

COMMITTEE ON LEGISLATIVE RESEARCH
OVERSIGHT DIVISION

FISCAL NOTE

L.R. No.: 0137-03
Bill No.: Perfected SS for SCS for SB 115
Subject: Revenue Department; Taxation and Revenue - Income
Type: Original
Date: February 25, 2015

Bill Summary: This proposal would allow taxpayers to seek a refund after the statute of limitations has passed if the taxpayer amends their federal return or the federal Internal Revenue Service changes the taxpayer's federal return.

FISCAL SUMMARY

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON GENERAL REVENUE FUND			
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018
General Revenue	(More than \$100,700)	(Unknown)	(Unknown)
Total Estimated Net Effect on General Revenue	(More than \$100,700)	(Unknown)	(Unknown)

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON OTHER STATE FUNDS			
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018
Total Estimated Net Effect on <u>Other</u> State Funds	\$0	\$0	\$0

Numbers within parentheses: () indicate costs or losses.

This fiscal note contains 7 pages.

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON FEDERAL FUNDS			
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018
Total Estimated Net Effect on <u>All</u> Federal Funds	\$0	\$0	\$0

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON FULL TIME EQUIVALENT (FTE)			
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018
Total Estimated Net Effect on FTE	0	0	0

Estimated Net Effect (expenditures or reduced revenues) expected to exceed \$100,000 in any of the three fiscal years after implementation of the act.

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON LOCAL FUNDS			
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018
Local Government	\$0	\$0	\$0

FISCAL ANALYSIS

ASSUMPTION

Section 143.801, RSMo. - Credits and Refunds

Changes to this provision would allow a taxpayer to claim a credit or refund for overpayment of income taxes after the statute of limitations for making a claim has expired, if the taxpayer files an amended federal return or if the federal Internal Revenue Service changes the taxpayer's federal return after such time has expired.

Officials from the **Office of Administration - Division of Budget and Planning** assume this proposal could reduce Total State Revenues and General Revenue but would not have an impact on the calculation of excess revenue under Section 18(e) of the state constitution.

Officials from the **Department of Revenue (DOR)** assume this legislation could result in additional refunds.

Fiscal impact

DOR officials assume the proposed language could result in a reduction to Total State Revenue but did not provide an estimate of the number or amount of additional refunds which could be allowed.

In response to a previous version of this proposal, DOR officials stated they anticipated some additional refunds from this proposal but assumed the number of refunds which had been disallowed due to the statute of limitations but would then be allowed after the taxpayer filed an amended federal return would be minimal.

Oversight notes the proposal would require DOR to create a process to allow a taxpayer to claim refunds and credits which can not be claimed under current statute of limitations provisions. That process would become available if the taxpayer files an amended federal return, or the Internal Revenue Service changes the taxpayer's federal return and the changes would make the taxpayer be eligible for a credit or refund.

ASSUMPTION (continued)

Administrative Impact

DOR officials assumed Personal Tax would require two additional Revenue Processing Technicians I for returns processed and error correction, and Corporate Tax would require one additional Revenue Processing Technician I for correspondence, and programming time to develop and install new notices and notice messages. In addition, Collections & Tax Assistance (CATA) would require two additional Tax Collection Technicians I for calls to the delinquent and non-delinquent call centers. These personnel would require CARES equipment and licenses. Finally, Withholding Tax would require one additional Revenue Processing Technician I for correspondence.

The DOR estimate of cost to implement this proposal including six additional employees, benefits, equipment, and expense, totaled \$245,770 for FY 2016, \$252,257 for FY 2017, and \$254,882 for FY 2018.

Oversight notes that DOR officials have stated they expected a minimal number of additional refunds would be allowed by this proposal and assumes DOR could implement this proposal with existing resources. If an unanticipated additional workload is created by this proposal or if multiple proposals are implemented which increase the DOR workload, additional resources could be requested through the budget process.

IT impact

DOR officials also provided an estimate of the IT cost to implement this proposal of \$100,700 for 1,343 hours of contractor programming at \$75 per hour.

Oversight will include the DOR estimate of IT cost in this fiscal note.

ASSUMPTION (continued)

Officials from the **Office of the Secretary of State (SOS)** stated that many bills considered by the General Assembly include provisions allowing or requiring agencies to submit rules and regulations to implement the act. The SOS is provided with core funding to handle a certain amount of normal activity resulting from each year's legislative session. The fiscal impact for this fiscal note to the Secretary of State's Office for Administrative Rules is less than \$2,500. The SOS recognizes this is a small amount and does not expect additional funding would be required to meet these costs. However, we also recognize that many such bills may be passed by the General Assembly in a given year and collectively the costs may be in excess of what our office can sustain with our core budget. Therefore, we reserve the right to request funding for the cost of supporting administrative rules requirements should the need arise, based on a review of the finally approved bills signed by the governor.

Officials from the **Joint Committee on Administrative Rules** assume this proposal would not have a fiscal impact to their organization in excess of existing resources.

Officials from the **Department of Economic Development** and the **Department of Insurance, Financial Institutions, and Professional Registration** assume this proposal would not have a fiscal impact to their organizations.

<u>FISCAL IMPACT - State Government</u>	FY 2016 (10 Mo.)	FY 2017	FY 2018
GENERAL REVENUE FUND			
<u>Cost - Department of Revenue</u>			
IT cost	(\$100,700)	\$0	\$0
<u>Revenue reduction</u>			
Refunds			
Section 143.801	<u>(Unknown)</u>	<u>(Unknown)</u>	<u>(Unknown)</u>
ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON GENERAL REVENUE FUND	<u>(More than \$100,700)</u>	<u>(Unknown)</u>	<u>(Unknown)</u>

<u>FISCAL IMPACT - Local Government</u>	FY 2016 (10 Mo.)	FY 2017	FY 2018
	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>

FISCAL IMPACT - Small Business

A small business could receive a tax credit or refund which was previously unavailable due to the statute of limitations, if this proposal is implemented.

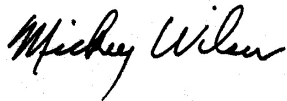
FISCAL DESCRIPTION

This proposal would allow a taxpayer to claim a credit or refund of an income tax overpayment which was otherwise disallowed due to the statute of limitations, if the taxpayer files an amended federal return or the federal Internal Revenue Services changes the taxpayer's federal return and the changes would make the taxpayer eligible for a tax refund or tax credit.

This legislation is not federally mandated, would not duplicate any other program and would not require additional capital improvements or rental space.

SOURCES OF INFORMATION

Office of the Secretary of State
Joint Committee on Administrative Rules
Office of Administration
 Division of Budget and Planning
Department of Economic Development
Department of Insurance, Financial Institutions, and
 Professional Registration
Department of Revenue



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