FIRST REGULAR SESSION

SENATE BILL NO. 385

103RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR TRENT.

KRISTINA MARTIN, Secretary

AN ACT

To amend chapter 375, RSMo, by adding thereto twelve new sections relating to insurance companies' data security, with an effective date.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Chapter 375, RSMo, is amended by adding thereto 2 twelve new sections, to be known as sections 375.1400, 375.1402, 375.1405, 375.1407, 375.1410, 375.1412, 375.1415, 375.1417, 3 375.1420, 375.1422, 375.1425, and 375.1427, to read as follows: 4 375.1400. 1. Sections 375.1400 to 375.1427 shall be 2 known and may be cited as the "Insurance Data Security Act". 3 2. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, sections 375.1400 to 375.1427 establish the 4 5 exclusive state standards applicable to licensees for data 6 security, the investigation of a cybersecurity event as 7 defined in section 375.1402, and notification to the 8 director. 9 3. Sections 375.1400 to 375.1427 shall not be 10 construed to create or imply a private cause of action for violation of their provisions, nor shall such sections be 11 construed to curtail a private cause of action that would 12 otherwise exist in the absence of sections 375.1400 to 13

375.1402. As used in sections 375.1400 to 375.1427, 2 the following terms mean:

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375.1427.

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3 (1) "Authorized person", an individual known to and 4 authorized by the licensee and determined to be necessary 5 and appropriate to have access to the nonpublic information 6 held by the licensee and its information systems;

7 (2) "Consumer", an individual including, but not
8 limited to, an applicant, policyholder, insured,
9 beneficiary, claimant, or certificate holder, who is a
10 resident of this state and whose nonpublic information is in
11 a licensee's possession, custody, or control;

(3) "Cybersecurity event", an event resulting in
unauthorized access to, malicious disruption of, or misuse
of an information system or nonpublic information in the
possession, custody, or control of a licensee or an
authorized person; however:

(a) The term "cybersecurity event" does not include
the unauthorized acquisition of encrypted, nonpublic
information if the encryption, process, or key is not also
acquired, released, or used without authorization; and

(b) The term "cybersecurity event" does not include an event with regard to which the licensee has determined that the nonpublic information accessed by an unauthorized person has not been used or released and has been returned or destroyed;

26 (4) "Department", the department of commerce and
 27 insurance;

(5) "Director", the director of the department of
 commerce and insurance;

30 (6) "Encrypted", the transformation of data into a
31 form that results in a low probability of assigning meaning
32 without the use of a protective process or key;

(7) "HIPAA", the federal Health Insurance Portability
 and Accountability Act (42 U.S.C. Section 1320d, et seq.);

(8) "Information security program", the
administrative, technical, and physical safeguards that a
licensee uses to access, collect, distribute, process,
protect, store, use, transmit, dispose of, or otherwise
handle nonpublic information;

40 (9) "Information system", a discrete set of electronic
41 information resources organized for the collection,
42 processing, maintenance, use, sharing, dissemination, or
43 disposition of electronic nonpublic information, as well as
44 any specialized system such as industrial and process
45 controls systems, telephone switching and private branch
46 exchange systems, and environmental control systems;

(10) "Licensee", any person licensed, authorized to operate, or registered, or required to be licensed, authorized, or registered under the insurance laws of this state, but shall not include a purchasing group or a risk retention group chartered and licensed in a state other than this state or a licensee that is acting as an assuming insurer that is domiciled in another state or jurisdiction;

(11) "Multi-factor authentication", authentication
through verification of at least two of the following types
of authentication factors:

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(a) Knowledge factors, such as a password;

(b) Possession factors, such as a token or text
message on a mobile phone; or

60 (c) Inherence factors, such as a biometric
 61 characteristic;

62 (12) "Nonpublic information", information that is not
63 publicly available information and is:

64 (a) Business-related information of a licensee, the
 65 tampering with which, or unauthorized disclosure, access, or

66 use of which, would cause a material adverse impact to the 67 business, operations, or security of the licensee; 68 (b) Any information concerning a consumer that, because of name, number, personal mark, or other identifier, 69 can be used to identify such consumer, in combination with 70 71 any one or more of the following data elements: 72 Social Security number; а. Driver's license number or nondriver identification 73 b. 74 card number; 75 с. Financial account number or credit or debit card 76 number; 77 Any security code, access code, or password that d. 78 would permit access to a consumer's financial account; 79 Biometric records; or e. 80 f. Military identification number; 81 Any information or data, except age or gender, in (c) 82 any form or medium created by or derived from a health care provider or a consumer and that relates to: 83 84 a. The past, present, or future physical, mental, or behavioral health or condition of any consumer or a member 85 of the consumer's family; 86 87 b. The provision of health care to any consumer; or Payment for the provision of health care to any 88 c. 89 consumer. 90 The term "nonpublic information" does not include a 91 consumer's personally identifiable information that has been 92 anonymized using a method no less secure than the safe 93 harbor method under HIPAA; 94 "Person", any individual or any nongovernmental (13)

95 entity including, but not limited to, any nongovernmental 96 partnership, corporation, branch, agency, or association;

97 (14)"Publicly available information", any information 98 that a licensee has a reasonable basis to believe is 99 lawfully made available to the general public from federal, 100 state, or local government records; widely distributed 101 media; or disclosures to the general public that are 102 required to be made by federal, state, or local law. For the purposes of this subdivision, a licensee has a 103 104 reasonable basis to believe that information is lawfully 105 made available to the general public if the licensee has 106 taken steps to determine:

107 (a) That the information is of the type that is108 available to the general public; and

109 (b) Whether a consumer can direct that the information
110 not be made available to the general public and, if so, that
111 such consumer has not done so;

(15) "Risk assessment", the risk assessment that each
licensee is required to conduct under subsection 3 of
section 375.1405;

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(16) "State", the state of Missouri;

(17) "Third-party service provider", a person, not
otherwise defined as a licensee, that contracts with a
licensee to maintain, process, store, or otherwise is
permitted access to nonpublic information through its
provision of services to the licensee.

375.1405. 1. Commensurate with the size and 2 complexity of the licensee; the nature and scope of the licensee's activities, including its use of third-party 3 service providers; and the sensitivity of the nonpublic 4 5 information used by the licensee or in the licensee's 6 possession, custody, or control, each licensee shall 7 develop, implement, and maintain a comprehensive written information security program that is based on the licensee's 8

9 risk assessment and that contains administrative, technical,
10 and physical safeguards for the protection of nonpublic
11 information and the licensee's information system.

12 2. A licensee's information security program shall be
13 designed to:

(1) Protect the security and confidentiality of
 nonpublic information and the security of the information
 system;

17 (2) Protect against any threats or hazards to the
18 security or integrity of nonpublic information and the
19 information system;

(3) Protect against unauthorized access to or use of
 nonpublic information and minimize the likelihood of harm to
 any consumer; and

23 (4) Define and periodically reevaluate a schedule for
24 retention of nonpublic information and a mechanism for its
25 destruction when no longer needed.

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3. The licensee shall:

(1) Designate one or more employees, an affiliate, or
an outside vendor designated to act on behalf of the
licensee who is responsible for the information security
program;

(2) Identify reasonably foreseeable internal or
external threats that could result in unauthorized access,
transmission, disclosure, misuse, alteration, or destruction
of nonpublic information, including the security of
information systems and nonpublic information that are
accessible to, or held by, third-party service providers;

37 (3) Assess the likelihood and potential damage of
 38 these threats, taking into consideration the sensitivity of
 39 the nonpublic information;

40 (4) Assess the sufficiency of policies, procedures,
41 information systems, and other safeguards in place to manage
42 these threats, including consideration of threats in each
43 relevant area of the licensee's operations, including:

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(a) Employee training and management;

45 (b) Information systems, including network and
46 software design, as well as information classification,
47 governance, processing, storage, transmission, and disposal;
48 and

49 (c) Detecting, preventing, and responding to attacks,
 50 intrusions, or other systems failures; and

(5) Implement information safeguards to manage the
threats identified in its ongoing assessment, and no less
than annually, assess the effectiveness of the safeguards'
key controls, systems, and procedures.

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4. Based on its risk assessment, the licensee shall:

(1) Design its information security program to mitigate the identified risks, commensurate with the size and complexity of the licensee's activities, including its use of third-party service providers, and the sensitivity of the nonpublic information used by the licensee or in the licensee's possession, custody, or control;

62 (2) Determine which of the following security measures
 63 are appropriate and implement such security measures:

(a) Place access controls on information systems,
including controls to authenticate and permit access only to
authorized persons to protect against the unauthorized
acquisition of nonpublic information;

(b) Identify and manage the data, personnel, devices,
systems, and facilities that enable the organization to
achieve business purposes in accordance with their relative

71 importance to business objectives and the organization's 72 risk strategy;

73 (c) Restrict access at physical locations containing
 74 nonpublic information only to authorized persons;

(d) Protect by encryption or other appropriate means all nonpublic information while being transmitted over an external network and all nonpublic information stored on a laptop computer or other portable computing or storage device or media;

(e) Adopt secure development practices for in-house
developed applications utilized by the licensee and
procedures for evaluating, assessing, or testing the
security of externally developed applications utilized by
the licensee;

(f) Modify the information system in accordance with
 the licensee's information security program;

(g) Utilize effective controls, which may include
 multi-factor authentication procedures for any individual
 accessing nonpublic information;

90 (h) Regularly test and monitor systems and procedures
91 to detect actual and attempted attacks on, or intrusions
92 into, information systems;

93 (i) Include audit trails within the information
94 security program designed to detect and respond to
95 cybersecurity events and designed to reconstruct material
96 financial transactions sufficient to support normal
97 operations and obligations of the licensee;

(j) Implement measures to protect against destruction,
loss, or damage of nonpublic information due to
environmental hazards, such as fire and water damage or
other catastrophes or technological failures; and

(k) Develop, implement, and maintain procedures for
 the secure disposal of nonpublic information in any format;

104 (3) Include cybersecurity risks in the licensee's
 105 enterprise risk management process;

106 (4) Stay informed regarding emerging threats or
107 vulnerabilities and utilize reasonable security measures
108 when sharing information relative to the character of the
109 sharing and the type of information shared; and

(5) Provide its personnel with cybersecurity awareness
training that is updated as necessary to reflect risks
identified by the licensee in the risk assessment.

113 5. If the licensee has a board of directors, the board 114 or an appropriate committee of the board shall, at a minimum:

(1) Require the licensee's executive management or its
delegates to develop, implement, and maintain the licensee's
information security program;

118 (2) Require the licensee's executive management or its
119 delegates to report in writing at least annually, the
120 following information:

(a) The overall status of the information security
program and the licensee's compliance with sections 375.1400
to 375.1427; and

(b) Material matters related to the information
security program, addressing issues such as risk assessment,
risk management and control decisions, third-party service
provider arrangements, results of testing, cybersecurity
events or violations and management's responses thereto, and
recommendations for changes in the information security
program;

(3) If executive management delegates any of its
responsibilities under section 375.1405, it shall oversee
the development, implementation, and maintenance of the

licensee's information security program prepared by the
delegates and shall receive a report from the delegates
complying with the requirements of the report to the board
of directors above.

6. (1) A licensee shall exercise due diligence in
 selecting its third-party service provider.

(2) A licensee shall require a third-party service
provider to implement appropriate administrative, technical,
and physical measures to protect and secure the information
systems and nonpublic information that are accessible to, or
held by, the third-party service provider.

145 7. The licensee shall monitor, evaluate, and adjust, as appropriate, the information security program consistent 146 147 with any relevant changes in technology, the sensitivity of 148 its nonpublic information, internal or external threats to 149 information, and the licensee's own changing business 150 arrangements, such as mergers and acquisitions, alliances 151 and joint ventures, outsourcing arrangements, and changes to 152 information systems.

153 8. As part of its information security program, each 154 licensee shall establish a written incident response plan designed to promptly respond to, and recover from, any 155 156 cybersecurity event that compromises the confidentiality, 157 integrity, or availability of nonpublic information in its 158 possession, the licensee's information systems, or the continuing functionality of any aspect of the licensee's 159 business or operations. Such incident response plan shall 160 161 address the following areas:

162 (1) The internal process for responding to a
 163 cybersecurity event;

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(2)

The goals of the incident response plan;

165 (3) The definition of clear roles, responsibilities,
 166 and levels of decision-making authority;

167 (4) External and internal communications and
 168 information sharing;

169 (5) Identification of requirements for the remediation
 170 of any identified weaknesses in information systems and
 171 associated controls;

172 (6) Documentation and reporting regarding
173 cybersecurity events and related incident response
174 activities; and

175 (7) The evaluation and revision as necessary of the
 176 incident response plan following a cybersecurity event.

Annually by April fifteenth, each insurer domiciled 177 9. in this state shall submit to the director a written 178 179 statement certifying that the insurer is in compliance with 180 the requirements set forth in this section. Each insurer 181 shall maintain for examination by the department all 182 records, schedules, and data supporting this certificate for 183 a period of three years. To the extent an insurer has 184 identified areas, systems, or processes that require material improvement, updating, or redesign, the insurer 185 shall document the identification and the remedial efforts 186 187 planned and underway to address such areas, systems, or 188 processes. Such documentation shall be available for 189 inspection by the director.

375.1407. 1. If the licensee learns that a cybersecurity event has or may have occurred, the licensee, or an outside vendor or service provider designated to act on behalf of the licensee, shall conduct a prompt investigation.

6 2. During the investigation, the licensee, or an 7 outside vendor or service provider designated to act on

8 behalf of the licensee, shall, at a minimum, determine as
9 much of the following information as possible:

10 (1) Determine whether a cybersecurity event has
11 occurred;

12 (2) Assess the nature and scope of the cybersecurity13 event;

14 (3) Identify any nonpublic information that may have
 15 been involved in the cybersecurity event; and

(4) Perform or oversee reasonable measures to restore
the security of the information systems compromised in the
cybersecurity event in order to prevent further unauthorized
acquisition, release, or use of nonpublic information in the
licensee's possession, custody, or control.

3. If the licensee learns that a cybersecurity event has or may have occurred in a system maintained by a thirdparty service provider, the licensee shall complete the steps listed in subsection 2 of this section or confirm and document that the third-party service provider has completed those steps.

4. The licensee shall maintain records concerning all
cybersecurity events for a period of at least three years
from the date of the cybersecurity event and shall produce
those records upon demand of the director.

375.1410. 1. Each licensee shall notify the director as promptly as practicable, but in no event later than three business days, from a determination that a cybersecurity event involving nonpublic information that is in the possession of a licensee has occurred when either of the following criteria has been met:

7 (1) This state is the licensee's state of domicile, in 8 the case of an insurer, or this state is the licensee's home 9 state, in the case of a producer, as those terms are defined

in section 375.012, and the cybersecurity event has a reasonable likelihood of materially harming a consumer residing in this state or a reasonable likelihood of materially harming any material part of the normal operations of the licensee; or

(2) The licensee reasonably believes that the
 nonpublic information involved is of one thousand or more
 consumers residing in this state and is either of the
 following:

(a) A cybersecurity event impacting the licensee of
which notice is required to be provided to any government
body, self-regulatory agency, or any other supervisory body
under any state or federal law; or

23 (b) A cybersecurity event that has a reasonable
24 likelihood of materially harming:

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a. Any consumer residing in this state; or

26 b. Any material part of the normal operations of the 27 licensee.

28 2. The licensee shall provide as much of the following 29 information as possible. The licensee shall provide the 30 information in electronic form as directed by the director. 31 The licensee shall have a continuing obligation to update 32 and supplement initial and subsequent notifications to the 33 director regarding material changes to previously provided 34 information relating to the cybersecurity event:

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(1)

The date of the cybersecurity event;

36 (2) A description of how the information was exposed,
 37 lost, stolen, or breached, including the specific roles and
 38 responsibilities of third-party service providers, if any;

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(3) How the cybersecurity event was discovered;

40 (4) Whether any exposed, lost, stolen, or breached
41 information has been recovered and if so, how this was done;

42 (5) The identity of the source of the cybersecurity
43 event;

44 (6) Whether the licensee has filed a police report or
45 has notified any regulatory, government, or law enforcement
46 agencies and, if so, when such notification was provided;

47 (7) A description of the specific types of information
48 acquired without authorization. "Specific types of
49 information" means particular data elements including, for
50 example, types of medical information, types of financial
51 information, or types of information allowing identification
52 of the consumer;

(8) The period during which the information system was
 compromised by the cybersecurity event;

(9) The number of total consumers in this state affected by the cybersecurity event. The licensee shall provide the best estimate in the initial report to the director and update this estimate with each subsequent report to the director under this section;

(10) The results of any internal review identifying a
lapse in either automated controls or internal procedures,
or confirming that all automated controls or internal
procedures were followed;

64 (11) A description of the efforts being undertaken to
65 remediate the situation that permitted the cybersecurity
66 event to occur;

67 (12) A copy of the licensee's privacy policy and a
68 statement outlining the steps the licensee will take to
69 investigate and notify consumers affected by the
70 cybersecurity event; and

(13) The name of a contact person who is both familiar
with the cybersecurity event and authorized to act for the
licensee.

74 3. The licensee shall comply with section 407.1500, as 75 applicable, and provide a copy of the notice sent to 76 consumers under that section to the director when a licensee 77 is required to notify the director under subsection 1 of 78 this section.

4. (1) In the case of a cybersecurity event in a
system maintained by a third-party service provider of which
the licensee has become aware, the licensee shall treat such
event as it would under subsection 1 of this section.

(2) The computation of a licensee's deadlines shall
begin on the day after the third-party service provider
notifies the licensee of the cybersecurity event or the
licensee otherwise has actual knowledge of the cybersecurity
event, whichever is sooner.

(3) Nothing in sections 375.1400 to 375.1427 shall
prevent or abrogate an agreement between a licensee and
another licensee, a third-party service provider, or any
other party to fulfill any of the investigation requirements
imposed under section 375.1407 or notice requirements
imposed under this section.

5. 94 (1) In the event of a cybersecurity event (a) 95 involving nonpublic information that is used by the licensee that is acting as an assuming insurer or in the possession, 96 97 custody, or control of a licensee that is acting as an 98 assuming insurer and that does not have a direct contractual relationship with the affected consumers, the assuming 99 100 insurer shall notify its affected ceding insurers and the 101 commissioner or director of insurance for its state of 102 domicile within three business days of making the determination that a cybersecurity event has occurred. 103

(b) The ceding insurers that have a direct contractual
 relationship with affected consumers shall fulfill the

106 consumer notification requirements imposed under section
107 407.1500 and any other notification requirements relating to
108 a cybersecurity event imposed under this section.

109 (c) Any licensee acting as assuming insurer shall have
110 no other notice obligations relating to a cybersecurity
111 event or other data breach under this section or any other
112 law of the state.

113 (2) (a) In the event of a cybersecurity event 114 involving nonpublic information that is in the possession, 115 custody, or control of a third-party service provider of a 116 licensee that is an assuming insurer, the assuming insurer 117 shall notify its affected ceding insurers and the commissioner or director of insurance for its state of 118 119 domicile within three business days of receiving notice from 120 its third-party service provider that a cybersecurity event 121 has occurred.

(b) The ceding insurers that have a direct contractual
relationship with affected consumers shall fulfill the
consumer notification requirements imposed under section
407.1500 and any other notification requirements relating to
a cybersecurity event imposed under this section.

127 6. In the case of a cybersecurity event involving 128 nonpublic information that is in the possession, custody, or 129 control of a licensee that is an insurer or its third-party 130 service provider for which a consumer accessed the insurer's 131 services through an independent insurance producer, and for which consumer notice is required by law, including section 132 133 407.1500, the insurer shall notify the producers of record of all affected consumers of the cybersecurity event no 134 135 later than the time at which notice is provided to the 136 affected consumers. The insurer is excused from this 137 obligation for those instances in which it does not have the

138 current producer of record information for any individual139 consumer.

375.1412. 1. The director shall have power to examine 2 and investigate into the affairs of any licensee to 3 determine whether the licensee has been or is engaged in any 4 conduct in violation of sections 375.1400 to 375.1427. This 5 power is in addition to the powers the director has under 6 the law. Any such investigation or examination shall be 7 conducted under section 374.190 or 374.205.

8 2. Whenever the director has reason to believe that a 9 licensee has been or is engaged in conduct in this state 10 that violates sections 375.1400 to 375.1427, the director 11 may take action that is necessary or appropriate to enforce 12 the provisions of sections 375.1400 to 375.1427.

375.1415. 1. Any documents, materials, or other information in the control or possession of the department 2 3 that are furnished by a licensee or an employee or agent thereof acting on behalf of a licensee under subsection 9 of 4 section 375.1405 or subsection 2 of section 375.1410 or that 5 is obtained by the director in an investigation or 6 7 examination under section 375.1412 shall be confidential by law and privileged, shall not be subject to disclosure under 8 9 chapter 610, shall not be subject to subpoena, and shall not 10 be subject to discovery or admissible in evidence in any private civil action. However, the director is authorized 11 to use the documents, materials, or other information in the 12 13 furtherance of any regulatory or legal action brought as a part of the director's duties. 14

15 2. Neither the director nor any person or entity who 16 received documents, materials, or other information while 17 acting under the authority of the director shall be 18 permitted or required to testify in any private civil action

concerning any confidential documents, materials, or
 information subject to subsection 1 of this section.

21 3. Consistent with the insurance data security act's goal of safequarding consumer nonpublic information, neither 22 the director nor any person or entity who receives 23 24 documents, materials, or other information while acting 25 under the authority of the director shall be permitted to 26 share or otherwise release the documents, materials, or 27 other information to a third party including, but not 28 limited to, other state, federal, or international 29 regulatory agencies or law enforcement agencies.

4. In order to assist in the performance of the
 director's duties under sections 375.1400 to 375.1427, the
 director:

33 (1) May receive documents, materials, or information, including otherwise confidential and privileged documents, 34 35 materials, or information, from the National Association of 36 Insurance Commissioners, its affiliates, or subsidiaries and 37 from regulatory and law enforcement officials of other foreign or domestic jurisdictions and shall maintain as 38 39 confidential or privileged any document, material, or information received with notice or the understanding that 40 it is confidential or privileged under the laws of the 41 42 jurisdiction that is the source of the document, material, 43 or information; and

44 (2) May enter into agreements governing sharing and
 45 use of information consistent with this subsection.

5. No waiver of any applicable privilege or claim of confidentiality in the documents, materials, or information shall occur as a result of disclosure to the director under this section or as a result of sharing as authorized in subsection 3 of this section.

6. Nothing in sections 375.1400 to 375.1427 shall prohibit the director from releasing final adjudicated actions that are open to public inspection under chapter 610 to a database or other clearinghouse service maintained by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners, its affiliates, or subsidiaries.

375.1417. 1. The following exceptions shall apply to 2 sections 375.1400 to 375.1427:

3 (1) A licensee with fewer than ten employees,
4 including any independent contractors, is exempt from the
5 provisions of section 375.1405;

A licensee subject to and governed by the privacy, 6 (2) security, and breach notification rules issued by the United 7 8 States Department of Health and Human Services, 45 CFR 160 9 and 164, established under the Health Insurance Portability 10 and Accountability Act of 1996, P.L. 104-191, and the Health 11 Information Technology for Economic and Clinical Health Act (HITECH), P.L. 111-5, and that maintains nonpublic 12 13 information in the same manner as protected health information shall be deemed to comply with the requirements 14 of sections 375.1400 to 375.1427, except for the director 15 notification requirements in subsections 1 and 2 of section 16 17 375.1410;

(3) An employee, agent, representative, or designee of
a licensee, who is also a licensee, is exempt from section
375.1405 and need not develop its own information security
program to the extent that the employee, agent,
representative, or designee is covered by the information
security program of the other licensee;

(4) Producers that have fewer than fifty employees,
less than five million dollars in gross annual revenue, or
less than ten million dollars in year-end total assets; and

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27 (5) A licensee affiliated with a depository 28 institution that maintains an information security program 29 in compliance with the Interagency Guidelines Establishing 30 Standards for Safequarding Customer Information (Interagency Guidelines) as set forth under Sections 501 and 505 of the 31 32 federal Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act, P.L. 106-102, shall be considered to meet the requirements of section 375.1405 and 33 34 any rules, regulations, or procedures established 35 thereunder, provided that the licensee produces, upon 36 request, documentation satisfactory to the director that 37 independently validates the affiliated depository institution's adoption of an information security program 38 that satisfies the interagency guidelines. 39

2. In the event that a licensee ceases to qualify for
an exception, such licensee shall have one hundred eighty
calendar days to comply with sections 375.1400 to 375.1427.

375.1420. In the case of a violation of sections 375.1400 to 375.1427, a licensee may be subject to penalties as provided by law, including sections 374.046, 374.048, and 374.049.

375.1422. The director of the department of commerce 2 and insurance may promulgate rules as necessary for the 3 implementation of sections 375.1400 to 375.1427. Any rule 4 or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 5 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with 6 and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, 7 8 if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 9 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with 10 the general assembly under chapter 536 to review, to delay 11 the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are 12 subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of

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August 28, 2025, shall be invalid and void. 14 375.1425. If any provision of sections 375.1400 to 2 375.1427 or the application thereof to any person or 3 circumstance is for any reason held to be invalid, the 4 remainder of sections 375.1400 to 375.1427 and the 5 application of such provision to other persons or 6 circumstances shall not be affected thereby. 375.1427. Licensees shall have until January 1, 2027, to implement section 375.1405 and until January 1, 2028, to 2

3 implement subsection 6 of section 375.1405.

Section B. Section A of this act shall become 2 effective on January 1, 2026.

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rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after