#### FIRST REGULAR SESSION

# **SENATE BILL NO. 440**

#### **103RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY**

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR WASHINGTON.

KRISTINA MARTIN, Secretary

### AN ACT

To repeal sections 210.160, 210.830, 211.211, and 211.462, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof four new sections relating to legal representation in certain court proceedings involving children.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 210.160, 210.830, 211.211, and 2 211.462, RSMo, are repealed and four new sections enacted in 3 lieu thereof, to be known as sections 210.160, 210.830, 211.211, 4 and 211.462, to read as follows:

210.160. 1. All children subject to court proceedings
involving allegations of child abuse or neglect shall be
appointed counsel for as long as the court has jurisdiction.

4 2. In every case involving an abused or neglected
5 child which results in a judicial proceeding, the judge
6 [shall] may appoint a guardian ad litem to appear for and
7 represent:

8 (1) A child who is the subject of proceedings pursuant
9 to sections 210.110 to 210.165 except proceedings under
10 subsection 6 of section 210.152, sections 210.700 to
11 210.760, sections 211.442 to 211.487, or sections 453.005 to
12 453.170, or proceedings to determine custody or visitation
13 rights under sections 452.375 to 452.410; or

14 (2) A parent who is a minor, or who is a mentally ill
15 person or otherwise incompetent, and whose child is the
16 subject of proceedings under sections 210.110 to 210.165,

## **EXPLANATION-Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in this bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.**

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17 sections 210.700 to 210.760, sections 211.442 to 211.487, or 18 sections 453.005 to 453.170.

19 [2.] 3. The judge, either sua sponte or upon motion of 20 a party, may appoint a guardian ad litem to appear for and 21 represent an abused or neglected child involved in 22 proceedings arising under subsection 6 of section 210.152.

The guardian ad litem shall be provided with 23 **[**3.] **4**. 24 all reports relevant to the case made to or by any agency or person, shall have access to all records of such agencies or 25 26 persons relating to the child or such child's family members 27 or placements of the child, and upon appointment by the court to a case, shall be informed of and have the right to 28 29 attend any and all family support team meetings involving the child. Employees of the division, officers of the 30 court, and employees of any agency involved shall fully 31 32 inform the guardian ad litem of all aspects of the case of 33 which they have knowledge or belief.

[4.] 5. The appointing judge shall require the 34 quardian ad litem to faithfully discharge such guardian ad 35 litem's duties, and upon failure to do so shall discharge 36 such guardian ad litem and appoint another. The appointing 37 judge shall have the authority to examine the general and 38 criminal background of persons appointed as guardians ad 39 40 litem, including utilization of the family care safety registry and access line pursuant to sections 210.900 to 41 210.937, to ensure the safety and welfare of the children 42 43 such persons are appointed to represent. The judge in making appointments pursuant to this section shall give 44 preference to persons who served as guardian ad litem for 45 the child in the earlier proceeding, unless there is a 46 reason on the record for not giving such preference. 47

48 [5.] 6. The guardian ad litem may be awarded a 49 reasonable fee for such services to be set by the court. 50 The court, in its discretion, may award such fees as a judgment to be paid by any party to the proceedings or from 51 52 public funds. However, no fees as a judgment shall be taxed against a party or parties who have not been found to have 53 abused or neglected a child or children. Such an award of 54 55 quardian fees shall constitute a final judgment in favor of the guardian ad litem. Such final judgment shall be 56 57 enforceable against the parties in accordance with chapter 58 513.

59 [6.] 7. The court may designate volunteer advocates, 60 who may or may not be attorneys licensed to practice law, to assist in the performance of the quardian ad litem duties 61 for the court. Nonattorney volunteer advocates shall not 62 provide legal representation. The court shall have the 63 64 authority to examine the general and criminal background of persons designated as volunteer advocates, including 65 66 utilization of the family care safety registry and access line pursuant to sections 210.900 to 210.937, to ensure the 67 safety and welfare of the children such persons are 68 designated to represent. The volunteer advocate shall be 69 70 provided with all reports relevant to the case made to or by 71 any agency or person, shall have access to all records of 72 such agencies or persons relating to the child or such 73 child's family members or placements of the child, and upon 74 designation by the court to a case, shall be informed of and have the right to attend any and all family support team 75 meetings involving the child. Any such designated person 76 77 shall receive no compensation from public funds. This shall not preclude reimbursement for reasonable expenses. 78

79 [7.] 8. Any person appointed to perform guardian ad 80 litem duties shall have completed a training program in 81 permanency planning and shall advocate for timely court hearings whenever possible to attain permanency for a child 82 as expeditiously as possible to reduce the effects that 83 84 prolonged foster care may have on a child. A nonattorney volunteer advocate shall have access to a court appointed 85 86 attorney guardian ad litem should the circumstances of the 87 particular case so require.

210.830. The child shall be made a party to any action commenced under sections 210.817 to 210.852. If he or she 2 3 is a minor, he or she may be represented by a next friend 4 appointed for him or her for any such action. The child's 5 mother or father or the family support division or any 6 person having physical or legal custody of the child may 7 represent him or her as his or her next friend. Counsel 8 shall be appointed and a guardian ad litem [shall] may be appointed for the child only if child abuse or neglect is 9 10 alleged, or if the child is named as a defendant, or if the court determines that the interests of the child and his or 11 her next friend are in conflict. The natural mother, each 12 man presumed to be the father under section 210.822, and 13 each man alleged to be the natural father, shall be made 14 15 parties or, if not subject to the jurisdiction of the court, shall be given notice of the action in a manner prescribed 16 17 by the court and an opportunity to be heard. The court may 18 align the parties.

211.211. 1. [A child is entitled to be represented by
counsel in all proceedings under subdivision (2) or (3) of
subsection 1 of section 211.031 and by a guardian ad litem
in all proceedings under subdivision (1) of subsection 1 of
section 211.031.

6 2.] (1) The court shall appoint counsel for a child 7 [prior to the filing of a petition if a request is made 8 therefor to the court and the court finds that the child is the subject of a juvenile court proceeding and that the 9 child making the request is indigent] in a delinquency, 10 11 child abuse or neglect, or termination of parental rights 12 proceeding that is conducted under this chapter. Counsel shall be appointed before the first hearing and shall 13 14 represent the child at all stages of the proceeding and, in 15 a protective custody proceeding, through permanency, including appeal. The child and the child's parent or 16 quardian shall not be represented by the same counsel. 17

When a petition has been filed under 18 **[**3. (1)subdivision (2) or (3) of subsection 1 of section 19 211.031, the court may appoint counsel for the child except if 20 21 private counsel has entered his or her appearance on behalf 22 of the child or if counsel has been waived in accordance 23 with law; except that, counsel shall not be waived for any 24 proceeding specified under subsection 10 of this section unless the child has had the opportunity to meaningfully 25 consult with counsel and the court has conducted a hearing 26 27 on the record.]

(2) If a parent or guardian is found to be indigent
and entitled to counsel, the juvenile court shall appoint
counsel unless counsel is knowingly, intelligently, and
voluntarily waived.

(3) If [a child waives his or her right to] counsel is
waived, such waiver shall be made in open court and be
recorded and in writing and shall be made knowingly,
intelligently, and voluntarily. In determining whether [a
child has] counsel is knowingly, intelligently, and
voluntarily waived [his or her right to counsel], the court

38 shall look to the totality of the circumstances [including, but not limited to, the child's age, intelligence, 39 40 background, and experience generally and in the court system specifically; the child's emotional stability; and the 41 complexity of the proceedings]. 42 43 [4.] 2. When a petition has been filed and the child's custodian appears before the court without counsel, the 44 court shall appoint counsel for the custodian if it finds: 45 That the custodian is indigent; and 46 (1)47 (2)That the custodian desires the appointment of counsel; and 48 That a full and fair hearing requires appointment 49 (3) of counsel for the custodian. 50 [5.] 3. Counsel shall be allowed a reasonable time in 51 which to prepare to represent his client. 52 53 [6.] **4**. Counsel shall serve for all stages of the proceedings, including appeal, unless relieved by the court 54 for good cause shown. If no appeal is taken, services of 55 56 counsel are terminated following the entry of an order of disposition. 57 58 [7. The child and his custodian may be represented by the same counsel except where a conflict of interest 59 exists. Where it appears to the court that a conflict 60 exists, it shall order that the child and his custodian be 61 represented by separate counsel, and it shall appoint 62 63 counsel if required by subsection 3 or 4 of this section. 64 8. When a petition has been filed, a child may waive his or her right to counsel only with the approval of the 65 court and if such waiver is not prohibited under subsection 66 10 of this section. If a child waives his or her right to 67 counsel for any proceeding except proceedings under 68 subsection 10 of this section, the waiver shall only apply 69

70 to that proceeding. In any subsequent proceeding, the child71 shall be informed of his or her right to counsel.

9.] 5. Waiver of counsel [by a child] may be withdrawn
at any stage of the proceeding, in which event the court
shall appoint counsel [for the child if] as required by
[subsection 3 of] this section.

76 [10.] 6. A child's right to be represented by counsel77 shall not be waived in any of the following proceedings:

78 (1) At any contested detention hearing under Missouri
79 supreme court rule 127.08 where the petitioner alleges that
80 the child violated any law that, if committed by an adult,
81 would be a felony unless an agreement is otherwise reached;

82 (2) At a certification hearing under section 211.071
83 or a dismissal hearing under Missouri supreme court rule
84 129.04;

85 (3) At an adjudication hearing under Missouri supreme
86 court rule 128.02 for any felony offense or at any detention
87 hearing arising from a misdemeanor or felony motion to
88 modify or revoke, including the acceptance of an admission;

89 (4) At a dispositional hearing under Missouri supreme90 court rule 128.03; [or]

91 (5) At a hearing on a motion to modify or revoke 92 supervision under subdivision (2) or (3) of subsection 1 of 93 section 211.031; or

94 (6) At a hearing that the court has appointed counsel
95 for a child under subdivision (1) of subsection 1 of this
96 section.

97 7. In all juvenile proceedings in which the protective 98 custody petition includes an allegation that the child is 99 abused or neglected, the court may appoint a guardian ad 100 litem to protect the child's best interest. The guardian ad 101 litem shall not be the child's counsel.

8. The Missouri supreme court shall establish
standards of practice for counsel and guardians ad litem who
are appointed under this section within six months of August
28, 2025.

9. Annually, the Missouri office of state courts
 administrator shall make available aggregate data on the
 number of children who have been appointed counsel under
 this section.

211.462. 1. In all actions to terminate parental
rights, [if not previously appointed pursuant to section
210.160,] counsel shall be appointed, as provided in section
211.211, and a guardian ad litem [shall] may be appointed,
for the child as soon as practicable after the filing of the
petition.

7 2. The parent or guardian of the person of the child shall be notified of the right to have counsel, and if they 8 9 request counsel and are financially unable to employ counsel, counsel shall be appointed by the court. Notice of 10 11 this provision shall be contained in the summons. When the 12 parent is a minor or incompetent the court shall appoint a guardian ad litem to represent such parent. 13

14 3. The guardian ad litem shall, during all stages of15 the proceedings:

16 (1) Be the legal representative [of the child] for the
17 child's best interests, and may examine, cross-examine,
18 subpoena witnesses and offer testimony. The guardian ad
19 litem may also initiate an appeal of any disposition that he
20 or she determines to be adverse to the best interests of the
21 child;

22 (2) Be an advocate for the [child] child's best
23 interests during the dispositional hearing and aid in
24 securing a permanent placement plan for the child. To

ascertain the child's wishes, feelings, attachments, and attitudes, he or she shall conduct all necessary interviews with persons, other than the parent, having contact with or knowledge of the child and, if appropriate, with the child;

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(3) Protect the rights, interest and welfare of a
minor or incompetent parent by exercising the powers and
duties enumerated in subdivisions (1) and (2) of this
subsection.

4. Court costs shall be paid by the county in which
the proceeding is instituted, except that the court may
require the agency or person having or receiving legal or
actual custody to pay the costs.

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