## FIRST REGULAR SESSION

# SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

# SENATE BILLS NOS. 215 & 70

**103RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY** 

06215.03C KRISTINA MARTIN, Secretary AN ACT To repeal sections 160.410, 160.415, 162.081, 167.132, 167.151, 167.241, 167.895, and 167.898, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof seven new sections relating to admission of nonresident students. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows: Section A. Sections 160.410, 160.415, 162.081, 167.132,

| 2  | 167.151, 167.241, 167.895, and 167.898, RSMo, are repealed and |
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| 3  | seven new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as     |
| 4  | sections 160.410, 160.415, 162.081, 167.151, 167.241, 167.895, |
| 5  | and 167.898, to read as follows:                               |
|    | 160.410. 1. A charter school shall enroll:                     |
| 2  | (1) All pupils resident in the district in which it            |
| 3  | operates;  |
| 4  | (2) Nonresident pupils eligible to attend a district's         |
| 5  | school under an urban voluntary transfer program;              |
| 6  | (3) Nonresident pupils who transfer [from an                   |
| 7  | unaccredited district] under section 167.895, [provided that   |
| 8  | the charter school is an approved charter school, as defined   |
| 9  | in section 167.895, and] subject to all other provisions of    |
| LO | section 167.895;   |
| L1 | (4) In the case of a charter school whose mission              |
| 12 | includes student drop-out prevention or recovery, any          |
| 13 | nonresident pupil from the same or an adjacent county who      |
| L4 | resides in a residential care facility, a transitional         |

# **EXPLANATION-Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets** [thus] in this bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

## SCS SBs 215 & 70

15 living group home, or an independent living program whose 16 last school of enrollment is in the school district where 17 the charter school is established, who submits a timely 18 application; and

In the case of a workplace charter school, any 19 (5) 20 student eligible to attend under subdivision (1) or (2) of this subsection whose parent is employed in the business 21 22 district, who submits a timely application, unless the number of applications exceeds the capacity of a program, 23 24 class, grade level or building. The configuration of a business district shall be set forth in the charter and 25 shall not be construed to create an undue advantage for a 26 27 single employer or small number of employers.

28 2. If capacity is insufficient to enroll all pupils
29 who submit a timely application, the charter school shall
30 have an admissions process that assures all applicants of an
31 equal chance of gaining admission and does not discriminate
32 based on parents' ability to pay fees or tuition except that:

(1) A charter school may establish a geographical area
around the school whose residents will receive a preference
for enrolling in the school, provided that such preferences
do not result in the establishment of racially or
socioeconomically isolated schools and provided such
preferences conform to policies and guidelines established
by the state board of education;

40 (2) A charter school may also give a preference for
41 admission of children whose siblings attend the school or
42 whose parents are employed at the school or in the case of a
43 workplace charter school, a child whose parent is employed
44 in the business district or at the business site of such
45 school;

46 (3) Charter schools may also give a preference for
47 admission to high-risk students, as defined in subdivision
48 (5) of subsection 2 of section 160.405, when the school
49 targets these students through its proposed mission,
50 curriculum, teaching methods, and services;

51 (4) A charter school may also give a preference for
52 admission to students who will be eligible for the free and
53 reduced price lunch program in the upcoming school year.

54 3. A charter school shall not limit admission based on 55 race, ethnicity, national origin, disability, income level, except as allowed under subdivision (4) of subsection 2 of 56 this section, proficiency in the English language or 57 athletic ability, but may limit admission to pupils within a 58 given age group or grade level. Charter schools may limit 59 admission based on gender only when the school is a single-60 61 gender school. Students of a charter school who have been 62 enrolled for a full academic year shall be counted in the performance of the charter school on the statewide 63 64 assessments in that calendar year, unless otherwise exempted 65 as English language learners. For purposes of this subsection, "full academic year" means the last Wednesday in 66 67 September through the administration of the Missouri assessment program test without transferring out of the 68 69 school and re-enrolling.

A charter school shall make available for public
inspection, and provide upon request, to the parent,
guardian, or other custodian of any school-age pupil
resident in the district in which the school is located the
following information:

- 75
- (1) The school's charter;

76 (2) The school's most recent annual report card77 published according to section 160.522;

78 (3) The results of background checks on the charter79 school's board members; and

80 (4) If a charter school is operated by a management company, a copy of the written contract between the 81 82 governing board of the charter school and the educational 83 management organization or the charter management organization for services. 84 The charter school may charge 85 reasonable fees, not to exceed the rate specified in section 86 610.026 for furnishing copies of documents under this 87 subsection.

5. When a student attending a charter school who is a resident of the school district in which the charter school is located moves out of the boundaries of such school district, the student may complete the current semester and shall be considered a resident student. The student's parent or legal guardian shall be responsible for the student's transportation to and from the charter school.

6. If a change in school district boundary lines 95 occurs under section 162.223, 162.431, 162.441, or 162.451, 96 or by action of the state board of education under section 97 162.081, including attachment of a school district's 98 99 territory to another district or dissolution, such that a 100 student attending a charter school prior to such change no 101 longer resides in a school district in which the charter 102 school is located, then the student may complete the current academic year at the charter school. The student shall be 103 104 considered a resident student. The student's parent or legal guardian shall be responsible for the student's 105 transportation to and from the charter school. 106

107 7. The provisions of sections 167.018 and 167.019
108 concerning foster children's educational rights are
109 applicable to charter schools.

160.415. 1. For the purposes of calculation and 2 distribution of state school aid under section 163.031, 3 pupils enrolled in a charter school shall be included in the pupil enrollment of the school district within which each 4 pupil resides. Each charter school shall report the 5 6 eligibility for free and reduced price lunch, special education, or limited English proficiency status, as well as 7 8 eligibility for categorical aid, of pupils resident in a 9 school district who are enrolled in the charter school to 10 the school district in which those pupils reside. The charter school shall report the average daily attendance 11 data, free and reduced price lunch count, special education 12 13 pupil count, and limited English proficiency pupil count to the state department of elementary and secondary education. 14 Each charter school shall promptly notify the state 15 department of elementary and secondary education and the 16 17 pupil's school district when a pupil discontinues enrollment at a charter school. 18

19 2. Except as provided in subsections 3 and 4 of this
20 section, the aid payments for charter schools shall be as
21 described in this subsection.

22 (1) A school district having one or more resident pupils attending a charter school shall pay to the charter 23 24 school an annual amount equal to the product of the charter school's weighted average daily attendance and the state 25 26 adequacy target, multiplied by the dollar value modifier for 27 the district, plus local tax revenues per weighted average daily attendance from the incidental and teachers' funds in 28 excess of the performance levy as defined in section 163.011 29 plus all other state aid attributable to such pupils. 30

31 (2) The district of residence of a pupil attending a32 charter school shall also pay to the charter school any

33 other federal or state aid that the district receives on 34 account of such pupil.

35 (3) If the department overpays or underpays the amount 36 due to the charter school, such overpayment or underpayment 37 shall be repaid by the charter school or credited to the 38 charter school in twelve equal payments in the next fiscal 39 year.

40 (4) The amounts provided pursuant to this subsection41 shall be prorated for partial year enrollment for a pupil.

42 (5) A school district shall pay the amounts due
43 pursuant to this subsection as the disbursal agent and no
44 later than twenty days following the receipt of any such
45 funds. The department of elementary and secondary education
46 shall pay the amounts due when it acts as the disbursal
47 agent within five days of the required due date.

A workplace charter school shall receive payment
for each eligible pupil as provided under subsection 2 of
this section, except that if the pupil is not a resident of
the district and is participating in a voluntary
interdistrict transfer program, the payment for such pupils
shall be the same as provided under section 162.1060.

54 4. A charter school that has declared itself as a local educational agency shall receive from the department 55 56 of elementary and secondary education an annual amount equal 57 to the product of the charter school's weighted average 58 daily attendance and the state adequacy target, multiplied by the dollar value modifier for the district, plus local 59 tax revenues per weighted average daily attendance from the 60 incidental and teachers funds in excess of the performance 61 levy as defined in section 163.011 plus all other state aid 62 attributable to such pupils. If a charter school declares 63 itself as a local educational agency, the department of 64

65 elementary and secondary education shall, upon notice of the 66 declaration, reduce the payment made to the school district 67 by the amount specified in this subsection and pay directly 68 to the charter school the annual amount reduced from the 69 school district's payment.

70 If a school district fails to make timely payments 5. 71 of any amount for which it is the disbursal agent, the state 72 department of elementary and secondary education shall 73 authorize payment to the charter school of the amount due 74 pursuant to subsection 2 of this section and shall deduct the same amount from the next state school aid apportionment 75 to the owing school district. If a charter school is paid 76 77 more or less than the amounts due pursuant to this section, the amount of overpayment or underpayment shall be adjusted 78 equally in the next twelve payments by the school district 79 80 or the department of elementary and secondary education, as 81 appropriate. Any dispute between the school district and a 82 charter school as to the amount owing to the charter school 83 shall be resolved by the department of elementary and secondary education, and the department's decision shall be 84 the final administrative action for the purposes of review 85 pursuant to chapter 536. During the period of dispute, the 86 department of elementary and secondary education shall make 87 88 every administrative and statutory effort to allow the continued education of students in their current charter 89 90 school setting.

91 6. The charter school and a local school board may 92 agree by contract for services to be provided by the school 93 district to the charter school. The charter school may 94 contract with any other entity for services. Such services 95 may include but are not limited to food service, custodial 96 service, maintenance, management assistance, curriculum

## SCS SBs 215 & 70

97 assistance, media services and libraries and shall be 98 subject to negotiation between the charter school and the 99 local school board or other entity. Documented actual costs 100 of such services shall be paid for by the charter school.

101 7. In the case of a proposed charter school that 102 intends to contract with an education service provider for 103 substantial educational services or management services, the 104 request for proposals shall additionally require the charter 105 school applicant to:

106 (1) Provide evidence of the education service
107 provider's success in serving student populations similar to
108 the targeted population, including demonstrated academic
109 achievement as well as successful management of nonacademic
110 school functions, if applicable;

Provide a term sheet setting forth the proposed 111 (2)112 duration of the service contract; roles and responsibilities 113 of the governing board, the school staff, and the service provider; scope of services and resources to be provided by 114 the service provider; performance evaluation measures and 115 time lines; compensation structure, including clear 116 identification of all fees to be paid to the service 117 provider; methods of contract oversight and enforcement; 118 119 investment disclosure; and conditions for renewal and termination of the contract; 120

121 (3) Disclose any known conflicts of interest between
122 the school governing board and proposed service provider or
123 any affiliated business entities;

124 (4) Disclose and explain any termination or nonrenewal
125 of contracts for equivalent services for any other charter
126 school in the United States within the past five years;

127 (5) Ensure that the legal counsel for the charter128 school shall report directly to the charter school's129 governing board; and

(6) Provide a process to ensure that the expenditures
that the education service provider intends to bill to the
charter school shall receive prior approval of the governing
board or its designee.

8. A charter school may enter into contracts with
community partnerships and state agencies acting in
collaboration with such partnerships that provide services
to students and their families linked to the school.

9. A charter school shall be eligible for
transportation state aid pursuant to section 163.161 and
shall be free to contract with the local district, or any
other entity, for the provision of transportation to the
students of the charter school.

143 10. (1) The proportionate share of state and federal resources generated by students with disabilities or staff 144 145 serving them shall be paid in full to charter schools enrolling those students by their school district where such 146 enrollment is through a contract for services described in 147 this section. The proportionate share of money generated 148 under other federal or state categorical aid programs shall 149 150 be directed to charter schools serving such students 151 eligible for that aid.

(2) A charter school shall provide the special
services provided pursuant to section 162.705 and may
provide the special services pursuant to a contract with a
school district or any provider of such services.

156 11. A charter school shall not charge tuition or
157 impose fees that a school district is prohibited from
158 charging or imposing[, except that a charter school may

#### SCS SBs 215 & 70

159 receive tuition payments from districts in the same or an 160 adjoining county for nonresident students who transfer to an 161 approved charter school, as defined in section 167.895, from 162 an unaccredited district].

12. A charter school is authorized to incur debt in 163 164 anticipation of receipt of funds. A charter school may also borrow to finance facilities and other capital items. A 165 166 school district may incur bonded indebtedness or take other measures to provide for physical facilities and other 167 168 capital items for charter schools that it sponsors or contracts with. Except as otherwise specifically provided 169 170 in sections 160.400 to 160.425, upon the dissolution of a charter school, any liabilities of the corporation will be 171 172 satisfied through the procedures of chapter 355. A charter 173 school shall satisfy all its financial obligations within 174 twelve months of notice from the sponsor of the charter 175 school's closure under subsection 8 of section 160.405. After satisfaction of all its financial obligations, a 176 177 charter school shall return any remaining state and federal funds to the department of elementary and secondary 178 179 education for disposition as stated in subdivision (17) of subsection 1 of section 160.405. The department of 180 elementary and secondary education may withhold funding at a 181 182 level the department determines to be adequate during a 183 school's last year of operation until the department determines that school records, liabilities, and reporting 184 requirements, including a full audit, are satisfied. 185

186 13. Charter schools shall not have the power to187 acquire property by eminent domain.

188 14. The governing board of a charter school is
189 authorized to accept grants, gifts or donations of any kind
190 and to expend or use such grants, gifts or donations. A

## SCS SBs 215 & 70

191 grant, gift or donation shall not be accepted by the 192 governing board if it is subject to any condition contrary 193 to law applicable to the charter school or other public 194 schools, or contrary to the terms of the charter.

195 15. In addition to any state aid remitted to charter 196 schools under this section, the department of elementary and 197 secondary education shall remit to any charter school an 198 amount equal to the weighted average daily attendance of the 199 charter school multiplied by the difference of:

200 (1) The amount of state aid and local aid per weighted 201 average daily attendance received by the school district in 202 which the charter school is located, not including any funds remitted to charter schools in the district. For the 203 204 purposes of this subdivision, the weighted average daily 205 attendance of the school district shall not include the 206 weighted average daily attendance of the charter schools 207 located in the district; and

208 (2) The amount of state aid and local aid per weighted
209 average daily attendance of the charter school received by
210 the charter school.

211 16. Charter schools may adjust weighted average daily212 attendance pursuant to section 163.036.

213 17. When calculating the amounts in subdivisions (1)
214 and (2) of subsection 15 of this section, the department
215 shall utilize the most current data to which the department
216 has access.

217 18. For the purposes of subsection 15 of this section:
218 (1) The definitions contained in section 163.011,
219 shall apply;

(2) The term "local aid" shall mean all local and
county revenue received, including, but not limited to, the
following:

223 (a) Property taxes and delinquent taxes; Merchants' and manufacturers' tax revenues; 224 (b) Financial institutions' tax revenues; 225 (C) 226 City sales tax revenue, including city sales tax (d) 227 collected in any city not within a county; 228 Payments in lieu of taxes; and (e) Revenues from state-assessed railroad and 229 (f) 230 utilities tax; 231 The term local aid shall not be construed to (3) 232 include: 233 Charitable contributions, gifts, and grants made (a) to school districts; 234 Interest earnings of school districts and student 235 (b) 236 fees paid to school districts; 237 Debt service authorized by a public vote for the (C) 238 purpose of making payments on a bond issuance of a school 239 district; (d) Proposition C revenues received for school 240 241 purposes from the school district trust fund under section 163.087; or 242 (e) Any other funding solely intended for a particular 243 school district or their respective employees, schools, 244 foundations, or organizations; 245 246 (4) The term "state aid" shall mean any revenues received pursuant to this section and sections 163.043 and 247 163.087. 248 19. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the 249 contrary, subsections 15 to 18 of this section shall be 250 applicable to charter schools operated only in the following 251 252 school districts, provided that no such school district 253 shall be located in a county with more than one hundred

## SCS SBs 215 & 70

254 fifty thousand but fewer than two hundred thousand 255 inhabitants:

256

(1) In a metropolitan school district;

(2) In an urban school district containing most or all
of a city with more than four hundred thousand inhabitants
and located in more than one county;

260 (3) In a school district that has been classified as261 unaccredited by the state board of education;

262 In a school district that has been classified as (4) 263 provisionally accredited by the state board of education and 264 has received scores on its annual performance report consistent with a classification of provisionally accredited 265 or unaccredited for three consecutive school years beginning 266 267 with the 2012-13 accreditation year under the conditions 268 described in paragraphs (a) and (b) of subdivision (4) of 269 subsection 2 of section 160.400; or

(5) In a school district that has been accredited
without provisions, sponsored only by the local school board
under the conditions described in subdivision (6) of
subsection 2 of section 160.400.

274 20. (1) The members of the governing board of a275 charter school shall be residents of the state of Missouri.

(2) Any current member of a governing board of a
charter school who does not meet the requirements in
subdivision (1) of this subsection may complete their term.
Such individual shall not be renominated as a member of the
governing board on which he or she sits.

281 21. (1) Any charter school management company
282 operating a charter school in the state shall be a nonprofit
283 corporation incorporated pursuant to chapter 355.

284 (2) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the285 contrary, if a charter school is operated by a charter

#### SCS SBs 215 & 70

school management company, all laws and regulations that apply to employees of such charter school shall apply to the actions of any employees of the management company while they are conducting any work relating to the direct decisionmaking of the operation of such charter school.

291 22. Beginning July 1, 2023, the provisions of section292 160.995 shall be applicable to charter schools.

23. Each charter school shall publish its annual
performance report on the school's website in a downloadable
format.

162.081. 1. Whenever any school district in this
state fails or refuses in any school year to provide for the
minimum school term required by section 163.021 or is
classified unaccredited, the state board of education shall,
upon a district's initial classification or reclassification
as unaccredited:

7 (1) Review the governance of the district to establish
8 the conditions under which the existing school board shall
9 continue to govern; or

10 (2) Determine the date the district shall lapse and
11 determine an alternative governing structure for the
12 district.

2. If at the time any school district in this state 13 14 shall be classified as unaccredited, the department of elementary and secondary education shall conduct at least 15 16 two public hearings at a location in the unaccredited school district regarding the accreditation status of the school 17 district. The hearings shall provide an opportunity to 18 19 convene community resources that may be useful or necessary in supporting the school district as it attempts to return 20 to accredited status, continues under revised governance, or 21 plans for continuity of educational services and resources 22

23 upon its attachment to a neighboring district. The 24 department may request the attendance of stakeholders and 25 district officials to review the district's plan to return to accredited status, if any; offer technical assistance; 26 27 and facilitate and coordinate community resources. Such hearings shall be conducted at least twice annually for 28 29 every year in which the district remains unaccredited or 30 provisionally accredited.

31 3. Upon classification of a district as unaccredited,32 the state board of education may:

33 (1) Allow continued governance by the existing school
34 district board of education under terms and conditions
35 established by the state board of education; or

36 (2) Lapse the corporate organization of all or part of37 the unaccredited district and:

Appoint a special administrative board for the 38 (a) 39 operation of all or part of the district. If a special administrative board is appointed for the operation of a 40 41 part of a school district, the state board of education shall determine an equitable apportionment of state and 42 federal aid for the part of the district and the school 43 district shall provide local revenue in proportion to the 44 weighted average daily attendance of the part. The number 45 of members of the special administrative board shall not be 46 less than five, the majority of whom shall be residents of 47 48 the district. The members of the special administrative 49 board shall reflect the population characteristics of the 50 district and shall collectively possess strong experience in school governance, management and finance, and leadership. 51 52 The state board of education may appoint members of the district's elected school board to the special 53 administrative board, but members of the elected school 54

55 board shall not comprise more than forty-nine percent of the special administrative board's membership. Within fourteen 56 57 days after the appointment by the state board of education, the special administrative board shall organize by the 58 59 election of a president, vice president, secretary and a 60 treasurer, with their duties and organization as enumerated in section 162.301. The special administrative board shall 61 62 appoint a superintendent of schools to serve as the chief executive officer of the school district, or a subset of 63 64 schools, and to have all powers and duties of any other general superintendent of schools in a seven-director school 65 district. Any special administrative board appointed under 66 67 this section shall be responsible for the operation of the district or part of the district until such time that the 68 district is classified by the state board of education as 69 70 provisionally accredited for at least two successive 71 academic years, after which time the state board of education may provide for a transition pursuant to section 72 162.083; or 73

74 (b) Determine an alternative governing structure for75 the district including, at a minimum:

a. A rationale for the decision to use an alternative
form of governance and in the absence of the district's
achievement of full accreditation, the state board of
education shall review and recertify the alternative form of
governance every three years;

b. A method for the residents of the district to
provide public comment after a stated period of time or upon
achievement of specified academic objectives;

c. Expectations for progress on academic achievement,
which shall include an anticipated time line for the
district to reach full accreditation; and

d. Annual reports to the general assembly and the
governor on the progress towards accreditation of any
district that has been declared unaccredited and is placed
under an alternative form of governance, including a review
of the effectiveness of the alternative governance; or

92 (c) Attach the territory of the lapsed district to93 another district or districts for school purposes; or

94 Establish one or more school districts within the (d) 95 territory of the lapsed district, with a governance 96 structure specified by the state board of education, with the option of permitting a district to remain intact for the 97 purposes of assessing, collecting, and distributing property 98 99 taxes, to be distributed equitably on a weighted average 100 daily attendance basis, but to be divided for operational 101 purposes, which shall take effect sixty days after the 102 adjournment of the regular session of the general assembly 103 next following the state board's decision unless a statute or concurrent resolution is enacted to nullify the state 104 105 board's decision prior to such effective date.

4. If a district remains under continued governance by 106 107 the school board under subdivision (1) of subsection 3 of this section and either has been unaccredited for three 108 109 consecutive school years and failed to attain accredited 110 status after the third school year or has been unaccredited 111 for two consecutive school years and the state board of 112 education determines its academic progress is not consistent 113 with attaining accredited status after the third school year, then the state board of education shall proceed under 114 subdivision (2) of subsection 3 of this section in the 115 116 following school year.

117 5. A special administrative board or any other form of118 governance appointed under this section shall retain the

119 authority granted to a board of education for the operation 120 of the lapsed school district under the laws of the state in 121 effect at the time of the lapse and may enter into contracts 122 with accredited school districts or other education service 123 providers in order to deliver high-quality educational 124 programs to the residents of the district. If a student graduates while attending a school building in the district 125 126 that is operated under a contract with an accredited school 127 district as specified under this subsection, the student 128 shall receive his or her diploma from the accredited school 129 district. The authority of the special administrative board 130 or any other form of governance appointed under this section shall expire at the end of the third full school year 131 132 following its appointment, unless extended by the state 133 board of education. If the lapsed district is reassigned, 134 the governing board prior to lapse shall provide an 135 accounting of all funds, assets and liabilities of the lapsed district and transfer such funds, assets, and 136 137 liabilities of the lapsed district as determined by the state board of education. Neither the special 138 139 administrative board nor any other form of governance appointed under this section nor its members or employees 140 shall be deemed to be the state or a state agency for any 141 142 purpose, including section 105.711, et seq. The state of 143 Missouri, its agencies and employees shall be absolutely immune from liability for any and all acts or omissions 144 relating to or in any way involving the lapsed district, a 145 special administrative board, any other form of governance 146 appointed under this section, or the members or employees of 147 148 the lapsed district, a special administrative board, or any 149 other form of governance appointed under this section. Such immunities, and immunity doctrines as exist or may hereafter 150

exist benefitting boards of education, their members and their employees shall be available to the special administrative board or any other form of governance appointed under this section and the members and employees of the special administrative board or any other form of governance appointed under this section.

157 6. Neither the special administrative board nor any
158 other form of governance appointed under this section nor
159 any district or other entity assigned territory, assets or
160 funds from a lapsed district shall be considered a successor
161 entity for the purpose of employment contracts, unemployment
162 compensation payment pursuant to section 288.110, or any
163 other purpose.

164 7. If additional teachers are needed by a district as 165 a result of increased enrollment due to the annexation of 166 territory of a lapsed or dissolved district, such district 167 shall grant an employment interview to any permanent teacher 168 of the lapsed or dissolved district upon the request of such 169 permanent teacher.

8. In the event that a school district with an
enrollment in excess of five thousand pupils lapses, no
school district shall have all or any part of such lapsed
school district attached without the approval of the board
of the receiving school district.

9. If the state board of education reasonably believes
that a school district is unlikely to provide for the
minimum school term required by section 163.021 because of
financial difficulty, the state board of education may,
prior to the start of the school term:

180 (1) Allow continued governance by the existing
181 district school board under terms and conditions established
182 by the state board of education; or

183 (2) Lapse the corporate organization of the district
184 and implement one of the options available under subdivision
185 (2) of subsection 3 of this section.

10. The provisions of subsection 9 of this section 187 shall not apply to any district solely on the basis of 188 financial difficulty resulting from paying [tuition] costs 189 associated with the provision of special education and 190 related services and providing transportation for transfer 191 students under sections 167.895 and 167.898.

167.151. 1. The school board of any district, in its
discretion, may admit to the school pupils not entitled to
free instruction and prescribe the tuition fee to be paid by
them, except as provided in subdivision (2) of subsection 3
of this section and in sections 167.121, 167.131, [167.132,]
and 167.895.

7 2. Orphan children, children with only one parent
8 living, and children whose parents do not contribute to
9 their support-if the children are between the ages of six
10 and twenty years and are unable to pay tuition-may attend
11 the schools of any district in the state in which they have
12 a permanent or temporary home without paying a tuition fee.

3. (1) For all school years ending on or before June 13 30, 2023, any individual who pays a school tax in any other 14 15 district than that in which such individual resides may send such individual's children to any public school in the 16 district in which the tax is paid and receive as a credit on 17 the amount charged for tuition the amount of the school tax 18 paid to the district; except that any individual who owns 19 real estate of which eighty acres or more are used for 20 agricultural purposes and upon which such individual's 21 residence is situated may send such individual's children to 22 public school in any school district in which a part of such 23

real estate, contiguous to that upon which such individual's residence is situated, lies and shall not be charged tuition therefor; so long as thirty-five percent of the real estate is located in the school district of choice. The school district of choice shall count the children in its average daily attendance for the purpose of distribution of state aid through the foundation formula.

31 (2) For all school years beginning on or after July 1, 32 2023, any current owner of residential real property or 33 agricultural real property or a named beneficiary of a trust that currently owns residential real property or 34 agricultural real property and that pays a school tax in a 35 district or districts other than the district in which such 36 current owner or current beneficiary resides may send up to 37 four of such owner's or beneficiary's children to a public 38 school, excluding a charter school, in any district in which 39 40 such owner or trust pays such school tax. For purposes of this subdivision, "residential real property" shall not 41 include any multifamily residential property which exceeds 42 four units. An owner or a named beneficiary of a trust that 43 currently owns residential real property shall not be 44 permitted under this subdivision to send their child to a 45 district outside of the county in which they currently 46 47 reside. Such owner or beneficiary shall send thirty days' written notice to all school districts involved specifying 48 which school district each child will attend. Such owner or 49 beneficiary shall also present proof of the owner's or 50 trust's annual payment of at least two thousand dollars of 51 52 school taxes levied on the real property specified in this subdivision within such school district and ownership of the 53 specified real property for not less than the immediately 54 preceding four consecutive years. Neither the resident nor 55

56 nonresident districts shall be responsible for providing transportation services under this subdivision. The school 57 58 district attended shall count a child attending under this subdivision in its average daily attendance for the purpose 59 of distribution of state aid under chapter 163, except that 60 61 such nonresident students shall not be counted in the district's average daily attendance for the purposes of 62 63 determining eligibility for aid payments under section 64 163.044.

65 4. For any school year ending on or before June 30, 2023, any owner of agricultural land who, pursuant to 66 subsection 3 of this section, has the option of sending his 67 children to the public schools of more than one district 68 shall exercise such option as provided in this subsection. 69 70 Such person shall send written notice to all school districts involved specifying to which school district his 71 72 children will attend by June thirtieth in which such a school year begins. If notification is not received, such 73 children shall attend the school in which the majority of 74 his property lies. Such person shall not send any of his 75 children to the public schools of any district other than 76 77 the one to which he has sent notice pursuant to this subsection in that school year or in which the majority of 78 79 his property lies without paying tuition to such school 80 district.

5. If a pupil is attending school in a district other than the district of residence and the pupil's parent is teaching in the school district or is a regular employee of the school district which the pupil is attending, then the district in which the pupil attends school shall allow the pupil to attend school upon payment of tuition in the same manner in which the district allows other pupils not

88 entitled to free instruction to attend school in the district. The provisions of this subsection shall apply 89 90 only to pupils attending school in a district which has an enrollment in excess of thirteen thousand pupils and not in 91 92 excess of fifteen thousand pupils and which district is located in a county with a charter form of government which 93 94 has a population in excess of six hundred thousand persons 95 and not in excess of nine hundred thousand persons.

167.241. 1. Except as otherwise provided under this
section, transportation for pupils whose tuition the
district of residence is required to pay by section 167.131
or who are assigned as provided in section 167.121 shall be
provided by the district of residence.

6 2. In the case of pupils covered by section 167.131,
7 the district of residence shall be required to provide
8 transportation only to school districts accredited by the
9 state board of education pursuant to the authority of the
10 state board of education to classify schools as established
11 in section 161.092, and those school districts designated by
12 the board of education of the district of residence.

3. [(1) For purposes of this subsection, "approved
charter school" has the same meaning given to the term under
section 167.895.

16 (2) For pupils [covered by] transferring to another 17 school district or charter school pursuant to the provisions of section 167.895, the district of residence shall be 18 19 required to provide transportation only to school districts or [approved] charter schools designated by the department 20 of elementary and secondary education or its designee. For 21 such pupils [covered by section 167.895], the department of 22 elementary and secondary education or its designee shall 23 designate at least one [accredited] school district or 24

[approved] charter school to which the district of residence 25 26 shall provide transportation. If the designated district or 27 charter school reaches full student capacity and is unable to receive additional students, the department of elementary 28 29 and secondary education or its designee shall designate at 30 least one additional [accredited] school district or [approved] charter school to which the district of residence 31 32 shall provide transportation.

167.895. 1. For purposes of this section and section2 167.898, the following terms mean:

3 (1) ["Approved charter school", a charter school that 4 has existed for less than three years or a charter school 5 with a three-year average score consistent with a 6 classification of accredited without provisions on its 7 annual performance report] "Charter school", an independent 8 public school established pursuant to the provisions of 9 sections 160.400 to 160.425;

10 (2) ["Attendance center", a public school building, 11 public school buildings, or part of a public school building 12 that offers education in a grade or grades not higher than 13 the twelfth grade and that constitutes one unit for 14 accountability and reporting purposes for the department of 15 elementary and secondary education;

16 (3) "Available receiving district", a school district17 able to receive transfer students under this section;

18 (4)] "Receiving district", a school district receiving
19 transfer students under this section;

20 [(5)] (3) "Sending district", a school district from 21 which students are transferring to a receiving district or 22 [approved] charter school, as allowed under this section.

23 2. (1) Any student may transfer to another public24 school [in the student's district of residence if such

25 student is enrolled in and has attended, for the full

26 semester immediately prior to requesting the transfer, an 27 attendance center:

28 (a) That is located within an unaccredited district;29 and

30 (b) That has an annual performance report score consistent with a classification of unaccredited] pursuant 31 32 to the provisions of this section beginning in the 2026-27 school year and in all subsequent school years. However, no 33 34 such transfer shall result in a class size and assigned enrollment in a receiving school that exceeds the standards 35 36 for class size and assigned enrollment as promulgated in the 37 Missouri school improvement program's resource standards. If the student chooses to attend a magnet school, an 38 academically selective school, or a school with a 39 40 competitive entrance process within his or her district of 41 residence that has admissions requirements, the student 42 shall meet the admissions requirements in order to attend.

The school board of each [unaccredited] school 43 (2) district shall determine the capacity at each [of the 44 district's attendance centers that has an annual performance 45 report score consistent with a classification of accredited] 46 grade level and each school, and shall accept all transfer 47 students who apply and are assigned to the school district 48 49 as provided in section 167.898 so long as there is capacity in the requested grade level and school. The district's 50 51 school board shall be responsible for coordinating transfers within the district as allowed under this subsection, and 52 school board policies governing transfers shall not 53 54 discriminate against any student on the basis of his or her 55 residential address, academic performance, athletic ability,

disability, race, ethnicity, sex, or free and reduced price
lunch status.

The school board of each [unaccredited] school 58 (3) district shall [annually] report to the department of 59 elementary and secondary education or its designee the 60 61 number of available slots in [attendance centers within the district that have annual performance report scores 62 consistent with a classification of accredited] each grade 63 64 level and each school, the number of students who request to transfer within the district, and the number of such 65 transfer requests that are granted and denied by July 15, 66 2026, and by the first day of each month thereafter. 67 The department of elementary and secondary education shall 68 69 publish and update the capacity of each district's grade 70 levels and schools on its website.

3. [(1) Any student who is eligible to transfer
within his or her district under subsection 2 of this
section but who is unable to do so due to a lack of capacity
in the attendance centers in his or her district of
residence may apply to the department of elementary and
secondary education or its designee to transfer to:

77

(a) An attendance center:

78 a. That is located within an accredited district that79 is located in the same or an adjoining county; and

80 b. That has an annual performance report score81 consistent with a classification of accredited; or

82 (b) An approved charter school located in another83 district in the same or an adjoining county.

84 (2) A student who is eligible to begin kindergarten or85 first grade at an attendance center:

86 (a) That is located within an unaccredited district;

87 (b) That has an annual performance report score consistent with a classification of unaccredited; and 88 89 (C) That offers classes above the second grade level 90 may apply to the department of elementary and secondary 91 education or its designee for a transfer to a school described under paragraph (a) or (b) of subdivision (1) of 92 this subsection if he or she resides in the attendance area 93 of the attendance center described under this subdivision on 94 March first preceding the school year of first attendance. 95 A student who does not apply by March first for enrollment 96 in any school year after the 2019-20 school year shall be 97 98 required to enroll and attend the attendance center described under this subdivision for one semester to become 99

100 eligible.

101 (3)] If a student who is eligible to transfer under
102 this subsection chooses to apply to attend a magnet school,
103 an academically selective school, or a school with a
104 competitive entrance process that has admissions
105 requirements, the student shall furnish proof that he or she
106 meets the admissions requirements.

107 [(4) Any student who does not maintain residency in
108 the attendance area of his or her attendance center in the
109 district of residence shall lose eligibility to transfer.

110 (5) Except as provided under subsection 7 of this
111 section, any student who transfers but later withdraws shall
112 lose eligibility to transfer.

(6) The transfer provisions of this subsection shall not apply to a district created under sections 162.815 to 162.840 or to any early childhood programs or early childhood special education programs.

117 4. (1) No student enrolled in and attending an attendance center that does not offer classes above the 118 119 second grade level shall be eligible to transfer under this 120 section. No student who is eligible to begin kindergarten 121 (2) or first grade at an attendance center that does not offer 122 123 classes above the second grade level shall be eligible to 124 transfer under this section. (a) No provisionally accredited district 125 5. (1) 126 shall be eligible to receive transfer students. 127 (b) Except as provided under paragraph (c) of this subdivision, no attendance center that has an annual 128 129 performance report score consistent with a classification of 130 provisionally accredited shall be eligible to receive transfer students. 131 132 (c) A transfer student who chooses to attend an 133 attendance center that has an annual performance report 134 score consistent with a classification of provisionally 135 accredited and that is located within his or her unaccredited district of residence shall be allowed to 136 transfer to such attendance center if there is an available 137 138 slot. (a) No unaccredited district shall be eligible to 139 (2) 140 receive transfer students. (b) No attendance center that has an annual 141 142 performance report score consistent with a classification of 143 unaccredited shall be eligible to receive transfer students. No district or attendance center that has received 144 (3) 145 two consecutive annual performance reports consistent with a classification of provisionally accredited for the years 146 immediately preceding the year in which it seeks to enroll 147

148 transfer students shall be eligible to receive any transfer

149 students, irrespective of its state board of education 150 classification designation; except that, any student who was 151 granted a transfer to such a district or attendance center prior to August 28, 2019 may remain enrolled in that 152 district or attendance center. 153 6. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection 5 of 154 this section, a student may transfer to an attendance center: 155 (1) That is located within an unaccredited or 156 provisionally accredited district; and 157 158 (2) That has an annual performance report score consistent with a classification of accredited 159 160 if the attendance center applies for and is granted a waiver by the department of elementary and secondary education or 161 162 its designee to allow the attendance center to accept 163 transfer students. 164 7. If a receiving district becomes unaccredited or 165 provisionally accredited, or if an approved charter school 166 loses its status as an approved charter school, any students 167 who previously transferred to the district or charter school 168 shall receive the opportunity to remain enrolled in the 169 district or charter school or to transfer to another 170 district or approved charter school without losing their eligibility to transfer. 171 172 8. For a receiving district, no acceptance of a transfer student shall require any of the following actions, 173 unless the board of education of the receiving district has 174 approved the action: 175 The hiring of additional classroom teachers; 176 (1)The construction of additional classrooms; or 177 (2) A class size and assigned enrollment in a 178 (3) receiving school that exceeds the standards for class size 179

and assigned enrollment as promulgated in the Missourischool improvement program's resource standards.

9. (1) By July 15, 2019, the board of education of
each available receiving district and the governing board of
each approved charter school eligible to receive transfer
students under this section shall set the number of transfer
students the district or charter school is able to receive
for the 2019-20 school year.

188 (2) By February first annually, the board of education
189 of each available receiving district and the governing board
190 of each approved charter school eligible to receive transfer
191 students under this section shall set the number of transfer
192 students the district or charter school is able to receive
193 for the following school year.

(3) An available receiving district or approved
charter school eligible to receive transfer students under
this section shall publish the number set under this
subsection and shall not be required to accept any transfer
students under this section that would cause it to exceed
the published number.

200 10. (1) Each available receiving district shall adopt
201 a policy establishing a tuition rate for transfer students
202 by February first annually.

203 (2) Each approved charter school eligible to receive
204 transfer students under this section shall adopt a policy
205 establishing a tuition rate for transfer students by
206 February first annually.

207 (3) A sending district shall pay the receiving
208 district or the approved charter school the amount specified
209 under section 167.132 for each transfer student.]

4. Notwithstanding the provisions of chapter 163 or
federal calculations of military impact aid to the contrary,

for the purposes of determining state and federal aid, a transfer student shall be counted as a resident of the receiving district in which the student is enrolled. Tuition shall not be charged to any student or to his or her parent or legal guardian.

217 [11.] 5. A student whose transfer application has been denied by a receiving district shall have the right to 218 219 appeal the decision of the receiving district to the 220 department of elementary and secondary education. The 221 appeal shall be taken within fifteen days after the decision 222 of the [department] receiving district and may be taken by filing notice of appeal with the department. Such appeal 223 224 shall be heard as provided in chapter 536.

If an unaccredited district becomes classified as 225 **[**12. 226 provisionally accredited or accredited without provisions by the state board of education, or if an attendance center 227 228 within an unaccredited district improves its annual 229 performance report score from a score that is consistent 230 with a classification of unaccredited to a score that is consistent with a classification of provisionally accredited 231 or accredited, any resident student of the unaccredited 232 district who has transferred to an approved charter school 233 or to an accredited district in the same or an adjoining 234 235 county, as allowed under subsection 3 of this section, shall 236 be permitted to continue his or her educational program in 237 the receiving district or charter school through the completion of middle school, junior high school, or high 238 school, whichever occurs first; except that, a student who 239 attends any school serving students through high school 240 241 graduation but starting at grades lower than ninth grade shall be permitted to complete high school in the school to 242 which he or she has transferred. 243

13.1 6. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection 244 [10] 4 of this section, if costs associated with the 245 provision of special education and related services to a 246 student with a disability exceed the tuition amount 247 established under this section, the [unaccredited] sending 248 249 district shall remain responsible for paying the excess cost to the receiving district. If the receiving district is a 250 251 component district of a special school district, the 252 [unaccredited] **sending** district, including any metropolitan 253 school district, shall contract with the special school 254 district for the entirety of the costs to provide special 255 education and related services, excluding transportation in accordance with this section. The special school district 256 may contract with [an unaccredited] a sending district, 257 258 including any metropolitan district, for the provision of transportation of a student with a disability or the 259 260 [unaccredited] **sending** district may provide transportation 261 on its own.

[14.] 7. A special school district shall continue to 262 provide special education and related services, with the 263 exception of transportation under this section, to a student 264 with a disability transferring [from an attendance center 265 with an annual performance report score consistent with a 266 267 classification of unaccredited that is within a component 268 district to an attendance center with an annual performance report score consistent with a classification of accredited 269 270 that is within the same or a different component district] 271 to another school within the special school district.

272 [15.] 8. If [any] the sending district is a 273 metropolitan school district [is classified as 274 unaccredited], it shall remain responsible for the provision 275 of special education and related services, including

transportation, to students with disabilities. A special school district in an adjoining county to a metropolitan school district may contract with the metropolitan school district for the reimbursement of special education services under sections 162.705 and 162.710 provided by the special school district for transfer students who are residents of the [unaccredited] sending district.

283 [16.] 9. Regardless of whether transportation is 284 identified as a related service within a student's 285 individualized education program, a receiving district that 286 is not part of a special school district shall not be responsible for providing transportation to a student 287 transferring under this section. [An unaccredited] A 288 sending district may contract with a receiving district that 289 290 is not part of a special school district under sections 291 162.705 and 162.710 for transportation of students with 292 disabilities.

293 [17.] 10. If the sending district is a seven-director school district or urban school district [is classified as 294 unaccredited], it may contract with a receiving district 295 296 that is not part of a special school district in the same or 297 an adjoining county for the reimbursement of special 298 education and related services under sections 162.705 and 299 162.710 provided by the receiving district for transfer students who are residents of the [unaccredited] sending 300 301 district.

167.898. 1. (1) By July 15, [2019] 2026, and by
[January first annually] the first day of each month
thereafter, each [accredited] school district[, any portion
of which is located in the same county as or in an adjoining
county to an unaccredited district,] shall report to the
department of elementary and secondary education or its

7 designee the number of available enrollment slots by grade 8 level and school.

9 (2) [By July 15, 2019, and by January first annually,
10 each unaccredited district shall report to the department of
11 elementary and secondary education or its designee the
12 number of available enrollment slots in the schools of its
13 district that have received annual performance report scores
14 consistent with a classification of accredited.

15 (3)] By July 15, [2019] 2026, and by [January first
16 annually] the first day of each month thereafter, each
17 [approved] charter school [that is eligible to receive
18 transfer students under section 167.895] shall report to the
19 department of elementary and secondary education or its
20 designee the number of available enrollment slots by grade
21 level.

22 2. The department of elementary and secondary
23 education or its designee shall make information and
24 assistance available to parents or guardians who intend to
25 transfer their child to [an accredited] a receiving district
26 or [to an approved] charter school as described under
27 section 167.895.

3. The parent or guardian of a student who intends to 28 29 transfer his or her child to [an accredited] a receiving 30 district or [to an approved] charter school as described under section 167.895 for enrollment in that district or 31 charter school in any school year after the [2019-20] 2025-32 26 school year shall send initial notification to the 33 department of elementary and secondary education or its 34 designee by [March first for enrollment in the subsequent 35 36 school year] August 1, 2026, and by the first day of each 37 month thereafter, for enrollment in any subsequent month.

38 4. The department of elementary and secondary education or its designee shall assign those students who 39 seek to transfer to [an accredited] a receiving district or 40 [to an approved] charter school as described under section 41 167.895. When assigning transfer students to [approved] 42 charter schools, the department of elementary and secondary 43 education or its designee shall coordinate with each 44 45 [approved] charter school and its admissions process if capacity is insufficient to enroll all students who submit a 46 timely application. [An approved] A charter school shall 47 not be required to institute a lottery procedure for 48 determining the admission of resident students. 49 The 50 department of elementary and secondary education or its designee shall give first priority to students who live in 51 the same household with any family member within the first 52 or second degree of consanguinity or affinity who already 53 54 attends a school with an annual performance report score consistent with a classification of accredited and who apply 55 to attend the same school. If insufficient grade-56 appropriate enrollment slots are available for a student to 57 be able to transfer, the student shall receive first 58 priority the following [school year] month. The department 59 of elementary and secondary education or its designee shall 60 61 consider the following factors in assigning school districts and charter schools: 62

63 (1) The student's or parent's choice of the receiving64 school district or charter school;

65

(2) The best interests of the student;

66 (3) The availability of transportation funding, as67 provided under section 167.241; and

68

(4) Distance and travel time to a receiving school.

### SCS SBs 215 & 70

69 The department of elementary and secondary education or its 70 designee shall not consider student academic performance, 71 free and reduced price lunch status, or athletic ability in assigning a student to a school. The parent or quardian may 72 73 make an application for a specific building assignment 74 within the district or [approved] charter school. Final building assignment shall be determined by the receiving 75 76 school district or [approved] charter school.

77 5. The department of elementary and secondary (1) 78 education or its designee may deny a transfer to a student who in the most recent school year has been suspended from 79 school two or more times or who has been suspended for an 80 act of school violence under subsection 2 of section 81 160.261. A student whose transfer is initially precluded 82 under this subsection may be permitted to transfer on a 83 84 provisional basis as a probationary transfer student, 85 subject to no further disruptive behavior, upon a statement from the student's current school that the student is not 86 87 disruptive. A student who is denied a transfer under this subsection has the right to an in-person meeting with an 88 employee of the department of elementary and secondary 89 90 education or its designee.

91 The department of elementary and secondary (2) 92 education shall promulgate rules to provide common standards for determining disruptive behavior that shall include, but 93 94 not be limited to, criteria under section 160.261. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 95 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in 96 this section shall become effective only if it complies with 97 98 and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, 99 if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 100 536 are nonseverable, and if any of the powers vested with

101 the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to 102 delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule 103 are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of 104 rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after 105 August 28, 2019, shall be invalid and void.

[167.132. 1. For purposes of this section, the following terms mean: 2 3 (1) "Receiving approved charter school", 4 an approved charter school, as defined under section 167.895, receiving transfer students 5 under section 167.895; 6 7 (2)"Receiving district", a school district receiving transfer students under 8 section 167.895; 9 "Sending district", a school district 10 (3) from which students are transferring to a 11 receiving district or approved charter school, 12 as allowed under section 167.895; 13 "State adequacy target", the same (4) 14 meaning given to the term under section 163.011. 15 16 2. Notwithstanding any other provision of 17 law, the tuition rate paid by a sending district 18 to the receiving district or the receiving approved charter school for transfer students 19 shall be the lesser of: 20 The tuition rate set by the receiving 21 (1)22 district or the receiving approved charter school under the policy adopted in accordance 23 with section 167.895; or 24 (2)The state adequacy target plus the 25 average sum produced per child by the local tax 26 27 effort above the state adequacy target of the sending district.] 28

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