## FIRST REGULAR SESSION

## **SENATE BILL NO. 467**

**102ND GENERAL ASSEMBLY** 

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR SCHROER.

KRISTINA MARTIN, Secretary

## AN ACT

To repeal sections 537.060 and 537.067, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof three new sections relating to determination of fault in civil actions.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 537.060 and 537.067, RSMo, are repealed and three new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 537.059, 537.060, and 537.067, to read as follows:

537.059. In all actions in which there is any count 2 alleging a tort to recover damages and in which any party 3 contends that the damages were caused by the alleged fault 4 of more than one person or entity, the trier of fact shall 5 determine the amount of fault attributable to each person or 6 entity, regardless of whether the person or entity is a 7 party to the action, and regardless of whether the person or 8 entity has settled or been released from liability. Fault 9 of another person or entity may be alleged by any party to the tort action in any claim, counterclaim, cross-claim, or 10 11 as an affirmative defense. Any determination by the trier of fact as to the amount of fault attributable to a person 12 13 or entity not a party to the action at the time of trial 14 shall not be binding against or otherwise affect the rights 15 or liabilities of that person or entity.

537.060. Defendants in a judgment founded on an action2 for the redress of a private wrong shall be subject to

**EXPLANATION-Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in this bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.** 

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3 contribution, and all other consequences of such judgment, 4 in the same manner and to the same extent as defendants in a 5 judgment in an action founded on contract. When an agreement by release, covenant not to sue or not to enforce 6 a judgment is given in good faith to one of two or more 7 8 persons liable in tort for the same injury or wrongful 9 death, such agreement shall not discharge any of the other 10 tort-feasors for the damage unless the terms of the 11 agreement so provide[; however such agreement shall reduce 12 the claim by the stipulated amount of the agreement, or in the amount of consideration paid, whichever is greater. 13 The agreement shall discharge the tort-feasor to whom it is 14 15 given from all liability for contribution or noncontractual indemnity to any other tort-feasor. The term 16 "noncontractual indemnity" as used in this section refers to 17 indemnity between joint tort-feasors culpably negligent, 18 19 having no legal relationship to each other and does not 20 include indemnity which comes about by reason of contract, or by reason of vicarious liability]. 21

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537.067. 1. In all tort actions for damages, if a 2 defendant is found to bear fifty-one percent or more of 3 fault, then such defendant shall be jointly and severally liable for the amount of the judgment rendered against the 4 5 defendants less the total of any stipulated amount in any 6 release, covenant not to sue or not to enforce a judgment 7 under any agreement with any other person or entity alleged to have been at fault pursuant to section 537.059, or any 8 9 consideration paid by such person or entity, whichever is greater. If a defendant is found to bear less than fifty-10 one percent of fault, then the defendant shall only be 11 responsible for the percentage of the judgment for which the 12 defendant is determined to be responsible by the trier of 13

14 fact; except that, a party is responsible for the fault of 15 another defendant or for payment of the proportionate share 16 of another defendant if any of the following applies:

17 (1) The other defendant was acting as an employee of18 the party;

19 (2) The party's liability for the fault of another
20 person arises out of a duty created by the federal
21 Employers' Liability Act, 45 U.S.C. Section 51.

22 2. The defendants shall only be severally liable for
23 the percentage of punitive damages for which fault is
24 attributed to such defendant by the trier of fact.

25 3. In all tort actions, no party may disclose to the26 trier of fact the impact of this section.

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