#### FIRST REGULAR SESSION

# SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 29

#### 102ND GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR CARTER.

1120S.01I KRISTINA MARTIN, Secretary

## JOINT RESOLUTION

Submitting to the qualified voters of Missouri, an amendment to article I of the Constitution of Missouri, by adding thereto one new section relating to parents' exclusive right to control the upbringing of their children.

Be it resolved by the Senate, the House of Representatives concurring therein:

That at the next general election to be held in the

- 2 state of Missouri, on Tuesday next following the first Monday
- 3 in November, 2024, or at a special election to be called by
- 4 the governor for that purpose, there is hereby submitted to
- 5 the qualified voters of this state, for adoption or
- 6 rejection, the following amendment to article I of the
- 7 Constitution of the state of Missouri:

Section A. Article I, Constitution of Missouri, is amended

- 2 by adding thereto one new section, to be known as section 36,
- 3 to read as follows:

### Section 36. 1. That every parent has a fundamental

- 2 right to exercise exclusive control over all aspects of
- 3 their minor children's lives without governmental
- 4 interference, including, but not limited to, decisions
- 5 regarding their minor children's custody, upbringing,
- 6 education, religious instruction, discipline, physical and
- 7 mental health care, and place of habitation; provided, this
- 8 fundamental right shall not extend to any decision or action
- 9 by a parent that threatens clear, immediate, and substantial

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physical injury to their minor child, nor shall it permit a parent to compel a minor child to have an abortion.

- 2. That every parent also has the fundamental right to require government entities to obtain the parent's explicit permission before soliciting from a minor child information or data about the child or the child's family members or sharing such information or data solicited from a minor child with anyone other than the child's parents for purposes not directly related to a criminal investigation or, if enrolled in a public school, the child's knowledge of academic subjects; neither the parent nor child shall in any way be punished or penalized if the parent refuses such permission.
- 23 That every parent has the fundamental right to decide what educational setting will best prepare their 24 25 children to meet the obligations of responsible adulthood, 26 and this right includes, but is not limited to, a parent's choice to have their children educated in public, private, 27 28 parochial, or home schools or otherwise to provide for their 29 children's education in another setting; provided, nothing 30 in this section shall require or prohibit any state or local government to fund or subsidize education in a nonpublic 31 32 school setting or, unless otherwise required by law, require 33 a public school to enroll or educate a child who does not 34 live in that public school's district.
  - 4. That a government entity in this state shall only be justified in interfering with the parental rights acknowledged in this section if:
- 38 (1) The interference is temporary and limited to only 39 the degree and duration necessary to protect a child from a 40 clear, immediate, and substantial threat of physical injury;

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- 41 (2) A court of law has first found by clear and 42 convincing evidence that a parent has knowingly exposed a 43 child to harm through physical neglect, abandonment, 44 reckless endangerment, or sexual or physical abuse, as each 45 of those terms may be defined by state statute;
- 46 (3) A court of law has first found by clear and
  47 convincing evidence that a parent is incapacitated or
  48 mentally incompetent, as those terms may be defined by state
  49 statute;
- 50 (4) A court of law has first ruled that minor child is 51 emancipated in accordance with state statutes;
  - (5) A court of law has assumed jurisdiction over a minor child charged with violating or found beyond a reasonable doubt to have violated a criminal statute; or
- 55 (6) A court of law has assigned parental rights to one 56 parent or someone other than a biological parent as a result 57 of mental incompetence, adoption, or marital dissolution.
  - If, after considering evidence, a judge has first determined that a government entity has probable cause to believe that a parent has subjected their child to criminal, sexual, or physical abuse, neglect, or endangerment, it shall not be considered an interference with the parental rights acknowledged in this section for the government entity to question the parent or the child about the alleged crime, or for police to obtain a warrant to search the parent's home for evidence of the suspected crime.
- 5. That any parent whose rights under this section
  have been adversely affected by any type of law, policy, or
  other act of government authority shall be permitted to file
  a lawsuit challenging the constitutionality of the law,
  policy, or other act of government authority, and seek

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72 damages against the government entity responsible for the violation of the parent's rights. In considering such a 73 74 lawsuit, courts may not presume the constitutionality of the 75 law, policy, or other act of government authority being challenged, may not defer to claims made by a government 76 77 entity that the law, policy, or other act of government authority is justified unless the government entity supports 78 79 all such claims with competent evidence, and shall award 80 appropriate damages and reasonable attorney's fees for any 81 infringement of these constitutional rights that the 82 government has not justified in accordance with subsection 4 of this section. 83 For the purposes of this section, the term "parent" 84 85 includes a child's legal guardian and "minor child" means a 86 child under eighteen years of age. Section B. Pursuant to chapter 116, RSMo, and other 2 applicable constitutional provisions and laws of this state allowing the general assembly to adopt ballot language for 3 4 the submission of a joint resolution to the voters of this state, the official ballot title of the amendment proposed 5 in section A shall be as follows: 6

7 "Shall the Missouri Constitution be amended to 8 quarantee parents' exclusive right to control 9 the upbringing of their children, including but not limited to custody, education, religious 10 11 instruction, health care, and private 12 information, with certain exceptions including 13 those necessary to protect against a clear, immediate, and substantial threat to the child?". 14

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