## SECOND REGULAR SESSION

## SENATE BILL NO. 761

## 102ND GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR MAY.

3412S.01I KRISTINA MARTIN, Secretary

## **AN ACT**

To repeal section 167.031, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof one new section relating to compulsory school attendance.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Section 167.031, RSMo, is repealed and one new

- 2 section enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as section 167.031,
- 3 to read as follows:
  - 167.031. 1. Every parent, guardian or other person in
- 2 this state having charge, control or custody of a child not
- 3 enrolled in a public, private, parochial, parish school or
- 4 full-time equivalent attendance in a combination of such
- 5 schools and between the ages of seven years and the
- 6 compulsory attendance age for the district is responsible
- 7 for enrolling the child in a program of academic instruction
- 8 which complies with subsection 2 of this section. Any
- 9 parent, guardian or other person who enrolls a child between
- 10 the ages of five and seven years in a public school program
- 11 of academic instruction shall cause such child to attend the
- 12 academic program on a regular basis, according to this
- 13 section. Nonattendance by such child shall cause such
- 14 parent, quardian or other responsible person to be in
- 15 violation of the provisions of section 167.061, except as
- 16 provided by this section. A parent, guardian or other person
- 17 in this state having charge, control, or custody of a child
- 18 between the ages of seven years of age and the compulsory

EXPLANATION-Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in this bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

19 attendance age for the district shall cause the child to

- 20 attend regularly some public, private, parochial, parish,
- 21 home school or a combination of such schools not less than
- 22 the entire school term of the school which the child
- 23 attends; except that:
- 24 (1) A child who, to the satisfaction of the
- 25 superintendent of public schools of the district in which he
- 26 resides, or if there is no superintendent then the chief
- 27 school officer, is determined to be mentally or physically
- 28 incapacitated may be excused from attendance at school for
- 29 the full time required, or any part thereof;
- 30 (2) A child between fourteen years of age and the
- 31 compulsory attendance age for the district may be excused
- 32 from attendance at school for the full time required, or any
- 33 part thereof, by the superintendent of public schools of the
- 34 district, or if there is none then by a court of competent
- 35 jurisdiction, when legal employment has been obtained by the
- 36 child and found to be desirable, and after the parents or
- 37 quardian of the child have been advised of the pending
- 38 action; [or]
- 39 (3) A child between five and seven years of age shall
- 40 be excused from attendance at school if a parent, quardian
- 41 or other person having charge, control or custody of the
- 42 child makes a written request that the child be dropped from
- 43 the school's rolls; or
- 44 (4) A child may be excused from attendance at school
- 45 for the full time required, or any part thereof, if the
- 46 child is unable to attend school due to mental or behavioral
- 47 health concerns, provided that the school receives
- 48 documentation from a mental health professional licensed
- 49 under chapters 334 or 337 acting within his or her

authorized scope of practice stating that the child is not able to attend school due to such concerns.

- 52 2. (1) As used in sections 167.031 to 167.071, a
- "home school" is a school, whether incorporated or
- 54 unincorporated, that:
- 55 (a) Has as its primary purpose the provision of
- 56 private or religious-based instruction;
- 57 (b) Enrolls pupils between the ages of seven years and
- 58 the compulsory attendance age for the district, of which no
- 59 more than four are unrelated by affinity or consanguinity in
- 60 the third degree; and
- (c) Does not charge or receive consideration in the
- 62 form of tuition, fees, or other remuneration in a genuine
- 63 and fair exchange for provision of instruction.
- 64 (2) As evidence that a child is receiving regular
- 65 instruction, the parent shall, except as otherwise provided
- 66 in this subsection:
- 67 (a) Maintain the following records:
- 68 a. A plan book, diary, or other written record
- 69 indicating subjects taught and activities engaged in; and
- 70 b. A portfolio of samples of the child's academic
- 71 work; and
- 72 c. A record of evaluations of the child's academic
- 73 progress; or
- 74 d. Other written, or credible evidence equivalent to
- 75 subparagraphs a., b. and c.; and
- 76 (b) Offer at least one thousand hours of instruction,
- 77 at least six hundred hours of which will be in reading,
- 78 language arts, mathematics, social studies and science or
- 79 academic courses that are related to the aforementioned
- 80 subject areas and consonant with the pupil's age and

ability. At least four hundred of the six hundred hours shall occur at the regular home school location.

- 83 (3) The requirements of subdivision (2) of this84 subsection shall not apply to any pupil above the age of85 sixteen years.
- 86 3. Nothing in this section shall require a private, 87 parochial, parish or home school to include in its 88 curriculum any concept, topic, or practice in conflict with 89 the school's religious doctrines or to exclude from its 90 curriculum any concept, topic, or practice consistent with the school's religious doctrines. Any other provision of 91 the law to the contrary notwithstanding, all departments or 92 agencies of the state of Missouri shall be prohibited from 93 dictating through rule, regulation or other device any 94 95 statewide curriculum for private, parochial, parish or home schools. 96
- 97 4. A school year begins on the first day of July and ends on the thirtieth day of June following.
- 99 The production by a parent of a daily log showing 100 that a home school has a course of instruction which 101 satisfies the requirements of this section or, in the case 102 of a pupil over the age of sixteen years who attended a 103 metropolitan school district the previous year, a written 104 statement that the pupil is attending home school in 105 compliance with this section shall be a defense to any 106 prosecution under this section and to any charge or action 107 for educational neglect brought pursuant to chapter 210.
  - 6. As used in sections 167.031 to 167.051, the term "compulsory attendance age for the district" shall mean:

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(1) Seventeen years of age for any metropolitan school district for which the school board adopts a resolution to establish such compulsory attendance age; provided that such

- 113 resolution shall take effect no earlier than the school year
- 114 next following the school year during which the resolution
- is adopted; and
- 116 (2) Seventeen years of age or having successfully
- 117 completed sixteen credits towards high school graduation in
- 118 all other cases.
- 119 The school board of a metropolitan school district for which
- 120 the compulsory attendance age is seventeen years may adopt a
- 121 resolution to lower the compulsory attendance age to sixteen
- 122 years; provided that such resolution shall take effect no
- 123 earlier than the school year next following the school year
- 124 during which the resolution is adopted.
- 7. For purposes of subsection 2 of this section as
- 126 applied in subsection 6 herein, a "completed credit towards
- 127 high school graduation" shall be defined as one hundred
- 128 hours or more of instruction in a course. Home school
- 129 education enforcement and records pursuant to this section,
- and sections 210.167 and 211.031, shall be subject to review
- only by the local prosecuting attorney.