SENATE BILL NO. 24

102ND GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR HOUGH.

1080S.01I KRISTINA MARTIN, Secretary

AN ACT

To amend chapter 190, RSMo, by adding thereto two new sections relating to first responders.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Chapter 190, RSMo, is amended by adding thereto

- 2 two new sections, to be known as sections 190.1010 and 190.1015,
- 3 to read as follows:
 - 190.1010. 1. This section and section 190.1015 shall
- 2 be known and may be cited as the "Missouri First Responder
- 3 Mental Health Initiative Act".
- 4 2. As used in this section, the following terms shall
- 5 mean:
- 6 (1) "Behavioral health" or "behavioral health care",
- 7 treatment for mental health, substance use disorder, or
- 8 both, co-occurring together;
- 9 (2) "Employee", a first responder employed by a unit
- 10 of state or local government, by a public hospital or
- 11 ambulance service, or by a 911 dispatching agency;
- 12 (3) "Employer", the state, a unit of local government,
- or a public hospital or ambulance service that employs first
- 14 responders;
- 15 (4) "First responder", a law enforcement officer, 911
- 16 dispatcher, paramedic, emergency medical technician, or a
- 17 volunteer or full-time paid fire fighter employed by a unit
- 18 of local government, a public hospital, or an ambulance
- 19 service that employs first responders;

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20 (5) "Record", any record kept by a therapist or by an 21 agency in the course of providing behavioral health care to 22 a first responder concerning the first responder and the services provided. "Record" includes the personal notes of 23 24 the therapist or agency, as well as all records maintained 25 by a court that have been created in connection with, in 26 preparation for, or as a result of the filing of any 27 petition. "Record" does not include information that has 28 been de-identified in accordance with the federal Health 29 Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) and 30 does not include a reference to the receipt of behavioral health care noted during a patient history and physical or 31 32 other summary of care;

- (6) "Emergency services provider", any public employer that employs persons to provide firefighting services;
- 35 (7) "Emergency services personnel", any employee of an 36 emergency services provider who is engaged in providing 37 services as a first responder;
- 38 (8) "Law enforcement agency", any county sheriff,
 39 municipal police department, police department established
 40 by a university or college, the department of public safety,
 41 the department of corrections, and other state, local, or
 42 county agency comprised of county probation officers,
 43 corrections employees, or 911 telecommunicators or emergency
 44 medical dispatchers;
 - (9) "Peer support advisor", an employee approved by the law enforcement agency or the emergency services provider who voluntarily provides confidential support and assistance to fellow employees experiencing personal or professional problems. An emergency services provider or law enforcement agency shall provide peer support advisors

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with an appropriate level of training in counseling to provide emotional and moral support;

- (10) "Peer support counseling program", a program
 setablished by an emergency services provider, a law
 enforcement agency, state or local police, or a firefighter
 organization to train employees to serve as peer support
 advisors in order to conduct peer support counseling
 sessions;
- (11) "Peer support counseling session", communication
 with a peer support advisor designated by an emergency
 services provider or law enforcement agency. A peer support
 counseling session is accomplished primarily through
 listening, assessing, assisting with problem solving, making
 referrals to a professional when necessary, and conducting
 follow-up as needed;
 - (12) "Posttraumatic stress disorder", any psychological or behavioral health injury suffered by a first responder by and through their employment due to their exposures to stressful and life-threatening situations and rigors of the job, excluding a posttraumatic stress injury that arises solely as a result of a legitimate personnel action by the employer such as transfer, promotion, demotion, or termination, which shall not be considered a compensable injury under this section.
- 75 3. First responders shall have the following rights to 76 behavioral health care:
- 77 (1) The right of full access to behavioral health care
 78 services and treatment that are responsive to the needs of
 79 the individual and the professions of police, firefighter,
 80 emergency medical technicians, 911 dispatchers, or
 81 paramedics;

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82 (2) The right to seek, or access if required or 83 requested, services and treatment for behavioral health 84 needs without fear of repercussions by his or her employer 85 or supervisor and without fear of reprisal;

- (3) The right, in the course of seeking services and treatment for behavioral health, that all records, notes, and conclusions by the treatment provider shall not be shared with an employer unless otherwise mandated by law.

 The right guaranteed by this subdivision may be waived by the employee;
- 92 (4) The right of first responder employees not to be 93 compelled by their employer under the threat of discipline 94 to release any records related to behavioral health;
- 95 (5) The right to have behavioral health records not be 96 used in any disciplinary or other proceeding against an 97 employee;
 - (6) The right of employees to seek treatment in any geographic area without restrictions or limitations imposed by the employer or insurance carrier;
- 101 (7) The right to have behavioral health services and 102 treatment in a manner that reduces stigma and barriers to 103 those services and treatment;
- 104 (8) The right to receive expanded Family and Medical 105 Leave Act protections for individuals voluntarily seeking 106 preventative treatment;
- 107 (9) The right to be diagnosed by a licensed 108 psychiatrist, psychologist, or professional counselor 109 specializing in first responder mental health;
- 110 (10) The right of a first responder seeking behavioral
 111 health services who has been diagnosed, after in-network
 112 health insurance has been utilized, to submit corresponding
 113 receipts for medical bills paid by the first responder to

114 the first responder behavioral health grant program 115 established under this section for reimbursement to the 116 first responder of out-of-pocket costs incurred from the 117 funds specifically allocated for first responder behavioral The first responder shall pay his or her 118 health treatment. 119 out-of-pocket share for the behavioral health treatment prior to submitting for reimbursement. There shall be a 120 121 maximum limit of twelve months beginning from the time a

- 122 first responder seeks behavioral health treatment to
- 123 receiving reimbursement from the program for the benefit
- 124 described in this subdivision;

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- 125 The right to separate living quarters and (11)treatment areas within behavioral health and detox 126 127 facilities from other patients as to keep anonymity and 128 reduce triggering events; and
- 129 (12)The right for all first responders retired from 130 service for a period of up to thirty-six months to have full access to behavioral health treatment regardless of Medicare 131 132 restrictions.
 - 4. The rights guaranteed to first responders in this section shall be judicially enforceable. An aggrieved employee may bring an action for damages, attorney's fees, or injunctive relief against an employer for violating the provisions of this section.
- Any communication made by an employee of an emergency services provider, law enforcement agency, or peer 139 support advisor in a peer support counseling session, as 140 well as any oral or written information conveyed in the peer 141 support counseling session shall be confidential and shall 142 143 not be disclosed by any person participating in the peer 144 support counseling session or released to any person or 145 entity. Any communication relating to a peer support

146 counseling session made confidential under this section that
147 is made between peer support advisors and the supervisors or
148 staff of a peer support counseling program, or between the
149 supervisor or staff of a peer support counseling program,
150 shall be confidential and shall not be disclosed. The
151 provisions of this section shall not be construed to
152 prohibit any communications between counselors who conduct

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- peer support counseling sessions or any communications
- 154 between counselors and the supervisors or staff of a peer
- 155 support counseling program.

- 156 (2) Any communication described in subdivision (1) of 157 this subsection may be subject to a subpoena for good cause 158 shown.
- 159 (3) The provisions of this subsection shall not apply 160 to the following:
- 161 (a) Any threat of suicide or homicide made by a
 162 participant in a peer support counseling session or any
 163 information conveyed in a peer support counseling session
 164 related to a threat of suicide or homicide;
- 165 (b) Any information mandated by law or agency policy
 166 to be reported, including, but not limited to, domestic
 167 violence, child abuse or neglect, or elder abuse or neglect;
 - (c) Any admission of criminal conduct; or
- (d) Any admission or act of refusal to perform duties to protect others or the employee of the emergency services provider or law enforcement agency.
- 172 (4) All communications, notes, records, and reports
 173 arising out of a peer support counseling session shall not
 174 be considered a public record subject to disclosure under
 175 chapter 610.
- 176 (5) A department or organization that establishes a 177 peer support counseling program shall develop a policy or

rule that imposes disciplinary measures against a peer
support advisor who violates the confidentiality of the peer
support counseling program by sharing information learned in
a peer support counseling session with personnel who are not
supervisors or staff of the peer support counseling program,
unless otherwise exempted under the provisions of this
subsection.

- enforcement agency uses confidential information obtained during a confidential peer support counseling session conducted by a law enforcement agency or by an emergency services provider in violation of this subsection, then the aggrieved employee whose rights have been violated shall have a cause for an adverse employment action against the provider or agency.
- (7) Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to limit or reduce any confidentiality protections or legal privileges that are otherwise provided by law or rule, including, but not limited to, local ordinance, state or federal law, or court rule. Any confidentiality provision enacted by local ordinance on or after August 28, 2023, shall not diminish the protections enumerated in this subsection.
- 6. Any emergency services provider, law enforcement agency, or statewide or local collective bargaining organization that creates a peer support program shall be subject to the provisions of this section. An emergency services provider, law enforcement agency, or collective bargaining organization shall ensure that peer support advisors receive appropriate training in counseling to conduct peer support counseling sessions. Emergency services personnel and public safety personnel may refer any

- 210 person to a peer support advisor within the emergency
- 211 services provider or law enforcement agency, or if those
- 212 services are not available within the agency, to another
- 213 peer support counseling program that is available and
- 214 approved by the emergency services provider or law
- 215 enforcement agency. Notwithstanding any other provision of
- law to the contrary, public safety personnel shall not
- 217 mandate that any employee participate in a peer support
- 218 counseling program.
- 7. There is created within the department of mental
- 220 health the "First Responder Behavioral Health Grant Program"
- 221 to provide grants to the following recipients:
- 222 (1) Units of local government;
- 223 (2) 911 dispatching agencies;
- 224 (3) Law enforcement agencies;
- 225 (4) Fire protection districts;
- 226 (5) Municipal fire departments;
- 227 (6) Ambulance districts that employ first responders;
- 228 (7) Missouri State Council of Fire Fighters peer
- 229 support teams; and
- 230 (8) Missouri Fraternal Order of Police peer support
- teams.
- 8. (1) There is hereby created in the state treasury
- 233 the "First Responder Behavioral Health Grant Fund", which
- 234 shall consist of moneys appropriated to it by the
- 235 legislature. The state treasurer shall be custodian of the
- 236 fund. In accordance with sections 30.170 and 30.180, the
- 237 state treasurer may approve disbursements. The fund shall
- 238 be a dedicated fund and money in the fund shall be used
- 239 solely by department of mental health for the purposes of
- 240 making grants to eligible recipients under subsection 7 of
- 241 this section. Notwithstanding the provisions of section

242 33.080 to the contrary, any moneys remaining in the fund at

- 243 the end of the biennium shall not revert to the credit of
- 244 the general revenue fund. The state treasurer shall invest
- 245 moneys in the fund in the same manner as other funds are
- 246 invested. Any interest and moneys earned on such
- 247 investments shall be credited to the fund.
- 248 (2) Recipients eligible for grants under subsection 7
- 249 of this section shall use the grants for expenses related to
- 250 behavioral health care services for first responders,
- 251 including, but not limited to, peer support education and
- development, mental health prevention and awareness
- 253 training, department level education, critical incident data
- 254 software, mental health evaluation software, telehealth
- 255 services, and reimbursement for out-of-pocket costs not
- 256 covered by health insurance. An employer shall not reduce
- 257 behavioral health care provided through a first responder's
- 258 employee benefit package as a result of the receipt of grant
- 259 funds under this subsection. All records, notes, and
- 260 conclusions by a treatment provider providing behavioral
- 261 health care to first responders whose employers receive
- 262 grants under this subsection shall not be shared with the
- 263 employer unless otherwise mandated by law.
- 264 (3) Applicants seeking grants shall apply to the
- department in a form and manner prescribed by the department.
- 266 9. The department may adopt any rules necessary to
- 267 implement this section. Any rule or portion of a rule, as
- 268 that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created
- 269 under the authority delegated in this section shall become
- 270 effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of
- 271 the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section
- 272 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and
- 273 if any of the powers vested with the general assembly

- 274 pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective
- 275 date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently
- 276 held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking
- 277 authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28,
- 278 2023, shall be invalid and void.
 - 190.1015. 1. There shall be created within the
 - 2 department of public safety the "Missouri First Responders
 - 3 Mental Health Task Force" to develop recommendations
 - 4 regarding grants issued under section 190.1010, as well as
 - 5 to develop a mechanism to help reduce the risk and rates of
 - 6 suicide among first responders. The task force shall be
 - 7 composed of the following members;
 - 8 (1) The director of department of mental health, or
 - 9 his or her designee;
 - 10 (2) The director of department of public safety, or
- 11 his or her designee;
- 12 (3) The president of the Missouri Association of Fire
- 13 Chiefs, or his or her designee;
- 14 (4) The president of the Missouri Association of
- 15 Police Chiefs, or his or her designee;
- 16 (5) The president of the Missouri Fraternal Order of
- 17 Police, or his or her designee;
- 18 (6) The president of the Missouri State Council of
- 19 Fire Fighters, or his or her designee;
- 20 (7) Two members who represent two different mental
- 21 health organizations, appointed by the director of the
- 22 department of mental health;
- 23 (8) One member who represents an organization that
- 24 advocates on behalf of police, appointed by the director of
- 25 the department of public safety;

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- 26 (9) One member who represents organizations that
 27 advocate on behalf of firefighters, appointed by the state
 28 fire marshal; and
- 29 (10) One member who represents organizations that 30 advocate on behalf of paramedics and emergency first 31 responders, appointed by the director of the bureau of 32 emergency medical services.
 - 2. Members of the task force shall be appointed within thirty days of August 28, 2023, and shall serve without compensation. The task force shall begin meeting no later than sixty days after all members have been appointed. The department of public safety shall provide administrative support for the task force, and, if the subject matter is either sensitive or classified, or otherwise meets necessary exemptions under section 610.021 for closed meetings, the task force may hold its hearings in private.
 - 3. The task force shall provide recommendations for agencies and organizations to access to mental health and wellness services, including, but not limited to, peer support programs and providing ongoing education related to mental health wellness, including, but not limited to:
 - (1) Revising agency or organization employee assistance programs;
 - (2) Urging health care providers to replace outdated health care plans and include more progressive options catering to the needs and disproportionate risks shouldered by first responders;
- (3) Providing resources for funding or public service announcements and messaging campaigns aimed at raising awareness of available assistance options;

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(4) Encouraging agencies and organizations to attach lists of all available resources to training manuals and continuing education requirements;

- (5) Identifying and recommending local and nationwide mental health facilities that specialize in treatment of first responders;
- 62 (6) Encouraging agencies and organizations to sponsor 63 or facilitate first responders with specialized training in 64 the areas of psychological fitness, depressive disorders, 65 early detection, and mitigation best practices. Such 66 trainings could be accomplished by:
- 67 (a) Assigning, appointing, or designating one member 68 of an agency or organization to attend specialized trainings 69 sponsored by an accredited agency, association, or 70 organization recognized in their fields of study;
- 71 (b) Seeking grants, sponsorships, or conducting
 72 fundraisers to host annual or semiannual on-site visits from
 73 qualified clinicians or physicians to provide early
 74 detection training techniques, or to provide regular access
 75 to mental health professionals;
 - (c) Requiring that a minimum number of hours of disorders and wellness training be incorporated into reoccurring annual or biannual training standards, examinations, and curriculums, taking into close consideration respective agency or organization size, frequency, and number of all current federal and state mandatory examinations and trainings expected respectively; and
- (d) Emphasizing the crucial importance of a balanced diet, sleep, mindfulness-based stress reduction techniques, moderate and vigorous intensity activities, and recreational

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hobbies, which have been scientifically proven to play a major role in brain health and mental wellness;

- (7) Encouraging administrators and leadership personnel to solicit training services from evidence-based, data driven organizations with personnel trained on the analytical review and interpretation of specific fields related to the nature of first responders' needs, such as posttraumatic stress disorder, substance abuse, and a chronic state of duress;
- (8) Encouraging funding for expansion of preliminary self-diagnosing technologies by contacting an accredited agency, association, or organization recognized in the field or fields of specific study; normalizing help-seeking behaviors for both first responders and their families through regular messaging and peer support outreach, beginning with academy curricula and continuing education throughout individuals' careers; funding and implementing awareness campaigns that provide clear and concise calls to action about mental health and wellness, resiliency, helpseeking, treatment, and recovery; promoting and raising awareness of nonprofit organizations currently available to assist individuals in search of care and treatment; expanding Family and Medical Leave Act protections for individuals voluntarily seeking preventative treatment; and promoting and ensuring complete patient confidentiality protections; and
 - (9) Encouraging agencies and organizations to incorporate the following training components into already existing modules and educational curriculum:
- 116 (a) Bolstering academy and school curricula by
 117 requiring depressive disorder training catered to
 118 posttraumatic stress disorder, substance abuse, and early

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119	detection techniques training, taking into close
120	consideration respective agency or organization size, and
121	the frequency and number of all current federal and state
122	mandatory examinations and trainings expected respectively;

- 123 (b) Continuing to allocate or match federal and state 124 funds to maintain Missouri CIT;
- 125 Incorporating a state-approved certificate for 126 peer support training into already existing statewide 127 curriculums and mandatory examinations, annual state fire 128 marshal examinations, and physical fitness examinations. 129 The subject matter of the certificate should have an emphasis on mental health and wellness, as well as 130 familiarization with topics ranging from clinical social 131 132 work, clinical psychology, clinical behaviorist, and 133 clinical psychiatry;
 - (d) Incorporating and performing statewide mental health check-ins during the same times as already mandated trainings. These checks shall not to be compared or used as measures of fitness for duty evaluations or structured psychological examinations; and
 - (e) Recommending comprehensive and evidence-based training on the importance of preventative measures on the topics of sleep, nutrition, mindfulness, and physical movement.

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