COMMITTEE ON LEGISLATIVE RESEARCH OVERSIGHT DIVISION

FISCAL NOTE

<u>L.R. No.</u>: 0050-01 Bill No.: SB 9

Subject: Agriculture and Animals; Agriculture Department; Crimes and Punishment;

Drugs and Controlled Substances; Highway Patrol; Licenses - Miscellaneous

Type: Original

<u>Date</u>: January 10, 2017

Bill Summary: This proposal allows those licensed by the Department of Agriculture to

grow and handle industrial hemp.

FISCAL SUMMARY

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON GENERAL REVENUE FUND						
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	Fully Implemented (FY 2023)		
General Revenue	(\$60,000)	(\$3,051)	(\$814)	\$6,451		
Total Estimated Net Effect on General Revenue	(\$60,000)	(\$3,051)	(\$814)	\$6,451		

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON OTHER STATE FUNDS						
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	Fully Implemented (FY 2023)		
Agriculture Protection Fund	\$9,394	(\$3,227)	(\$4,229)	(\$7,339)		
Total Estimated Net Effect on <u>Other</u> State Funds	\$9,394	(\$3,227)	(\$4,229)	(\$7,339)		

Numbers within parentheses: () indicate costs or losses. This fiscal note contains 9 pages.

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ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON FEDERAL FUNDS						
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	Fully Implemented (FY 2023)		
Total Estimated Net Effect on <u>All</u> Federal Funds	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0		

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON FULL TIME EQUIVALENT (FTE)						
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	Fully Implemented (FY 2023)		
Agriculture Protection Fund (0970)	1	1	1	1		
Total Estimated Net Effect on FTE	1	1	1	1		

[☐] Estimated Net Effect (expenditures or reduced revenues) expected to exceed \$100,000 in any of the three fiscal years after implementation of the act.

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON LOCAL FUNDS					
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	Fully Implemented (FY 2023)	
Local Government	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	

FISCAL ANALYSIS

ASSUMPTION

Officials at the **Department of Public Safety - Highway Patrol** assume this proposal could have a negative fiscal impact on their organization.

§195.603 Based off of information obtained from the state of Oregon, the Missouri Department of Agriculture has indicated that 15 applicants may apply for licensure under this authority. Due to the limited number of potential applicants that would undergo a state and federal fingerprint-based background check with the passage of this legislation, there would be a minimal fiscal impact to the Criminal Justice Information Services Division (CJIS) of the Highway Patrol.

The cost for a fingerprint-based background check, to include state and federal, open and closed records, is \$40.30. Twenty dollars for the state fingerprint check, \$12 for the federal check, and an \$8.30 charge for the electronic fingerprint option used through a third-party vendor (\$20 + 12 + 8.30 = \$40.30). Of this amount, the state retains the \$20 fee and \$2 of the federal charge of \$12 for a pass-thru fee. The \$8.30 charge is paid directly to the vendor at the time of application. Therefore, the amount deposited into the Criminal Records fund would be \$330 (15 x \$22)

Oversight will not show a fiscal impact to the Criminal Records fund for a total of \$150 each fiscal year for the cost of the federal background check nor the \$480 in revenue per fiscal year for background checks because the net positive impact of \$330 each fiscal year is insignificant.

§195.603.8 The Highway Patrol would develop an interface between the Highway Patrol and the Department of Agriculture to receive the information and then develope a database to store and retrieve the information. The work will be completed by the state's computerized criminal history vendor, Computer Projects of Illinois (CPI), because the systems affected are components of a commercial system bought by the Highway Patrol. CPI estimates a total of 600 (80 + 120 + 70 + 100 + 90 + 80 + 60) hours of combined work @ \$100 per hour for a total price of \$60,000 (600 x \$100) based on the following projections:

80 hours – Discovery and design

120 hours – Database modifications

70 hours – Store procedure codes

100 hours – Forms creation and redesign

90 hours – Switch routing and transactions

80 hours – Testing

60 hours – Project management

In addition, the Patrol estimates an annual maintenance cost of \$5,200.

Officials at the **Department of Agriculture (AGR)** assume this proposal would have a fiscal impact on their organization based on the following information.

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<u>ASSUMPTION</u> (continued)

Revenue will increase to the AGR Protection Fund (0970) and the fee structure is based upon figures from the Oregon Department of Agriculture, which recently implemented an industrial hemp program, adjusted to meet estimated program costs. Assumptions are for 15 licenses/permits. Fees would include the following:

§195.603.10 provides for inspection & testing

§195.603.11 allows reasonable fees for license and permit applications license/permit fees \$300 * 15 = \$4,500

§195.603.11 allows reasonable inspection fees. Estimated cost of 3 site inspections per year @ 8 hours per inspection * 3 inspections = 24 total hours per site * 15 sites @ \$174.50 per hour = \$62,820

Lab tests \$700 * 15 = \$10,500

Total fees estimated at \$77,820 will increase revenue to the AGR Protection Fund (0970).

An increase in cost related to staff, equipment, and expenses will have a negative impact on the AGR Protection Fund (0970). An additional field staff of one for inspections will have a cost of salaries and benefits for FY18 \$50,769, FY 19 \$61,428, FY20 \$61,940, and FY23 \$63,504. Duties will include but are not limited to: application review; verification of application information; travel to field locations; performing inspections of sites for verification; inspecting immediately after planting, during growing season and after harvest/destruction; collecting samples for testing; transporting samples to the laboratory; documentation of the "hemp monitoring system"; and providing location documentation to appropriate authorities.

Costs related to equipment and expense are estimated to be for FY18 \$17,657, FY19 \$19,619, FY20 \$20,109, and in FY23 \$21,655.

Officials at the **Department of Corrections (DOC)** indicate the proposal will have a positive fiscal impact on their organization.

In FY16, the number of new admissions for cannabis production (NCIC code 3563) totals 14 persons to probation and 2 persons to adult institutions with a class B felony. It is unknown how many of these 16 offenders were cultivating industrial hemp (varieties of Cannabis sativa with less than 0.3% THC concentration). It is estimated that decriminalizing and legalizing the growing of industrial hemp will decrease incarceration and probation by 10% per year; this equates to a total decrease of one person on probation and no change to incarceration. The average time served in probation in FY2016 for a class B felony is 4.7 years (as per Mo. charge code 32465). The full impact occurs in FY23 with 4.7 fewer offenders on probation supervised by DOC.

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<u>ASSUMPTION</u> (continued)

The FY16 average cost of supervision is \$6.12 per offender per day or an annual cost of \$2,234 per offender. The DOC cost of incarceration is \$16.67 per day or an annual cost of \$6,085 per offender.

If this impact statement has changed from statements submitted in previous years, it is because the department's Budget and Research Section reviewed the way responses had been submitted and has developed a more precise way to calculate the impact. Now we have been able to quantify the fact that some parolees are returned to prison after release and that has been added into the calculation of the impact. The total number of offenders has not changed but there is an assumption that they will spend more time back in prison rather than being on community supervision, which will increase the amount of the impact.

Therefore, the impact to DOC for FY18 will be reflected as \$0, for FY19 reflected as a reduction in costs of \$2,279, for FY20 reflected as a reduction in costs of \$4,649, and fully implement in FY23 for a reduction in costs of \$12,333.

Officials at the **Attorney General's Office** assume any potential costs arising from this proposal can be absorbed with existing resources.

Officials at the **Joint Committee on Administrative Rules** assume this proposal will not have a fiscal impact beyond its current appropriation.

Officials from the **Office of the Secretary of State (SOS)** state many bills considered by the General Assembly include provisions allowing or requiring agencies to submit rules and regulations to implement the act. The SOS is provided with core funding to handle a certain amount of normal activity resulting from each year's legislative session. The fiscal impact for this fiscal note to the SOS for Administrative Rules is less than \$2,500. The SOS recognizes that this is a small amount and does not expect that additional funding would be required to meet these costs. However, the SOS also recognizes that many such bills may be passed by the General Assembly in a given year and that collectively the costs may be in excess of what the office can sustain with the core budget. Therefore, the SOS reserves the right to request funding for the cost of supporting administrative rules requirements should the need arise based on a review of the finally approved bills signed by the governor.

Officials at the **Department of Mental Health**, **Office of State Courts Administrator**, **Department of Health and Senior Services**, and **State Public Defender's Office** each assume this proposal will not have a fiscal impact on their respective organizations.

This proposal could increase Total State Revenue.

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FISCAL IMPACT - State Government	FY 2018 (10 Mo.)	FY 2019	FY 2020	Fully Implemented (FY 2023)
GENERAL REVENUE Costs - DPS-Hwy Patrol				
Consultant Fee	(\$60,000)	\$0	\$0	\$0
Maintenanc Fee	<u>\$0</u>	(\$5,330)	(\$5,463)	(\$5,882)
Total Costs - DPS - HWY	(\$60,000)	(\$5,330)	(\$5,463)	(\$5,882)
Costs Reduction - DOC				
Incarceration and Probation	<u>\$0</u>	\$2,279	\$4,649	\$12,333
Total Costs Reduction - DOC	<u>\$0</u>	\$2,279	\$4,649	\$12,333
ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON				
GENERAL REVENUE	<u>(\$60,000)</u>	<u>(\$3,051)</u>	<u>(\$814)</u>	<u>\$6,451</u>
AGRICULTURE PROTENCTION FUND				
<u>Revenue</u> - AGR (§195.603.11)				
License & Inspection Fees	\$77,820	\$77,820	\$77,820	\$77,820
Total Revenue	\$77,820	\$77,820	\$77,820	\$77,820
<u>Costs</u> - AGR (§195.603.11)				
Salary - 1 Investigator	(\$32,500)	(\$39,390)	(\$39,784)	(\$40,989)
Fringe Benefits - 1 Investigator Equipment	(\$18,269) (\$1,707)	(\$22,038) \$0	(\$22,156) \$0	(\$22,515) \$0
Expense	(\$1,707)	(\$19,619)	(\$20,109)	(\$21,655)
Total Costs	(\$68,426)	(\$81,047)	$\frac{(\$20,109)}{(\$82,049)}$	$\frac{($21,033)}{($85,159)}$
FTE Change - AGR Protection	(4 2)	74 - 7 - 7	(4-2-)2-2-)	<u> </u>
Fund	1 FTE	1 FTE	1 FTE	1 FTE
ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON AGRICULTURE PROTECTION FUND	<u>\$9,394</u>	(\$3,227)	(\$4,229)	(\$7,339)
		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
Net FTE Change on AGR Protection Fund	1 FTE	1 FTE	1 FTE	1 FTE

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	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
	(10 Mo.)	FY 2019	FY 2020	(FY 2023)
Government	FY 2018			Implemented
FISCAL IMPACT - Local				Fully

FISCAL IMPACT - Small Business

No direct fiscal impact to small businesses would be expected as a result of this proposal.

FISCAL DESCRIPTION

This act exempts industrial hemp, which is defined as Cannabis sativa L. containing no greater than 3/10 of one percent THC, from the definition of marijuana and the list of controlled substances.

In addition, this act specifies that it is legal grow, harvest, and cultivate industrial hemp in accordance with specific federal and state rules and regulations.

Under this act, the Department of Agriculture must establish a committee by September 30, 2017, to advise the department on appropriate rules regarding industrial hemp, including rules governing licenses and permits to grow and cultivate industrial hemp. All rules and regulations promulgated by the department under this act shall meet the requirements of Section 7606 of the Agricultural Act of 2014. The department must promulgate the rules by March 30, 2018.

The committee is to be administered and appointed by the director of the department, but must include representatives from the department, the agricultural programs at the University of Missouri-Columbia and Lincoln University, the Governor's Office, the Missouri State Highway Patrol, the Missouri Sheriffs Association, and associations advocating for farmers and industrial hemp, and the Missouri Crop Improvement Association.

Under this act, the committee is dissolved April 1, 2018, but may be reconvened by the department as needed to assist in rulemaking.

This act prohibits the issuance of a license or permit to grow or cultivate industrial hemp to a person who has been found guilty of a felony offense within five years or a person who, at any time, has been found guilty of a felony offense under state or federal law regarding the possession,

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FISCAL DESCRIPTION (continued)

distribution, manufacture, cultivation, or use of a controlled substance. Upon issuance of a license or permit, information regarding all license and permit holders shall be forwarded to the Missouri State Highway Patrol.

A license or permit to grow or cultivate industrial hemp is nontransferable except to a spouse or child who otherwise meets the requirements for a license or permit, is valid for a three-year term unless revoked by the department, and may be renewed as determined by the department.

This act requires the department to charge growers and handlers reasonable fees as determined by the department. The department is also allowed to revoke or refuse to issue or renew a license or permit to grow or cultivate industrial hemp and to impose a civil penalty of not less than \$2,500 or more than \$50,000 for a violation of the requirements of the license or permit, department rules relating to growing or handling industrial hemp, any plant monitoring system, or a final

order of the department that is specifically directed to the grower's or handler's industrial hemp operations or activities. In addition, the department may revoke or refuse to issue or renew a license or permit for failing to comply with statute or for a violation of department rules regarding agricultural operations or activities other than industrial hemp growing or handling.

Under this act, a person who grows industrial hemp without a valid industrial hemp license is subject to an administrative fine of \$500 and must obtain an industrial hemp license within 30 days. If the person obtains the license within 30 days, the fine is refunded. If the person fails to obtain a license within 30 days, the person is fined \$1,000 per day until the person obtains a license or the crop is destroyed.

Under current law, owners and occupiers of land must destroy the plant "marijuana". This act adds an exception for industrial hemp grown in accordance with the provisions of the act.

This legislation is not federally mandated, would not duplicate any other program and would not require additional capital improvements or rental space.

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SOURCES OF INFORMATION

Department of Agriculture
Department of Corrections
Department of Public Safety - Highway Patrol
Attorney General's Office
Joint Committee on Administrative Rules
Department of Mental Health
Office of State Courts Administrator
Department of Health and Senior Services
State Public Defender's Office
Office of Secretary of State

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January 10, 2017

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