COMMITTEE ON LEGISLATIVE RESEARCH **OVERSIGHT DIVISION**

FISCAL NOTE

L.R. No.: 0374-01 Bill No.: SB 57

Subject: Transportation Department; Roads and Highways

Original Type:

February 9, 2009 Date:

Bill Summary: This proposal imposes various billboard standards to billboards adjacent to

Interstate 70 and Interstate 44 during periods of interstate construction.

FISCAL SUMMARY

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON GENERAL REVENUE FUND				
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2010	FY 2011	FY 2012	
Total Estimated Net Effect on General Revenue Fund	\$0	\$0	\$0	

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON OTHER STATE FUNDS				
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2010	FY 2011	FY 2012	
Total Estimated Net Effect on <u>Other</u> State Funds	\$0	\$0	\$0	

Numbers within parentheses: () indicate costs or losses.

This fiscal note contains 6 pages.

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ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON FEDERAL FUNDS				
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2010	FY 2011	FY 2012	
Total Estimated Net Effect on <u>All</u> Federal Funds	\$0	\$0	\$0	

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON FULL TIME EQUIVALENT (FTE)				
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2010	FY 2011	FY 2012	
Total Estimated Net Effect on FTE	0	0	0	

[☐] Estimated Total Net Effect on All funds expected to exceed \$100,000 savings or (cost).

□ Estimated Net Effect on General Revenue Fund expected to exceed \$100,000 (cost).

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON LOCAL FUNDS				
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2010	FY 2011	FY 2012	
Local Government	\$0	\$0	\$0	

FISCAL ANALYSIS

ASSUMPTION

Officials at the **Missouri Department of Transportation** assume no fiscal impact from this legislation because we do not believe any saving would be realized until the start of the project and we do not have a time frame for the reconstruction.

However the following savings would be recognized if construction were to occur:

Since the department has not relocated or reset billboards there is no statistical data that is readily available to estimate the cost to reset. Thus an assumption is made with input from an industry representative that it would cost approximately 25% of the billboards value to reset the billboard in actual cost. While it is highly unlikely, but for the purposes of this fiscal note it is assumed that no condemnation action will be necessary to acquire billboards when using the traditional method of acquisition.

The current inventory of billboards along I-70 and I-44 is 2,189 billboards, if 50% are impacted the total billboards impacted would equal 1,095. If 70% were reset the total reset billboards would equal 767. This leaves 328 billboards that would be acquired under the traditional method. It is estimated that the average value of a billboard structure is \$150,000. Using the industry estimate of 25% of the value as an actual cost to reset. The average cost per billboard to reset would be \$37,500.

It must be noted that the traditional method of purchase allows for salvage of the structure. Salvage values vary by structure; however using the industry's estimates the average salvage values should amount to approximately 50% of the billboards value. Salvage values are typically negotiated and often result in a reduction in salvage value thus a salvage value for the purpose of this exercise will be applied at 25%. An assumption will be made that all billboards acquired using the traditional method will be salvaged by the billboard owner.

Using the above estimates and assumptions the calculations below will show what is estimated as the net fiscal impact to the department:

Under this legislation

767 billboards x \$37,500 (actual reset cost) =\$28,762,500
328 billboards x \$150,000 - \$37,500 (salvage value) = \$112,500 =\$36,900,000 total cost =\$65,662,500

versus

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ASSUMPTION (continued)

Traditional method of acquisition/salvage

1,095 billboards x \$150,000 - \$37,500 (salvage value) = \$112,500 = \$123,187,500 Potential Net Savings = \$57,525,000

These calculations indicate that an estimated \$57,525,000 could be saved under this legislation.

Officials at the **St. Louis County** assume that there is no fiscal impact from this proposal.

Officials at the **City of Kansas City** assume it is impossible to calculate the impact at this time. If would depend on the amount of MoDOT construction in any given year.

Oversight assumes there is no impact from this legislation as there is currently no reconstruction occurring on I-70 or I-44. Oversight assumes that local governments can change their code provisions bringing them in line with state policy and therefore reducing any costs associated with this policy.

FISCAL IMPACT - State Government	FY 2010 (10 Mo.)	FY 2011	FY 2012
	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
FISCAL IMPACT - Local Government	FY 2010 (10 Mo.)	FY 2011	FY 2012
	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>

FISCAL IMPACT - Small Business

Possibly if the billboard would have to be acquired and could not be reset. The impact to a small business that owns or leases billboards along I-70 and/or I-44 potentially could be that they might lose billboard inventory and/or revenue. These statutory changes are no more biased against small businesses than large businesses.

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FISCAL DESCRIPTION

Under this act, on the date the commission approves funding for any phase or portion of construction or reconstruction of Interstate 70 or Interstate 44, the rules in effect for outdoor advertising on August 27, 1999, shall be reinstated for that section of highway scheduled for construction and there shall immediately be a moratorium imposed on the issuance of state sign permits for new sign structures.

Owners of existing signs which meet the requirements for outdoor advertising in effect on August 27, 1999, and the requirements of the federal/state agreement and who voluntarily execute a partial waiver and reset agreement may reset such signs on the same or adjoining property. Such reset agreements shall be contingent upon obtaining any required local approval to reset the sign structure. Any sign which has been reset must still comply with the August 27, 1999 outdoor advertising regulations after it has been reset.

Owners of existing signs who elect to reset qualifying signs shall receive compensation representing the actual cost to reset the existing sign. Signs which have been reset under the act must be reconstructed of the same type materials and may not exceed the square footage of the original sign structure.

Sign owners may elect to reset existing qualifying signs by executing a partial waiver and reset agreement with the commission.

Upon the completion of construction on any section of Interstate 70 or Interstate 44, the moratorium on new permits shall be lifted and the rules for outdoor advertising in effect on the date the construction is completed shall apply to such section of highway.

Local zoning authorities may prohibit the resetting of qualifying signs which fail to comply with local regulations, but local authorities which choose to prohibit such resetting shall reimburse the commission the cost to condemn such signs less the cost to reset the sign under the act.

This legislation is not federally mandated, would not duplicate any other program and would not require additional capital improvements or rental space.

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SOURCES OF INFORMATION

Missouri Department of Transportation St. Louis County City of Kansas City

Not Responding
City of Columbia
City of St. Louis
Boone County
Jackson County

Mickey Wilson, CPA

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Director

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