FIRST REGULAR SESSION

SENATE BILL NO. 47

103RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR TRENT.

KRISTINA MARTIN, Secretary

AN ACT

To amend supreme court rule 52.08, relating to class actions.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows: Section A. Supreme court rule 52.08 is amended, to read 2 as follows: 52.08. Class Actions 2 (a) Prerequisites [to a Class Action]. One or more 3 members of a class may sue or be sued as representative parties on behalf of all members only if: 4 5 (1) the class is so numerous that joinder of all members is impracticable[,]; 6 7 (2) there are questions of law or fact common to the class[,]; 8 (3) the claims or defenses of the representative 9 parties are typical of the claims or defenses of the 10 11 class[,]; and 12 (4) the representative parties will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the class. 13 (b) [Class Actions Maintainable] Types of Class 14 Actions. [An] A class action may be maintained [as a class 15 action if the prerequisites of subdivision (a) are] if Rule 16 17 52.08(a) is satisfied, and [in addition] if: (1) [the prosecution of] prosecuting separate actions 18 19 by or against individual **class** members [of the class] would create a risk of: 20

EXPLANATION-Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in this bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

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(A) inconsistent or varying adjudications with respect to individual class members [of the class which] that would establish incompatible standards of conduct for the party opposing the class[,]; or

(B) adjudications with respect to individual class members [of the class which would] that, as a practical matter, would be dispositive of the interests of the other members not parties to the individual adjudications or would substantially impair or impede their ability to protect their interests; [or]

(2) the party opposing the class has acted or refused to act on grounds that apply generally [applicable] to the class, [thereby making appropriate] so that final injunctive relief or corresponding declaratory relief [with respect to] is appropriate respecting the class as a whole; or

(3) the court finds that the questions of law or fact
common to [the members of the] class members predominate
over any questions affecting only individual members, and
that a class action is superior to other available methods
for [the fair and efficient adjudication of] fairly and
efficiently adjudicating the controversy. The matters
pertinent to [the] these findings include:

43 (A) [the interest of members of] the class member's
44 interests in individually controlling the prosecution or
45 defense of separate actions;

46 (B) the extent and nature of any litigation concerning
47 the controversy already [commenced] begun by or against
48 [members of the] class members;

49 (C) the desirability or undesirability of concentrating
50 the litigation of the claims in the particular forum; and
51 (D) the likely difficulties [likely to be encountered
52 in the management of] in managing a class action.

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(c) [Determination by Order Whether Class Action to Be
Maintained - Notice - Judgment - Actions Conducted Partially
as Class Actions] Certification Order - Notice to Class
Members - Judgment - Issues Classes - Subclasses.

57 (1) [As soon as practicable after the commencement of
58 an action brought as a class action] Certification Order.

(A) Time to Issue. At an early practicable time after a person sues or is sued as a class representative, the court shall determine by order whether [it is to be so maintained. An order under this Rule 52.08(c)(1) may be conditional and may be altered or amended before the decision on the merits] to certify the action as a class action.

(B) Defining the Class - Appointing Class Counsel. An
order that certifies a class action shall define the class
and the class claims, issues, or defenses, and shall appoint
class counsel under Rule 52.08(g).

(C) Altering or Amending the Order. An order that
grants or denies class certification may be altered or
amended before final judgment.

(D) Specific Findings. In its order, the court shall
 make specific findings and conclusions to support its
 decision.

75 (2) [In any class action maintained under Rule 76 52.08(b)(3), the court shall direct to the members of the 77 class the best notice practicable under the circumstances, 78 including individual notice to all members who can be 79 identified through reasonable effort. The notice shall advise each member that: (A) the court will exclude the 80 member from the class if requested by a specified date; (B) 81 82 the judgment, whether favorable or not, will include all members who do not request exclusion; and (C) any member who 83

84 does not request exclusion may, if desired, enter an 85 appearance through counsel.] Notice. 86 (A) For (b)(1) or (b)(2) Classes. For any class certified pursuant to Rule 52.08(b)(1) or Rule 52.08(b)(2), 87 the court may direct appropriate notice to the class. 88 89 (B) For (b) (3) Classes. For any class certified pursuant to Rule 52.08(b)(3), or upon ordering notice 90 91 pursuant to Rule 52.08(e)(1) to a class proposed to be 92 certified for purposes of settlement pursuant to Rule 93 52.08(b)(3), the court shall direct to class members the 94 best notice that is practicable under the circumstances, including individual notice to all members who can be 95 identified through reasonable effort. The notice may be by 96 97 one or more of the following: United States mail, electronic 98 means, or other appropriate means. The notice shall clearly 99 and concisely state in plain, easily understood language: 100 (i) the nature of the action; (ii) the definition of the class certified; 101 (iii) the class claims, issues, or defenses; 102 103 (iv) that a class member may enter an appearance 104 through an attorney if the member so desires; 105 (v) that the court will exclude from the class any 106 member who requests exclusion; 107 (vi) the time and manner for requesting exclusion; and (vii) the binding effect of a class judgment on members 108 109 pursuant to Rule 52.08(c)(3). (3) [The judgment in an action maintained as a class 110 action under Rule 52.08(b)(1) or Rule 52.08(b)(2), whether 111 or not favorable to the class, shall include and describe 112 113 those whom the court finds to be members of the class. The judgment in an action maintained as a class action under 114 Rule 52.08(b)(3), whether or not favorable to the class, 115

116 shall include and specify or describe those to whom the 117 notice provided in Rule 52.08(c)(2) was directed, and who 118 have not requested exclusion, and whom the court finds to be 119 members of the class.] Judgment. Whether or not favorable to 120 the class, the judgment in a class action shall:

(A) for any class certified pursuant to Rule
52.08(b)(1) or Rule 52.08(b)(2), include and describe whom
the court finds to be class members; and

(B) for any class certified under Rule 52.08(b)(3),
include and specify or describe those whom the notice
pursuant to Rule 52.08(c)(2) was directed, who have not
requested exclusion, and whom the court finds to be class
members.

(4) [When appropriate an action may be brought or 129 maintained as a class action with respect to particular 130 issues or a class may be divided into subclasses and each 131 132 subclass treated as a class, and the provisions of this Rule 52.08 shall then be construed and applied accordingly.] 133 134 Particular Issues. When appropriate, an action may be brought or maintained as a class action with respect to 135 136 particular issues.

(5) Subclasses. When appropriate, a class may be
divided into subclasses that are each treated as a class
under this Rule 52.08.

(d) [Orders in Conduct of Actions. In the conduct of
actions to which this Rule applies, the court may make
appropriate orders:] Conducting the Action.

(1) [determining] In General. In conducting an action
under this Rule 52.08, the court may issue orders that:

145 (A) determine the course of proceedings or
146 [prescribing] prescribe measures to prevent undue repetition

147 or complication in [the presentation of] presenting evidence 148 or argument;

[(2) requiring, for the protection of the members of 149 the class or otherwise for the fair conduct of the action, 150 151 that notice be given in such manner as the court may direct 152 to some or all of the members of any step in the action, or of the proposed extent of the judgment, or of the 153 154 opportunity of members to signify whether they consider the representation fair and adequate, to intervene and present 155 156 claims or defenses, or otherwise to come into the action;

157 (3) imposing] (B) require, to protect class members and
158 fairly conduct the action, giving appropriate notice to some
159 or all class members of:

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(i) any step in the action;

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(ii) the proposed extent of the judgment; or

(iii) the members' opportunity to signify whether they
consider the representation fair and adequate, to intervene
and present claims or defenses, or to otherwise come into
the action;

166 (C) impose conditions on the representative parties or 167 on intervenors;

168 [(4) requiring] (D) require that the pleadings be 169 amended to eliminate [therefrom] allegations [as to] about 170 representation of absent persons[,] and that the action 171 proceed accordingly;

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[(5) dealing] or

173 (E) deal with similar procedural matters. [The orders
174 may be combined with an order under Rule 62, and]

(2) Amending Orders. An order under Rule 52.08(d)(1)
may be altered or amended [as may be desirable] from time to
time.

178 (e) Settlement, Voluntary Dismissal or Compromise. [A 179 class action shall not be dismissed or compromised without 180 the approval of the court, and notice of the proposed dismissal or compromise shall be given to all members of the 181 class in such manner as the court directs.] The claims, 182 183 issues, or defenses of a certified class, or a class proposed to be certified for purposes of settlement, may be 184 185 settled, voluntarily dismissed, or compromised only with the 186 court's approval. The following procedures apply to a 187 proposed settlement, voluntary dismissal, or compromise: 188

(1) Notice to the Class.

(A) Information That Parties Shall Provide to the 189 Court. The parties shall provide the court with information 190 191 sufficient to enable it to determine whether to give notice 192 of the proposal to the class.

(B) Grounds for a Decision to Give Notice. The court 193 194 shall direct notice in a reasonable manner to all class members who would be bound by the proposal if giving notice 195 is justified by the parties' showing that the court will 196 197 likely be able to:

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(i) approve the proposal under Rule 52.08(e)(2); and

(ii) certify the class for purposes of judgment on the 199 200 proposal.

201 (2) Approval of the Proposal. If the proposal would 202 bind class members, the court may approve it only after a hearing and only on finding that it is fair, reasonable, and 203 204 adequate after considering whether:

205 (A) the class representatives and class counsel have 206 adequately represented the class;

207 (B) the proposal was negotiated at arm's length; 208 (C) the relief provided for the class is adequate, 209 taking into account:

(i) the costs, risks, and delay of trial and appeal;
(ii) the effectiveness of any proposed method of
distributing relief to the class, including the method of
processing class member claims;

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(iii) the terms of any proposed award of attorney's
fees, including timing of payment; and

216 (iv) any agreement required to be identified pursuant 217 to Rule 52.08(e)(3); and

(D) the proposal treats class members equitablyrelative to each other.

(3) Identifying Agreements. The parties seeking
 approval shall file a statement identifying any agreement
 made in connection with the proposal.

(4) New Opportunity to be Excluded. If the class action was previously certified pursuant to Rule 52.08(b)(3), the court may refuse to approve a settlement unless it affords a new opportunity to request exclusion to individual class members who had an earlier opportunity to request exclusion but did not do so.

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(5) Class Member Objections.

(A) In General. Any class member may object to the
proposal if it requires court approval under this Rule
52.08(e). The objection shall state whether it applies only
to the objector, to a specific subset of the class, or to
the entire class, and also state with specificity the
grounds for the objection.

(B) Court Approval Required for Payment in Connection
with an Objection. Unless approved by the court after a
hearing, no payment or other consideration shall be provided
in connection with:

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(i) forgoing or withdrawing an objection; or

(ii) forgoing, dismissing, or abandoning an appeal from 241 242 a judgment approving the proposal. 243 (f) Appeals. An appellate court [may] shall permit an appeal from an order of a circuit court granting or denying 244 class action certification under this Rule 52.08 [if a 245 246 petition is timely filed as provided in Rule 84.035. The filing of a petition], but not from an order pursuant to 247 248 Rule 52.08(e)(1). An appeal shall not stay the proceedings 249 in the trial court unless the trial judge or the appellate 250 court so orders. (g) Class Counsel. 251 (1) Appointing Class Counsel. Unless a statute provides 252 otherwise, a court that certifies a class shall appoint 253 254 class counsel. In appointing class counsel, the court: 255 (A) shall consider: 256 (i) the work counsel has done in identifying or 257 investigating potential claims in the action; 258 (ii) counsel's experience in handling class actions, other complex litigation, and the types of claims asserted 259 260 in the action; 261 (iii) counsel's knowledge of the applicable law; and (iv) the resources that counsel will commit to 262 263 representing the class; 264 (B) may consider any other matter pertinent to 265 counsel's ability to fairly and adequately represent the interests of the class; 266 (C) may order potential class counsel to provide 267 information on any subject pertinent to the appointment and 268 to propose terms for attorney's fees and nontaxable costs; 269

(D) may include in the appointing order provisions
about the award of attorney's fees or nontaxable costs
pursuant to Rule 52.08(h); and

(E) may make further orders in connection with theappointment.

(2) Standard for Appointing Class Counsel. When one applicant seeks appointment as class counsel, the court may appoint that applicant only if the applicant is adequate pursuant to Rule 52.08(g)(1) and Rule 52.08(g)(4). If more than one adequate applicant seeks appointment, the court shall appoint the applicant best able to represent the interests of the class.

(3) Interim Counsel. The court may designate interim
counsel to act on behalf of a putative class before
determining whether to certify the action as a class action.

285 (4) Duty of Class Counsel. Class counsel shall fairly
 286 and adequately represent the interests of the class.

(h) Attorney's Fees and Nontaxable Costs. In a
certified class action, the court may award reasonable
attorney's fees and nontaxable costs that are authorized by
law or by the parties' agreement. The following procedures
apply:

(1) A claim for an award shall be made by motion at a
time the court sets. Notice of the motion shall be served on
all parties and, for motions by class counsel, directed to
class members in a reasonable manner.

296 (2) A class member, or a party from whom payment is
 297 sought, may object to the motion.

(3) The court may hold a hearing and shall find thefacts and state its legal conclusions.

300 (4) The court may refer issues related to the amount of301 the award to a special master.

302 (i) Legal Standard - Burden of Proof. The party seeking
 303 class certification has the burden of proving every
 304 requirement of this Rule 52.08 by a preponderance of the

305 evidence. The court shall not err in favor of certification, 306 but shall be satisfied, based on a rigorous analysis, that 307 the requirements of this Rule 52.08 have been met. This Rule 308 52.08 shall not be satisfied in whole or in part based on 309 allegations in the petition.

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