## FIRST REGULAR SESSION

## SENATE BILL NO. 178

## 103RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR LEWIS.

0560S.01I KRISTINA MARTIN, Secretary

## **AN ACT**

To repeal sections 191.648, 192.769, and 210.030, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof four new sections relating to health care.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 191.648, 192.769, and 210.030, RSMo,

- 2 are repealed and four new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to
- 3 be known as sections 191.648, 192.2521, 210.030, and 376.1240,
- 4 to read as follows:

191.648. 1. As used in this section, the following

- 2 terms mean:
- 3 (1) "Designated sexually transmitted infection",
- 4 chlamydia, gonorrhea, trichomoniasis, or any other sexually
- 5 transmitted infection designated as appropriate for
- 6 expedited partner therapy by the department of health and
- 7 senior services or for which expedited partner therapy was
- 8 recommended in the most recent Centers for Disease Control
- 9 and Prevention guidelines for the prevention or treatment of
- 10 sexually transmitted infections;
- 11 (2) "Expedited partner therapy" [means], the practice
- of treating the sex partners of persons with [chlamydia or
- 13 gonorrhea] designated sexually transmitted infections
- 14 without an intervening medical evaluation or professional
- 15 prevention counseling;

EXPLANATION-Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in this bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

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- (3) "Health care professional", a member of any profession regulated by chapter 334 or 335 authorized to prescribe medications.
- Any licensed [physician] health care professional 19 may, but shall not be required to, utilize expedited partner 20 21 therapy for the management of the partners of persons with [chlamydia or gonorrhea] designated sexually transmitted 22 23 infections. Notwithstanding the requirements of 20 CSR 2150-5.020 (5) or any other law to the contrary, a licensed 24 25 [physician] health care professional utilizing expedited partner therapy may prescribe and dispense medications for 26 the treatment of [chlamydia or gonorrhea] a designated 27 sexually transmitted infection for an individual who is the 28 partner of a person with [chlamydia or gonorrhea] a 29 30 designated sexually transmitted infection and who does not 31 have an established [physician/patient] relationship with 32 such [physician. Any antibiotic medications prescribed and dispensed for the treatment of chlamydia or gonorrhea under 33 this section shall be in pill form] health care professional. 34
  - 3. Any licensed [physician] health care professional utilizing expedited partner therapy for the management of the partners with [chlamydia or gonorrhea] designated sexually transmitted infections shall provide explanation and guidance to [a] each patient [diagnosed with chlamydia or gonorrhea] of the preventative measures that can be taken by the patient to stop the [spread] transmission of such [diagnosis] infection.
  - 4. Any licensed [physician] health care professional utilizing expedited partner therapy for the management of partners of persons with [chlamydia or gonorrhea] designated sexually transmitted infections under this section shall have immunity from any civil liability that may otherwise

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48 result by reason of such actions, unless such [physician]

49 health care professional acts negligently, recklessly, in

- 50 bad faith, or with malicious purpose.
- 5. The department of health and senior services and
- 52 the division of professional registration within the
- 53 department of commerce and insurance shall by rule develop
- 54 guidelines for the implementation of subsection 2 of this
- 55 section. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is
- 56 defined in section 536.010, that is created under the
- 57 authority delegated in this section shall become effective
- 58 only if it complies with and is subject to all of the
- 59 provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section
- 60 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and
- if any of the powers vested with the general assembly
- 62 pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective
- date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently
- 64 held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking
- authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28,
- 66 2010, shall be invalid and void.
  - 192.2521. A specialty hospital is exempt from the
- 2 provisions of sections 192.2520 and 197.135 if such hospital
- 3 has a policy for transfer of a victim of a sexual assault to
- 4 an appropriate hospital with an emergency department. As
- 5 used in this section, "specialty hospital" means a hospital
- 6 that has been designated by the department of health and
- 7 senior services as something other than a general acute care
- 8 hospital.
  - 210.030. 1. Every licensed physician, midwife,
- 2 registered nurse and all persons who may undertake, in a
- 3 professional way, the obstetrical and gynecological care of
- 4 a pregnant woman in the state of Missouri shall, if the
- 5 woman consents, take or cause to be taken a sample of venous

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6 blood of such woman at the time of the first prenatal 7 examination, or not later than twenty days after the first 8 prenatal examination, and another sample at twenty-eight 9 weeks of pregnancy and subject such [sample] samples to an approved and standard serological test for syphilis[, an] 10 11 and approved serological [test] tests for hepatitis B, 12 hepatitis C, human immunodeficiency virus (HIV), and such 13 other treatable diseases and metabolic disorders as are prescribed by the department of health and senior services. 14 15 [In any area of the state designated as a syphilis outbreak area by the department of health and senior services, if the 16 mother consents, a sample of her venous blood shall be taken 17 18 later in the course of pregnancy and at delivery for additional testing for syphilis as may be prescribed by the 19 20 department] If a mother tests positive for syphilis, 21 hepatitis B, hepatitis C, or HIV, or any combination of such 22 diseases, the physician or person providing care shall administer treatment in accordance with the most recent 23 accepted medical practice. If a mother tests positive for 24 25 hepatitis B, the physician or person who professionally undertakes the pediatric care of a newborn shall also 26 27 administer the appropriate doses of hepatitis B vaccine and hepatitis B immune globulin (HBIG) in accordance with the 28 29 current recommendations of the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP). If the mother's hepatitis B 30 31 status is unknown, the appropriate dose of hepatitis B 32 vaccine shall be administered to the newborn in accordance with the current ACIP recommendations. If the mother 33 34 consents, a sample of her venous blood shall be taken. Ιf she tests positive for hepatitis B, hepatitis B immune 35 globulin (HBIG) shall be administered to the newborn in 36 accordance with the current ACIP recommendations. 37

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benefit plan.

38 The department of health and senior services 39 shall[, in consultation with the Missouri genetic disease 40 advisory committee,] make such rules pertaining to such tests as shall be dictated by accepted medical practice, and 41 42 tests shall be of the types approved or accepted by the 43 [department of health and senior services. An approved and standard test for syphilis, hepatitis B, and other treatable 44 45 diseases and metabolic disorders shall mean a test made in a laboratory approved by the department of health and senior 46 47 services] United States Food and Drug Administration. 48 individual shall be denied testing by the department of health and senior services because of inability to pay. 49 376.1240. 1. For purposes of this section, terms 2 shall have the same meanings as ascribed to them in section 3 376.1350, and the term "self-administered hormonal 4 contraceptive" shall mean a drug that is composed of one or more hormones and that is approved by the Food and Drug 5 Administration to prevent pregnancy, excluding emergency 6 contraception. Nothing in this section shall be construed 7 8 to apply to medications approved by the Food and Drug 9 Administration to terminate an existing pregnancy. 10 Any health benefit plan delivered, issued for delivery, continued, or renewed in this state on or after 11 12 January 1, 2026, that provides coverage for self-13 administered hormonal contraceptives shall provide coverage to reimburse a health care provider or dispensing entity for 14 the dispensing of a supply of self-administered hormonal 15 contraceptives intended to last up to one year. 16 17 The coverage required under this section shall not 18 be subject to any greater deductible or co-payment than 19 other similar health care services provided by the health

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"If your mammogram demonstrates that you have dense breast tissue, which could hide

abnormalities, and you have other risk factors for breast cancer that have been identified, you might benefit from supplemental screening tests that may be suggested by your ordering physician. Dense breast tissue, in and of itself, is a relatively common condition. Therefore, this information is not provided to cause undue concern, but rather to raise your awareness and to promote discussion with your physician regarding the presence of other risk factors, in addition to dense breast tissue. A report of your mammography results will be sent to you and your physician. should contact your physician if you have any questions or concerns regarding this report.".

- 2. Nothing in this section shall be construed to create a duty of care beyond the duty to provide notice as set forth in this section.
- 3. The information required by this section or evidence that a person violated this section is not admissible in a civil, judicial, or administrative proceeding.
- 4. A mammography facility is not required to comply with the requirements of this section until January 1, 2015.]

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