 to notify the assessor of a request for an interior physical
- inspection.
- [12.] 13. A physical inspection, as required by
- 248 subsection [10] 11 of this section, shall include, but not
- 249 be limited to, an on-site personal observation and review of
- 250 all exterior portions of the land and any buildings and
- 251 improvements to which the inspector has or may reasonably
- 252 and lawfully gain external access, and shall include an
- 253 observation and review of the interior of any buildings or
- 254 improvements on the property upon the timely request of the
- owner pursuant to subsection [11] 12 of this section. Mere
- 256 observation of the property via a drive-by inspection or the

like shall not be considered sufficient to constitute a physical inspection as required by this section.

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[13.] 14. A county or city collector may accept credit cards as proper form of payment of outstanding property tax or license due. No county or city collector may charge surcharge for payment by credit card which exceeds the fee or surcharge charged by the credit card bank, processor, or issuer for its service. A county or city collector may accept payment by electronic transfers of funds in payment of any tax or license and charge the person making such payment a fee equal to the fee charged the county by the bank, processor, or issuer of such electronic payment.

[14.] 15. Any county or city not within a county in this state may, by an affirmative vote of the governing body of such county, opt out of the provisions of this section and sections 137.073, 138.060, and 138.100 as enacted by house bill no. 1150 of the ninety-first general assembly, second regular session and section 137.073 as modified by house committee substitute for senate substitute for senate committee substitute for senate bill no. 960, ninety-second general assembly, second regular session, for the next year of the general reassessment, prior to January first of any year. No county or city not within a county shall exercise this opt-out provision after implementing the provisions of this section and sections 137.073, 138.060, and 138.100 as enacted by house bill no. 1150 of the ninety-first general assembly, second regular session and section 137.073 as modified by house committee substitute for senate substitute for senate committee substitute for senate bill no. 960, ninety-second general assembly, second regular session, in a year of general reassessment. For the purposes of applying the provisions of this subsection, a political subdivision contained within two or more counties where at least one of

such counties has opted out and at least one of such counties has not opted out shall calculate a single tax rate as in effect prior to the enactment of house bill no. 1150 of the ninety-first general assembly, second regular session. A governing body of a city not within a county or a county that has opted out under the provisions of this subsection may choose to implement the provisions of this section and sections 137.073, 138.060, and 138.100 as enacted by house bill no. 1150 of the ninety-first general assembly, second regular session, and section 137.073 as modified by house committee substitute for senate substitute for senate committee substitute for senate bill no. 960, ninety-second general assembly, second regular session, for the next year of general reassessment, by an affirmative vote of the governing body prior to December thirty-first of any year.

[15.] 16. The governing body of any city of the third classification with more than twenty-six thousand three hundred but fewer than twenty-six thousand seven hundred inhabitants located in any county that has exercised its authority to opt out under subsection [14] 15 of this section may levy separate and differing tax rates for real and personal property only if such city bills and collects its own property taxes or satisfies the entire cost of the billing and collection of such separate and differing tax rates. Such separate and differing rates shall not exceed such city's tax rate ceiling.

[16.] 17. Any portion of real property that is available as reserve for strip, surface, or coal mining for minerals for purposes of excavation for future use or sale to others that has not been bonded and permitted under chapter 444 shall be assessed based upon how the real property is currently being used. Any information provided

323 to a county assessor, state tax commission, state agency, or 324 political subdivision responsible for the administration of 325 tax policies shall, in the performance of its duties, make available all books, records, and information requested, 326 327 except such books, records, and information as are by law 328 declared confidential in nature, including individually identifiable information regarding a specific taxpayer or 329 330 taxpayer's mine property. For purposes of this subsection, 331 "mine property" shall mean all real property that is in use 332 or readily available as a reserve for strip, surface, or coal mining for minerals for purposes of excavation for 333 current or future use or sale to others that has been bonded 334 and permitted under chapter 444. 335

137.280. 1. Taxpayers' personal property lists, 2 except those of merchants and manufacturers, and except 3 those of railroads, public utilities, pipeline companies or 4 any other person or corporation subject to special statutory requirements, such as chapter 151, who shall return and file 5 6 their assessments on locally assessed property no later than April first, shall be delivered to the office of the 7 assessor of the county between the first day of January and 8 9 the first day of March each year and shall be signed and certified by the taxpayer as being a true and complete list 10 11 or statement of all the taxable tangible personal property. If any person shall fail to deliver the required list to the 12 13 assessor by the first day of March, the owner of the 14 property which ought to have been listed shall be assessed a penalty added to the tax bill, based on the assessed value 15 16 of the property that was not reported, as follows:

17	Assessed Valuation	Penalty
18	0 - \$1,000	\$15.00

19	\$1,001 - \$2,000	\$25.00
20	\$2,001 - \$3,000	\$35.00
21	\$3,001 - \$4,000	\$45.00
22	\$4,001 - \$5,000	\$55.00
23	\$5,001 - \$6,000	\$65.00
24	\$6,001 - \$7,000	\$75.00
25	\$7,001 - \$8,000	\$85.00
26	\$8,001 - \$9,000	\$95.00
27	\$9,001 and above	\$105.00

- 28 The assessor in any county of the first classification without a charter form of government with a population of 29 one hundred thousand or more inhabitants which contains all 30 31 or part of a city with a population of three hundred fifty 32 thousand or more inhabitants shall omit assessing the penalty in any case where he or she is satisfied the neglect 33 is unavoidable and not willful or falls into one of the 34 following categories. The assessor in all other political 35 subdivisions shall omit assessing the penalty in any case 36 37 where he or she is satisfied the neglect falls into at least one of the following categories: 38
- 39 (1) The taxpayer is in military service and is outside 40 the state;
 - (2) The taxpayer filed timely, but in the wrong county;
 - (3) There was a loss of records due to fire or flood;
- 43 (4) The taxpayer can show the list was mailed timely 44 as evidenced by the date of postmark;

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45 (5) The assessor determines that no form for listing 46 personal property was mailed to the taxpayer for that tax 47 year; or

- 48 (6) The neglect occurred as a direct result of the 49 actions or inactions of the county or its employees or 50 contractors.
- 2. Between March first and April first, the assessor 51 52 shall send to each taxpayer who was sent an assessment list for the current tax year, and said list was not returned to 53 54 the assessor, a second notice that statutes require the 55 assessment list be returned immediately. In the event the taxpayer returns the assessment list to the assessor before 56 57 May first, the penalty described in subsection 1 of this section shall not apply. If said assessment list is not 58 returned before May first by the taxpayer, the penalty shall 59
- 3. It shall be the duty of the county commission and assessor to place on the assessment rolls for the year all personal property discovered in the calendar year which was taxable on January first of that year.

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apply.

- 4. If annual waivers exceed forty percent, then by
 February first of each year, the assessor shall transmit to
 the county employees' retirement fund an electronic or paper
 copy of the log maintained under subsection 3 of section
 50.1020 for the prior calendar year.
- 5. An assessor may, upon request of a taxpayer, send
 any assessment list or notice required by this section to
 such taxpayer in electronic form.
 - 139.305. 1. For the purposes of this section, the following terms shall mean:
- 6 (2) "Restrictive order", any city-wide or county-wide
 7 ordinance or order imposed by a city or county that
 8 prohibits or otherwise restricts the use of a taxpayer's

- 9 real property, including, but not limited to, occupancy
- 10 restrictions. Such term shall not include any ordinance or
- order prohibiting or restricting the use of a taxpayer's
- real property due to a violation of a public health or
- 13 safety code.
- 14 2. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the
- 15 contrary, beginning January 1, 2021, any taxpayer who is a
- 16 resident of a city or county that imposes one or more
- 17 restrictive orders for a combined total in excess of fifteen
- 18 days during a calendar year shall receive a credit on
- 19 property taxes owed on such affected real property.
- 20 3. The amount of the credit authorized by this section
- 21 shall be a percentage of the property tax liability that is
- 22 equal to the percentage of the calendar year that the
- 23 taxpayer was subject to restrictions on the use of his or
- 24 her real property, provided that the first fifteen total
- 25 combined days that restrictive orders are in effect during a
- 26 calendar year shall not count toward the calculation of the
- 27 tax credit pursuant to this subsection.
- 4. A taxpayer eligible for a credit pursuant to this
- 29 section shall timely pay all property tax owed prior to any
- 30 credit applied pursuant to this section, and shall, no later
- 31 than December thirty-first, submit a written statement to
- 32 the city or county requesting the amount of property tax
- 33 owed to such taxpayer. The city or county shall, by no
- 34 later than thirty days following the receipt of such a
- 35 statement, issue a refund to the taxpayer for the amount of
- 36 property tax owed to such taxpayer pursuant to this section.
- 37 5. The provisions of this section shall only apply to
- 38 real property tax liabilities owed to a city or county
- 39 imposing a restrictive order, and shall not apply to
- 40 property tax liabilities owed to any other taxing

- 41 jurisdiction or to property tax liabilities owed on tangible
- 42 personal property.
- 143.121. 1. The Missouri adjusted gross income of a resident individual shall be the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income subject to the modifications in this section.
- 4 2. There shall be added to the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income:
- 6 (1) The amount of any federal income tax refund
 7 received for a prior year which resulted in a Missouri
 8 income tax benefit. The amount added pursuant to this
 9 subdivision shall not include any amount of a federal income
- 10 tax refund attributable to a tax credit reducing a
- 11 taxpayer's federal tax liability pursuant to Public Law 116-
- 12 136, enacted by the 116th United States Congress, for the
- 13 tax year beginning on or after January 1, 2020, and ending
- on or before December 31, 2020, and deducted from Missouri
- 15 adjusted gross income pursuant to section 143.171;
- 16 (2) Interest on certain governmental obligations17 excluded from federal gross income by 26 U.S.C. Section 103
- 18 of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended. The previous
- 19 sentence shall not apply to interest on obligations of the
- 20 state of Missouri or any of its political subdivisions or
- 21 authorities and shall not apply to the interest described in
- 22 subdivision (1) of subsection 3 of this section. The amount
- 23 added pursuant to this subdivision shall be reduced by the
- 24 amounts applicable to such interest that would have been
- 25 deductible in computing the taxable income of the taxpayer
- 26 except only for the application of 26 U.S.C. Section 265 of
- 27 the Internal Revenue Code, as amended. The reduction shall
- 28 only be made if it is at least five hundred dollars;
- 29 (3) The amount of any deduction that is included in
- 30 the computation of federal taxable income pursuant to 26
- 31 U.S.C. Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code as amended

- 32 by the Job Creation and Worker Assistance Act of 2002 to the
- 33 extent the amount deducted relates to property purchased on
- or after July 1, 2002, but before July 1, 2003, and to the
- 35 extent the amount deducted exceeds the amount that would
- 36 have been deductible pursuant to 26 U.S.C. Section 168 of
- 37 the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 as in effect on January 1,
- 38 2002;
- 39 (4) The amount of any deduction that is included in
- 40 the computation of federal taxable income for net operating
- 41 loss allowed by 26 U.S.C. Section 172 of the Internal
- 42 Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, other than the deduction
- 43 allowed by 26 U.S.C. Section 172(b)(1)(G) and 26 U.S.C.
- 44 Section 172(i) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as
- 45 amended, for a net operating loss the taxpayer claims in the
- 46 tax year in which the net operating loss occurred or carries
- 47 forward for a period of more than twenty years and carries
- 48 backward for more than two years. Any amount of net
- 49 operating loss taken against federal taxable income but
- 50 disallowed for Missouri income tax purposes pursuant to this
- 51 subdivision after June 18, 2002, may be carried forward and
- 52 taken against any income on the Missouri income tax return
- 53 for a period of not more than twenty years from the year of
- 54 the initial loss; and
- 55 (5) For nonresident individuals in all taxable years
- 56 ending on or after December 31, 2006, the amount of any
- 57 property taxes paid to another state or a political
- 58 subdivision of another state for which a deduction was
- 59 allowed on such nonresident's federal return in the taxable
- 60 year unless such state, political subdivision of a state, or
- 61 the District of Columbia allows a subtraction from income
- 62 for property taxes paid to this state for purposes of
- 63 calculating income for the income tax for such state,

- 64 political subdivision of a state, or the District of Columbia;
- 66 (6) For all tax years beginning on or after January 1,
- 67 2018, any interest expense paid or accrued in a previous
- 68 taxable year, but allowed as a deduction under 26 U.S.C.
- 69 Section 163, as amended, in the current taxable year by
- 70 reason of the carryforward of disallowed business interest
- 71 provisions of 26 U.S.C. Section 163(j), as amended. For the
- 72 purposes of this subdivision, an interest expense is
- 73 considered paid or accrued only in the first taxable year
- 74 the deduction would have been allowable under 26 U.S.C.
- 75 Section 163, as amended, if the limitation under 26 U.S.C.
- 76 Section 163(j), as amended, did not exist.
- 77 3. There shall be subtracted from the taxpayer's
- 78 federal adjusted gross income the following amounts to the
- 79 extent included in federal adjusted gross income:
- 80 (1) Interest received on deposits held at a federal
- 81 reserve bank or interest or dividends on obligations of the
- 82 United States and its territories and possessions or of any
- 83 authority, commission or instrumentality of the United
- 84 States to the extent exempt from Missouri income taxes
- 85 pursuant to the laws of the United States. The amount
- 86 subtracted pursuant to this subdivision shall be reduced by
- 87 any interest on indebtedness incurred to carry the described
- 88 obligations or securities and by any expenses incurred in
- 89 the production of interest or dividend income described in
- 90 this subdivision. The reduction in the previous sentence
- 91 shall only apply to the extent that such expenses including
- 92 amortizable bond premiums are deducted in determining the
- 93 taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income or included in the
- 94 taxpayer's Missouri itemized deduction. The reduction shall
- 95 only be made if the expenses total at least five hundred
- 96 dollars;

- 97 The portion of any gain, from the sale or other disposition of property having a higher adjusted basis to 98 99 the taxpayer for Missouri income tax purposes than for 100 federal income tax purposes on December 31, 1972, that does 101 not exceed such difference in basis. If a gain is 102 considered a long-term capital gain for federal income tax 103 purposes, the modification shall be limited to one-half of 104 such portion of the gain;
- 105 The amount necessary to prevent the taxation 106 pursuant to this chapter of any annuity or other amount of 107 income or gain which was properly included in income or gain and was taxed pursuant to the laws of Missouri for a taxable 108 109 year prior to January 1, 1973, to the taxpayer, or to a decedent by reason of whose death the taxpayer acquired the 110 right to receive the income or gain, or to a trust or estate 111 112 from which the taxpayer received the income or gain;
- 113 (4) Accumulation distributions received by a taxpayer 114 as a beneficiary of a trust to the extent that the same are 115 included in federal adjusted gross income;
- 116 (5) The amount of any state income tax refund for a

 117 prior year which was included in the federal adjusted gross

 118 income;
- 119 (6) The portion of capital gain specified in section 120 135.357 that would otherwise be included in federal adjusted 121 gross income;
- 122 (7) The amount that would have been deducted in the
 123 computation of federal taxable income pursuant to 26 U.S.C.
 124 Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code as in effect on
 125 January 1, 2002, to the extent that amount relates to
 126 property purchased on or after July 1, 2002, but before July
 127 1, 2003, and to the extent that amount exceeds the amount
 128 actually deducted pursuant to 26 U.S.C. Section 168 of the

- 129 Internal Revenue Code as amended by the Job Creation and 130 Worker Assistance Act of 2002;
- 131 (8) For all tax years beginning on or after January 1,
- 132 2005, the amount of any income received for military service
- while the taxpayer serves in a combat zone which is included
- in federal adjusted gross income and not otherwise excluded
- 135 therefrom. As used in this section, "combat zone" means any
- area which the President of the United States by Executive
- 137 Order designates as an area in which Armed Forces of the
- 138 United States are or have engaged in combat. Service is
- 139 performed in a combat zone only if performed on or after the
- 140 date designated by the President by Executive Order as the
- 141 date of the commencing of combat activities in such zone,
- and on or before the date designated by the President by
- 143 Executive Order as the date of the termination of combatant
- 144 activities in such zone;
- 145 (9) For all tax years ending on or after July 1, 2002,
- 146 with respect to qualified property that is sold or otherwise
- 147 disposed of during a taxable year by a taxpayer and for
- 148 which an additional modification was made under subdivision
- 149 (3) of subsection 2 of this section, the amount by which
- 150 additional modification made under subdivision (3) of
- 151 subsection 2 of this section on qualified property has not
- 152 been recovered through the additional subtractions provided
- in subdivision (7) of this subsection;
- 154 (10) For all tax years beginning on or after January
- 155 1, 2014, the amount of any income received as payment from
- any program which provides compensation to agricultural
- 157 producers who have suffered a loss as the result of a
- 158 disaster or emergency, including the:
- 159 (a) Livestock Forage Disaster Program;
- 160 (b) Livestock Indemnity Program;

- 161 (c) Emergency Assistance for Livestock, Honeybees, and 162 Farm-Raised Fish;
- 163 (d) Emergency Conservation Program;
- 164 (e) Noninsured Crop Disaster Assistance Program;
- 165 (f) Pasture, Rangeland, Forage Pilot Insurance Program;
- 166 (g) Annual Forage Pilot Program;
- 167 (h) Livestock Risk Protection Insurance Plan; and
- 168 (i) Livestock Gross Margin Insurance Plan; and
- 169 (11) For all tax years beginning on or after January
- 170 1, 2018, any interest expense paid or accrued in the current
- 171 taxable year, but not deducted as a result of the limitation
- imposed under 26 U.S.C. Section 163(j), as amended. For the
- 173 purposes of this subdivision, an interest expense is
- 174 considered paid or accrued only in the first taxable year
- 175 the deduction would have been allowable under 26 U.S.C.
- 176 Section 163, as amended, if the limitation under 26 U.S.C.
- 177 Section 163(j), as amended, did not exist.
- 178 4. There shall be added to or subtracted from the
- 179 taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income the taxpayer's
- 180 share of the Missouri fiduciary adjustment provided in
- 181 section 143.351.
- 182 5. There shall be added to or subtracted from the
- 183 taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income the modifications
- 184 provided in section 143.411.
- 185 6. In addition to the modifications to a taxpayer's
- 186 federal adjusted gross income in this section, to calculate
- 187 Missouri adjusted gross income there shall be subtracted
- 188 from the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income any gain
- 189 recognized pursuant to 26 U.S.C. Section 1033 of the
- 190 Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, arising from
- 191 compulsory or involuntary conversion of property as a result
- 192 of condemnation or the imminence thereof.

- 193 7. (1) For the tax year beginning on or after January
- 194 1, 2021, and ending on or before December 31, 2021, in
- 195 addition to the modifications made to an eligible taxpayer's
- 196 federal adjusted gross income pursuant to this section, to
- 197 calculate Missouri adjusted gross income there shall be
- 198 subtracted from the eligible taxpayer's federal adjusted
- 199 gross income the amount determined pursuant to subdivision
- 200 (2) of this subsection, not to exceed one thousand five
- 201 hundred dollars.
- 202 (2) The amount to be subtracted pursuant to this
- 203 subsection shall be equal to the amount of expenses incurred
- 204 by the eligible taxpayer during the 2020 or 2021 calendar
- years for educating the eligible taxpayer's qualifying child
- 206 remotely as a result of severe acute respiratory syndrome
- 207 coronavirus 2. Such deductible expenses shall be:
- 208 (a) Personal computers and school supplies, as such
- terms are defined in section 144.049;
- 210 (b) Digital subscriptions required by the qualifying
- 211 child's school district;
- 212 (c) Tutoring services; and
- (d) Internet access.
- 214 (3) For the purposes of this subsection, "eligible
- 215 taxpayer" shall mean a taxpayer who has a qualifying child
- that is a dependent, as such terms are defined in 26 U.S.C.
- 217 Section 152, as amended, that is required to attend
- 218 elementary or secondary school remotely as a result of
- 219 severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2.
- 220 (4) The department of revenue shall promulgate rules
- 221 to implement the provisions of this subsection. Any rule or
- portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section
- 223 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in
- this section shall become effective only if it complies with
- and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and,

- 226 if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter
- 227 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with
- 228 the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to
- 229 delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule
- 230 are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of
- 231 rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after
- 232 August 28, 2021, shall be invalid and void.
- 8. (1) As used in this subsection, "qualified health
- 234 insurance premium" means the amount paid during the tax year
- 235 by such taxpayer for any insurance policy primarily
- 236 providing health care coverage for the taxpayer, the
- taxpayer's spouse, or the taxpayer's dependents.
- 238 (2) In addition to the subtractions in subsection 3 of
- 239 this section, one hundred percent of the amount of qualified
- 240 health insurance premiums shall be subtracted from the
- 241 taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income to the extent the
- 242 amount paid for such premiums is included in federal taxable
- 243 income. The taxpayer shall provide the department of
- 244 revenue with proof of the amount of qualified health
- 245 insurance premiums paid.
- [8.] 9. (1) Beginning January 1, 2014, in addition to
- 247 the subtractions provided in this section, one hundred
- 248 percent of the cost incurred by a taxpayer for a home energy
- 249 audit conducted by an entity certified by the department of
- 250 natural resources under section 640.153 or the
- 251 implementation of any energy efficiency recommendations made
- 252 in such an audit shall be subtracted from the taxpayer's
- 253 federal adjusted gross income to the extent the amount paid
- 254 for any such activity is included in federal taxable
- 255 income. The taxpayer shall provide the department of
- 256 revenue with a summary of any recommendations made in a
- 257 qualified home energy audit, the name and certification
- 258 number of the qualified home energy auditor who conducted

the audit, and proof of the amount paid for any activities
under this subsection for which a deduction is claimed. The
taxpayer shall also provide a copy of the summary of any
recommendations made in a qualified home energy audit to the
department of natural resources.

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- (2) At no time shall a deduction claimed under this subsection by an individual taxpayer or taxpayers filing combined returns exceed one thousand dollars per year for individual taxpayers or cumulatively exceed two thousand dollars per year for taxpayers filing combined returns.
- 269 Any deduction claimed under this subsection shall 270 be claimed for the tax year in which the qualified home energy audit was conducted or in which the implementation of 271 272 the energy efficiency recommendations occurred. 273 implementation of the energy efficiency recommendations 274 occurred during more than one year, the deduction may be 275 claimed in more than one year, subject to the limitations provided under subdivision (2) of this subsection. 276
 - (4) A deduction shall not be claimed for any otherwise eligible activity under this subsection if such activity qualified for and received any rebate or other incentive through a state-sponsored energy program or through an electric corporation, gas corporation, electric cooperative, or municipally owned utility.
- 283 [9.] $\underline{10}$. The provisions of subsection [8] $\underline{9}$ of this section shall expire on December 31, 2020.
 - 144.757. 1. Any county or municipality, except

 municipalities within a county having a charter form of

 government with a population in excess of nine hundred

 thousand, may, by a majority vote of its governing body,

 impose a local use tax if a local sales tax is imposed as

 defined in section 32.085 at a rate equal to the rate of the

 local sales tax in effect in such county or municipality;

- 8 provided, however, that no ordinance or order enacted
- 9 pursuant to sections 144.757 to 144.761 shall be effective
- 10 unless the governing body of the county or municipality
- 11 submits to the voters thereof at a municipal, county or
- 12 state general, primary or special election a proposal to
- 13 authorize the governing body of the county or municipality
- 14 to impose a local use tax pursuant to sections 144.757 to
- 15 144.761. Municipalities within a county having a charter
- 16 form of government with a population in excess of nine
- 17 hundred thousand may, upon voter approval received pursuant
- 18 to paragraph (b) of subdivision (2) of subsection 2 of this
- 19 section, impose a local use tax at the same rate as the
- 20 local municipal sales tax with the revenues from all such
- 21 municipal use taxes to be distributed pursuant to subsection
- 4 of section 94.890. The municipality shall within thirty
- 23 days of the approval of the use tax imposed pursuant to
- 24 paragraph (b) of subdivision (2) of subsection 2 of this
- 25 section select one of the distribution options permitted in
- 26 subsection 4 of section 94.890 for distribution of all
- 27 municipal use taxes.
- 28 2. (1) The ballot of submission, except for counties
- 29 and municipalities described in subdivisions (2) and (3) of
- 30 this subsection, shall contain substantially the following
- 31 language:
- 32 Shall the (county or municipality's name) impose
- 33 a local use tax at the same rate as the total local sales
- 34 tax rate, [currently (insert percent),] provided that
- 35 if the local sales tax rate is reduced or raised by voter
- 36 approval, the local use tax rate shall also be reduced or
- 37 raised by the same action? [A use tax return shall not be
- 38 required to be filed by persons whose purchases from out-of-
- 39 state vendors do not in total exceed two thousand dollars in
- 40 any calendar year.] Approval of this question will

- 41 eliminate the disparity in tax rates collected by local and
- 42 out-of-state sellers by imposing the same rate on all
- 43 sellers.

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of the funds each year.

- 44 □ YES □ NO
- If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".
- 48 (2) (a) The ballot of submission in a county having a 49 charter form of government with a population in excess of 50 nine hundred thousand shall contain substantially the
- following language: 51 52 For the purposes of enhancing county and municipal 53 public safety, parks, and job creation and enhancing local government services, shall the county be authorized to 54 55 collect a local use tax equal to the total of the existing 56 county sales tax rate [of (insert tax rate)], provided that if the county sales tax is repealed, reduced or raised by 57 voter approval, the local use tax rate shall also be 58 59 repealed, reduced or raised by the same voter action? Fifty 60 percent of the revenue shall be used by the county 61 throughout the county for improving and enhancing public 62 safety, park improvements, and job creation, and fifty percent shall be used for enhancing local government 63 64 services. The county shall be required to make available to the public an audited comprehensive financial report 65
- A use tax is the equivalent of a sales tax on purchases from out-of-state sellers by in-state buyers and on certain taxable business transactions. [A use tax return shall not be required to be filed by persons whose purchases from outof-state vendors do not in total exceed two thousand dollars

detailing the management and use of the countywide portion

- 73 in any calendar year.] Approval of this question will
- 74 eliminate the disparity in tax rates collected by local and
- 75 out-of-state sellers by imposing the same rate on all
- 76 sellers.
- 77 □ YES □ NO
- 78 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in 79 the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed to the question,
- 80 place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".
- 81 (b) The ballot of submission in a municipality within
- 82 a county having a charter form of government with a
- 83 population in excess of nine hundred thousand shall contain
- 84 substantially the following language:
- Shall the municipality be authorized to impose a local
- 86 use tax at the same rate as the local sales tax by a vote of
- 87 the governing body, provided that if any local sales tax is
- 88 repealed, reduced or raised by voter approval, the
- 89 respective local use tax shall also be repealed, reduced or
- 90 raised by the same action? [A use tax return shall not be
- 91 required to be filed by persons whose purchases from out-of-
- 92 state vendors do not in total exceed two thousand dollars in
- 93 any calendar year.] Approval of this question will
- 94 eliminate the disparity in tax rates collected by local and
- 95 out-of-state sellers by imposing the same rate on all
- 96 sellers.
- 98 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in
- 99 the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed to the question,
- 100 place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".
- 101 (3) The ballot of submission in any city not within a
- 102 county shall contain substantially the following language:

103 Shall the (city name) impose a local use tax at 104 the same rate as the local sales tax, [currently at a rate 105 of (insert percent)] which includes the capital improvements sales tax and the transportation tax, provided 106 107 that if any local sales tax is repealed, reduced or raised 108 by voter approval, the respective local use tax shall also be repealed, reduced or raised by the same action? [A use 109 110 tax return shall not be required to be filed by persons whose purchases from out-of-state vendors do not in total 111 112 exceed two thousand dollars in any calendar year.] Approval of this question will eliminate the disparity in tax rates 113 collected by local and out-of-state sellers by imposing the 114 115 same rate on all sellers.

If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

□ NO

116

□ YES

If any of such ballots are submitted on August 6, 120 1996, and if a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by 121 122 the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the 123 proposal, then the ordinance or order and any amendments thereto shall be in effect October 1, 1996, provided the 124 director of revenue receives notice of adoption of the local 125 126 use tax on or before August 16, 1996. If any of such ballots are submitted after December 31, 1996, and if a 127 128 majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified 129 voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal, then the ordinance or order and any amendments thereto shall be in 130 131 effect on the first day of the calendar quarter which begins at least forty-five days after the director of revenue 132 receives notice of adoption of the local use tax. If a 133 majority of the votes cast by the qualified voters voting 134

136 county or municipality shall have no power to impose the
137 local use tax as herein authorized unless and until the
138 governing body of the county or municipality shall again
139 have submitted another proposal to authorize the governing

are opposed to the proposal, then the governing body of the

- nave submitted another proposal to authorize the governing
- 140 body of the county or municipality to impose the local use
- 141 tax and such proposal is approved by a majority of the
- 142 qualified voters voting thereon.
- 143 3. The local use tax may be imposed at the same rate 144 as the local sales tax then currently in effect in the
- 145 county or municipality upon all transactions which are
- 146 subject to the taxes imposed pursuant to sections 144.600 to
- 147.745 within the county or municipality adopting such tax;
- 148 provided, however, that if any local sales tax is repealed
- or the rate thereof is reduced or raised by voter approval,
- 150 the local use tax rate shall also be deemed to be repealed,
- 151 reduced or raised by the same action repealing, reducing or
- 152 raising the local sales tax.
- 153 4. For purposes of sections 144.757 to 144.761, the
- 154 use tax may be referred to or described as the equivalent of
- a sales tax on purchases made from out-of-state sellers by
- 156 in-state buyers and on certain intrabusiness transactions.
- 157 Such a description shall not change the classification, form
- 158 or subject of the use tax or the manner in which it is
- 159 collected.

- 620.3210. 1. This section shall be known and may be
- 2 cited as the "Capitol Complex Tax Credit Act".
- 2. As used in this section, the following terms shall
- 4 mean:
- 5 (1) "Board", the Missouri development finance board, a
- 6 body corporate and politic created under sections 100.250 to
- 7 100.297 and 100.700 to 100.850;

8 "Capitol complex", the following buildings located 9 in Jefferson City, Missouri: 10 (a) State capitol building, 201 West Capitol Avenue; 11 (b) Supreme court building, 207 West High Street; 12 (C) Old Federal Courthouse, 131 West High Street; Highway building, 105 Capitol Avenue; 13 (d) Governor's mansion, 100 Madison Street; (e) 14 15 (3) "Certificate", a tax credit certificate issued under this section; 16 17 "Department", the Missouri department of economic 18 development; "Eligible artifact", any items of personal 19 20 property specifically for display in a building in the capitol complex or former fixtures which were previously 21 22 owned by the state and used within the capitol complex, but 23 which had been removed. The board of public buildings 24 shall, in their sole discretion, make all determinations as 25 to which items are eligible artifacts and may employ such 26 experts as may be useful to them in making such a 27 determination; "Eligible artifact donation", a donation of an 28 eligible artifact to the board of public buildings. The 29 value of such donation shall be set by the board of public 30 31 buildings who may employ such experts as may be useful to them in making such a determination. The board of public 32 buildings shall, in their sole discretion, determine if an 33 34 artifact is to be accepted; "Eligible monetary donation", donations received 35 (7) from a qualified donor to the capitol complex fund, created 36 37 in this section, or to an organization exempt from taxation under 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Service Code of 38 1986, as amended, whose mission and purpose is to restore, 39 renovate, improve, and maintain one or more buildings in the

- 41 capitol complex, that are to be used solely for projects to
- 42 restore, renovate, improve, and maintain buildings and their
- 43 furnishings in the capitol complex and the administration
- 44 thereof. Eligible donations may include:
- 45 (a) Cash, including checks, money orders, credit card
- 46 payments, or similar cash equivalents valued at the face
- 47 value of the currency. Currency of other nations shall be
- 48 valued based on the exchange rate on the date of the gift.
- The date of the donation shall be the date that cash or
- 50 check is received by the applicant or the date posted to the
- 51 donor's account in the case of credit or debit cards;
- 52 (b) Stocks from a publicly traded company;
- 53 (c) Bonds which are publicly traded;
- 54 (8) "Eligible recipient", the capitol complex fund,
- 55 created in this section, or an organization exempt from
- taxation under 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Service
- 57 Code of 1986, as amended, whose mission and purpose is to
- 58 restore, renovate, improve, and maintain one or more
- 59 buildings in the capitol complex;
- (9) "Qualified donor", any of the following
- 61 individuals or entities who make an eligible monetary
- 62 donation or eligible artifact donation to the capitol
- 63 complex fund or other eligible recipient:
- 64 (a) A person, firm, partner in a firm, corporation, or
- 65 a shareholder in an S corporation doing business in the
- 66 state of Missouri and subject to the state income tax
- imposed in chapter 143;
- (b) A corporation subject to the annual corporation
- 69 franchise tax imposed in chapter 147;
- 70 (c) An insurance company paying an annual tax on its
- 71 gross premium receipts in this state;

- 72 (d) Any other financial institution paying taxes to
 73 the state of Missouri or any political subdivision of this
 74 state under chapter 148;
- 75 (e) An individual subject to the state income tax 76 imposed in chapter 143;
- (f) Any charitable organization, including any
 foundation or not-for-profit corporation, which is exempt
 from federal income tax and whose Missouri unrelated
 business taxable income, if any, would be subject to the
- 81 state income tax imposed under chapter 143. There is hereby created a fund to be known as the 82 3. "Capitol Complex Fund", separate and distinct from all other 83 84 board funds, which is hereby authorized to receive any eligible monetary donation as provided in this section. 85 The capitol complex fund shall be segregated into two accounts: 86 87 a rehabilitation and renovation account and a maintenance 88 account. Ninety percent of the revenues received from 89 eligible donations pursuant to the provisions of this 90 section shall be deposited in the rehabilitation and 91 renovation account and seven and one-half percent of such revenues shall be deposited in the maintenance account. The 92 assets of these accounts, together with any interest which 93 may accrue thereon, shall be used by the board solely for 94 95 the purposes of restoration and maintenance of the building 96 of the capitol complex as defined in this section, and for 97 no other purpose. The remaining two and one-half percent of the revenues deposited into the fund may be used for the 98 purposes of soliciting donations to the fund, advertising 99 and promoting the fund, and administrative costs of 100 101 administering the fund. Any amounts not used for those 102 purposes shall be deposited back into the rehabilitation and renovation account and the maintenance account divided in 103

the manner set forth in this section. The board may, as an

- 105 administrative cost, use the funds to hire fund raising
- 106 professionals and such other experts or advisors as may be
- 107 necessary to carry out the board's duties under this
- 108 section. The choice of projects for which the money is to
- 109 be used, as well as the determination of the methods of
- 110 carrying out the project and the procurement of goods and
- 111 services thereon shall be made by the commissioner of
- 112 administration. No moneys shall be released from the fund
- for any expense without the approval of the commissioner of
- 114 administration, who may delegate that authority as deemed
- 115 appropriate. All contracts for rehabilitation, renovation,
- 116 or maintenance work shall be the responsibility of the
- commissioner of administration. A memorandum of
- 118 understanding may be executed between the commissioner of
- 119 administration and the board determining the processes for
- 120 obligation, reservation, and payment of eligible costs from
- 121 the fund. The commission of administration shall not
- obligate costs in excess of the fund balance. The board
- 123 shall not be responsible for any costs obligated in excess
- of available funds and shall be held harmless in any
- 125 contracts related to rehabilitation, renovation, and
- 126 maintenance of capitol complex buildings. No other board
- funds shall be used to pay obligations made by the
- 128 commissioner of administration related to activities under
- 129 this section.
- 4. For all taxable years beginning on or after January
- 131 1, 2021, any qualified donor shall be allowed a credit
- against the taxes otherwise due under chapters 143 and 148,
- except for sections 143.191 to 143.265, in an amount of
- 134 fifty percent of the eligible monetary donation. The amount
- 135 of the tax credit claimed may exceed the amount of the
- donor's state income tax liability in the tax year for which
- 137 the credit is claimed. Any amount of credit that exceeds

- 138 the qualified donor's state income tax liability may be
- 139 refundable or may be carried forward to any of the
- 140 taxpayer's four subsequent taxable years.
- 5. For all taxable years beginning on or after January
- 142 1, 2021, any qualified donor shall be allowed a credit
- 143 against the taxes otherwise due under chapters 143 and 148,
- except for sections 143.191 to 143.265, in an amount of
- 145 thirty percent of the eligible artifact donation. The
- 146 amount of the tax credit claimed may not exceed the amount
- of the qualified donor's state income tax liability in the
- 148 tax year for which the credit is claimed. Any amount of
- 149 credit that exceeds the qualified donor's state income tax
- 150 liability shall not be refundable but may be carried forward
- 151 to any other taxpayer's four subsequent taxable years.
- 152 6. To claim a credit for an eligible monetary donation
- as set forth in subsection 4 of this section, a qualified
- 154 donor shall make an eligible monetary donation to the board
- as custodian of the capitol complex fund or other eligible
- 156 recipient. Upon receipt of such donation, the board or
- 157 other eligible recipient shall issue to the qualified donor
- 158 a statement evidencing receipt of such donation, including
- 159 the value of such donation, with a copy to the department.
- 160 Upon receipt of the statement from the eligible recipient,
- 161 the department shall issue a tax credit certificate equal to
- 162 fifty percent of the amount of the donation, to the
- 163 qualified donor, as indicated in the statement from the
- 164 eligible recipient.
- 7. To claim a credit for an eligible artifact donation
- as set forth in subsection 5 of this section, a qualified
- donor shall donate an eligible artifact to the board of
- 168 public buildings. If the board of public buildings
- 169 determines that artifact is an eligible artifact, and has
- 170 determined to accept the artifact, it shall issue a

- 171 statement of donation to the eligible donor specifying the
- value placed on the artifact by the board of public
- 173 buildings, with a copy to the department. Upon receiving a
- 174 statement from the board of public buildings, the department
- 175 shall issue a tax credit certificate equal to thirty percent
- of the amount of the donation, to the qualified donor as
- indicated in the statement from the board of public
- buildings.
- 179 8. The department shall not authorize more than ten
- 180 million dollars in tax credits provided under this section
- in any calendar year. Donations shall be processed for tax
- 182 credits on a first come, first serve basis. Donations
- 183 received in excess of the tax credit cap shall be placed in
- 184 line for tax credits issued the following year or shall be
- 185 given the opportunity to complete their donation without the
- 186 expectation of a tax credit, or shall request to have their
- 187 donation returned.
- 9. Tax credits issued under the provisions of this
- section shall not be subject to the payment of any fee
- 190 required under the provisions of section 620.1900.
- 191 10. Tax credits issued under this section may be
- 192 assigned, transferred, sold, or otherwise conveyed, and the
- 193 new owner of the tax credit shall have the same rights in
- 194 the credit as the taxpayer. Whenever a certificate is
- 195 assigned, transferred, sold, or otherwise conveyed, a
- 196 notarized endorsement shall be filed with the department
- 197 specifying the name and address of the new owner of the tax
- 198 credit and the value of the credit.
- 199 11. The department may promulgate rules to implement
- 200 the provisions of this section. Any rule or portion of a
- 201 rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is
- 202 created under the authority delegated in this section shall
- 203 become effective only if it complies with and is subject to

- all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable,
- section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are
- 206 nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the
- 207 general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay
- 208 the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are
- 209 subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of
- 210 rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after
- 211 August 28, 2021, shall be invalid and void.
- 212 12. Pursuant to section 23.253 of the Missouri sunset
- **213** act:
- 214 (1) The provisions of the new program authorized under
- 215 this section shall sunset automatically six years after
- 216 August 28, 2021, unless reauthorized by an act of the
- 217 general assembly;
- 218 (2) If such program is reauthorized, the program
- 219 authorized under this section shall sunset automatically
- twelve years after August 28, 2021; and
- 221 (3) This section shall terminate on September first of
- 222 the calendar year immediately following the calendar year in
- 223 which the program authorized under this section is sunset.
 - 650.550. 1. There is hereby created in the state
 - 2 treasury the "Economic Distress Zone Fund", which shall
 - 3 consist of money appropriated under this section. The state
 - 4 treasurer shall be custodian of the fund. In accordance
 - 5 with sections 30.170 and 30.180, the state treasurer may
 - 6 approve disbursements. The fund shall be a dedicated fund
 - 7 and money in the fund shall be used solely by the department
 - 8 of public safety to provide funding to organizations
 - 9 registered with the United States Internal Revenue Service
- 10 as a 501(c)(3) corporation that provide services to
- 11 residents of the state in areas of high incidents of crime
- 12 and deteriorating infrastructure for the purpose of
- 13 deterring criminal behavior in such areas. Any moneys

- 14 appropriated and any other moneys made available by gift,
- 15 grant, bequest, contribution, or otherwise to carry out the
- 16 purpose of this section, and all interest earned on, and
- income generated from, moneys in the fund shall be paid to,
- 18 and deposited in, the economic distress zone fund.
- 19 2. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 33.080 to
- the contrary, any moneys appropriated to the fund over three
- 21 million dollars, excluding any moneys made available by
- 22 gift, grant, bequest, contribution, or otherwise, that
- remain in the fund at the end of the biennium shall revert
- 24 to the credit of the general revenue fund.
- 25 3. The department of public safety shall promulgate
- 26 rules to carry out the provisions of this section. Any rule
- 27 or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section
- 28 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in
- 29 this section shall become effective only if it complies with
- 30 and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and,
- 31 if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter
- 32 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with
- 33 the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to
- 34 delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule
- 35 are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of
- 36 rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after
- 37 August 28, 2021, shall be invalid and void.
- 4. As used in this section, "areas of high incidents
- 39 of crime and deteriorating infrastructure" shall mean a city
- 40 with a homicide rate of at least seven times the national
- 41 average according to the Federal Bureau of Investigation's
- 42 Uniform Crime Reporting System; a poverty rate that exceeds
- 43 twenty percent according to the United States Census Bureau;
- 44 and has a school district with at least eighty percent of
- 45 students who qualify for free or reduced lunch.

- 46 <u>5. The provisions of this section shall terminate on</u>
 47 August 28, 2024.
 - 650.555. 1. There is hereby created in the state
- 2 treasury the "988 Public Safety Fund", which shall consist
- 3 of money appropriated under this section. The state
- 4 treasurer shall be custodian of the fund. In accordance with
- 5 sections 30.170 and 30.180, the state treasurer may approve
- 6 disbursements. The fund shall be a dedicated fund and money
- 7 in the fund shall be used solely by the department of public
- 8 safety to provide funding to employee assistance programs
- 9 established by a law enforcement agency or emergency
- 10 services provider to provide professional counseling or
- 11 support services to employees of a law enforcement agency or
- 12 emergency services provider. Any moneys appropriated and
- any other moneys made available by gift, grant, bequest,
- 14 contribution, or otherwise to carry out the purpose of this
- 15 section, and all interest earned on, and income generated
- 16 from, moneys in the fund shall be paid to, and deposited in,
- 17 the 988 public safety fund.
- 18 2. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 33.080 to
- 19 the contrary, any moneys appropriated to the fund over one
- 20 million dollars, excluding any moneys made available any
- 21 gift, grant, bequest, contribution, or otherwise, that
- 22 remain in the fund at the end of the biennium shall revert
- 23 to the credit of the general revenue fund.
- 3. The department of public safety shall promulgate
- 25 rules to carry out the provisions of this section. Any rule
- or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section
- 27 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in
- 28 this section shall become effective only if it complies with
- 29 and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and,
- 30 if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter
- 31 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with

- 32 the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to
- 33 delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule
- 34 are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of
- 35 rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after
- 36 August 28, 2021, shall be invalid and void.
 - Section B. Because of the importance of property tax
- 2 relief, the enactment of section 139.305 of this act is
- 3 deemed necessary for the immediate preservation of the
- 4 public health, welfare, peace, and safety, and is hereby
- 5 declared to be an emergency act within the meaning of the
- 6 constitution, and the enactment of section 139.305 of this
- 7 act shall be in full force and effect upon its passage and
- 8 approval.