FIRST REGULAR SESSION

SENATE BILL NO. 538

102ND GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR FITZWATER.

2051S.01I KRISTINA MARTIN, Secretary

AN ACT

To repeal sections 552.050, 630.045, 631.120, 631.135, 631.140, 631.150, 631.165, 632.005, 632.150, 632.155, 632.300, 632.305, 632.310, 632.315, 632.320, 632.325, 632.330, 632.335, 632.340, 632.345, 632.350, 632.355, 632.370, 632.375, 632.385, 632.390, 632.392, 632.395, 632.400, 632.410, 632.415, 632.420, 632.430, 632.440, 632.455, and 633.125, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof thirty-five new sections relating to mental health coordinators.

Sections 552.050, 630.045, 631.120, 631.135,

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2 631.140, 631.150, 631.165, 632.005, 632.150, 632.155, 632.300, 632.305, 632.310, 632.315, 632.320, 632.325, 632.330, 632.335, 632.340, 632.345, 632.350, 632.355, 632.370, 632.375, 632.385, 632.390, 632.392, 632.395, 632.400, 632.410, 632.415, 632.420, 632.430, 632.440, 632.455, and 633.125, RSMo, are repealed and thirty-five new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 552.050, 630.045, 631.120, 631.135, 631.140,
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- 9 631.150, 631.165, 632.005, 632.150, 632.155, 632.305, 632.310,
- 10 632.315, 632.320, 632.325, 632.330, 632.335, 632.340, 632.345,
- 11 632.350, 632.355, 632.370, 632.375, 632.385, 632.390, 632.392,
- 12 632.395, 632.400, 632.410, 632.415, 632.420, 632.430, 632.440,
- 13 632.455, and 633.125, to read as follows:

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A.

552.050. 1. If the chief administrative officer of

- 2 any correctional facility has reasonable cause to believe
- 3 that any offender needs care in a mental hospital, he or she
- 4 shall so certify to the division of classification and

EXPLANATION-Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in this bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

5 treatment, which shall then transfer the offender to a state

- 6 mental hospital for custody, care and treatment. The
- 7 hospital may detain and treat the offender for a period of
- 8 time not to exceed ninety-six hours. At the expiration of
- 9 the ninety-six hours, the offender shall be returned to a
- 10 correctional facility designated by the department of
- 11 corrections unless the individual admits himself or herself
- 12 as a voluntary patient [or the mental health coordinator or
- head of the facility files for involuntary detention and
- treatment pursuant to chapter 632]. The petition filed
- 15 pursuant to section 632.330 shall be filed in the court
- 16 having probate jurisdiction over the mental health facility
- 17 in which the offender is being detained. The offender shall
- 18 have the rights afforded respondents in sections 632.330 and
- 19 632.335, except that at the conclusion of the hearing on the
- 20 petition the court may order the offender detained for a
- 21 period of time not to exceed ninety days. At the expiration
- 22 of the ninety-day commitment period ordered by the court,
- 23 the offender may be detained and treated involuntarily for
- 24 up to an additional one year under sections 632.355 and
- **25** 632.360.
- 26 2. When an offender needs care in a mental hospital
- 27 and is committed or transferred to a state mental hospital,
- 28 the time spent at the mental hospital shall be calculated as
- 29 a part of the sentence imposed upon him or her whether the
- 30 sentence is an indeterminate one or for a definite period of
- 31 time. The time spent at the mental hospital shall be
- 32 deducted from the term of the sentence.
- 33 3. When an offender who has been transferred from a
- 34 correctional facility to a state mental hospital recovers
- 35 before the expiration of his or her sentence, the
- 36 superintendent of the hospital shall so certify in writing

to the division of classification and treatment. He or she 37 shall thereupon be transferred to such correctional facility 38 39 as the department may direct. An offender who has been committed to or 40 transferred to a state mental hospital and is still mentally 41 42 ill at the expiration of his or her sentence may be 43 discharged and delivered to any person who is able and 44 willing to maintain him or her comfortably and to the satisfaction of the superintendent of the hospital, if, in 45 46 the opinion of the superintendent, it is reasonably safe for the person to be at large. Before discharging the offender 47 the superintendent shall receive verification of the 48 49 expiration of the offender's sentence from the director of corrections. The person so discharged may, in the 50 discretion of the superintendent, be provided with the whole 51 52 or a portion of the allowances granted to discharged prisoners by section 217.285. The cost of such allowance 53 54 shall be paid from the same funds as are allowances granted 55 to persons discharged directly from a correctional facility. When the term of an offender who has been committed 56 or transferred to a state mental hospital has expired and 57 the person, in the opinion of the hospital superintendent, 58 is still in need of care in a mental hospital and for the 59 60 welfare and safety of himself [and] or herself or others should remain in the hospital for custody, care and 61 treatment, he or she shall be retained in the hospital only 62

instituted and held as provided in chapter 632. Thereafter this chapter and no other shall be applicable to his **or her** continued hospitalization and discharge.

if proper involuntary detention proceedings have been

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630.045. The director of the department may authorize such persons[, including mental health coordinators,] as are

3 necessary to carry out the civil involuntary detention

- 4 requirements of chapter 632.
 - 631.120. 1. A [mental health coordinator,] mental
- 2 health professional, peace officer, registered nurse,
- 3 licensed physician, or qualified counselor may complete an
- 4 application for detention, treatment, or rehabilitation for
- 5 up to ninety-six hours under the procedures of section
- 6 632.305 for a person presenting an imminent likelihood of
- 7 serious harm to himself or herself or others as a result of
- 8 alcohol or drug abuse, or both.
- 9 2. If a peace officer has reasonable cause to believe
- 10 that unless a person is taken into custody the likelihood of
- 11 serious harm is imminent as a result of alcohol or drug
- 12 abuse, or both, the officer may take the person into custody
- 13 and convey him or her to an alcohol or drug abuse facility.
- 14 The officer shall complete an application for detention
- 15 indicating the facts upon which the belief is based.
 - 631.135. If a respondent is accepted for treatment and
- 2 rehabilitation pursuant to this chapter, he or she shall be
- 3 advised, orally and in writing, of the information contained
- 4 in subdivisions (1) to (11) of this section. The
- 5 respondent's guardian, if any, and, with the respondent's
- 6 consent, a responsible member of the respondent's immediate
- 7 family shall be advised if possible, either orally or in
- 8 writing, of his or her admission to the facility. The
- 9 personnel of the alcohol or drug abuse facility to which the
- 10 respondent is taken shall advise the respondent that unless
- 11 the respondent is released or voluntarily admits himself or
- 12 herself within ninety-six hours of the initial detention:
- 13 (1) He **or she** may be detained for ninety-six hours
- 14 from the time of his or her initial detention to receive
- 15 treatment and rehabilitation;

not to exceed thirty days;

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- (2) Within the ninety-six hours, the head of the alcohol or drug abuse facility [or the mental health coordinator] may file a petition to have him or her detained, after a court hearing, for an additional period
- 21 (3) He **or she** will be given a judicial hearing within 22 two judicial days after the day the petition for additional 23 detention is filed, unless continued for good cause;
- (4) An attorney has been appointed who will represent him before and after the hearing and who will be notified as soon as possible; except that, he or she also has the right to private counsel of his or her own choosing and at his or her own expense;
- 29 (5) He or she has the right to communicate with 30 counsel at all reasonable times and to have assistance in 31 contacting such counsel;
 - (6) Anything he **or she** says to personnel at the alcohol or drug abuse facility may be used in making a determination regarding detention, may result in involuntary detention proceedings being filed concerning him **or her**, and may be used at the court hearing;
- 37 (7) He **or she** has the right to present evidence and to cross-examine witnesses who testify on behalf of the petitioner at the hearing;
- 40 (8) During the period prior to being examined by a 41 licensed physician, he **or she** may refuse medication unless 42 he presents an imminent likelihood of serious harm to 43 himself **or herself** or others;
- (9) He **or she** has the right to refuse medication

 45 except for lifesaving treatment beginning twenty-four hours

 46 prior to the hearing for thirty-day detention;

47 (10) He **or she** has the right to request that the

- 48 hearing be held in his **or her** county of residence if he **or**
- 49 **she** is a resident of this state;
- 50 (11) He **or she** has the right to have an interpreter
- 51 assist him or her to communicate at the facility or during
- 52 the hearing, or both, if he or she has impaired hearing or
- 53 does not speak English.
 - 631.140. 1. At the expiration of the ninety-six-hour
- 2 period, the respondent may be detained and treated
- 3 involuntarily for an additional two judicial days only if
- 4 the head of the alcohol or drug abuse facility [or a mental
- 5 health coordinator] has filed a petition for additional
- 6 detention not to exceed thirty days.
- 7 2. Within ninety-six hours following initial
- 8 detention, the head of the facility [or the mental health
- 9 coordinator] may file, or cause to be filed, a petition for
- 10 a thirty-day involuntary detention, treatment, or
- 11 rehabilitation period provided he has reasonable cause to
- 12 believe that the person abuses alcohol or drugs and presents
- 13 a likelihood of serious harm to himself or herself or others
- 14 as a result of alcohol or drug abuse, or both. The court
- 15 shall serve the petition and list of prospective witnesses
- 16 for the petitioner upon the respondent and his or her
- 17 attorney at least twenty-four hours before the hearing.
- 18 [The head of the facility shall also notify the mental
- 19 health coordinator if the petition is not filed by the
- 20 mental health coordinator.] The petition shall:
- 21 (1) Allege that the respondent, by reason of alcohol
- or drug abuse, or both, presents a likelihood of serious
- 23 harm to himself or herself or to others;
- 24 (2) Allege that the respondent is in need of continued
- 25 detention, treatment, and rehabilitation;

26 (3) Allege the specific behavior of the respondent or 27 the facts which support such conclusion;

- 28 (4) Allege that an alcohol or drug abuse facility
- 29 which is appropriate to handle the respondent's condition
- 30 has agreed to accept the respondent; and
- 31 (5) Be signed by a licensed physician who has examined
- 32 the respondent.
 - 631.150. 1. Before the expiration of the thirty-day
- period of detention, treatment, and rehabilitation ordered
- 3 pursuant to section 631.145, the court may order the
- 4 respondent to be detained for treatment and rehabilitation
- 5 for an additional period not to exceed ninety days; provided
- 6 that:
- 7 (1) The respondent, as the result of alcohol or drug
- 8 abuse, or both, continues to present a likelihood of serious
- 9 harm to himself or herself or to others; and
- 10 (2) The court, after a hearing, orders the respondent
- 11 detained for treatment and rehabilitation for the additional
- 12 period.
- 13 2. If, within twenty-five days of the court hearing
- 14 described in section 631.145, the head of the alcohol or
- 15 drug abuse facility [or the mental health coordinator] has
- 16 reasonable cause to believe that the respondent, as the
- 17 result of alcohol or drug abuse, or both, presents a
- 18 likelihood of serious harm to himself or herself or others,
- 19 and believes that further detention and treatment is
- 20 necessary, he or she shall file, or cause to be filed, with
- 21 the court a petition for ninety days additional detention,
- 22 treatment, and rehabilitation. The court shall immediately
- 23 set a date and time for a hearing on the petition, which
- 24 shall take place within four judicial days of the date of
- 25 the filing of the petition. The court shall serve a copy of

- 26 the petition and the notice of the date and time of the
- 27 hearing upon the petitioner, the respondent, and their
- 28 attorneys as promptly as possible, but not later than two
- 29 judicial days after the filing of the petition. The
- 30 petitioner shall also file with the court, for the court to
- 31 serve upon the respondent's attorney not later than two days
- 32 after the filing of the petition, a list of the proposed
- 33 witnesses for the petitioner. [The head of the alcohol or
- drug abuse facility shall notify the mental health
- 35 coordinator if the petition is not filed by the mental
- 36 health coordinator.] The petition shall comply with the
- 37 requirements of section 631.140, and an individualized
- 38 treatment and rehabilitation plan for the respondent shall
- 39 be attached thereto.
 - 631.165. If the head of the alcohol or drug abuse
- 2 facility finds that a person who is detained for treatment
- 3 and rehabilitation is presenting a likelihood of serious
- 4 harm as a result of mental disorder other than alcohol or
- 5 drug abuse, or both, the head of the facility shall arrange
- 6 for the transfer of the person to a mental health facility
- 7 through [a mental health coordinator, or through] a licensed
- 8 physician, registered professional nurse, qualified
- 9 counselor or mental health professional designated by the
- 10 mental health facility. The person may be detained for up
- 11 to ninety-six hours for evaluation and treatment, under the
- 12 procedures of sections 632.310, 632.315, 632.320 and
- 13 632.325, before filing a petition for further detention
- 14 under sections 632.330 and 632.335.
 - 632.005. As used in chapter 631 and this chapter,
- 2 unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the following
- 3 terms shall mean:

- 4 (1)"Comprehensive psychiatric services", any one, or 5 any combination of two or more, of the following services to 6 persons affected by mental disorders other than intellectual disabilities or developmental disabilities: inpatient, 7 outpatient, day program or other partial hospitalization, 8 9 emergency, diagnostic, treatment, liaison, follow-up, consultation, education, rehabilitation, prevention, 10 screening, transitional living, medical prevention and 11 treatment for alcohol abuse, and medical prevention and 12 13 treatment for drug abuse;
- 14 (2) "Council", the Missouri advisory council for comprehensive psychiatric services;
- 16 (3) "Court", the court which has jurisdiction over the 17 respondent or patient;
- 18 (4) "Division", the division of comprehensive19 psychiatric services of the department of mental health;
- 20 (5) "Division director", director of the division of 21 comprehensive psychiatric services of the department of 22 mental health, or his designee;
- 23 (6) "Head of mental health facility", superintendent 24 or other chief administrative officer of a mental health 25 facility, or his **or her** designee;
- (7) "Judicial day", any Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday,
 Thursday or Friday when the court is open for business, but
 excluding Saturdays, Sundays and legal holidays;
- 29 (8) "Licensed physician", a physician licensed 30 pursuant to the provisions of chapter 334 or a person 31 authorized to practice medicine in this state pursuant to 32 the provisions of section 334.150;
- (9) "Licensed professional counselor", a person
 licensed as a professional counselor under chapter 337 and
 with a minimum of one year training or experience in

36 providing psychiatric care, treatment, or services in a
37 psychiatric setting to individuals suffering from a mental

38 disorder;

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- 39 (10) "Likelihood of serious harm" means any one or
 40 more of the following but does not require actual physical
 41 injury to have occurred:
- A substantial risk that serious physical harm will 42 43 be inflicted by a person upon his own person, as evidenced by recent threats, including verbal threats, or attempts to 44 45 commit suicide or inflict physical harm on himself or herself. Evidence of substantial risk may also include 46 information about patterns of behavior that historically 47 48 have resulted in serious harm previously being inflicted by 49 a person upon himself or herself;
- A substantial risk that serious physical harm to a 50 person will result or is occurring because of an impairment 51 52 in his or her capacity to make decisions with respect to his or her hospitalization and need for treatment as evidenced 53 by his or her current mental disorder or mental illness 54 which results in an inability to provide for his or her own 55 basic necessities of food, clothing, shelter, safety or 56 57 medical care or his or her inability to provide for his or her own mental health care which may result in a substantial 58 risk of serious physical harm. Evidence of that substantial 59 risk may also include information about patterns of behavior 60 61 that historically have resulted in serious harm to the 62 person previously taking place because of a mental disorder or mental illness which resulted in his or her inability to 63 provide for his or her basic necessities of food, clothing, 64 shelter, safety or medical or mental health care; or 65
 - (c) A substantial risk that serious physical harm will be inflicted by a person upon another as evidenced by recent

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overt acts, behavior or threats, including verbal threats,
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    which have caused such harm or which would place a
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    reasonable person in reasonable fear of sustaining such
           Evidence of that substantial risk may also include
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    information about patterns of behavior that historically
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    have resulted in physical harm previously being inflicted by
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    a person upon another person;
                ["Mental health coordinator", a mental health
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          (11)
    professional who has knowledge of the laws relating to
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    hospital admissions and civil commitment and who is
    authorized by the director of the department, or his
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    designee, to serve a designated geographic area or mental
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    health facility and who has the powers, duties and
    responsibilities provided in this chapter;
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                 "Mental health facility", any residential
    facility, public or private, or any public or private
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    hospital, which can provide evaluation, treatment and,
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    inpatient care to persons suffering from a mental disorder
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    or mental illness and which is recognized as such by the
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    department or any outpatient treatment program certified by
    the department of mental health. No correctional
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    institution or facility, jail, regional center or
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    developmental disability facility shall be a mental health
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    facility within the meaning of this chapter;
          [(13)] (12) "Mental health professional", a
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    psychiatrist, resident in psychiatry, psychiatric physician
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    assistant, psychiatric assistant physician, psychiatric
    advanced practice registered nurse, psychologist,
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    psychiatric nurse, licensed professional counselor, or
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    psychiatric social worker;
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          [(14)] (13) "Mental health program", any public or
    private residential facility, public or private hospital,
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100 public or private specialized service or public or private 101 day program that can provide care, treatment, rehabilitation 102 or services, either through its own staff or through contracted providers, in an inpatient or outpatient setting 103 104 to persons with a mental disorder or mental illness or with 105 a diagnosis of alcohol abuse or drug abuse which is recognized as such by the department. No correctional 106 107 institution or facility or jail may be a mental health 108 program within the meaning of this chapter; 109 [(15)] (14) "Ninety-six hours" shall be construed and computed to exclude Saturdays, Sundays and legal holidays 110 which are observed either by the court or by the mental 111 112 health facility where the respondent is detained; [(16)] (15) "Peace officer", a sheriff, deputy 113 sheriff, county or municipal police officer or highway 114 115 patrolman; 116 [(17)] (16) "Psychiatric advanced practice registered nurse", a registered nurse who is currently recognized by 117 118 the board of nursing as an advanced practice registered nurse, who has at least two years of experience in providing 119 120 psychiatric treatment to individuals suffering from mental 121 disorders; 122 [(18)] (17) "Psychiatric assistant physician", a 123 licensed assistant physician under chapter 334 and who has 124 had at least two years of experience as an assistant 125 physician in providing psychiatric treatment to individuals suffering from mental health disorders; 126 127 [(19)] (18) "Psychiatric nurse", a registered professional nurse who is licensed under chapter 335 and who 128 129 has had at least two years of experience as a registered professional nurse in providing psychiatric nursing 130 treatment to individuals suffering from mental disorders; 131

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[(20)] (19) "Psychiatric physician assistant", a
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     licensed physician assistant under chapter 334 and who has
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     had at least two years of experience as a physician
     assistant in providing psychiatric treatment to individuals
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     suffering from mental health disorders or a graduate of a
     postgraduate residency or fellowship for physician
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     assistants in psychiatry;
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          [(21)] (20) "Psychiatric social worker", a person with
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     a master's or further advanced degree from an accredited
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     school of social work, practicing pursuant to chapter 337,
     and with a minimum of one year training or experience in
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     providing psychiatric care, treatment or services in a
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     psychiatric setting to individuals suffering from a mental
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     disorder;
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          [(22)] (21) "Psychiatrist", a licensed physician who
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     in addition has successfully completed a training program in
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     psychiatry approved by the American Medical Association, the
     American Osteopathic Association or other training program
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     certified as equivalent by the department;
          [(23)] (22) "Psychologist", a person licensed to
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     practice psychology under chapter 337 with a minimum of one
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     year training or experience in providing treatment or
     services to mentally disordered or mentally ill individuals;
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          [(24)] (23) "Resident in psychiatry", a licensed
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     physician who is in a training program in psychiatry
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     approved by the American Medical Association, the American
     Osteopathic Association or other training program certified
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     as equivalent by the department;
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          [(25)] (24) "Respondent", an individual against whom
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     involuntary civil detention proceedings are instituted
     pursuant to this chapter;
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of the patient under this chapter.

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632.150.

[(26)] (25) "Treatment", any effort to accomplish a significant change in the mental or emotional conditions or the behavior of the patient consistent with generally recognized principles or standards in the mental health professions.

A voluntary patient who has applied for

his or her own admission may request his or her release 2 3 either orally or in writing to the head of the mental health 4 facility and shall be released immediately; except, that if 5 the head of the facility determines that he or she is mentally disordered and, as a result, presents a likelihood 6 of serious physical harm to himself or herself or others, 7 8 the head of the facility may refuse the request for release. 2. If the request for release is refused, the mental 9 10 health facility may detain the person only if [a mental 11 health coordinator,] a licensed physician, a registered 12 professional nurse designated by the facility and approved by the department, a mental health professional or a peace 13 14 officer completes an application for detention for evaluation and treatment to begin the involuntary detention 15

1. A voluntary patient who is a minor and 2 who requests his or her release either orally or in writing, 3 or whose release is requested in writing to the head of the facility by his or her parent, spouse, adult next of kin, or 4 person entitled to his or her custody, shall be released 5 immediately; except, that if the patient was admitted on the 6 7 application of another person, his or her release shall be 8 conditioned upon receiving the consent of the person 9 applying for his or her admission.

2. If the head of the mental health facility determines that the minor is mentally disordered and, as a

- 12 result, presents a likelihood of serious physical harm to 13 himself or herself or others, the head of the facility may 14 refuse the release. The mental health facility may detain the minor only if a [mental health coordinator, a] licensed 15 physician, a mental health professional or a registered 16 professional nurse designated by the facility and approved 17 18 by the department completes an application for detention for evaluation and treatment to begin the involuntary detention 19 20 of the minor under this chapter or, if appropriate, the 21 minor is detained in the facility under the provisions of chapter 211. 22 1. An application for detention for 632.305. evaluation and treatment at a mental health facility may be 2 executed by any adult person, who need not be an attorney or 3 represented by an attorney, [including the mental health 4 5 coordinator,] on a form provided by the court for such 6 purpose, and shall allege under oath, without a notarization 7 requirement, that the applicant has reason to believe that 8 the respondent is suffering from a mental disorder and presents a likelihood of serious harm to himself or herself 9 or to others. The application shall specify the factual 10 information on which such belief is based and should contain 11 the names and addresses of all persons known to the 12 applicant who have knowledge of such facts through personal 13 observation. 14 15 The filing of a written application in court by any 16 adult person, who need not be an attorney or represented by an attorney, [including the mental health coordinator,] 17 18 shall authorize the applicant to bring the matter before the
- 21 mental health facility. The application may be filed in the

respondent should be taken into custody and transported to a

court on an ex parte basis to determine whether the

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22 court having probate jurisdiction in any county where the 23 respondent may be found. If the court finds that there is 24 probable cause, either upon testimony under oath or upon a review of affidavits, to believe that the respondent may be 25 suffering from a mental disorder and presents a likelihood 26 27 of serious harm to himself or herself or others, it shall 28 direct a peace officer to take the respondent into custody and transport him or her to a mental health facility for 29 30 detention for evaluation and treatment for a period not to 31 exceed ninety-six hours unless further detention and treatment is authorized pursuant to this chapter. Nothing 32 herein shall be construed to prohibit the court, in the 33 34 exercise of its discretion, from giving the respondent an opportunity to be heard. 35

A [mental health coordinator may request a peace officer to take or all peace officer may take a person into custody for detention for evaluation and treatment at a mental health facility for a period not to exceed ninety-six hours only when such [mental health coordinator or] peace officer has reasonable cause to believe that such person is suffering from a mental disorder and that the likelihood of serious harm by such person to himself or herself or others is imminent unless such person is immediately taken into custody. Upon arrival at the mental health facility, the peace officer [or mental health coordinator] who conveyed such person or caused him or her to be conveyed shall either present the application for detention for evaluation and treatment upon which the court has issued a finding of probable cause and the respondent was taken into custody or complete an application for initial detention for evaluation and treatment for a period not to exceed ninety-six hours which shall be based upon his or her own personal

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observations or investigations and shall contain the information required in subsection 1 of this section.

- If a person presents himself or herself or is presented by others to a mental health facility and a licensed physician, a registered professional nurse or a mental health professional designated by the head of the facility and approved by the department for such purpose has reasonable cause to believe that the person is mentally disordered and presents an imminent likelihood of serious harm to himself or herself or others unless he or she is accepted for detention, the licensed physician, the mental health professional or the registered professional nurse designated by the facility and approved by the department may complete an application for detention for evaluation and treatment for a period not to exceed ninety-six hours. application shall be based on his or her own personal observations or investigation and shall contain the information required in subsection 1 of this section.
- 72 5. Any oath required by the provisions of this section 73 shall be subject to the provisions of section 492.060.
 - 632.310. 1. Whenever a court has authorized the initial detention and evaluation of a respondent pursuant to subsection 2 of section 632.305, [or whenever a mental
- 4 health coordinator submits an application for initial
- 5 detention and evaluation pursuant to subsection 3 of section
- 6 632.305,] or whenever a licensed physician, a registered
- 7 professional nurse designated by the facility and approved
- 8 by the department, or a mental health professional submits
- 9 an application for initial detention and evaluation pursuant
- 10 to subsection 4 of section 632.305, a public mental health
- 11 facility shall, and a private mental health facility may
- 12 immediately accept such application and the respondent on a

13 provisional basis, and the facility shall then evaluate the

- 14 respondent's condition and admit him or her for treatment or
- 15 release him **or her** in accordance with the provisions of this
- 16 chapter.
- 17 2. Whenever a peace officer applies for initial
- 18 detention and evaluation pursuant to subsection 3 of section
- 19 632.305, the mental health facility may, but is not required
- 20 to, accept the application and the respondent. If the
- 21 facility accepts the application and the respondent, the
- 22 facility shall evaluate the respondent's condition and admit
- 23 him or her for treatment or release him or her in accordance
- 24 with the provisions of this chapter.
- 25 3. If the respondent is not accepted for admission by
- 26 a facility providing ninety-six-hour evaluation and
- 27 treatment, the facility shall immediately furnish
- 28 transportation, if not otherwise available, to return the
- 29 respondent to his **or her** place of residence or other
- 30 appropriate place; provided, that in the case of a person
- 31 transported to the facility by a peace officer or other
- 32 governmental agency, such peace officer or agency shall
- 33 furnish or arrange for such transportation.
- 4. The department may require, pursuant to an
- 35 affiliation agreement and contract with a community-based
- 36 service certified by the department to serve the catchment
- 37 area where a respondent whose mental disorder consists of
- 38 alcohol or drug abuse resides, that the service immediately
- 39 accept the application and respondent engaging in alcohol or
- 40 drug abuse on a provisional basis and that the service then
- 41 evaluate such respondent's condition and admit him or her
- 42 for treatment for up to ninety-six hours, petition for
- 43 further detention and treatment, or release him or her in
- 44 accordance with the provisions of chapter 631.

632.315. Any mental health facility accepting a

2 respondent pursuant to section 632.310 shall be furnished a

- 3 copy of the application for initial detention and
- 4 evaluation. If a person is involuntarily detained in a
- 5 mental health facility pursuant to section 632.310, no later
- 6 than twenty-four hours after his or her arrival, excluding
- 7 Saturdays, Sundays and legal holidays, the head of the
- 8 mental health facility [or the mental health coordinator]
- 9 shall file with the court the application, a copy of the
- notice required by section 632.325 and proof that the notice
- 11 was given. The person's designated attorney shall receive a
- 12 copy of all documents. [The head of the mental health
- facility shall send copies of all completed applications,
- 14 whether accepted for admission or not, to the designated
- mental health coordinator for the region.]
 - 632.320. 1. Within three hours of the time at which
- 2 the respondent arrives at a mental health facility he or she
- 3 shall:
- 4 (1) Be seen by a mental health professional or
- 5 registered professional nurse; and
- 6 (2) Be given a copy of the application for initial
- 7 detention and evaluation, a notice of rights pursuant to
- 8 section 632.325 and a notice giving the name, business
- 9 address and telephone number of the attorney appointed to
- 10 represent him or her; and
- 11 (3) Be provided assistance in contacting the appointed
- 12 attorney or an attorney of his or her own choosing, if so
- 13 requested.
- 14 2. Within eighteen hours after the respondent arrives
- 15 at the mental health facility, he or she shall be examined
- 16 by a licensed physician.

- 3. Within [four days] forty-eight hours after the respondent arrives at the mental health facility, unless sooner released, [the mental health coordinator] designated staff at the mental health facility shall meet with the respondent and explain his or her statutory rights under this chapter.
- If the respondent is accepted for evaluation 632.325. 2 or for evaluation and treatment pursuant to this chapter, he 3 or she shall be advised, orally and in writing, of the 4 information contained in subdivisions (1) through (11) of this section. The respondent's quardian and, if possible 5 and the respondent consents, a responsible member of his or 6 7 her immediate family shall be advised, within eight hours either orally or in writing, of the information contained in 8 9 subdivisions (1) through (11) of this section. 10 personnel of the mental health facility to which the 11 respondent is taken [or the mental health coordinator] shall advise the aforementioned individuals that unless the 12 respondent is released or voluntarily admits himself or 13 herself within ninety-six hours of the initial detention: 14
- 15 (1) He **or she** may be detained for ninety-six hours 16 from the time of his **or her** initial detention to be 17 evaluated and treated;

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- (2) Within the ninety-six hours, the head of the mental health facility [or the mental health coordinator] may file a petition to have him or her detained for an additional period not to exceed twenty-one days, after a court hearing;
- 23 (3) He **or she** will be given a judicial hearing within 24 two judicial days after the day the petition for additional 25 detention is filed;

26 (4) An attorney has been appointed who will represent 27 him **or her** before and after the hearing and who will be 28 notified as soon as possible; provided, however, that he **or**

29 **she** also has the right to private counsel of his **or her** own

30 choosing and at his or her own expense;

be used at the court hearing;

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- 31 (5) He or she has the right to communicate with 32 counsel at all reasonable times and to have assistance in 33 contacting such counsel;
- 36 whether he **or she** meets the criteria for civil detention 36 under this chapter and that anything he **or she** says to 37 personnel at the mental health facility may be used in 38 making that determination, may result in involuntary 39 detention proceedings being filed against him **or her** and may
- 41 (7) He **or she** has the right to present evidence and to 42 cross-examine witnesses who testify against him **or her** at 43 the hearing;
 - (8) During the period prior to being examined by a licensed physician, he or she may refuse medication unless he or she presents an imminent likelihood of serious physical injury to himself or herself or others;
 - (9) He **or she** has the right to refuse medication except for lifesaving treatment beginning twenty-four hours prior to the hearing for twenty-one-day detention;
- 51 (10) He **or she** has the right to request that the 52 hearing be held in his **or her** county of residence if he **or** 53 **she** is a resident of this state;
- 54 (11) He **or she** has the right to have an interpreter 55 assist him **or her** to communicate, at the facility or during 56 the hearing, or both, if he **or she** has impaired hearing or 57 does not speak English.

632.330. 1. At the expiration of the ninety-six hour 2 period, the respondent may be detained and treated 3 involuntarily for an additional two judicial days only if the head of the mental health facility [or a mental health 4 coordinator] either has filed a petition for additional 5 6 inpatient detention and treatment not to exceed twenty-one 7 days or has filed a petition for outpatient detention and 8 treatment for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days. 9 Within ninety-six hours following initial detention, the head of the facility [or the mental health 10 coordinator] may file or cause to be filed either a petition 11 for a twenty-one-day inpatient involuntary detention and 12 13 treatment period or a petition for outpatient detention and treatment for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty 14 days, provided he or she has reasonable cause to believe 15 that the person is mentally ill and as a result presents a 16 17 likelihood of serious harm to himself or others. The court shall serve the petition and list of prospective witnesses 18 for the petitioner upon the respondent and his or her 19 attorney at least twenty-four hours before the hearing. 20 [The head of the facility shall also notify the mental 21 22 health coordinator if the petition is not filed by the mental health coordinator.] The petition shall: 23 24 Allege that the respondent, by reason of mental illness, presents a likelihood of serious harm to himself or 25 herself or to others; 26 27 Allege that the respondent is in need of continued 28

- detention and treatment either on an inpatient basis or on 29 an outpatient basis;
- Allege the specific behavior of the respondent or 30 31 the facts which support such conclusion;

32 Affirm that attempts were made to provide 33 necessary care, treatment and services in the least 34 restrictive environment to the respondent on a voluntary basis, but either the petitioner believes that the 35 respondent lacks the capacity to voluntarily consent to 36 37 care, treatment and services or the respondent refuses to voluntarily consent to care, treatment and services such 38 that proceeding with a petition for the respondent's civil 39

41 (5) Allege that there will be appropriate support from 42 family, friends, case managers or others during the period 43 of outpatient detention and treatment in the community if

detention in the least restrictive environment is necessary;

- 45 (6) Specify the mental health program that is46 appropriate to handle the respondent's condition and that
- 47 has agreed to accept the respondent;

such commitment is sought;

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- 48 (7) Specify the range of care, treatment and services 49 that shall be provided to the respondent if the petition for 50 further detention is sustained by the court;
- 51 (8) Name the entities that have agreed to fund and 52 provide the specified interventions; and
- (9) Be verified by a psychiatrist or by a licensedphysician and a mental health professional who have examinedthe respondent.
- 3. The petitioner shall consider whether based on the respondent's condition and treatment history, the respondent meets the criteria in chapter 475, so that appointment of a full or limited guardian or conservator is appropriate for the court to consider, and if deemed so, the petitioner then shall proceed as specified in subsection 4 of this section.
 - 4. If the head of the mental health facility, or his or her designee, [or the mental health coordinator] believes

64 that the respondent, because of a mental illness or mental disorder, may be incapacitated or disabled as defined in 65 66 chapter 475, the head of the mental health facility [or mental health coordinator] shall cause a petition to be 67 filed pursuant to section 475.060 and section 475.061, if 68 69 applicable, with the court having probate jurisdiction as determined by section 475.035. In addition, if the head of 70 71 the mental health facility, or his or her designee [or the 72 mental health coordinator] believes it appropriate, he or 73 she shall proceed with obtaining an order for the respondent's temporary emergency detention as provided for 74 in section 475.355. Furthermore, the hearing on the 75 76 petition filed pursuant to chapter 475 shall be conducted pursuant to the requirements of section 475.075 and other 77 78 appropriate sections of chapter 475, and shall be held 79 within two judicial days after termination of the ninety-six-80 hour civil detention period unless continued for good cause shown. Nothing contained in this subsection shall restrict 81 or prohibit the head of the mental health facility, or his 82 or her designee [or the mental health coordinator] from 83 proceeding under the appropriate provisions of this chapter 84 85 if the petition for quardianship or conservatorship is denied. 86

632.335. 1. The petition for additional inpatient detention and treatment not to exceed twenty-one days or the 2 3 petition for outpatient detention and treatment not to 4 exceed one hundred eighty days shall be filed with the court having probate jurisdiction. At the time of filing the 5 6 petition, the court clerk shall set a date and time for the 7 hearing which shall take place within two judicial days of the filing of the petition. The clerk shall promptly notify 8 9 the respondent, his or her attorney, the petitioner and the

- 10 petitioner's attorney of the date and time for the hearing.
- 11 The court shall not grant continuances except upon a showing
- 12 of good and sufficient cause. If a continuance is granted,
- 13 the court, in its discretion, may order the person released
- 14 pending the hearing upon conditions prescribed by the
- 15 court. The court may order the continued detention and
- 16 treatment of the person at a mental health facility pending
- 17 the continued hearing, and a copy of such order shall be
- 18 furnished to the facility.
- 19 2. The hearing shall be conducted in as informal a
- 20 manner as may be consistent with orderly procedure and in a
- 21 physical setting not likely to have a harmful effect on the
- 22 respondent. Due consideration shall be given by the court
- 23 to holding a hearing at the mental health facility. The
- 24 respondent shall have the following rights in addition to
- 25 those specified elsewhere:
- 26 (1) To be represented by an attorney;
- 27 (2) To present evidence on his or her own behalf;
- 28 (3) To cross-examine witnesses who testify against him
- 29 or her;
- 30 (4) To remain silent;
- 31 (5) To view and copy all petitions and reports in the
- 32 court file of his or her case;
- 33 (6) To have the hearing open or closed to the public
- 34 as he or she elects;
- 35 (7) To be proceeded against according to the rules of
- 36 evidence applicable to civil judicial proceedings;
- 37 (8) A hearing before a jury if requested by the
- 38 patient or his or her attorney.
- 39 3. The respondent shall be present at the hearing,
- 40 unless the respondent's physical condition is such that he
- 41 or she cannot be present in the courtroom or if the court

42 determines that the respondent's conduct in the courtroom is

43 so disruptive that the proceedings cannot reasonably

- 44 continue.
- 4. At the conclusion of the hearing, if the court
- 46 finds, based upon clear and convincing evidence, that
- 47 respondent, as the result of mental illness, presents a
- 48 likelihood of serious harm to himself or herself or to
- 49 others, and that a mental health program appropriate to
- 50 handle the respondent's condition has agreed to accept him,
- 51 the court shall order either that the respondent be detained
- 52 for inpatient involuntary treatment in the least restrictive
- 53 environment for a period not to exceed twenty-one days or be
- 54 detained for outpatient detention and treatment under the
- 55 supervision of a mental health program in the least
- 56 restrictive environment for a period not to exceed one
- 57 hundred eighty days.
 - 632.340. 1. Before the expiration of the twenty-one-
- 2 day inpatient detention and treatment period ordered
- 3 pursuant to section 632.335, the court may order the
- 4 respondent to be detained and treated involuntarily for an
- 5 additional period not to exceed ninety inpatient days or may
- 6 order the respondent to be detained for outpatient detention
- 7 and treatment for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty
- 8 days; provided, that:
- 9 (1) The respondent is mentally ill and continues to
- 10 present a likelihood of serious harm to himself or herself
- 11 or others; and
- 12 (2) The court, after a hearing, orders the respondent
- 13 detained and treated for the additional period.
- 14 2. If, within seventeen days of the court hearing
- 15 described in section 632.335, the head of the mental health
- 16 program [or the mental health coordinator] has reasonable

17 cause to believe that the respondent is mentally ill and as 18 a result presents a likelihood of serious harm to himself or 19 herself or others, and believes that further detention and 20 treatment is necessary, he or she shall file, or cause to be 21 filed, with the court a petition for ninety days additional 22 detention and treatment or a petition for outpatient 23 detention and treatment for a period not to exceed one 24 hundred eighty days. The court shall immediately set a date and time for a hearing on the petition, which shall take 25 26 place within four judicial days of the date of the filing of the petition. The court shall serve a copy of the petition 27 and the notice of the date and time of the hearing upon the 28 29 petitioner, the respondent, and their attorneys as promptly as possible, but not later than two judicial days after the 30 filing of the petition. The petitioner shall also file with 31 32 the court, for the court to serve upon the respondent's attorney not later than two judicial days after the filing 33 34 of the petition, a list of the proposed witnesses for the [The head of the mental health program shall 35 petitioner. notify the mental health coordinator if the petition is not 36 filed by the mental health coordinator.] The petition shall 37 comply with the requirements of section 632.330, and an 38 individualized treatment plan for the respondent shall be 39 40 attached thereto.

632.345. 1. If requested by the respondent, the court shall appoint an available licensed physician or licensed psychologist to examine him or her and testify at the respondent's request. If the respondent or his or her counsel so request, the court shall not appoint a physician or licensed psychologist who is on the staff of the program wherein the person is detained, and if the respondent is detained in a program operated by the department and

9 respondent or his **or her** counsel so request, the court shall

- 10 not appoint a physician or licensed psychologist who is an
- 11 employee of the department.
- 12 2. The court may grant continuances but shall do so
- only upon a showing of good and sufficient cause.
- 14 3. The respondent shall continue to be detained and
- 15 treated pending the hearing unless released by order of the
- 16 court. If a continuance is granted, the court, in its
- 17 discretion, may order respondent released upon conditions
- 18 described by the court pending the hearing. If no order has
- 19 been made within thirty days after the filing of the
- 20 petition, not including extensions of time requested by the
- 21 respondent and granted, the respondent shall be released.
 - 632.350. 1. The hearing for a ninety-day inpatient
- 2 detention and treatment period or for outpatient detention
- 3 and treatment for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty
- 4 days shall be conducted in as informal a manner as may be
- 5 consistent with orderly procedure and in a physical setting
- 6 not likely to have a harmful effect on the mental health of
- 7 the respondent. If a jury trial is not requested, due
- 8 consideration shall be given by the court to holding a
- 9 hearing at the mental health program. The hearing shall be
- 10 held in accordance with the provisions set forth in section
- **11** 632.335.
- 12 2. The burden of proof at the hearing shall be by
- 13 clear and convincing evidence and shall be upon the
- 14 petitioner.
- 15 3. If the matter is tried before a jury, the jury
- 16 shall determine and shall be instructed only upon the issues
- of whether or not the respondent is mentally ill and, as a
- 18 result, presents a likelihood of serious harm to himself or

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19 herself or others. The remaining procedures for the jury
20 trial shall be as in other civil matters.

- 4. The respondent shall not be required to file ananswer or other responsive pleading.
- 5. At the conclusion of the hearing, if the court or 23 24 jury finds that the respondent, as the result of mental illness, presents a likelihood of serious harm to himself or 25 26 herself or to others, and the court finds that a program appropriate to handle the respondent's condition has agreed 27 28 to accept him, the court shall order the respondent to be detained for involuntary treatment in the least restrictive 29 environment for a period not to exceed ninety days or for 30 outpatient detention and treatment under the supervision of 31 a mental health program in the least restrictive environment 32
- inpatient commitment period ordered by the court pursuant to section 632.350, the respondent may be detained and treated as an involuntarily inpatient for an additional period of time not to exceed one year or such lesser period of time as determined by the court or may be detained for outpatient detention and treatment for a period of time not to exceed one hundred eighty days; provided, that:

for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days.

- 9 (1) The respondent is mentally ill and continues to 10 present a likelihood of serious harm to himself or to 11 others; and
- 12 (2) The court after a hearing orders the person detained and treated for the additional period.
- 2. Within the ninety-day commitment period, the head of the mental health program [or the mental health coordinator] may file or cause to be filed, in compliance with the requirements of section 632.330, a petition for a

18 one-year inpatient detention and treatment period or a

- 19 petition for outpatient detention and treatment for a period
- 20 not to exceed one hundred eighty days if he or she has
- 21 reasonable cause to believe that the respondent is mentally
- 22 ill and as a result presents a likelihood of serious harm to
- 23 himself or others, and that further detention and treatment
- 24 is necessary pursuant to an individualized treatment plan
- 25 prepared by the program and filed with the court.
- 26 Procedures specified in sections 632.340, 632.345 and
- 27 632.350 shall be followed.
- 28 3. At the conclusion of the hearing, if the court or
- 29 jury finds that the respondent, as the result of mental
- 30 illness, presents a likelihood of serious harm to himself or
- 31 herself or others, and the court finds that a program
- 32 appropriate to handle the respondent's condition has agreed
- 33 to accept him or her, the court shall order that the
- 34 respondent be detained for involuntary treatment in the
- 35 least restrictive environment for a period not to exceed one
- 36 year or for outpatient detention and treatment under the
- 37 supervision of a mental health program in the least
- 38 restrictive environment for a period not to exceed one
- 39 hundred eighty days.
 - 632.370. 1. The department may transfer, or authorize
- 2 the transfer of, an involuntary patient detained under this
- 3 chapter, chapter 211, chapter 475, or chapter 552 from one
- 4 mental health program to another if the department
- 5 determines that it would be consistent with the medical
- 6 needs of the patient to do so. If a minor is transferred
- 7 from a ward for minors to an adult ward, the department
- 8 shall conduct a due process hearing within six days of such
- 9 transfer during which hearing the head of the program shall
- 10 have the burden to show that the transfer is appropriate for

11 the medical needs of the minor. Whenever a patient is 12 transferred, written notice thereof shall be given after 13 obtaining the consent of the patient, his or her parent if he or she is a minor or his or her legal guardian to his or 14 her legal guardian, parents and spouse, or, if none be 15 16 known, his or her nearest known relative or friend. 17 such transfers, due consideration shall be given to the 18 relationship of the patient to his or her family, legal guardian or friends, so as to maintain relationships and 19 20 encourage visits beneficial to the patient. The head of the mental health program shall notify the court ordering 21 detention or commitment, the patient's last known attorney 22 of record [and the mental health coordinator for the 23 region], and if the person was committed pursuant to chapter 24 552, to the prosecuting attorney of the jurisdiction where 25 the person was tried and acquitted, of any transfer from one 26 mental health facility to another. The prosecutor of the 27 28 jurisdiction where the person was tried and acquitted shall 29 use their best efforts to notify the victims of dangerous 30 felonies. Notification by the appropriate person or agency by certified mail to the most current address provided by 31 the victim shall constitute compliance with the victim 32 notification requirement of this section. In the case of a 33 34 patient committed under chapter 211, the court, on its own motion, may hold a hearing on the transfer to determine 35 36 whether such transfer is appropriate to the medical needs of 37 the patient. 2. Upon receipt of a certificate of an agency of the 38 39

2. Upon receipt of a certificate of an agency of the United States that facilities are available for the care or treatment of any individual heretofore ordered involuntarily detained, treated and evaluated pursuant to this chapter in any facility for the care or treatment of persons with a

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- 43 mental illness or an intellectual disability or a
- 44 developmental disability and that such individual is
- 45 eligible for care or treatment in a hospital or institution
- 46 of such agency, the department may cause his or her transfer
- 47 to such agency of the United States for hospitalization.
- 48 Upon effecting any such transfer, the court ordering
- 49 hospitalization, the legal guardian, spouse and parents, or,
- 50 if none be known, his nearest known relative or friend shall
- 51 be notified thereof immediately by the department. No
- 52 person shall be transferred to an agency of the United
- 53 States if he or she is confined pursuant to a conviction for
- 54 any felony or misdemeanor or if he or she has been acquitted
- of any felony or misdemeanor solely on the ground of mental
- 56 illness, unless prior to transfer the court originally
- 57 ordering confinement of such person enters an order for the
- 58 transfer after appropriate motion and hearing. Any person
- 59 transferred to an agency of the United States shall be
- 60 deemed to be hospitalized by such agency pursuant to the
- 61 original order of hospitalization.
 - 632.375. 1. At least once every one hundred eighty
- 2 days, the head of each mental health program shall have each
- 3 respondent who is detained at the program for a one-year
- 4 period under this chapter examined and evaluated to
- 5 determine if the respondent continues to be mentally ill,
- 6 and as a result presents a likelihood of serious harm to
- 7 himself or herself or others. The court, [the mental health
- 8 coordinator for the region, 1 the respondent and the
- 9 respondent's attorney shall be provided copies of the report
- 10 of the examination and evaluation described by this section
- 11 and the respondent's individualized treatment plan.
- 12 2. Upon receipt of the report, the court may, upon its
- 13 own motion, or shall, upon the motion of the respondent,

- 14 order a hearing to be held as to the need for continued
- 15 detention and involuntary treatment. At the conclusion of
- the hearing, the court may order:
- 17 (1) The discharge of the respondent; or
- 18 (2) An appropriate least restrictive course of
- 19 detention and involuntary treatment; or
- 20 (3) The respondent to be remanded to the mental health
- 21 program for the unexpired portion of the original commitment
- order.
 - 632.385. 1. The head of a mental health facility
 - 2 shall release a patient, whether voluntary or involuntary,
 - 3 from the facility to the least restrictive environment,
 - 4 including referral to and subsequent placement in the
 - 5 placement program of the department, when he or she believes
 - 6 that such release is in the best interests of the patient.
 - 7 Release to the least restrictive environment shall include
- 8 provisions for continuing responsibility to and by the
- 9 facility.
- 10 2. Release to the least restrictive environment may be
- 11 conditioned on the patient receiving outpatient care as
- 12 prescribed by the head of the mental health facility from
- 13 which the patient is being released. The period of
- 14 treatment in the least restrictive environment shall not
- 15 exceed the period of one year.
- 16 3. The facility or agency which is to provide
- 17 treatment in the least restrictive environment must agree in
- 18 writing to assume such responsibility. A copy of the
- 19 conditions for release shall be given to the patient, to the
- 20 probate division of the circuit court having jurisdiction
- 21 and the mental health facility providing treatment.
- 22 4. The head of a mental health facility may permit a
- 23 respondent detained for treatment to leave the facility for

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prescribed short periods on trial visit during his **or her**detention subject to conditions prescribed by the head of
the mental health facility.

- The head of the mental health facility providing 27 treatment may modify the conditions for continued release 28 29 from the facility to the least restrictive environment when 30 such modification is in the best interest of the patient. Notification of any changes shall be sent to the patient and 31 to the court within ninety-six hours if the patient is 32 33 involuntarily detained under this chapter. Upon a receipt of a notification returning the patient to the facility as 34 an inpatient, the committing court shall, if necessary, 35 order the sheriff or other law enforcement official to 36 apprehend and transport the patient to the facility. 37 committing court may, on its own motion or shall upon the 38 respondent's motion, order a hearing to be held on the need 39 40 for such change.
 - 632.390. 1. The head of a mental health program shall release any person who is involuntarily detained under this chapter when, in his **or her** opinion, the person is no longer mentally ill; or[,] although mentally ill, does not present a likelihood of serious harm to himself **or herself** or others, even though the detention period has not expired.
 - 2. Whenever the head of a mental health program discharges a person prior to the expiration of the detention order, he or she shall notify in writing the court [and the mental health coordinator].
 - 3. Whenever a respondent voluntarily admits himself **or herself** and the head of a mental health program accepts the admission application submitted by respondent in good faith under section 632.105, the respondent's involuntary detention shall cease, and the head of the program shall

16 notify, in writing, the court [and the mental health

coordinator]. 17

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632.392. 1. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection 1 of section 630.140, a mental health program and 2 3 any treating physician, upon release of a patient who was 4 committed or who is civilly detained and consents to 5 voluntary treatment during the course of the inpatient stay pursuant to section 632.150, 632.155, 632.300, 632.305, 6 7 632.330, 632.335, 632.340, 632.350, 632.355 or 632.375: 8 Shall provide to the patient and his or her care provider a written packet of educational information 9 developed and supplied by the department of mental health 10 11 describing symptoms of common mental illnesses, early warning signs of decompensation, and availability of other 12 education, community and statewide services. The packet 13

- shall also include the telephone number of the department of 14 mental health information line and information specific to 15 the laws and procedures addressing civil detention and 16 17 quardianship;
- May disclose confidential treatment information to the primary care provider or care providers, when such information is medically necessary for the provision of 20 appropriate health care or treatment by the care provider or 22 is related to the safety of the patient or care provider.
 - 2. Prior to disclosure of the information specified under subdivision (2) of subsection 1 of this section, the mental health facility shall provide written notice to the patient; request in writing the consent of the patient; work with the patient and care provider to encourage and secure appropriate patient authorization; function as a mediator, negotiating the boundaries of confidentiality to meet the needs of the client and care provider; and work with the

31 client to stress the importance of keeping the care provider 32 informed and involved with his treatment process. If the 33 patient refuses to consent and the treating physician deems the information is medically necessary for the appropriate 34 provision of health care or treatment by the care provider 35 or is related to the safety of the patient or care provider, 36 37 the information may still be released to the appropriate 38 care provider. The reason for the intended disclosure, the specific information to be released and the persons to whom 39 40 the disclosure is to be made, even if consent has not been obtained, will be provided to the client and care provider. 41 All these procedures shall be documented by the treating 42 43 physician in the client record, including a specific notation as to whether client consent was given. 44 As used in this section, the term "care provider" 45 means the person or persons who can demonstrate that they 46 47 are primarily responsible for the health care of the person 48 with a mental illness. The term does not apply to any 49 person providing care through hospitals, nursing homes, group homes or any other such facility. 50 632.395. 1. If an individual ordered to be 2 involuntarily detained or committed, treated and evaluated 3 pursuant to this chapter is eligible for hospital care or 4 treatment by any agency of the United States, the court, 5 upon receipt of a certificate from such agency showing that 6 facilities are available and that the individual is eligible for care or treatment therein, may order him or her to be 7

9 When any individual is admitted pursuant to the order of the 10 court to any hospital or institution operated by any agency 11 of the United States within or without this state, he or she

placed in the custody of such agency for hospitalization.

12 shall be subject to the rules and regulations of such

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13 agency. The chief officer of any hospital or institution operated by such agency and in which the individual is so 14 15 hospitalized shall, with respect to such individual, be vested with the same powers as the heads of hospitals or the 16 division within this state have with respect to detention, 17 custody, transfer, conditional release and discharge of 18 19 patients. Jurisdiction is retained in the appropriate 20 courts of this state at any time to inquire into the mental 21 condition of an individual so hospitalized and to determine 22 the necessity for continuance of his or her hospitalization, and every order of hospitalization issued pursuant to this 23 section is so conditioned. 24 25 An order of a court of competent jurisdiction of 26

another state, or of the District of Columbia, authorizing hospitalization of an individual by any agency of the United States shall have the same force and effect as to the individual while in this state as in the jurisdiction in which is situated the court entering the order, and the courts of the state or District of Columbia issuing the order shall be deemed to have retained jurisdiction of the individual so hospitalized for the purpose of inquiring into his or her mental condition and of determining the necessity for continuance of his or her hospitalization, as is provided in subsection 1 of this section with respect to individuals ordered hospitalized by the courts of this state. Consent is hereby given to the application of the law of the state or District of Columbia in which is located the court issuing the order for hospitalization with respect to the authority of the chief officer of any hospital or institution operated in this state by any agency of the United States to retain custody, transfer, conditional release or discharge the individual hospitalized.

632.400. Any respondent ordered detained for ninety-

- 2 day or one-year periods of involuntary inpatient treatment
- 3 or ordered detained for a period of up to one hundred eighty
- 4 days of outpatient detention and treatment under this
- 5 chapter shall be entitled to a reexamination of the order
- 6 for his **or her** detention on his **or her** own motion, or that
- 7 of his or her legal guardian, parent, spouse, relative,
- 8 friend or attorney to the court. Upon receipt of the
- 9 motion, the court shall conduct or cause to be conducted by
- 10 a special commissioner proceedings in accordance with
- 11 section 632.340.
 - 632.410. Venue for proceedings for involuntary
- 2 detentions pursuant to the provisions of this chapter shall
- 3 be in the court having probate jurisdiction in the county in
- 4 which the mental health program is located wherein the
- 5 respondent is detained; provided, however, that if the
- 6 respondent is a resident of this state and makes application
- 7 for the hearing to be held in his or her county of
- 8 residence, the court shall order the proceedings, with all
- 9 papers, files and transcripts of the proceedings, to be
- 10 transferred to the court having probate jurisdiction in the
- 11 respondent's county of residence. Once a court has assumed
- 12 jurisdiction with respect to involuntary detention
- 13 proceedings, no other court shall assume jurisdiction until
- 14 the court having prior jurisdiction has transferred
- 15 jurisdiction and all papers, files, and transcripts. If the
- 16 court having jurisdiction receives notice that a respondent
- 17 has been transferred to a mental health program in another
- 18 county, the court shall transfer jurisdiction, along with
- 19 all papers, files and transcripts, to the court in the
- 20 county where the respondent has been transferred.

1. The judge having probate jurisdiction in 2 each county where a mental health program is located shall 3 prepare and maintain a current register of attorneys who have agreed to be appointed to represent respondents against 4 5 whom involuntary civil detention proceedings have been 6 instituted in such county. The judge may choose lawyers who 7 are paid by any public or private agency or other lawyers 8 who are appointed to the register. [The register shall be 9 provided to the mental health coordinator for the area which 10 includes the county for which the list was prepared. A new register shall be provided to the mental health coordinator 11 12 each time a new attorney is added.] 13 2. If the judge finds that the respondent is unable to pay attorney's fees for the services rendered in the 14 proceedings, the judge shall allow a reasonable attorney's 15 fee for the services, which fee shall be assessed as costs 16 and paid together with all other costs in the proceeding by 17 18 the state, in accordance with rules and regulations 19 promulgated by the state court administrator, from funds appropriated to the office of administration for such 20

appropriated to the office of administration for such
purposes provided that no attorney's fees shall be allowed
for services rendered by any attorney who is a salaried
employee of a public agency or a private agency which
receives public funds.

appointing licensed physicians pursuant to section 632.345
shall choose, if available, physicians who have agreed to
serve without fee or physicians paid by any private or
public agency, if they are found suitable; provided, that if
the court finds no suitable physicians from such sources,
the court shall appoint an available licensed physician and
he or she shall be paid a reasonable fee, as determined by

- 9 the court, by the state from funds appropriated to the
- 10 office of administration for this purpose.
- 632.430. 1. Appeals from court orders made under this
- 2 chapter may be made by the respondent or by the petitioner
- 3 to the appropriate appellate court pursuant to the rules of
- 4 civil procedure of the supreme court of Missouri pertaining
- 5 to appeals. Such appeal shall have priority on the docket
- 6 of the appellate court and shall be expedited in all
- 7 respects. The court shall notify the attorney general's
- 8 office whenever an appeal is filed under this subsection,
- 9 and the attorney general shall represent the state when it
- 10 is a party to such appeal.
- 11 2. A motion to stay any order restricting an
- 12 individual's liberty may be filed in either the court or the
- 13 appropriate appellate court. A stay order shall not be
- 14 granted in any case where the court finds that the person is
- 15 so mentally ill that there is an imminent likelihood of
- 16 serious physical harm to himself or herself or others if he
- 17 or she is not detained or treated pending appeal. Any
- 18 refusal to grant a stay by the court may be reviewed by the
- 19 appropriate appellate court on motion.
 - 632.440. No officer of a public or private agency,
- 2 mental health facility or mental health program; no head,
- 3 attending staff or consultant of any such agency, facility
- 4 or mental health program; [no mental health coordinator]
- 5 behavioral health liaison, registered professional nurse,
- 6 licensed physician, mental health professional nor any other
- 7 public official performing functions necessary for the
- 8 administration of this chapter; no peace officer responsible
- 9 for detaining a person pursuant to this chapter; and no
- 10 peace officer responsible for detaining or transporting, or
- 11 both, any person upon the request of any [mental health

- 12 coordinator] behavioral health liaison pursuant to section
- 13 632.300 or 632.305 or acting pursuant to the request of a
- 14 guardian who is acting pursuant to chapter 475, or upon the
- 15 request of the head of any supervisory mental health program
- 16 who is acting pursuant to section 632.337, regardless of
- 17 whether such peace officer is outside the jurisdiction for
- 18 which he or she serves as a peace officer during the course
- 19 of such detention or transportation, or both, shall be
- 20 civilly liable for investigating, detaining, transporting,
- 21 conditionally releasing or discharging a person pursuant to
- 22 this chapter or chapter 475, at or before the end of the
- 23 period for which the person was admitted or detained for
- 24 evaluation or treatment so long as such duties were
- 25 performed in good faith and without gross negligence.
 - 632.455. 1. If requested to do so by the head of a
- 2 mental health program, the sheriff of the county where a
- 3 patient absent without authorization is found shall
- 4 apprehend and return him or her to the program.
- 5 2. The head of the program may request the return of
- 6 an absent patient under subsection 1 of this section only
- 7 under one or more of the following circumstances:
- 8 (1) The patient is a minor whose admission was applied
- 9 for by his or her parent or legal custodian, who has not
- 10 requested the minor patient's release;
- 11 (2) The patient is a minor under jurisdiction of the
- juvenile court;
- 13 (3) The patient has been declared legally
- 14 incapacitated and his or her guardian has not requested his
- 15 release;
- 16 (4) The patient was committed to the department under
- 17 chapter 552 or this chapter;

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- 18 (5) The patient's condition is of such a nature that, 19 for the protection of the patient or others, the head of the 20 program determines that the patient's return to the program 21 is necessary as noted in the patient's records, in which 22 case civil detention procedures shall be initiated upon 23 return to the program.
- 1. A resident admitted to a developmental 633.125. 2 disability facility pursuant to section 633.120 shall be 3 discharged immediately when the person who applied for his 4 or her admission requests the release orally, in writing or otherwise from the head of the developmental disability 5 facility; except, that if the head of the developmental 6 7 disability facility regards the resident as presenting a 8 likelihood of serious harm to himself or herself or others, the head of the facility may initiate involuntary detention 9 10 procedures pursuant to chapter 632, if appropriate, or any 11 individual, including the head of the facility [or the mental health coordinator], may initiate guardianship 12 13 proceedings and, if appropriate, obtain an emergency 14 commitment order pursuant to chapter 475.
 - 2. A resident shall be discharged from a department developmental disability facility if it is determined in a comprehensive evaluation or periodic review that the person is not intellectually disabled or developmentally disabled, and if the resident, parent, if a minor, or guardian consents to the discharge. If consent is not obtained, the head of the facility shall initiate appeal proceedings under section 633.135, before a resident can be discharged.
- 3. A resident shall either be discharged from a
 department developmental disability facility or shall be
 referred to a regional center for placement in a least
 restrictive environment pursuant to section 630.610, if it

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27 is determined in a comprehensive evaluation or periodic review that the following criteria exist: 28

- 29 The resident's condition is not of such a nature 30 that for the protection or adequate care of the resident or others the resident needs department residential 31 habilitation or other services; 32
 - The developmental disability facility does not (2) offer a program which best meets the resident's needs; or
 - The developmental disability facility does not provide the least restrictive environment feasible. A resident may not be discharged without his or her consent or the consent of his or her parent, if he or she is a minor, or quardian unless proceedings have been completed under section 633.135.
 - After a resident's discharge pursuant to subsection 3 of this section, the resident shall be referred to an appropriate regional center for assistance in obtaining any necessary services.

[632.300. 1. When a mental health coordinator receives information alleging that a person, as the result of a mental disorder, presents a likelihood of serious harm to himself or others, he shall:

Conduct an investigation; (1)

(2) Evaluate the allegations and the data

developed by investigation; and

(3) Evaluate the reliability and credibility of all sources of information.

2. If, as the result of personal observation or investigation, the mental health coordinator has reasonable cause to believe that such person is mentally disordered and, as a result, presents a likelihood of serious harm to himself or others, the mental health coordinator may file an application with the court having probate jurisdiction pursuant to the provisions of section 632.305; provided, however, that should the mental health coordinator have reasonable cause to believe, as the result of personal observation or investigation, that the likelihood of serious harm by such person to himself or others as a result of a mental

25 disorder is imminent unless the person is immediately taken into custody, the mental health coordinator shall request a peace officer 26 27 28 to take or cause such person to be taken into 29 custody and transported to a mental health 30 facility in accordance with the provisions of 31 subsection 3 of section 632.305. 3. If the mental health coordinator 32 determines that involuntary commitment is not 33 appropriate, he should inform either the person, 34 his family or friends about those public and 35 private agencies and courts which might be of 36 37 assistance.]

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