

SENATE SUBSTITUTE
FOR
SENATE BILL NO. 39
AN ACT

To repeal section 1.320, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof nine new sections relating to the sole purpose of adding additional protections to the right to bear arms, with penalty provisions and an emergency clause.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Section 1.320, RSMo, is repealed and nine new
2 sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 1.410,
3 1.420, 1.430, 1.440, 1.450, 1.460, 1.470, 1.480, and 1.485, to
4 read as follows:

1.410. 1. Sections 1.410 to 1.485 shall be known and
2 may be cited as the "Second Amendment Preservation Act".

3 2. The general assembly finds and declares that:

4 (1) The general assembly of the state of Missouri is
5 firmly resolved to support and defend the Constitution of
6 the United States against every aggression, whether foreign
7 or domestic, and is duty-bound to oppose every infraction of
8 those principles that constitute the basis of the union of
9 the states because only a faithful observance of those
10 principles can secure the union's existence and the public
11 happiness;

12 (2) Acting through the Constitution of the United
13 States, the people of the several states created the federal
14 government to be their agent in the exercise of a few
15 defined powers, while reserving for the state governments
16 the power to legislate on matters concerning the lives,
17 liberties, and properties of citizens in the ordinary course
18 of affairs;

19 (3) The limitation of the federal government's power
20 is affirmed under Amendment X of the Constitution of the
21 United States, which defines the total scope of federal
22 powers as being those that have been delegated by the people
23 of the several states to the federal government and all
24 powers not delegated to the federal government in the
25 Constitution of the United States are reserved to the states
26 respectively or the people themselves;

27 (4) If the federal government assumes powers that the
28 people did not grant it in the Constitution of the United
29 States, its acts are unauthoritative, void, and of no force;

30 (5) The several states of the United States respect
31 the proper role of the federal government but reject the
32 proposition that such respect requires unlimited
33 submission. If the federal government, created by a compact
34 among the states, were the exclusive or final judge of the
35 extent of the powers granted to it by the states through the
36 Constitution of the United States, the federal government's
37 discretion, and not the Constitution of the United States,
38 would necessarily become the measure of those powers. To
39 the contrary, as in all other cases of compacts among powers
40 having no common judge, each party has an equal right to
41 judge for itself as to whether infractions of the compact
42 have occurred, as well as to determine the mode and measure
43 of redress. Although the several states have granted
44 supremacy to laws and treaties made under the powers granted
45 in the Constitution of the United States, such supremacy
46 does not extend to various federal statutes, executive
47 orders, administrative orders, court orders, rules,
48 regulations, or other actions that collect data or restrict
49 or prohibit the manufacture, ownership, or use of firearms,
50 firearm accessories, or ammunition exclusively within the
51 borders of Missouri; such statutes, executive orders,

52 administrative orders, court orders, rules, regulations, and
53 other actions exceed the powers granted to the federal
54 government except to the extent they are necessary and
55 proper for governing and regulating the United States Armed
56 Forces or for organizing, arming, and disciplining militia
57 forces actively employed in the service of the United States
58 Armed Forces;

59 (6) The people of the several states have given
60 Congress the power "to regulate commerce with foreign
61 nations, and among the several states", but "regulating
62 commerce" does not include the power to limit citizens'
63 right to keep and bear arms in defense of their families,
64 neighbors, persons, or property nor to dictate what sorts of
65 arms and accessories law-abiding Missourians may buy, sell,
66 exchange, or otherwise possess within the borders of this
67 state;

68 (7) The people of the several states have also granted
69 Congress the powers "to lay and collect taxes, duties,
70 imports, and excises, to pay the debts, and provide for the
71 common defense and general welfare of the United States" and
72 "to make all laws which shall be necessary and proper for
73 carrying into execution the powers vested by the
74 Constitution of the United States in the government of the
75 United States, or in any department or office thereof".
76 These constitutional provisions merely identify the means by
77 which the federal government may execute its limited powers
78 and shall not be construed to grant unlimited power because
79 to do so would be to destroy the carefully constructed
80 equilibrium between the federal and state governments.
81 Consequently, the general assembly rejects any claim that
82 the taxing and spending powers of Congress may be used to
83 diminish in any way the right of the people to keep and bear
84 arms;

85 (8) The general assembly finds that the federal excise
86 tax rate on arms and ammunition in effect prior to January
87 1, 2021, pursuant to the Wildlife and Sport Fishing
88 Restoration Act, does not have a chilling effect on the
89 purchase or ownership of such arms and ammunition;

90 (9) The people of Missouri have vested the general
91 assembly with the authority to regulate the manufacture,
92 possession, exchange, and use of firearms within the borders
93 of this state, subject only to the limits imposed by
94 Amendment II of the Constitution of the United States and
95 the Constitution of Missouri; and

96 (10) The general assembly of the state of Missouri
97 strongly promotes responsible gun ownership, including
98 parental supervision of minors in the proper use, storage,
99 and ownership of all firearms; the prompt reporting of
100 stolen firearms; and the proper enforcement of all state gun
101 laws. The general assembly of the state of Missouri hereby
102 condemns any unlawful transfer of firearms and the use of
103 any firearm in any criminal or unlawful activity.

1.420. The following federal acts, laws, executive
2 orders, administrative orders, rules, and regulations shall
3 be considered infringements on the people's right to keep
4 and bear arms, as guaranteed by Amendment II of the
5 Constitution of the United States and Article I, Section 23
6 of the Constitution of Missouri, within the borders of this
7 state including, but not limited to:

8 (1) Any tax, levy, fee, or stamp imposed on firearms,
9 firearm accessories, or ammunition not common to all other
10 goods and services and that might reasonably be expected to
11 create a chilling effect on the purchase or ownership of
12 those items by law-abiding citizens;

13 (2) Any registration or tracking of firearms, firearm
14 accessories, or ammunition;

15 (3) Any registration or tracking of the ownership of
16 firearms, firearm accessories, or ammunition;

17 (4) Any act forbidding the possession, ownership, use,
18 or transfer of a firearm, firearm accessory, or ammunition
19 by law-abiding citizens; and

20 (5) Any act ordering the confiscation of firearms,
21 firearm accessories, or ammunition from law-abiding citizens.

1.430. All federal acts, laws, executive orders,
2 administrative orders, rules, and regulations, regardless of
3 whether they were enacted before or after the provisions of
4 sections 1.410 to 1.485, that infringe on the people's right
5 to keep and bear arms as guaranteed by the Second Amendment
6 to the Constitution of the United States and Article I,
7 Section 23 of the Constitution of Missouri shall be invalid
8 to this state, shall not be recognized by this state, shall
9 be specifically rejected by this state, and shall not be
10 enforced by this state.

1.440. It shall be the duty of the courts and law
2 enforcement agencies of this state to protect the rights of
3 law-abiding citizens to keep and bear arms within the
4 borders of this state and to protect these rights from the
5 infringements defined under section 1.420.

1.450. No entity or person, including any public
2 officer or employee of this state or any political
3 subdivision of this state, shall have the authority to
4 enforce or attempt to enforce any federal acts, laws,
5 executive orders, administrative orders, rules, regulations,
6 statutes, or ordinances infringing on the right to keep and
7 bear arms as described under section 1.420. Nothing in
8 sections 1.410 to 1.480 shall be construed to prohibit
9 Missouri officials from accepting aid from federal officials
10 in an effort to enforce Missouri laws.

1.460. 1. Any political subdivision or law enforcement agency that employs a law enforcement officer who acts knowingly, as defined under section 562.016, to violate the provisions of section 1.450 or otherwise knowingly deprives a citizen of Missouri of the rights or privileges ensured by Amendment II of the Constitution of the United States or Article I, Section 23 of the Constitution of Missouri while acting under the color of any state or federal law shall be liable to the injured party in an action at law, suit in equity, or other proper proceeding for redress, and subject to a civil penalty of fifty thousand dollars per occurrence. Any person injured under this section shall have standing to pursue an action for injunctive relief in the circuit court of the county in which the action allegedly occurred or in the circuit court of Cole County with respect to the actions of such individual. The court shall hold a hearing on the motion for temporary restraining order and preliminary injunction within thirty days of service of the petition.

2. In such actions, the court may award the prevailing party, other than the state of Missouri or any political subdivision of the state, reasonable attorney's fees and costs.

3. Sovereign immunity shall not be an affirmative defense in any action pursuant to this section.

1.470. 1. Any political subdivision or law enforcement agency that knowingly employs an individual acting or who previously acted as an official, agent, employee, or deputy of the government of the United States, or otherwise acted under the color of federal law within the borders of this state, who has knowingly, as defined under section 562.016, after the adoption of this section:

8 (1) Enforced or attempted to enforce any of the
9 infringements identified in section 1.420; or

10 (2) Given material aid and support to the efforts of
11 another who enforces or attempts to enforce any of the
12 infringements identified in section 1.420;

13 shall be subject to a civil penalty of fifty thousand
14 dollars per employee hired by the political subdivision or
15 law enforcement agency. Any person residing in a
16 jurisdiction who believes that an individual has taken
17 action that would violate the provisions of this section
18 shall have standing to pursue an action.

19 2. Any person residing or conducting business in a
20 jurisdiction who believes that an individual has taken
21 action that would violate the provisions of this section
22 shall have standing to pursue an action for injunctive
23 relief in the circuit court of the county in which the
24 action allegedly occurred or in the circuit court of Cole
25 County with respect to the actions of such individual. The
26 court shall hold a hearing on the motion for a temporary
27 restraining order and preliminary injunction within thirty
28 days of service of the petition.

29 3. In such actions, the court may award the prevailing
30 party, other than the state of Missouri or any political
31 subdivision of the state, reasonable attorney's fees and
32 costs.

33 4. Sovereign immunity shall not be an affirmative
34 defense in any action pursuant to this section.

1.480. 1. For sections 1.410 to 1.485, the term "law-
2 abiding citizen" shall mean a person who is not otherwise
3 precluded under state law from possessing a firearm and
4 shall not be construed to include anyone who is not legally
5 present in the United States or the state of Missouri.

6 2. For the purposes of sections 1.410 to 1.480,
7 "material aid and support" shall include voluntarily giving
8 or allowing others to make use of lodging; communications
9 equipment or services, including social media accounts;
10 facilities; weapons; personnel; transportation; clothing; or
11 other physical assets. Material aid and support shall not
12 include giving or allowing the use of medicine or other
13 materials necessary to treat physical injuries, nor shall
14 the term include any assistance provided to help persons
15 escape a serious, present risk of life-threatening injury.

16 3. It shall not be considered a violation of sections
17 1.410 to 1.480 to provide material aid to federal officials
18 who are in pursuit of a suspect when there is a demonstrable
19 criminal nexus with another state or country and such
20 suspect is either not a citizen of this state or is not
21 present in this state.

22 4. It shall not be considered a violation of sections
23 1.410 to 1.480 to provide material aid to federal
24 prosecution for:

25 (1) Felony crimes against a person when such
26 prosecution includes weapons violations substantially
27 similar to those found in chapter 570 or chapter 571 so long
28 as such weapons violations are merely ancillary to such
29 prosecution; or

30 (2) Class A or class B felony violations substantially
31 similar to those found in chapter 579 when such prosecution
32 includes weapons violations substantially similar to those
33 found in chapter 570 or chapter 571 so long as such weapons
34 violations are merely ancillary to such prosecution.

35 5. The provisions of sections 1.410 to 1.485 shall be
36 applicable to offenses occurring on or after August 28, 2021.

1.485. If any provision of sections 1.410 to 1.485 or
2 the application thereof to any person or circumstance is

3 held invalid, such determination shall not affect the
4 provisions or applications of sections 1.410 to 1.485 that
5 may be given effect without the invalid provision or
6 application, and the provisions of sections 1.410 to 1.485
7 are severable.

2 [1.320. The general assembly of the state
3 of Missouri strongly promotes responsible gun
4 ownership, including parental supervision of
5 minors in the proper use, storage, and ownership
6 of all firearms, the prompt reporting of stolen
7 firearms, and the proper enforcement of all
8 state gun laws. The general assembly of the
9 state of Missouri hereby condemns any unlawful
10 transfer of firearms and the use of any firearm
in any criminal or unlawful activity.]

Section B. Because immediate action is necessary to
2 ensure the limitation of the federal government's power and
3 to protect the citizens' right to bear arms, section A of
4 this act is deemed necessary for the immediate preservation
5 of the public health, welfare, peace, and safety, and is
6 hereby declared to be an emergency act within the meaning of
7 the constitution, and section A of this act shall be in full
8 force and effect upon its passage and approval.