## FIRST REGULAR SESSION

## SENATE BILL NO. 55

## 103RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR COLEMAN.

0104S.01I KRISTINA MARTIN, Secretary

## **AN ACT**

To repeal section 163.048, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof one new section relating to performance enhancing drugs in student athletics.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

- Section A. Section 163.048, RSMo, is repealed and one new
- 2 section enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as section 163.048,
- 3 to read as follows:
  - 163.048. 1. As used in this section, the following
- 2 terms mean:
- 3 (1) "Athletics", any interscholastic athletic games,
- 4 contests, programs, activities, exhibitions, or other
- 5 similar competitions organized and provided for students;
- 6 (2) "Sex", the two main categories of male and female
- 7 into which individuals are divided based on an individual's
- 8 reproductive biology at birth and the individual's genome.
- 9 2. (1) The general assembly hereby finds the
- 10 following:
- 11 (a) A noticeable disparity continues between the
- 12 athletics participation rates of students who are male and
- 13 students who are female; and
- 14 (b) Courts have recognized that classification by sex
- 15 is the only feasible classification to promote the
- 16 governmental interest of providing opportunities for
- 17 athletics for females.

EXPLANATION-Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in this bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

SB 55

33

3435

36

37

38

39

40

41

42

43

44

45

- 18 (2) The general assembly hereby declares that it is 19 the public policy of this state to further the governmental 20 interest of ensuring that sufficient opportunities for 21 athletics remain available for females to remedy past 22 discrimination on the basis of sex.
- 23 (1) Except as provided under subdivision (2) of this subsection, no private school, public school district, 24 public charter school, or public or private institution of 25 postsecondary education shall allow any student to compete 26 27 in an athletics competition that is designated for the biological sex opposite to the student's biological sex as 28 correctly stated on the student's official birth certificate 29 as described in subsection [4] 5 of this section or, if the 30 student's official birth certificate is unobtainable, 31 another government record. 32
  - (2) A private school, public school, public charter school, or public or private institution of postsecondary education may allow a female student to compete in an athletics competition that is designated for male students if no corresponding athletics competition designated for female students is offered or available.
  - 4. No private school, public school, public charter school, public school district, or public or private institution of postsecondary education shall be a member of, or remit any funds to, any statewide athletic activities association or national intercollegiate athletics organization that allows student athletes to use performance enhancing drugs.
- 5. For purposes of this section, a statement of astudent's biological sex on the student's official birthcertificate or another government record shall be deemed to

SB 55

have correctly stated the student's biological sex only if the statement was:

- 51 (1) Entered at or near the time of the student's 52 birth; or
- 53 (2) Modified to correct any scrivener's error in the 54 student's biological sex.
- 55 [5.] 6. A private school, public school district, 56 public charter school, or public or private institution of 57 postsecondary education that violates subdivision (1) of 58 subsection 3 of this section or subsection 4 of this section 59 shall not receive any state aid under this chapter or 60 chapter 173 or any other revenues from the state.
- [6.] 7. The parent or guardian of any student, or any 61 student who is over eighteen years of age, who is deprived 62 of an athletic opportunity as a result of a violation of 63 64 this section shall have a cause of action for injunctive or other equitable relief, as well as payment of reasonable 65 attorney's fees, costs, and expenses of the parent, 66 quardian, or student. The relief and remedies set forth 67 shall not be deemed exclusive and shall be in addition to 68 any other relief or remedies permitted by law. 69
- 70 The department of elementary and secondary education and the department of higher education and 71 72 workforce development shall each promulgate all necessary 73 rules and regulations for the implementation and 74 administration of this section. Such rules and regulations 75 shall ensure compliance with state and federal law regarding the confidentiality of student medical information. Any 76 rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in 77 section 536.010, that is created under the authority 78 79 delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of 80

SB 55 4

chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. 81 82 section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the 83 powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove 84 and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, 85 86 then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2023, shall be invalid and void. 87 [8.] 9. The provisions of this section shall expire on 88 89 August 28, 2027. [9.] 10. If any provision of this section or the 90 91 application thereof to anyone or to any circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of this section and the application 92 of such provisions to others or other circumstances shall 93 94 not be affected thereby.

✓