## SENATE BILL NO. 615

## 103RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR FITZWATER.

0721S.01I KRISTINA MARTIN, Secretary

## **AN ACT**

To amend chapter 436, RSMo, by adding thereto one new section relating to construction contracts.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Chapter 436, RSMo, is amended by adding thereto

- 2 one new section, to be known as section 436.290, to read as
- 3 follows:
  - 436.290. 1. As used in this section, unless the
- 2 context clearly requires otherwise, the following terms mean:
- 3 (1) "Construction contract", a written or oral
- 4 agreement between:
- 5 (a) An owner and a contractor or supplier;
- 6 (b) A contractor and a subcontractor or supplier;
- 7 (c) A subcontractor and a sub-subcontractor or
- 8 supplier; or
- 9 (d) A sub-subcontractor and a sub-sub-subcontractor or
- 10 supplier at whatever tier;
- 11 for construction, reconstruction, renovation, remodeling,
- 12 alteration, maintenance, repair, moving, design, excavation,
- 13 or demolition, and which is intended to be used for
- 14 nongovernmental purposes, of any Missouri real property,
- 15 buildings, structures, improvements, private roads,
- 16 highways, streets, bridges, viaducts, shafts, wells, water
- 17 or sewer systems, gas or other distribution systems,

18 pipelines, appurtenances, or appliances, including any

- 19 demolition, moving, or excavation connected therewith. The
- 20 term "construction contract" shall include the furnishing of
- 21 surveying, design, engineering, development, supervision,
- 22 testing, observation, development, planning, or management
- 23 services, or any labor, materials, supplies, tools,
- 24 equipment, and services performed, provided, furnished,
- 25 supplied, or rendered in connection with such work;
- 26 (2) "Contractor", any person, firm, partnership,
- 27 corporation, limited liability company, joint venture,
- 28 association, entity, or other organization, or any
- 29 combination thereof, that has a contract with an owner to
- 30 perform, provide, furnish, supply, or render work under a
- 31 construction contract;
- 32 (3) "Owner", any person, firm, partnership,
- 33 corporation, limited liability company, joint venture,
- 34 association, entity, or other organization, or any
- 35 combination thereof, that has a construction contract with a
- 36 contractor, whether the interest or estate of the person is
- in fee, as vendee under a contract to purchase, as lessee,
- 38 or another interest or estate less than fee;
- 39 (4) "Subcontractor", any person, firm, partnership,
- 40 corporation, limited liability company, joint venture,
- 41 association, entity, or other organization, or any
- 42 combination thereof, that has a contract with a contractor
- 43 or another subcontractor at any tier to perform, provide,
- 44 furnish, supply, or render a portion of the work under a
- 45 construction contract;
- 46 (5) "Work", the labor, materials, supplies, tools,
- 47 equipment, and services, including design services, to be
- 48 performed, provided, furnished, supplied, or rendered by a
- 49 contractor or subcontractor under a construction contract.

2. The rights and duties prescribed and recognized by this section shall not be waivable or diminished under the terms of a contract or other agreement. The terms of any contract or agreement purporting to waive or diminish the rights and duties prescribed or recognized by this section shall be void and wholly unenforceable, and in violation of the public policy of this state.

- 3. The following agreements, provisions, covenants, clauses, or understandings are against this state's public policy and are void and wholly unenforceable:
  - (1) An agreement, provision, covenant, clause, or understanding in, collateral to, implied in, or affecting a construction contract stating that a party to the construction contract may withhold payment to another party to the construction contract for either an amount in excess of the amount in dispute or for claims one party has against another party relating to or arising out of another contract, agreement, or incident between those parties;
    - (2) An agreement, provision, covenant, clause, or understanding in, collateral to, implied in, or affecting a construction contract stating that a party to the construction contract cannot suspend performance under the construction contract or terminate the construction contract if another party to the construction contract fails to make prompt payments pursuant to the terms of the construction contract;
  - (3) An agreement, provision, covenant, clause, or understanding in, collateral to, implied in, or affecting a construction contract requiring a party to the construction contract to continue work or to continue to supply, furnish, or provide materials, labor, or services if that party is not paid pursuant to terms of the construction contract;

SB 615 4

82

83

84

85

86

87

88

89

90

91

92

93

94

95

96 97

98

- (4) An agreement, provision, covenant, clause, or understanding in, collateral to, implied in, or affecting a construction contract requiring one party to a construction contract to perform, provide, or furnish extra or additional construction work not included in the original scope of work of that person's construction contract without an agreement made and entered into before performing, providing, or furnishing the extra or additional work regarding the amount to be paid or the methodology for determining the amount to be paid for such extra or additional construction work;
  - (5) An agreement, provision, covenant, clause, or understanding in, collateral to, implied in, or affecting a construction contract requiring one party to a construction contract to waive or release any rights it has under the construction contract or rights it has by operation of law to recover any amount in dispute as a condition for receiving payment of an amount not in dispute;
- 99 (6) An agreement, provision, covenant, clause, or 100 understanding in, collateral to, implied in, or affecting a 101 construction contract permitting, allowing, or authorizing 102 one party to take any of the following adverse actions:
  - (a) Terminate or suspend the construction contract;
- 104 (b) Withhold, deduct, back charge, setoff, or redirect 105 payments otherwise due to another party to the construction 106 contract;
- 107 (c) Take possession of equipment, materials,
  108 appliances, property, or tools of another party to the
  109 construction contract;
- 110 (d) Take over and finish the work of another party to 111 the construction contract; or
- 112 (e) Take any other action detrimental to another party
  113 for any reason without first giving written notice of the

adverse action to the party against whom the adverse action will be taken and stating with particularity what actions need to be taken to cure the breach, defect, or deficiency serving as the basis for taking the adverse action and giving a reasonable opportunity to cure the same;

- (7) An agreement, provision, covenant, clause, or understanding in, collateral to, implied in, or affecting a construction contract making the construction contract subject to the laws of another state or that requires any litigation, arbitration, or other dispute resolution proceeding arising from the construction contract to be conducted in another state; and
- (8) An agreement, provision, covenant, clause, or understanding in, collateral to, implied in, or affecting a construction contract stating the payment by the owner to the contractor, or the payment by the contractor to a subcontractor or supplier, or the payment by a subcontractor to a sub-subcontractor or supplier at any tier, is a condition precedent for payment to either the subcontractor, sub-subcontractor, or supplier at whatever tier who has performed in accordance with the terms of its construction contract.
- 4. (1) In any construction contract between an owner and a contractor, the parties shall include a provision that requires the owner to pay the contractor within forty days after receipt of an invoice or pay application following satisfactory completion of the portion of the work for which the contractor has sought payment. Any construction contract that does not contain such a provision shall be deemed to include such provision notwithstanding any language to the contract documents incorporated therein or

**SB 615** 6

otherwise governing the construction contract. An owner
shall not be required to pay amounts invoiced or subject to
a contractor's pay application to the extent they are
subject to withholding under the contractor's construction
contract with the owner due to the contractor's material
noncompliance with the terms of the construction contract.

The amount withheld shall not exceed the reasonable value of

- the work in material noncompliance with the terms of the construction contract.
- 155 (2) If an owner intends to withhold all or part of the
  156 amount invoiced by or subject to the contractor's pay
  157 application, the owner shall give notice to the contractor
  158 in writing of its intention to withhold all or part of the
  159 contractor's payment. Such notice shall be given within
  160 fifteen days after the owner receives the contractor's
  161 invoice or pay application and shall provide:
- 162 (a) The amount the owner intends to withhold;

166

167

168169

170

171

172173

174

175

176

- 163 (b) The specific reasons why the owner intends to
  164 withhold payment identifying the work that is believed to be
  165 materially noncompliant;
  - (c) The name of the party and trade responsible for the noncompliant work with sufficient information to allow the contractor to determine which, if any, subcontractor, or supplier may be responsible for the materially noncompliant work; and
  - (d) The extent or percentage of the amount withheld, apportioned between all parties and trades, if more than one, believed to be ultimately responsible for the materially noncompliant work. Any notice that fails to reasonably apportion responsibility between or among multiple parties and trades shall be deemed to be void and ineffective.

186

187

188

189

190

191

192

193

194

195

196

197

198

199

200

201

202

203

204

205

206

207

208

209

178 Failure by the owner to give the notice within fifteen days 179 after the owner receives the contractor's invoice or pay 180 application shall be deemed to be acceptance of the 181 contractor's pay application in full, subject only to the 182 owner's right to claim later that materially noncompliant 183 work was subsequently discovered and that such work was not reasonably discoverable prior to the date for giving such 184 185 notice.

- 5. (1) In any construction contract between a contractor and a subcontractor, the parties shall include a provision that requires the contractor to pay the subcontractor within seven days after receipt of payment from the owner for the subcontractor's work. construction contract that does not contain such a provision shall be deemed to include such provision notwithstanding any language to the contrary contained in the construction contract or other contract documents incorporated therein or otherwise governing the construction contract. Within two business days after receipt of payment from the owner for one or more subcontractors' work, the contractor shall notify each subcontractor in writing, or electronically, of the amount of payment received by the contractor for such subcontractor's work. The contractor shall within seven days of receipt of funds from the owner remit to each subcontractor its full share of the sum received by the contractor from the owner for the subcontractor's work. funds received by the contractor from the owner for a subcontractor's work that the owner does not intend to pay to the subcontractor shall promptly be returned to the owner.
- (2) If an owner withholds all or part of the amount invoiced by, or subject to, the contractor's pay application or gives notice of its intent to do so as provided in

subsection 4 of this section, the contractor shall within seven days after receipt of such information or notice, provide a copy of the notice or information to each subcontractor affected thereby. The failure by the contractor to give such notice or information to the subcontractor, within seven days after receipt of such notice or information from the owner, shall be deemed to be acceptance by the contractor of the subcontractor's invoice or pay application, subject only to the contractor's right to claim later that materially noncompliant work was subsequently discovered and that such work was not reasonably discoverable prior to the date for giving the notice or information. 

- (3) Partial payment by the owner to the contractor shall not be a basis for the contractor to withhold more from the subcontractor than the owner withheld from the contractor for the subcontractor's work. The contractor shall not withhold from the subcontractor any more than the owner identifies as the responsibility of the subcontractor.
- (4) A sub-subcontractor or supplier shall have the same rights and responsibilities in relation to its subcontractor as the subcontractor has to its contractor.
- (5) All rights and responsibilities shall flow down to all parties in the construction contract chain no matter the tier. A lower tier subcontractor or supplier, at whatever tier, shall have the same rights and responsibilities in relationship to the party with whom it has a construction contract as that party has with another party with whom it has a construction contract, including, but not limited to, the following construction contract chains:

**SB 615** 9

243

244

245

246247

248

249

250

251

252

253

254

255

256

257

258

259

260

- 240 (a) A subcontractor to a contractor shall have the 241 same rights and responsibilities as to the contractor as the 242 contractor has in its relationship with the owner;
  - (b) A supplier to a subcontractor shall have the same rights and responsibilities as to the subcontractor as the subcontractor has in its relationship with the contractor; and
  - (c) A supplier to a contractor shall have the same rights and responsibilities as to the contractor as the contractor has in its relationship with the owner.
    - 6. The provisions of this section shall not apply to the repair or remodeling of, or the addition to any owner-occupied residential property of four units or less where the owner currently occupies, or intends to occupy and does occupy as a residence within a reasonable time after the completion of the repair, remodeling, or addition which is the subject of the construction contract.
    - 7. The provisions of this section shall apply only to construction contracts and other agreements, provisions, covenants, clauses, or understandings entered into on or after August 28, 2025.

 $\checkmark$