FIRST REGULAR SESSION

SENATE BILL NO. 489

102ND GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR SCHROER.

KRISTINA MARTIN, Secretary

AN ACT

To repeal section 595.209, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof two new sections relating to informants in criminal proceedings.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

De	i enacieu by me General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows.
	Section A. Section 595.209, RSMo, is repealed and two new
2	sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections
3	491.065 and 595.209, to read as follows:
	491.065. 1. As used in this section unless the
2	context otherwise requires, the following words mean:
3	(1) "Benefit", any plea bargain, bail consideration,
4	reduction or modification of sentence, or any other
5	leniency, immunity, financial payment, reward, or
6	amelioration of current or future conditions of
7	incarceration that has been requested or that has been or
8	may, at a future date, be offered or provided in connection
9	with or in exchange for the testimony of an informant who
10	was endorsed by the state;
11	(2) "Informant", a witness who provides testimony that
12	offers allegedly self-incriminating statements or activities
13	of another person who is under investigation or being
14	charged with an offense and the witness:
15	(a) Is or was incarcerated with the suspect or
16	defendant;
17	(b) Is being detained by or in the custody of law
18	enforcement; or

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Provides testimony in exchange for any benefit. 19 (C) 20 The term "informant" shall not refer to or include a 21 codefendant or victim involved in the case. 22 2. Each prosecuting or circuit attorney shall maintain 23 a central record that is searchable and tracks: Each case in which an informant has been endorsed 24 (1) by the state to testify against a defendant's interest; 25 The substance of the testimony; and 26 (2) 27 Any benefit that has been requested by or has been (3) 28 offered to the informant, and any benefit that may be provided at a future date in connection with such testimony. 29 30 3. On a monthly basis, each prosecuting or circuit attorney shall send the information described under 31 32 subsection 2 of this section to the Missouri state highway patrol, and the information shall be maintained in a 33 centralized statewide record that is available to 34 35 prosecuting or circuit attorneys throughout the state. The information described in this section is not a 36 4. 37 public record subject to the provisions of chapter 610 and

is accessible only by the prosecuting or circuit attorney or by any attorney who has entered an appearance on behalf of a party to the case in which the informant is an endorsed witness.

5. If a prosecuting or circuit attorney endorses a witness to testify as an informant, the following material and information shall be disclosed within fourteen days of the endorsement by the prosecuting or circuit attorney:

46 (1) The complete criminal history of the informant,
47 including any charges that are pending or were reduced,
48 amended, or dismissed as part of a plea bargain;

49 (2) The informant cooperation agreement and a copy of
50 any deal, promise, inducement, or benefit that has been
51 requested or that has been or may, at a future date, be
52 offered or provided to the informant in connection with
53 testimony against the defendant's interest;

(3) The substance, time, and place of any statement allegedly given by the defendant to the informant, and the substance, time, and place of any statement given by the informant to a law enforcement agency implicating the defendant in the offense charged;

(4) Whether the informant recanted that testimony or
statement and, if so, the time and place of the recantation,
the nature of the recantation, and the names of the persons
who were present at the recantation; and

(5) Information concerning other criminal cases in any
county in which the informant was endorsed by the state to
testify against a defendant, including the following:

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(a) The case name and number;

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(b) The substance of the testimony;

(c) Any cooperation agreement, deal, promise,
inducement, or benefit that was requested, offered, or
provided to the informant in connection with the informant's
testimony; and

(d) Any other information that is requested to be
disclosed under the Constitution of the United States, the
Constitution of Missouri, and the Missouri rules of criminal
procedure.

6. Failure to provide information in response to subsection 5 of this section during discovery shall result in a waiver of absolute immunity and a report to the Missouri office of chief disciplinary counsel for any prosecuting or circuit attorney who violates the provisions

of subsection 5 of this section and a waiver of qualified immunity and a report to the POST commission for any law enforcement officer who fails to disclose to the defendant any benefits or promises of benefits offered to the informant.

86 7. In any criminal prosecution in which the 87 prosecuting or circuit attorney intends to introduce the 88 testimony of an informant and upon the motion of the 89 defendant, the court shall conduct a pretrial evidentiary 90 hearing to determine whether the informant's testimony is 91 reliable and therefore admissible based upon the material and information disclosed under subsections 5 and 6 of this 92 section, as well as the following factors: 93

94 (1) The extent to which the informant's testimony is
95 supported by other evidence;

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(2) The specificity of the informant's testimony;

97 (3) The extent to which the testimony contains details
98 known only by the defendant;

99 (4) The extent to which the details of the testimony
100 could be obtained from a source other than the defendant; and

(5) The circumstances under which the informant
 initially provided the information to law enforcement or the
 prosecuting or circuit attorney, including whether the
 informant was responding to leading questions.

105 8. The prosecuting or circuit attorney shall show by a 106 preponderance of the evidence that the informant's testimony 107 is reliable based on the factors under subsection 5 of this 108 section in order for the court to allow the testimony to be 109 heard at trial.

9. If the informant's testimony is admitted into
evidence, the court shall instruct jurors to consider the
material and information disclosed and enumerated under

subsection 5 and 7 of this section when assessing the reliability and truthfulness of the informant's testimony.

595.209. 1. The following rights shall automatically 2 be afforded to victims of dangerous felonies, as defined in 3 section 556.061, victims of murder in the first degree, as 4 defined in section 565.020, victims of voluntary manslaughter, as defined in section 565.023, victims of any 5 6 offense under chapter 566, victims of an attempt to commit 7 one of the preceding crimes, as defined in section 562.012, 8 and victims of domestic assault, as defined in sections 565.072 to 565.076; and, upon written request, the following 9 rights shall be afforded to victims of all other crimes and 10 witnesses of crimes: 11

(1) For victims, the right to be present at all criminal justice proceedings at which the defendant has such right, including juvenile proceedings where the offense would have been a felony if committed by an adult, even if the victim is called to testify or may be called to testify as a witness in the case;

18 (2) For victims, the right to information about the19 crime, as provided for in subdivision (5) of this subsection;

20 (3) For victims and witnesses, to be informed, in a
21 timely manner, by the prosecutor's office of the filing of
22 charges, preliminary hearing dates, trial dates,
23 continuances and the final disposition of the case. Final
24 disposition information shall be provided within five days;

(4) For victims, the right to confer with and to be
informed by the prosecutor regarding bail hearings, guilty
pleas, pleas under chapter 552 or its successors, hearings,
sentencing and probation revocation hearings and the right
to be heard at such hearings, including juvenile

30 proceedings, unless in the determination of the court the 31 interests of justice require otherwise;

32 (5) The right to be informed by local law enforcement
33 agencies, the appropriate juvenile authorities or the
34 custodial authority of the following:

35 (a) The status of any case concerning a crime against36 the victim, including juvenile offenses;

37 The right to be informed by local law enforcement (b) agencies or the appropriate juvenile authorities of the 38 39 availability of victim compensation assistance, assistance in obtaining documentation of the victim's losses, 40 including, but not limited to and subject to existing law 41 42 concerning protected information or closed records, access to copies of complete, unaltered, unedited investigation 43 reports of motor vehicle, pedestrian, and other similar 44 45 accidents upon request to the appropriate law enforcement agency by the victim or the victim's representative, and 46 emergency crisis intervention services available in the 47 48 community;

49 (c) Any release of such person on bond or for any 50 other reason;

(d) Within twenty-four hours, any escape by such person from a municipal detention facility, county jail, a correctional facility operated by the department of corrections, mental health facility, or the division of youth services or any agency thereof, and any subsequent recapture of such person;

(e) Any instance in which such person has been
endorsed by a prosecuting or circuit attorney as an
informant under section 491.065 and any benefit that has
been requested by or has been offered to the informant and

any benefit that may be provided at a future date in connection with such endorsement;

63 (6) For victims, the right to be informed by appropriate juvenile authorities of probation revocation 64 hearings initiated by the juvenile authority and the right 65 to be heard at such hearings or to offer a written 66 statement, video or audio tape, counsel or a representative 67 designated by the victim in lieu of a personal appearance, 68 the right to be informed by the board of probation and 69 70 parole of probation revocation hearings initiated by the board and of parole hearings, the right to be present at 71 each and every phase of parole hearings, the right to be 72 73 heard at probation revocation and parole hearings or to offer a written statement, video or audio tape, counsel or a 74 representative designated by the victim in lieu of a 75 76 personal appearance, and the right to have, upon written 77 request of the victim, a partition set up in the probation or parole hearing room in such a way that the victim is 78 79 shielded from the view of the probationer or parolee, and the right to be informed by the custodial mental health 80 facility or agency thereof of any hearings for the release 81 of a person committed pursuant to the provisions of chapter 82 552, the right to be present at such hearings, the right to 83 be heard at such hearings or to offer a written statement, 84 video or audio tape, counsel or a representative designated 85 86 by the victim in lieu of personal appearance;

87 (7) For victims and witnesses, upon their written 88 request, the right to be informed by the appropriate 89 custodial authority, including any municipal detention 90 facility, juvenile detention facility, county jail, 91 correctional facility operated by the department of 92 corrections, mental health facility, division of youth

93 services or agency thereof if the offense would have been a 94 felony if committed by an adult, postconviction or 95 commitment pursuant to the provisions of chapter 552 of the 96 following:

97 (a) The projected date of such person's release from 98 confinement;

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(b) Any release of such person on bond;

(c) Any release of such person on furlough, work release, trial release, electronic monitoring program, or to a community correctional facility or program or release for any other reason, in advance of such release;

(d) Any scheduled parole or release hearings,
including hearings under section 217.362, regarding such
person and any changes in the scheduling of such hearings.
No such hearing shall be conducted without thirty days'
advance notice;

(e) Within twenty-four hours, any escape by such
person from a municipal detention facility, county jail, a
correctional facility operated by the department of
corrections, mental health facility, or the division of
youth services or any agency thereof, and any subsequent
recapture of such person;

(f) Any decision by a parole board, by a juvenile releasing authority or by a circuit court presiding over releases pursuant to the provisions of chapter 552, or by a circuit court presiding over releases under section 217.362, to release such person or any decision by the governor to commute the sentence of such person or pardon such person;

121 (g) Notification within thirty days of the death of 122 such person;

123 (8) For witnesses who have been summoned by the124 prosecuting attorney and for victims, to be notified by the

125 prosecuting attorney in a timely manner when a court 126 proceeding will not go on as scheduled;

127 (9) For victims and witnesses, the right to reasonable 128 protection from the defendant or any person acting on behalf 129 of the defendant from harm and threats of harm arising out 130 of their cooperation with law enforcement and prosecution 131 efforts;

For victims and witnesses, on charged cases or 132 (10)submitted cases where no charge decision has yet been made, 133 134 to be informed by the prosecuting attorney of the status of 135 the case and of the availability of victim compensation assistance and of financial assistance and emergency and 136 crisis intervention services available within the community 137 138 and information relative to applying for such assistance or services, and of any final decision by the prosecuting 139 140 attorney not to file charges;

141 (11) For victims, to be informed by the prosecuting
142 attorney of the right to restitution which shall be
143 enforceable in the same manner as any other cause of action
144 as otherwise provided by law;

145 (12) For victims and witnesses, to be informed by the 146 court and the prosecuting attorney of procedures to be 147 followed in order to apply for and receive any witness fee 148 to which they are entitled;

(13) When a victim's property is no longer needed for evidentiary reasons or needs to be retained pending an appeal, the prosecuting attorney or any law enforcement agency having possession of the property shall, upon request of the victim, return such property to the victim within five working days unless the property is contraband or subject to forfeiture proceedings, or provide written

156 explanation of the reason why such property shall not be 157 returned;

158 (14) An employer may not discharge or discipline any witness, victim or member of a victim's immediate family for 159 160 honoring a subpoena to testify in a criminal proceeding, 161 attending a criminal proceeding, or for participating in the preparation of a criminal proceeding, or require any 162 163 witness, victim, or member of a victim's immediate family to use vacation time, personal time, or sick leave for honoring 164 165 a subpoena to testify in a criminal proceeding, attending a criminal proceeding, or participating in the preparation of 166 a criminal proceeding; 167

168 (15) For victims, to be provided with creditor 169 intercession services by the prosecuting attorney if the 170 victim is unable, as a result of the crime, temporarily to 171 meet financial obligations;

172 For victims and witnesses, the right to speedy (16)disposition of their cases, and for victims, the right to 173 174 speedy appellate review of their cases, provided that nothing in this subdivision shall prevent the defendant from 175 176 having sufficient time to prepare such defendant's defense. 177 The attorney general shall provide victims, upon their written request, case status information throughout the 178 179 appellate process of their cases. The provisions of this 180 subdivision shall apply only to proceedings involving the particular case to which the person is a victim or witness; 181

182 (17) For victims and witnesses, to be provided by the 183 court, a secure waiting area during court proceedings and to 184 receive notification of the date, time and location of any 185 hearing conducted by the court for reconsideration of any 186 sentence imposed, modification of such sentence or recall 187 and release of any defendant from incarceration;

188 (18) For victims, the right to receive upon request
189 from the department of corrections a photograph taken of the
190 defendant prior to release from incarceration.

191 2. The provisions of subsection 1 of this section 192 shall not be construed to imply any victim who is 193 incarcerated by the department of corrections or any local 194 law enforcement agency has a right to be released to attend 195 any hearing or that the department of corrections or the 196 local law enforcement agency has any duty to transport such 197 incarcerated victim to any hearing.

198 3. Those persons entitled to notice of events pursuant 199 to the provisions of subsection 1 of this section shall 200 provide the appropriate person or agency with their current 201 addresses and telephone numbers or the addresses or 202 telephone numbers at which they wish notification to be 203 given.

204 4. Notification by the appropriate person or agency utilizing the statewide automated crime victim notification 205 system as established in section 650.310 shall constitute 206 compliance with the victim notification requirement of this 207 208 section. If notification utilizing the statewide automated 209 crime victim notification system cannot be used, then 210 written notification shall be sent by certified mail to the 211 most current address provided by the victim.

212 5. Victims' rights as established in Section 32 of 213 Article I of the Missouri Constitution or the laws of this state pertaining to the rights of victims of crime shall be 214 granted and enforced regardless of the desires of a 215 defendant and no privileges of confidentiality shall exist 216 217 in favor of the defendant to exclude victims or prevent 218 their full participation in each and every phase of parole 219 hearings or probation revocation hearings. The rights of

the victims granted in this section are absolute and the policy of this state is that the victim's rights are paramount to the defendant's rights. The victim has an absolute right to be present at any hearing in which the defendant is present before a probation and parole hearing officer.

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