FIRST REGULAR SESSION

[PERFECTED]

SENATE BILL NO. 122

102ND GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR MAY.

0547S.01P KRISTINA MARTIN, Secretary

AN ACT

To repeal section 167.031, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof one new section relating to compulsory school attendance.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Section 167.031, RSMo, is repealed and one new section enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as section 167.031, to read as follows:

167.031. 1. Every parent, guardian or other person in 2 this state having charge, control or custody of a child not 3 enrolled in a public, private, parochial, parish school or full-time equivalent attendance in a combination of such 4 5 schools and between the ages of seven years and the 6 compulsory attendance age for the district is responsible 7 for enrolling the child in a program of academic instruction 8 which complies with subsection 2 of this section. Anv 9 parent, guardian or other person who enrolls a child between 10 the ages of five and seven years in a public school program of academic instruction shall cause such child to attend the 11 academic program on a regular basis, according to this 12 Nonattendance by such child shall cause such 13 section. 14 parent, quardian or other responsible person to be in violation of the provisions of section 167.061, except as 15 provided by this section. A parent, guardian or other 16 person in this state having charge, control, or custody of a 17

EXPLANATION-Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in this bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

18 child between the ages of seven years of age and the 19 compulsory attendance age for the district shall cause the 20 child to attend regularly some public, private, parochial, 21 parish, home school or a combination of such schools not 22 less than the entire school term of the school which the 23 child attends; except that:

(1) A child who, to the satisfaction of the
superintendent of public schools of the district in which he
resides, or if there is no superintendent then the chief
school officer, is determined to be mentally or physically
incapacitated may be excused from attendance at school for
the full time required, or any part thereof;

30 (2)A child between fourteen years of age and the compulsory attendance age for the district may be excused 31 from attendance at school for the full time required, or any 32 part thereof, by the superintendent of public schools of the 33 district, or if there is none then by a court of competent 34 jurisdiction, when legal employment has been obtained by the 35 36 child and found to be desirable, and after the parents or quardian of the child have been advised of the pending 37 38 action; [or]

39 (3) A child between five and seven years of age shall
40 be excused from attendance at school if a parent, guardian
41 or other person having charge, control or custody of the
42 child makes a written request that the child be dropped from
43 the school's rolls; or

(4) A child may be excused from attendance at school
for the full time required, or any part thereof, if the
child is unable to attend school due to mental or behavioral
health concerns, provided that the school receives
documentation from a mental health professional licensed
under chapters 334 or 337 acting within his or her

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50 authorized scope of practice stating that the child is not able to attend school due to such concerns. 51 52 2. (1) As used in sections 167.031 to 167.071, a "home school" is a school, whether incorporated or 53 unincorporated, that: 54 55 Has as its primary purpose the provision of (a) 56 private or religious-based instruction; 57

(b) Enrolls pupils between the ages of seven years and the compulsory attendance age for the district, of which no more than four are unrelated by affinity or consanguinity in the third degree; and

61 (c) Does not charge or receive consideration in the
62 form of tuition, fees, or other remuneration in a genuine
63 and fair exchange for provision of instruction.

64 (2) As evidence that a child is receiving regular
65 instruction, the parent shall, except as otherwise provided
66 in this subsection:

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(a) Maintain the following records:

a. A plan book, diary, or other written recordindicating subjects taught and activities engaged in; and

70 b. A portfolio of samples of the child's academic71 work; and

72 c. A record of evaluations of the child's academic73 progress; or

74 d. Other written, or credible evidence equivalent to75 subparagraphs a., b. and c.; and

(b) Offer at least one thousand hours of instruction, at least six hundred hours of which will be in reading, language arts, mathematics, social studies and science or academic courses that are related to the aforementioned subject areas and consonant with the pupil's age and

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ability. At least four hundred of the six hundred hoursshall occur at the regular home school location.

83 (3) The requirements of subdivision (2) of this
84 subsection shall not apply to any pupil above the age of
85 sixteen years.

86 3. Nothing in this section shall require a private, 87 parochial, parish or home school to include in its 88 curriculum any concept, topic, or practice in conflict with 89 the school's religious doctrines or to exclude from its 90 curriculum any concept, topic, or practice consistent with the school's religious doctrines. Any other provision of 91 the law to the contrary notwithstanding, all departments or 92 agencies of the state of Missouri shall be prohibited from 93 dictating through rule, regulation or other device any 94 95 statewide curriculum for private, parochial, parish or home 96 schools.

97 4. A school year begins on the first day of July and98 ends on the thirtieth day of June following.

99 5. The production by a parent of a daily log showing 100 that a home school has a course of instruction which 101 satisfies the requirements of this section or, in the case 102 of a pupil over the age of sixteen years who attended a 103 metropolitan school district the previous year, a written 104 statement that the pupil is attending home school in 105 compliance with this section shall be a defense to any 106 prosecution under this section and to any charge or action 107 for educational neglect brought pursuant to chapter 210.

108 6. As used in sections 167.031 to 167.051, the term109 "compulsory attendance age for the district" shall mean:

(1) Seventeen years of age for any metropolitan school district for which the school board adopts a resolution to establish such compulsory attendance age; provided that such

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113 resolution shall take effect no earlier than the school year 114 next following the school year during which the resolution 115 is adopted; and

116 (2) Seventeen years of age or having successfully
117 completed sixteen credits towards high school graduation in
118 all other cases.

119 The school board of a metropolitan school district for which 120 the compulsory attendance age is seventeen years may adopt a 121 resolution to lower the compulsory attendance age to sixteen 122 years; provided that such resolution shall take effect no 123 earlier than the school year next following the school year 124 during which the resolution is adopted.

125 7. For purposes of subsection 2 of this section as 126 applied in subsection 6 herein, a "completed credit towards 127 high school graduation" shall be defined as one hundred 128 hours or more of instruction in a course. Home school 129 education enforcement and records pursuant to this section, 130 and sections 210.167 and 211.031, shall be subject to review 131 only by the local prosecuting attorney.

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