FIRST REGULAR SESSION

SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 25

102ND GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR FITZWATER.

0698S.01I

KRISTINA MARTIN, Secretary

JOINT RESOLUTION

Submitting to the qualified voters of Missouri, an amendment repealing sections 3, 7, 8, and 9 of article III of the Constitution of Missouri, and adopting four new sections in lieu thereof relating to the general assembly.

Be it resolved by the Senate, the House of Representatives concurring therein:

	That at the next general election to be held in the
2	state of Missouri, on Tuesday next following the first Monday
3	in November, 2024, or at a special election to be called by
4	the governor for that purpose, there is hereby submitted to
5	the qualified voters of this state, for adoption or
6	rejection, the following amendment to article III of the
7	Constitution of the state of Missouri:
	Section A. Sections 3, 7, 8, and 9, article III,
2	Constitution of Missouri, are repealed and four new sections
3	adopted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 3, 7, 8, and
4	9, to read as follows:
	Section 3. (a) Until the convening of the one hundred
2	seventh general assembly, the house of representatives shall
3	consist of one hundred sixty-three members elected at each
4	general election and redistricted as provided in this
5	section. Beginning with the convening of the one hundred
6	seventh general assembly, the house of representatives shall
7	consist of one hundred thirty-six members elected at each

consist of one hundred thirty-six members elected at each

8 general election and redistricted as provided in this

section. 9

EXPLANATION-Matter enclosed in **bold-faced** brackets [thus] in this bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

SJR 25

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10 (b) The house independent bipartisan citizens
11 commission shall redistrict the house of representatives
12 using the following methods, listed in order of priority:

(1) Districts shall be as nearly equal as practicable in population, and shall be drawn on the basis of one person, one vote. Districts are as nearly equal as practicable in population if no district deviates by more than one percent from the ideal population of the district, as measured by dividing the number of districts into the

19 statewide population data being used, except that a district 20 may deviate by up to three percent if necessary to follow 21 political subdivision lines consistent with subdivision (4) 22 of this subsection;

Districts shall be established in a manner so as 23 (2)to comply with all requirements of the United States 24 25 Constitution and applicable federal laws, including, but not limited to, the Voting Rights Act of 1965 (as amended). 26 The following principles shall take precedence over any other 27 28 part of this constitution: no district shall be drawn in a manner which results in a denial or abridgment of the right 29 of any citizen of the United States to vote on account of 30 race or color; and no district shall be drawn such that 31 members of any community of citizens protected by the 32 preceding clause have less opportunity than other members of 33 the electorate to participate in the political process and 34 35 to elect representatives of their choice;

36 (3) Subject to the requirements of subdivisions (1)
37 and (2) of this subsection, districts shall be composed of
38 contiguous territory as compact as may be. Areas which meet
39 only at the points of adjoining corners are not contiguous.
40 In general, compact districts are those which are square,

41 rectangular, or hexagonal in shape to the extent permitted 42 by natural or political boundaries;

43 (4) To the extent consistent with subdivisions (1) to (3) of this subsection, communities shall be preserved. 44 Districts shall satisfy this requirement if district lines 45 follow political subdivision lines to the extent possible, 46 using the following criteria, in order of priority. First, 47 each county shall wholly contain as many districts as its 48 population allows. Second, if a county wholly contains one 49 50 or more districts, the remaining population shall be wholly joined in a single district made up of population from 51 outside the county. If a county does not wholly contain a 52 53 district, then no more than two segments of a county shall be combined with an adjoining county. Third, split counties 54 and county segments, defined as any part of the county that 55 is in a district not wholly within that county, shall each 56 be as few as possible. Fourth, as few municipal lines shall 57 58 be crossed as possible;

59 (5) Districts shall be drawn in a manner that achieves both partisan fairness and, secondarily, competitiveness, 60 but the standards established by subdivisions (1) to (4) of 61 this subsection shall take precedence over partisan fairness 62 "Partisan fairness" means that parties 63 and competitiveness. shall be able to translate their popular support into 64 legislative representation with approximately equal 65 66 efficiency. "Competitiveness" means that parties' 67 legislative representation shall be substantially and similarly responsive to shifts in the electorate's 68 69 preferences.

To this end, the average electoral performance of the
two political parties receiving the most votes in the three
preceding general elections for governor, for United States

73 Senate, and for President of the United States shall be 74 calculated. This index shall be defined as the total votes 75 received by each party in the three preceding general elections for governor, for United States Senate, and for 76 77 President of the United States, divided by the total votes cast for both parties in these elections. Using this index, 78 79 the total number of wasted votes for each party, summing 80 across all of the districts in the plan shall be calculated. "Wasted votes" are votes cast for a losing 81 82 candidate or for a winning candidate in excess of the threshold needed for victory. In any redistricting plan and 83 map of the proposed districts, the difference between the 84 85 two parties' total wasted votes, divided by the total votes cast for the two parties, shall not exceed fifteen percent. 86

To promote competitiveness, the electoral performance 87 index shall be used to simulate elections in which the 88 hypothetical statewide vote shifts by one percent, two 89 percent, three percent, four percent, and five percent in 90 91 favor of each party. The vote in each individual district shall be assumed to shift by the same amount as the 92 statewide vote. In each of these simulated elections, the 93 difference between the two parties' total wasted votes, 94 divided by the total votes cast for the two parties, shall 95 96 not exceed fifteen percent.

97 Within sixty days after the population of this (C) 98 state is reported to the President for each decennial census 99 of the United States or, in the event that a redistricting plan has been invalidated by a court of competent 100 101 jurisdiction, within sixty days that such a ruling has been 102 made, the state committee and the congressional district 103 committees of each of the two political parties casting the highest vote for governor at the last preceding general 104

SJR 25

105 election shall meet and the members of each committee shall 106 nominate, by a majority vote of the elected members of the 107 committee present, provided that a majority of the elected members is present, members of their party, residents in 108 109 that district, in the case of a congressional district 110 committee, as nominees for the house independent bipartisan citizens commission. No party shall select more than one 111 112 nominee from any one state legislative district. The congressional district committees shall each submit to the 113 114 governor their list of two elected nominees. The state committees shall each submit to the governor their list of 115 five elected nominees. Within thirty days thereafter, the 116 117 governor shall appoint a house independent bipartisan citizens commission consisting of one nominee from each list 118 119 submitted by each congressional district committee and two 120 nominees from each list submitted by each state committee to 121 redistrict the state into [one hundred and sixty-three] representative districts and to establish the numbers and 122 123 boundaries of said districts. No person shall be appointed to both the house independent bipartisan citizens commission 124 and the senate independent bipartisan citizens commission 125 during the same redistricting cycle. 126

127 If any committee fails to submit a list within such 128 time, the governor shall appoint a member of his or her own 129 choice from the political party of the committee failing to 130 submit a list, provided that in the case of a congressional 131 district committee failing to submit a list, the person 132 appointed to the commission by the governor shall reside in 133 the congressional district of such committee.

Members of the commission shall be disqualified fromholding office as members of the general assembly for four

136 years following the date of the filing by the commission of 137 its final redistricting plan.

138 For the purposes of this Article, the term congressional district committee or congressional district 139 refers to the congressional district committee or the 140 141 congressional district from which a congressman was last 142 elected, or, in the event members of congress from this 143 state have been elected at large, the term congressional 144 district committee refers to those persons who last served 145 as the congressional district committee for those districts from which congressmen were last elected, and the term 146 congressional district refers to those districts from which 147 148 congressmen were last elected. Any action pursuant to this 149 section by the congressional district committee shall take 150 place only at duly called meetings, shall be recorded in 151 their official minutes and only members present in person 152 shall be permitted to vote.

The commissioners so selected shall, on the 153 (d) 154 fifteenth day, excluding Sundays and state holidays, after all members have been appointed, meet in the capitol 155 building and proceed to organize by electing from their 156 157 number a chairman, vice chairman and secretary. The commission shall adopt an agenda establishing at least three 158 159 hearing dates on which hearings open to the public shall be 160 held to hear objections or testimony from interested 161 persons. A copy of the agenda shall be filed with the clerk 162 of the house of representatives within twenty-four hours after its adoption. Executive meetings may be scheduled and 163 held as often as the commission deems advisable. 164

(e) Not later than five months after the appointment
of the commission, the commission shall file with the
secretary of state a tentative redistricting plan and map of

the proposed districts and during the ensuing fifteen days shall hold such public hearings as may be necessary to hear objections or testimony of interested persons. The commission shall make public the tentative redistricting plan and map of the proposed districts, as well as all demographic and partisan data used in the creation of the plan and map.

(f) Not later than six months after the appointment of the commission, the commission shall file with the secretary of state a final statement of the numbers and the boundaries of the districts together with a map of the districts, and no statement shall be valid unless approved by at least seven-tenths of the members.

After the final statement is filed, members of the 181 (q) 182 house of representatives shall be elected according to such 183 districts until a new redistricting plan is made as provided 184 in this section, except that if the final statement is not filed within six months of the time fixed for the 185 186 appointment of the commission, the commission shall stand discharged and the house of representatives shall be 187 redistricted using the same methods and criteria as 188 described in subsection (b) of this section by a commission 189 190 of six members appointed from among the judges of the 191 appellate courts of the state of Missouri by the state 192 supreme court, a majority of whom shall sign and file its 193 redistricting plan and map with the secretary of state 194 within ninety days of the date of the discharge of the house independent bipartisan citizens commission. The judicial 195 196 commission shall make public the tentative redistricting 197 plan and map of the proposed districts, as well as all 198 demographic and partisan data used in the creation of the plan and map. Thereafter, members of the house of 199

200 representatives shall be elected according to such districts 201 until a redistricting plan is made as provided in this 202 section.

(h) Each member of the commission shall receive as compensation fifteen dollars a day for each day the commission is in session but not more than one thousand dollars, and, in addition, shall be reimbursed for his or her actual and necessary expenses incurred while serving as a member of the commission.

209 (i) No redistricting plan shall be subject to the210 referendum.

Any action expressly or implicitly alleging that a 211 (j) 212 redistricting plan violates this Constitution, federal law, 213 or the United States Constitution shall be filed in the 214 circuit court of Cole County and shall name the body that 215 approved the challenged redistricting plan as a defendant. 216 Only an eligible Missouri voter who sustains an individual injury by virtue of residing in a district that exhibits the 217 218 alleged violation, and whose injury is remedied by a differently drawn district, shall have standing. If the 219 220 court renders a judgment in which it finds that a completed redistricting plan exhibits the alleged violation, its 221 222 judgment shall adjust only those districts, and only those 223 parts of district boundaries, necessary to bring the map 224 into compliance. The supreme court shall have exclusive 225 appellate jurisdiction upon the filing of a notice of appeal 226 within ten days after the judgment has become final.

Section 7. (a) Within sixty days after the population of this state is reported to the President for each decennial census of the United States, or within sixty days after a redistricting plan has been invalidated by a court of competent jurisdiction, the state committee and the

SJR 25

6 congressional district committees of each of the two 7 political parties casting the highest vote for governor at 8 the last preceding general election shall meet and the members of each committee shall nominate, by a majority vote 9 10 of the elected members of the committee present, provided that a majority of the elected members is present, members 11 12 of their party, residents in that district, in the case of a 13 congressional district committee, as nominees for the senate independent bipartisan citizens commission. No party shall 14 15 select more than one nominee from any one state legislative The congressional district committees shall each 16 district. submit to the governor their list of two elected nominees. 17 18 The state committees shall each submit to the governor their list of five elected nominees. Within thirty days 19 thereafter the governor shall appoint a senate independent 20 21 bipartisan citizens commission consisting of two nominees 22 from each list submitted by each state committee and one 23 nominee from each list submitted by each congressional 24 district committee, to redistrict the thirty-four senatorial districts and to establish the numbers and boundaries of 25 said districts. No person shall be appointed to both the 26 27 house independent bipartisan citizens commission and the senate independent bipartisan citizens commission during the 28 29 same redistricting cycle.

If any committee fails to submit a list within such time, the governor shall appoint a member of his or her own choice from the political party of the committee failing to submit a list, provided that in the case of a congressional district committee failing to submit a list, the person appointed to the commission by the governor shall reside in the congressional district of such committee.

37 Members of the commission shall be disqualified from
38 holding office as members of the general assembly for four
39 years following the date of the filing by the commission of
40 its final redistricting plan.

The commissioners so selected shall, on the 41 (b) 42 fifteenth day, excluding Sundays and state holidays, after all members have been appointed, meet in the capitol 43 building and proceed to organize by electing from their 44 number a chairman, vice chairman and secretary. 45 The 46 commission shall adopt an agenda establishing at least three hearing dates on which hearings open to the public shall be 47 held to hear objections or testimony from interested 48 49 persons. A copy of the agenda shall be filed with the secretary of the senate within twenty-four hours after its 50 adoption. Executive meetings may be scheduled and held as 51 52 often as the commission deems advisable.

(c) The senate independent bipartisan citizens
commission shall redistrict the senate using the same
methods and criteria as those required by subsection (b),
section 3 of this Article for the redistricting of the house
of representatives. Beginning with the one hundred seventh
general assembly, each senatorial district shall contain
four representative districts.

60 Not later than five months after the appointment (d) of the senate independent bipartisan citizens commission, 61 62 the commission shall file with the secretary of state a tentative redistricting plan and map of the proposed 63 districts and during the ensuing fifteen days shall hold 64 such public hearings as may be necessary to hear objections 65 or testimony of interested persons. The commission shall 66 make public the tentative redistricting plan and map of the 67

68 proposed districts, as well as all demographic and partisan 69 data used in the creation of the plan and map.

(e) Not later than six months after the appointment of the commission, the commission shall file with the secretary of state a final statement of the numbers and the boundaries of the districts together with a map of the districts, and no statement shall be valid unless approved by at least seven-tenths of the members.

76 (f) After the final statement is filed, senators shall 77 be elected according to such districts until a new redistricting plan is made as provided in this section, 78 except that if the final statement is not filed within six 79 80 months of the time fixed for the appointment of the commission, the commission shall stand discharged and the 81 senate shall be redistricted using the same methods and 82 criteria as described in subsection (b) of section 3 of this 83 Article by a commission of six members appointed from among 84 85 the judges of the appellate courts of the state of Missouri 86 by the state supreme court, a majority of whom shall sign 87 and file its redistricting plan and map with the secretary of state within ninety days of the date of the discharge of 88 the senate independent bipartisan citizens commission. 89 The judicial commission shall make public the tentative 90 91 redistricting plan and map of the proposed districts, as well as all demographic and partisan data used in the 92 93 creation of the plan and map. Thereafter, senators shall be 94 elected according to such districts until a redistricting plan is made as provided in this section. 95

96 (g) Each member of the commission shall receive as
97 compensation fifteen dollars a day for each day the
98 commission is in session, but not more than one thousand
99 dollars, and, in addition, shall be reimbursed for his or

100 her actual and necessary expenses incurred while serving as 101 a member of the commission.

102 (h) No redistricting plan shall be subject to the103 referendum.

104 Any action expressly or implicitly alleging that a (i) 105 redistricting plan violates this Constitution, federal law, or the United States Constitution shall be filed in the 106 107 circuit court of Cole County and shall name the body that 108 approved the challenged redistricting plan as a defendant. 109 Only an eligible Missouri voter who sustains an individual injury by virtue of residing in a district that exhibits the 110 alleged violation, and whose injury is remedied by a 111 differently drawn district, shall have standing. If the 112 court renders a judgment in which it finds that a completed 113 114 redistricting plan exhibits the alleged violation, its judgment shall adjust only those districts, and only those 115 116 parts of district boundaries, necessary to bring the map into compliance. The supreme court shall have exclusive 117 118 appellate jurisdiction upon the filing of a notice of appeal within ten days after the judgment has become final. 119

Section 8. No one shall be elected to serve more than 2 eight years total in any one house of the General Assembly 3 nor more than sixteen years total in both houses of the 4 General Assembly. In applying this section, service in the 5 General Assembly resulting from an election prior to 6 December 3, 1992, or service of less than one year, in the 7 case of a member of the house of representatives, or two years, in the case of a member of the senate, by a person 8 elected after the effective date of this section to complete 9 10 the term of another person, shall not be counted. Beginning 11 on December 5, 2024, no person shall be elected to serve 12 more than twelve years total in the general assembly. In

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applying this subsection, service of less than one year, in 13 14 the case of a member of the house of representatives, or two 15 years, in the case of a member of the senate, by a person 16 elected after the effective date of this section to complete the term of another person shall not be counted. 17 Any 18 service in the general assembly resulting from an election occurring prior to December 5, 2024, shall count towards the 19 limitations provided in this section. 20

Section 9. Until the convening of the [Seventyfourth] one hundred seventh General Assembly the House of

3 Representatives shall consist of one hundred sixty-three

4 members elected from the one hundred sixty-three

5 representative districts[, as they existed January 1, 1965].

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