SENATE BILL NO. 155

103RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR MCCREERY.

0766S.02I KRISTINA MARTIN, Secretary

AN ACT

To amend chapter 160, RSMo, by adding thereto one new section relating to cardiac emergency response plans.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Chapter 160, RSMo, is amended by adding thereto

- 2 one new section, to be known as section 160.482, to read as
- 3 follows:
 - 160.482. 1. As used in this section, the following
- 2 terms mean:
- 3 (1) "Automated external defibrillator" or "AED", a
- 4 lightweight, portable device that:
- 5 (a) Is used to administer an electric shock through
- 6 the chest wall to the heart;
- 7 (b) Has built-in computers within the device to assess
- 8 the patient's heart rhythm, determine whether defibrillation
- 9 is needed, and administer the shock;
- 10 (c) Has audible or visual prompts, or both, to guide
- 11 the user through the process;
- 12 (d) Has received approval from the U.S. Food and Drug
- 13 Administration of its pre-market modification filed under 21
- 14 U.S.C. Section 360(k), as amended;
- (e) Is capable of recognizing the presence or absence
- 16 of ventricular fibrillation and rapid ventricular
- 17 tachycardia and is capable of determining without

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18 intervention by an operator whether defibrillation should be

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- 19 performed; and
- 20 (f) Upon determining defibrillation should be
- 21 performed, either automatically charges and delivers an
- 22 electrical impulse to an individual's heart or charges and
- 23 delivers an electrical impulse at the command of the
- 24 operator;
- 25 (2) "Cardiopulmonary resuscitation" or "CPR", a
- 26 combination of rescue breathing, chest compressions, and
- 27 external cardiac massage used to sustain an individual's
- 28 life until advanced assistance arrives;
- 29 (3) "Defibrillation", administering an electrical
- 30 impulse to an individual's heart in order to stop
- 31 ventricular fibrillation or rapid ventricular tachycardia;
- 32 (4) "Emergency services provider", any public
- 33 employer, or ground or air ambulance service as those terms
- 34 are used in chapter 190, that employs persons to provide
- 35 fire fighting, dispatching services, and emergency medical
- 36 services;
- 37 (5) "Extracurricular event", any school-sponsored
- 38 program or voluntary activity sponsored by the school, local
- 39 education agency, or an organization sanctioned by the local
- 40 education agency at which students compete for the purpose
- 41 of:
- 42 (a) Receiving an award, rating, recognition, or
- 43 criticism;
- 44 (b) Qualifying for additional competition; or
- 45 (c) Preparing for and involvement in public
- 46 performances, contests, athletic competitions,
- 47 demonstrations, displays, and club activities;

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(6) "Protocol", currently approved and accepted
procedures describing specific steps a provider is required
to follow in assessing and treating a patient;

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- 51 (7) "Project ADAM (Automated Defibrillators in Adam's 52 Memory)", a national, nonprofit organization focused on 53 education around preventing and planning to respond to 54 cardiac arrest;
- 55 (8) "Public school", the same definition as in section 56 160.011;
- (9) "School campus", any public school building or
 cluster of buildings, and grounds around such public school
 building or cluster of buildings, used for any public school
 purpose including, but not limited to, an extracurricular
 activity, organized physical activity courses, early
 childhood education programs, or school district
 administration;
 - (10) "School personnel", a school district employee approved by the school board or a contract employee of the school district who is required to follow school policy and procedures;
 - (11) "School-sponsored event", any event or activity sponsored by the public school or school district including, but not limited to, athletic events, booster clubs, parent-teacher organizations, or any activity designed to enhance the school curriculum whether on the school campus or not;
 - (12) "Sudden cardiac arrest", a condition that occurs when the heart malfunctions and stops beating unexpectedly, is due to abnormal heart rhythms called arrhythmias, and is generally the result of some underlying form of heart disease;
 - (13) "Ventricular fibrillation", the most common arrhythmia that causes cardiac arrest and a condition in

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which the heart's electrical impulses suddenly become
chaotic, often without warning, causing the heart's pumping
action to stop abruptly.

- 2. For the 2026-27 school year and all subsequent
 school years, each public school shall develop and implement
 a cardiac emergency response plan that addresses the
 appropriate use of school personnel to respond to incidents
 involving an individual experiencing sudden cardiac arrest
 or a similar life-threatening emergency while on a school
 campus.
- Members of each public school's administration 90 3. shall coordinate directly with local emergency services 91 providers to integrate the public school's cardiac emergency 92 93 response plan into the local emergency services providers' 94 protocols. A cardiac emergency response plan shall 95 integrate evidence-based core elements, such as those 96 recommended by the American Heart Association guidelines, Project ADAM, or another set of nationally recognized, 97 evidence-based standards or core elements. 98
- 99 4. The cardiac emergency response plan shall integrate, at a minimum, the following core elements:
- 101 (1) Establishment of a cardiac emergency response team;
- 102 (2) Activation of the team in response to a sudden 103 cardiac arrest;
- 104 (3) Implementation of AED placement and routine
 105 maintenance throughout the school campus;
- 106 (4) Dissemination of the plan throughout the school 107 campus;
- 108 (5) Maintenance of ongoing staff training in CPR and 109 AED use;
- 110 (6) Practice of the cardiac emergency response plan 111 using drills annually;

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112 (7) Integration of the plan into the local emergency 113 services providers' protocols; and

- 114 (8) Both annual and continuous reviews and evaluations 115 of the plan.
 - 5. Appropriate AED placement shall be dictated by the cardiac emergency response plan and in accordance with guidelines set by the American Heart Association or nationally recognized guidelines focused on emergency cardiovascular care. An AED should be identified with appropriate signage and be on-site or placed and made available in an unlocked location on school property.
 - 6. For schools with an athletic department or organized school athletic program, an automated external defibrillator shall be clearly marked and easily accessible in an unlocked location at each school athletic venue and event. The AED shall be accessible during the school day and any school-sponsored athletic event or team practice in which pupils of the school are participating. An AED should be placed on a person experiencing cardiac arrest within three minutes.
 - 7. Appropriate school personnel shall be certified in first aid, CPR, and AED use following guidelines set forth by the American Heart Association or nationally recognized guidelines focused on emergency cardiovascular care. The school personnel required to be certified shall be determined by the cardiac emergency response plan and shall include, but shall not be limited to, athletic coaches, school nurses, and athletic trainers.