

COMMITTEE ON LEGISLATIVE RESEARCH
OVERSIGHT DIVISION

FISCAL NOTE

L.R. No.: 5541-07
Bill No.: Truly Agreed To and Finally Passed CCS for HCS for SS for SCS for SB 843
Subject: Boards, Commissions, Committees and Councils; Heath and Senior Services;
Historic Preservation; Professional Registration and Licensing
Type: Original
Date: June 18, 2018

Bill Summary: This proposal modifies the composition, duties, or repeals outright certain administrative boards, commissions, committees and councils.

FISCAL SUMMARY

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON GENERAL REVENUE FUND			
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021
General Revenue Fund	(\$99,633 to Could exceed \$224,393)	(\$62,493 to Could exceed \$162,493)	(\$62,493 to Could exceed \$162,493)
Total Estimated Net Effect on General Revenue	(\$99,633 to Could exceed \$224,393)	(\$62,493 to Could exceed \$162,493)	(\$62,493 to Could exceed \$162,493)

Numbers within parentheses: () indicate costs or losses.

This fiscal note contains 18 pages.

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON OTHER STATE FUNDS			
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021
Other State Funds	(\$8,742 - \$14,570)	\$0	\$0
Missouri Public Health Services*	\$0	\$0	\$0
Various State Funds	Less than (\$5,000,000)	Less than (\$5,000,000)	Less than (\$5,000,000)
Total Estimated Net Effect on <u>Other</u> State Funds	(Less than \$5,014,570)	(Less than (\$5,000,000))	(Less than (\$5,000,000))

*Transfer In and Loss Net to zero.

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON FEDERAL FUNDS			
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021
Federal Funds	(\$14,118 - \$23,530)	\$0	\$0
Total Estimated Net Effect on <u>All</u> Federal Funds	(\$14,118 - \$23,530)	\$0	\$0

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON FULL TIME EQUIVALENT (FTE)			
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021
Total Estimated Net Effect on FTE	0	0	0

Estimated Net Effect (expenditures or reduced revenues) expected to exceed \$100,000 in any of the three fiscal years after implementation of the act.

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON LOCAL FUNDS			
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021
Local Government	(Unknown)	(Unknown)	(Unknown)

FISCAL ANALYSIS

ASSUMPTION

Section 143.1015

Officials from the **Department of Revenue** assume section 143.1015 removes the sunset provision on the Foster Care Fund. The Department believes that this makes this fund available for donations/contributions of individual or corporate tax refunds.

The Department estimates that General Revenue could decrease by \$17,061 each fiscal year while the Foster Care and Adoptive Parents Recruitment and Retention Fund increases by an estimated \$17,061 each year.

Oversight notes this proposal, in Section 143.1015, removes the sunset on the Foster Care and Adoptive Parent Recruitment and Retention Fund (0979). According to the Fund Activity reports issued by the Office of the State Treasurer, the fund had the following activity over the past three fiscal years:

Fiscal Year	Receipts/Transfers In	Disbursements/ Transfers Out	Ending Balance
FY 2015	\$3,613	(\$29)	\$7,578
FY 2016	\$3,368	\$0	\$10,946
FY 2017	\$3,922	(\$49)	\$14,455

Oversight assumes removing the sunset date for this check-off would not create a material fiscal impact (three year average of \$3,634) to the state and will not reflect it in the fiscal note.

Officials from the **Office of Administration - Facilities Management Design and Construction (OA)** assume this bill would reduce the number of members of the Children's Trust Fund Board from 21 to 17. This Board is housed within the Office of Administration. Reducing the number of board members would potentially save OA money in costs associated with Board member travel and meals.

Board travel and meals is estimated at \$125/Board member, and thus, a reduction in four Board members would probably save OA around \$500.

Section 103.008

Officials from the **Missouri Consolidated Health Care Plan (MCHCP)** assumed based on costs incurred by Missouri State Employees' Retirement System (MOSERS) for recent board

ASSUMPTION (continued)

elections, MCHCP anticipates the cost for conducting a board election to be \$60,000 - \$100,000.

The current Governor-appointed members of the MCHCP Board of Trustees listed on the MCHCP web site are Mark Langworthy, Linda Luebbering, Daniel O'Neill and Viola Schaefer. **Oversight** is unsure when the elections will occur, but for simplicity, will reflect MCHCP's estimated cost for elections in FY 2019. MCHCP assumes the cost would be split between GR, Federal Funds and other state funds.

Section 324.015

Officials from the **Department of Insurance, Financial Institutions and Professional Registration (DIFP)** assumed this bill would add a new section 324.015 allowing low-income individuals and military families to apply for waivers of occupational fees and any other fees associated with licensing requirements, and requires all state and political subdivision licensing authorities to waive those fees.

While the exact fiscal impact would be unknown and depend upon how many department licensees qualify as military families and/or low-income individuals and how many of those individuals who do qualify would be aware of and apply for waiver, the department has prepared a fiscal estimate based upon 2016 US Census data which indicates 7% of Missourians are veterans and the 14% of Missourians are in poverty. When applying these percentages to department licensees as potential waivers, it is estimated that department funds could decrease up to \$5,000,000 in each of the three fiscal years in this fiscal note should the bill become law.

Depending upon the current fund balance in impacted funds, the exact fee revenue lost and the effort needed to update department licensing systems and the extent of the change required to make our licensing processes compliant with the new waiver process (i.e. affidavits vs. income determinations, documentation of veteran's status, documentation of age, etc.), to meet the department's statutory requirements to process licenses and protect consumers, the department may be required to request general revenue or increase licensure fees for those licensees that do not qualify for the waiver to cover any funding shortfall. Again, it is unknown at this time to the exact extent each regulatory fund may be affected should the bill become law and the exact level of detail of documentation and system changes required to grant the waiver to the licensee.

The Department assumes these occupational fees do not include continuing education course fees, testing fees and other fees required in addition to licensure fees. If these fees are also meant to be included in the waiver, the fiscal impact would be much greater and also established national and vendor contracts would be need to be reestablished under the new law, as many

ASSUMPTION (continued)

vendors would not be able to give the tests and courses free of charge for the waived individuals. If individual businesses were meant to be allowed to receive waivers under this bill, there could be a much larger fiscal impact to the Department the form of reduced licensing fees collected though it is unknown how many of those business entities are operated by military families, low-income individuals and young individuals that would potentially be eligible for waivers under this bill.

In summary, DIFP assumes an impact of up to a \$5,000,000 loss of revenue to Various State Funds.

Officials from the **Department of Health and Senior Services (DHSS)** assumed the following:

Division of Community and Public Health

The Division of Community and Public Health issues occupation licenses for the Onsite Wastewater Treatment Program (OWTP) and the Lead Licensing Program (LLP).

Based on data from the Missouri Census Data Center -ACS report it is estimated that potentially 20% of the population would be eligible for the waiver:

- 15.6% of Missouri residents are below the Federal Poverty Line.
- 10% of Missouri adults are veterans.
- With a total 25.6% of the population meeting of these eligibilities, it is assumed for fiscal note purposes that 20% of those licensed by DCPH would be eligible for waiving the license fees, given that there will be overlap of eligibility between categories

In FY17, LLP collected approximately \$86,400 in licensing fees that are deposited in the Missouri Public Health Services (MOPHS) Fund and used for program operations. Assuming 20% of applicants would receive a fee waiver as described above, LLP would lose \$17,280 in revenue each year from LLP licensing associated fees.

In FY17, OWTP collected \$160,355 in licensing associated fees (initial license, renewal, continuing education courses) deposited in the MOPHS Fund and used for program operations. Assuming 20% of applicants would receive a fee waiver as described above, OWTP would lose \$32,071 annually from OWTP licensing associated fees.

This totals \$49,351 lost annually to the MOPHS Fund that would have to be made up by a request in general revenue funds to continue program operations.

ASSUMPTION (continued)

Division of Regulation and Licensure

The DRL's Board of Nursing Home Administrators (BNHA) collects fees associated with licensing nursing home administrators and residential care and assisted living administrators. For fiscal note purposes it is assumed that up to 10 percent of licensees would fall within the waiver criteria proposed within this legislation. In 2017, BNHC collected approximately \$131,415. The impact of this legislation could be a loss of revenue of unknown up to \$13,142 ($\$131,415 \times .10 = \$13,141.50$).

In summary, DHSS assumes a loss of income of \$13,142 to the General Revenue Fund in FY 2019, FY 2020 and FY 2021 and also a transfer of funds from the General Revenue Fund to the Missouri Public Health Service Fund of \$49,351 ($\$17,280 + \$32,071$) in FY 2019 and FY 2020 and FY 2021 as a result of loss of licensing fees to the Missouri Public Health Service Fund.

In response to a previous version, officials from the **St. Louis County Government** assumed this legislation requires the County to provide unfunded services for certain categories of customers for free each ensuing year if this bill becomes law. Research and burden of proof will be even a bigger burden on the agency than just a typical license renewal.

Budgets are prepared based on expected revenue. This bill would reduce the revenue collected to provide licensing services proportionally related to the number of customers who are eligible under this bill to obtain the services for free. The exact number is unknown but fees would have to be increased on other customers to make up for this short fall of revenue created by free service for some.

In response to a previous version, officials from the **City of Springfield** assumed there will be a negative fiscal impact to the City of Springfield, MO; the financial impact cannot be determined without knowing how many military families, low-income individuals and individuals between the age of 18 and 25 that will purchase or renew occupational licenses, however, the loss is likely less than \$100,000.

In response to a previous version, officials from the **City of Kansas City** assumed legislation could have a negative fiscal impact on Kansas City in an indeterminate amount because subsection 4 of such legislation could be interpreted by a court to apply only to application fees and therefore the provisions of subsection 2 would apply to Kansas City thus not allowing

Kansas City to charge occupational licensing fees for military families, low-income individuals and young individuals.

ASSUMPTION (continued)

Oversight assumes this proposal will have an effect on all local political subdivisions and, based upon Kansas City's response, will reflect a negative unknown - potentially substantial fiscal impact to local political subdivisions as a result of this proposal.

Oversight has no information regarding the percentage of license holders that would qualify for this two-year exemption. Oversight assumes the percentage of license holders that would qualify as a "low-income individual" is not as high as the general population as assumed by DIFP (14%), but we do not have better data to put forth an estimate. Therefore, Oversight will assume a fiscal impact to license fee revenue of "less than" the estimate provided by DIFP.

Section 253.408

Officials from the **Department of Natural Resources (DNR)** assume this bill would reduce the term of Missouri Advisory Council on Historic Preservation (Council) members from four years to two years. With the potential for higher Council turnover, State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) staff may need to devote more time to educating new council members and creating training materials and training development opportunities (i.e. workshops) more frequently. Combining the two boards as proposed would increase the duties and workload of the Council and increase the number of meeting agenda topics.

The bill would reduce the number of Council members from twelve to nine and change the number of meetings from at least quarterly to at least three times a year.

The current Missouri Advisory Council on Historic Preservation meeting costs are eligible for federal funding (Historic Preservation Fund grant) because the present Council activities are required by federal historic preservation laws and regulations. The proposed bill introduces additional duties that go beyond the National Historic Preservation Act requirements and their related administrative costs may not be eligible for federal funding, which could result in greater costs to the SHPO or Department of Natural Resources.

DNR does not anticipate a significant fiscal impact as a result of this legislation

Officials from the **Department of Economic Development (DED)** assume the following:

Section 620.1200 - Missouri Film Commission

This bill will change the Film Commission from nine members to five members by removing the two Senators and two Representatives. Per current statute, commission members may be

ASSUMPTION (continued)

reimbursed for their actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their official duties. Technically, by having four fewer members it will save the film commission reimbursement expenses. However, the Film Commission has not met since December 20, 2013, so in reality there appears to be no immediate fiscal impact.

Section 620.2200 - Missouri Route 66 Centennial Commission Act

The legislation reads, "A public member of the commission is not entitled to compensation but is entitled to reimbursement for the travel expenses incurred by the member while transacting commission business." However, the bill does not specify who is to pay for these travel expenses. There are 11 public members, and they are required to meet at least quarterly. If a state agency is required to pay for mileage, food, and possible hotel accommodations, GR will need to be requested. Presumably many commission members will live along the Route 66 corridor which spans much of the state. Averaging 250 miles round trip at .37/mile x 11 members x 4 meetings per year would be a little over \$4,000 in mileage. In addition, meals and possible hotel accommodations could be requested for an additional \$5,000.

The language in the bill states the "Missouri Route 66 centennial commission fund is created as a nonappropriated trust fund to be held outside of state treasury, with the state treasurer as custodian." All funds administered by the State Treasurer are state funds. In addition, because the biennial fund sweep language was not included in the bill language, this fund will be subject to that sweep and interest will be deposited into GR instead of the fund.

"Subject to appropriation, the office of tourism shall provide administrative and other support to the commission." Commission duties include planning and sponsoring official Route 66 centennial events, program, and activities; encouraging the development of programs; and make available to the public information on the events throughout the state. Depending on Tourism's involvement with these duties a .5 Marketing FTE and .5 Administrative FTE would be requested along with appropriate expense and equipment. Tourism would request an increase in the GR transfer used to fund the Tourism Supplemental Revenue Fund along with appropriation authority increase in Fund 0274. If the Missouri Route 66 Centennial Commission Fund is funded - there could be a transfer from GR to this Missouri Route 66 Fund.

Oversight assumes DED is provided with core funding to handle a certain amount of activity each year. Oversight also assumes DED could absorb the costs related to this proposal. If after the commission is formed and active, DED finds the administrative support cannot be supplied with excising resources, then DED could request funding through the appropriation process.

ASSUMPTION (continued)

Bill as a whole:

Officials from the **Office of the Secretary of State (SOS)** assume many bills considered by the General Assembly include provisions allowing or requiring agencies to submit rules and regulations to implement the act. The SOS is provided with core funding to handle a certain amount of normal activity resulting from each year's legislative session. The fiscal impact for this fiscal note to the Secretary of State's Office for Administrative Rules is less than \$2,500. The SOS recognizes that this is a small amount and does not expect that additional funding would be required to meet these costs. However, we also recognize that many such bills may be passed by the General Assembly in a given year and that collectively the costs may be in excess of what our office can sustain with our core budget. Therefore, we reserve the right to request funding for the cost of supporting administrative rules requirements should the need arise based on a review of the finally approved bills signed by the governor.

Oversight assumes the SOS could absorb the costs of printing and distributing regulations related to this proposal. If multiple bills pass which require the printing and distribution of regulations at substantial costs, the SOS could request funding through the appropriation process.

Officials from the **Attorney General's Office (AGO)** assume any potential cost arising from this proposal can be absorbed with existing resources. AGO may seek additional appropriations if the proposal results in a significant increase in cases.

Officials from the **Office of the Governor, Department of Public Safety - Missouri Veterans Commission, Department of Mental Health, Department of Transportation, Missouri Department of Conservation, Office of Administration - Accounting Division, Department of Social Services, Missouri Ethics Commission, Department of Elementary and Secondary Education, Missouri Senate, Office of the State Treasurer, Department of Agriculture** and the **Office of Prosecution Services** each assume the proposal will have no fiscal impact on their respective organizations.

In response to a previous version, officials from the **Missouri House of Representatives** assumed the proposal will have no fiscal impact on their organization.

Officials from the **Joint Committee on Administrative Rules** state this legislation is not anticipated to cause a fiscal impact beyond its current appropriation.

Officials from the **Office of the State Auditor** assume any potential cost arising from this proposal can be absorbed with existing resources.

ASSUMPTION (continued)

Oversight notes that the proposal would eliminate or reduce the size of several boards and commissions; therefore, Oversight will show “unknown” savings to various state agencies for reduced board and commission expenses.

Oversight also notes this proposal adds boards, commissions committees and councils, and therefore, will reflect a negative unknown cost to the General Revenue Fund.

Oversight assumes savings and costs would not be significant components of agency budgets.

<u>FISCAL IMPACT - State Government</u>	FY 2019 (10 Mo.)	FY 2020	FY 2021
GENERAL REVENUE FUND			
<u>Savings</u> - Various State Agencies Reduction of Board Members	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown
<u>Cost</u> - Various State Agencies New Boards and Commissions	(Unknown)	(Unknown)	(Unknown)
<u>Cost</u> - MCHCP (Section 103.008) Board Election	(\$37,140,- \$61,900)	\$0	\$0
<u>Cost</u> - DIFP (Section 324.015) Cost to implement the changes in the proposal	\$0 or (Unknown - could exceed \$100,000)	\$0 or (Unknown - could exceed \$100,000)	\$0 or (Unknown - could exceed \$100,000)
<u>Loss</u> - DHSS (Section 324.015) Reduced Revenue due to waiver - Nursing Home Administrators	(\$13,142)	(\$13,142)	(\$13,142)
<u>Transfer Out</u> - to Missouri Public Health Service Fund - DHSS (Section 324.015) Reduced revenue due to waiver	(<u>\$49,351</u>)	(<u>\$49,351</u>)	(<u>\$49,351</u>)
ESTIMATED NET EFFECT TO THE GENERAL REVENUE FUND	<u>(\$99,633 to Could exceed \$224,393)</u>	<u>(\$62,493 to Could exceed \$162,493)</u>	<u>(\$62,493 to Could exceed \$162,493)</u>

<u>FISCAL IMPACT - State Government</u> (continued)	FY 2019 (10 Mo.)	FY 2020	FY 2021
VARIOUS STATE FUNDS			
<u>Loss - DIFP</u> Loss of Licensing Fees	Less than <u>(\$5,000,000)</u>	Less than <u>(\$5,000,000)</u>	Less than <u>(\$5,000,000)</u>
ESTIMATED NET EFFECT TO VARIOUS STATE FUNDS	<u>Less than (\$5,000,000)</u>	<u>Less than (\$5,000,000)</u>	<u>Less than (\$5,000,000)</u>
MISSOURI PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICES FUND			
<u>Transfer In - from the General Revenue Fund - DHSS</u>	\$49,351	\$49,351	\$49,351
<u>Loss - DHSS</u> Reduced revenue due to waiver -LLP and OWTP	<u>(\$49,351)</u>	<u>(\$49,351)</u>	<u>(\$49,351)</u>
ESTIMATED NET EFFECT TO MISSOURI PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE FUND	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
OTHER STATE FUNDS			
<u>Cost - MCHCP (Section 103.008) Board Election</u>	(\$8,742 - <u>\$14,570)</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON OTHER STATE FUNDS	<u>(\$8,742 - \$14,570)</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
FEDERAL FUNDS			
<u>Cost - MCHCP (Section 103.008) Board Elections</u>	(\$14,118 - <u>\$23,530)</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
ESTIMATED NET EFFECT TO FEDERAL FUNDS	<u>(\$14,118 - \$23,530)</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>

<u>FISCAL IMPACT - Local Government</u>	FY 2019 (10 Mo.)	FY 2020	FY 2021
LOCAL POLITICAL SUBDIVISIONS			
<u>Loss</u> - of Licensing Fees	<u>(Unknown)</u>	<u>(Unknown)</u>	<u>(Unknown)</u>
ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON LOCAL POLITICAL SUBDIVISIONS	<u>(Unknown)</u>	<u>(Unknown)</u>	<u>(Unknown)</u>

FISCAL IMPACT - Small Business

Positive impact on those businesses that have employees meeting qualifications for the exemption if the business reimburses the employee for the occupational license.

FISCAL DESCRIPTION

This act modifies provisions relating to a number of state administrative boards, commissions, and councils.

This act decreases the membership on the Missouri State Capitol Commission from eleven to nine members, by requiring the Governor to appoint two, rather than four, members of the general public. The membership of the Commission is also modified so that the minority leaders of the House and Senate will appoint the minority party members of the Commission.

The Commission shall evaluate and approve projects including the "21st-Century State Capitol Restoration Project" which shall include the development and implementation of a comprehensive master plan for the restoration and preservation of the Capitol building, grounds, and any annex areas. The term "annex areas" will include a building currently occupied by the Missouri Department of Transportation if used to house members or staff of the General Assembly. The Commission shall further exercise ongoing supervision and coordination of the Capitol building, grounds, and any annex areas.

The Commission is required to issue an annual report based on the fiscal year and specified appropriation requirements for the Capitol building, grounds, and annex areas on or before October 1 of each year to the General Assembly and the Budget Director. (Sections 8.003 to 8.017). These provisions are similar to SCS/HCS/HB 1605 (2018).

The membership of the Missouri Military Preparedness and Enhancement Commission is modified by requiring the Governor to appoint two additional members. (Section 41.1010).

FISCAL DESCRIPTION (continued)

Currently, the Governor appoints six members to the board of trustees for the Missouri Health Plan. This act removes three of the Governor's appointments and replaces them with two members of the system who are current employees elected by current employees and one retired member of the system who is elected by the retired members. (Section 103.008).

The membership of the State Historical Records Advisory Board is modified by reducing the number of members from twelve to seven. (Section 109.221). The membership of the Missouri Board on Geographic Names is modified by removing one member appointed by the Secretary of State and adding the director of the Department of Agriculture. (Section 109.225). The membership of a local records board is also modified (Section 109.255).

The expiration date for the Foster Care and Adoptive Parents Recruitment and Retention Fund and a tax refund checkoff to such fund are removed and the administration of the Fund is changed from the Foster Care and Adoptive Parents Recruitment and Retention Fund Board, which is repealed by the act, to the Missouri State Foster Care and Adoption Board. (Sections 143.1015 and 453.600).

The act modifies the membership of the Secretary's Council on Library Development by making the legislative members of the Council and the state librarian serve as ex-officio members. (Section 181.022).

The composition of the Missouri Women's Council is modified. The Council is reduced from fifteen to thirteen members with nine, rather than eleven, members appointed by the Governor. Such members shall serve terms of four, rather than three, years and may be reappointed. The Council, rather than the Governor, shall annually elect a chair and vice-chair. (Section 186.007).

The Missouri Area Health Education Centers Council is repealed and the Director of the Department of Health and Senior Services shall assume all duties of the Council. (Section 191.980).

The State Board of Health and the State Board of Senior Services are consolidated into the newly created State Board of Health and Senior Services (Sections 91.640, 189.015 to 189.035, 191.400, 192.005 to 192.710, 192.2030, and 701.040).

The act repeals the State Hospital Advisory Council (Section 192.240).

FISCAL DESCRIPTION (continued)

The Unmarked Human Burial Consultation Committee is repealed and the Missouri Advisory Council on Historic Preservation shall assume all duties of the Committee. (Sections 194.400 to 194.408).

The State Board of Health and Senior Services, rather than the Life Sciences Research Board, shall be responsible for overseeing the umbilical cord blood bank grant program (Section 191.756).

A subcommittee on the development of a comprehensive entry point system for long-term care within the MO HealthNet Oversight Committee is repealed. (Section 208.955). The Professional Services Payment Committee is also repealed. (Section 208.197).

This act changes the membership of the Board for Certification of Interpreters from five members to three. One of the members shall be deaf, one shall be a certified interpreter, and one shall be either deaf or a certified interpreter. (Sections 209.287 and 209.307).

The act reduces the membership of the Children's Trust Fund Board from twenty-one to seventeen members with eight, rather than twelve, public members appointed by the Governor. The representative categories of membership on the Board are modified. (Section 210.170).

This act modifies the membership of the Task Force on the Prevention of Sexual Abuse of Children to remove members of the General Assembly; add the directors of Children's Division, the Department of Mental Health, and the Children's Trust Fund Board; remove two teachers and add a school principal and a school counselor; and remove the at-large member. Additionally, the act requires the Director of the Department of Social Services to appoint all members currently appointed by the Governor. The act directs the Task Force to focus on the prevention and treatment of child sexual abuse. The Department of Social Services, beginning January 1, 2019, shall work with the Task Force to make yearly reports to the General Assembly. Finally, the Task Force may adopt and submit to the Commissioner of Education and the State Board of Education policy recommendations addressing sexual abuse of children as specified in the act. This provision is identical to SB 845 (2018). (Sections 160.2100, 160.2110, 210.1200, and 210.1210).

The act codifies the creation of the Missouri Advisory Council on Historic Preservation, which was originally created by executive order. The Council shall have authority to review and approve nominations to the National Register, review completed state historic preservation plans, and provide guidance to the state historic preservation officer. (Sections 253.408 and 253.412).

FISCAL DESCRIPTION (continued)

Under this act, state and political subdivision licensing authorities shall waive all occupational fees and any other fees associated with licensing requirements for military families and low-income individuals for a period of two years beginning on the date the application is approved. The waiver shall not apply to fees required to obtain business licenses. (Section 324.015).

The duties of the Interior Design Council are transferred to the Division of Professional Registration. The Council's role shall be to advise, guide, and make recommendations to the Director of the Division. The Director of the Division, rather than the Governor, shall appoint members of the Council. The act repeals a provision of law regarding verification of experience necessary to register as an interior designer. (Sections 324.406 to 324.436).

Currently, the applications for enrollment as a professional land surveyor and a land surveyor-in-training must include three letters of reference. This act removes that requirement. (Sections 327.313 and 327.321).

The composition of the Missouri Film Commission is changed by removing the General Assembly members from the Commission. (Section 620.1200).

This act creates the Missouri Route 66 Centennial Commission Act, which shall consist of eighteen members as outlined in the act. The Commission shall plan and sponsor official Route 66 centennial events and activities, encourage the development of programs to involve citizens in activities that commemorate Route 66 centennial events, and make information available to the public about Route 66 events. The Missouri Route 66 Centennial Commission Fund is created and moneys in the Fund shall be expended solely for the use of the Commission in performing its duties. The Commission shall deliver a final report to the Governor by June 30, 2027, and any moneys remaining in the Fund shall be deposited in the general revenue fund. (Section 620.2200).

This provision shall expire on December 1, 2027. This provision is identical to HB 2039 (2018).

The Director of the Department of Mental Health, rather than the Governor, shall appoint certain members of the Missouri Commission on Autism Spectrum Disorders and such members may be reappointed. (Section 633.200).

FISCAL DESCRIPTION (continued)

Currently, two members of the Elevator Safety Board shall be building officials with responsibility for administering elevator regulations, one from each municipality having a population of at least three hundred fifty thousand inhabitants. This act provides that the two members shall be building officials, with one having responsibility for administering elevator regulations. The requirement that each such member come from a municipality with a certain population is repealed. (Section 701.353).

The Missouri State Penitentiary Redevelopment Commission is repealed. (Sections 217.900 to 217.910).

The act repeals the Missouri State Unemployment Council. (Section 288.475).

Under current law, the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoints members to the following advisory commissions and committees: the Advisory Commission for Clinical Perfusionists, the Missouri Acupuncturist Advisory Committee, the Advisory Commission for Dental Hygienists, the Advisory Commission for Anesthesiologist Assistants, the Advisory Commission for Physical Therapists, and the Advisory Commission for Physician Assistants. This act transfers such appointment power to the Director of the Division of Professional Registration. (Sections 324.177, 324.180, 324.478, 332.086, 334.430, 334.625, and 334.749). These provisions are identical to SB 844 (2018).

This act modifies membership of the Missouri State Board of Nursing to require that one member be an advanced practice registered nurse. This provision is identical to SB 821 (2018) and similar to SB 536 (2017), HB 1089 (2017), HB 1192 (2017), HB 1220 (2017), and to a provision contained in SCS/HB 815 (2017). (Section 335.021).

SOURCES OF INFORMATION

Office of the State Auditor

Office of Administration

Office of the Governor

Department of Revenue

Department of Social Services

Department of Economic Development

Department of Health and Senior Services

Department of Natural Resources

Department of Insurance, Financial Institutions and Professional Registration

Office of the State Treasurer

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SOURCES OF INFORMATION (continued)

Department of Mental Health

Department of Public Safety

Missouri Veterans Commission

Office of Prosecution Services

Missouri House of Representatives

Missouri Senate

Department of Elementary and Secondary Education

Missouri Ethics Commission

Office of the Secretary of State

Attorney General's Office

Department of Transportation

Missouri Consolidated Health Care Plan

Missouri Department of Conservation

Department of Agriculture

St. Louis County

City of Kansas City

Ross Strobe



Acting Director

June 18, 2018