FIRST REGULAR SESSION

## **SENATE BILL NO. 26**

**103RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY** 

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR MOON.

KRISTINA MARTIN, Secretary

## AN ACT

To repeal section 191.1720, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof two new sections relating to gender transition.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Section 191.1720, RSMo, is repealed and two new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 1.208 and 191.1720, to read as follows:

1.208. As used in the laws and regulations of this state, unless clearly and specifically stated otherwise, the term "reproductive health care" shall not be construed to include gender transition surgeries or the use of cross-sex hormones or puberty-blocking drugs for the purpose of gender transition, as such terms are defined in section 191.1720, for minor children or adults.

191.1720. 1. This section shall be known and may be
cited as the "Missouri Save Adolescents from Experimentation
(SAFE) Act".

4 2. For purposes of this section, the following terms5 mean:

6 (1) "Biological sex", the biological indication of 7 male or female in the context of reproductive potential or 8 capacity, such as sex chromosomes, naturally occurring sex 9 hormones, gonads, and nonambiguous internal and external 10 genitalia present at birth, without regard to an

## **EXPLANATION-Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in this bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.**

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11 individual's psychological, chosen, or subjective experience 12 of gender;

(2) "Cross-sex hormones", testosterone, estrogen, or other androgens given to an individual in amounts that are greater or more potent than would normally occur naturally in a healthy individual of the same age and sex;

17 (3) "Gender", the psychological, behavioral, social,18 and cultural aspects of being male or female;

19 (4) "Gender transition", the process in which an 20 individual transitions from identifying with and living as a 21 gender that corresponds to his or her biological sex to 22 identifying with and living as a gender different from his 23 or her biological sex, and may involve social, legal, or 24 physical changes;

(5) "Gender transition surgery", a surgical procedure
performed for the purpose of assisting an individual with a
gender transition, including, but not limited to:

(a) Surgical procedures that sterilize, including, but
not limited to, castration, vasectomy, hysterectomy,
oophorectomy, orchiectomy, or penectomy;

31 (b) Surgical procedures that artificially construct 32 tissue with the appearance of genitalia that differs from 33 the individual's biological sex, including, but not limited 34 to, metoidioplasty, phalloplasty, or vaginoplasty; or

35 (c) Augmentation mammoplasty or subcutaneous 36 mastectomy;

37 (6) "Health care provider", an individual who is
38 licensed, certified, or otherwise authorized by the laws of
39 this state to administer health care in the ordinary course
40 of the practice of his or her profession;

41 (7) "Puberty-blocking drugs", gonadotropin-releasing42 hormone analogues or other synthetic drugs used to stop

43 luteinizing hormone secretion and follicle stimulating
44 hormone secretion, synthetic antiandrogen drugs to block the
45 androgen receptor, or any other drug used to delay or
46 suppress pubertal development in children for the purpose of
47 assisting an individual with a gender transition.

A health care provider shall not knowingly perform
a gender transition surgery on any individual under eighteen
years of age.

4. (1) A health care provider shall not knowingly
prescribe or administer cross-sex hormones or pubertyblocking drugs for the purpose of a gender transition for
any individual under eighteen years of age.

(2) The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to the prescription or administration of cross-sex hormones or puberty-blocking drugs for any individual under eighteen years of age who was prescribed or administered such hormones or drugs prior to August 28, 2023, for the purpose of assisting the individual with a gender transition.

61 [(3) The provisions of this subsection shall expire on62 August 28, 2027.]

The performance of a gender transition surgery or 63 5. the prescription or administration of cross-sex hormones or 64 puberty-blocking drugs to an individual under eighteen years 65 66 of age in violation of this section shall be considered unprofessional conduct and any health care provider doing so 67 68 shall have his or her license to practice revoked by the 69 appropriate licensing entity or disciplinary review board with competent jurisdiction in this state. 70

6. (1) The prescription or administration of crosssex hormones or puberty-blocking drugs to an individual
under eighteen years of age for the purpose of a gender
transition shall be considered grounds for a cause of action

75 against the health care provider. The provisions of chapter
76 538 shall not apply to any action brought under this
77 subsection.

(2) An action brought pursuant to this subsection
shall be brought within fifteen years of the individual
injured attaining the age of twenty-one or of the date the
treatment of the injury at issue in the action by the
defendant has ceased, whichever is later.

83 (3) An individual bringing an action under this 84 subsection shall be entitled to a rebuttable presumption that the individual was harmed if the individual is 85 infertile following the prescription or administration of 86 87 cross-sex hormones or puberty-blocking drugs and that the harm was a direct result of the hormones or drugs prescribed 88 or administered by the health care provider. 89 Such 90 presumption may be rebutted only by clear and convincing 91 evidence.

92 (4) In any action brought pursuant to this subsection, 93 a plaintiff may recover economic and noneconomic damages and punitive damages, without limitation to the amount and no 94 95 less than five hundred thousand dollars in the aggregate. The judgment against a defendant in an action brought 96 97 pursuant to this subsection shall be in an amount of three 98 times the amount of any economic and noneconomic damages or 99 punitive damages assessed. Any award of damages in an 100 action brought pursuant to this subsection to a prevailing plaintiff shall include attorney's fees and court costs. 101

102 (5) An action brought pursuant to this subsection may103 be brought in any circuit court of this state.

104 (6) No health care provider shall require a waiver of
105 the right to bring an action pursuant to this subsection as
106 a condition of services. The right to bring an action by or

107 through an individual under the age of eighteen shall not be 108 waived by a parent or legal guardian.

109 (7) A plaintiff to an action brought under this subsection may enter into a voluntary agreement of 110 settlement or compromise of the action, but no agreement 111 112 shall be valid until approved by the court. No agreement allowed by the court shall include a provision regarding the 113 114 nondisclosure or confidentiality of the terms of such agreement unless such provision was specifically requested 115 116 and agreed to by the plaintiff.

117 If requested by the plaintiff, any pleadings, (8) attachments, or exhibits filed with the court in any action 118 brought pursuant to this subsection, as well as any 119 120 judgments issued by the court in such actions, shall not 121 include the personal identifying information of the plaintiff. Such information shall be provided in a 122 123 confidential information filing sheet contemporaneously filed with the court or entered by the court, which shall 124 125 not be subject to public inspection or availability.

126 7. The provisions of this section shall not apply to
127 any speech protected by the First Amendment of the United
128 States Constitution.

129 8. The provisions of this section shall not apply to130 the following:

(1) Services to individuals born with a medicallyverifiable disorder of sex development, including, but not
limited to, an individual with external biological sex
characteristics that are irresolvably ambiguous, such as
those born with 46,XX chromosomes with virilization, 46,XY
chromosomes with undervirilization, or having both ovarian
and testicular tissue;

138 (2) Services provided when a physician has otherwise
139 diagnosed an individual with a disorder of sex development
140 and determined through genetic or biochemical testing that
141 the individual does not have normal sex chromosome
142 structure, sex steroid hormone production, or sex steroid
143 hormone action;

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144 (3) The treatment of any infection, injury, disease, 145 or disorder that has been caused by or exacerbated by the 146 performance of gender transition surgery or the prescription 147 or administration of cross-sex hormones or puberty-blocking 148 drugs regardless of whether the surgery was performed or the 149 hormones or drugs were prescribed or administered in 150 accordance with state and federal law; or

151 (4) Any procedure undertaken because the individual 152 suffers from a physical disorder, physical injury, or 153 physical illness that would, as certified by a physician, 154 place the individual in imminent danger of death or 155 impairment of a major bodily function unless surgery is 156 performed.

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