

COMMITTEE ON LEGISLATIVE RESEARCH  
OVERSIGHT DIVISION

**FISCAL NOTE**

L.R. No.: 0629-02  
Bill No.: SCS for SB 56  
Subject: Department of Economic Development; Tax Incentives  
Type: Original  
Date: February 7, 2019

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Bill Summary: This proposal modifies the Missouri Works Program.

**FISCAL SUMMARY**

| <b>ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON GENERAL REVENUE FUND</b>  |                              |                              |                              |
|--|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| FUND AFFECTED  | FY 2020                      | FY 2021                      | FY 2022                      |
| General Revenue                                      | \$0 to (\$24,940,000)        | \$0 to (\$24,940,000)        | \$0 to (\$24,940,000)        |
| <b>Total Estimated Net Effect on General Revenue</b> | <b>\$0 to (\$24,940,000)</b> | <b>\$0 to (\$24,940,000)</b> | <b>\$0 to (\$24,940,000)</b> |

**Note:** The fiscal note does not reflect the possibility that some of the tax credits could be utilized by insurance companies against insurance premium taxes. If this occurs, the loss in tax revenue would be split between the General Revenue Fund and the County Foreign Insurance Fund, which ultimately goes to local school districts.

| <b>ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON OTHER STATE FUNDS</b>              |            |            |            |
|---|------------|------------|------------|
| FUND AFFECTED   | FY 2020    | FY 2021    | FY 2022    |
|   |            |            |            |
|   |            |            |            |
| <b>Total Estimated Net Effect on <u>Other</u> State Funds</b> | <b>\$0</b> | <b>\$0</b> | <b>\$0</b> |

Numbers within parentheses: ( ) indicate costs or losses.  
 This fiscal note contains 6 pages.

| <b>ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON FEDERAL FUNDS</b>                  |                |                |                |
|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| <b>FUND AFFECTED</b>  | <b>FY 2020</b> | <b>FY 2021</b> | <b>FY 2022</b> |
|   |                |                |                |
|   |                |                |                |
| <b>Total Estimated Net Effect on <u>All</u> Federal Funds</b> | <b>\$0</b>     | <b>\$0</b>     | <b>\$0</b>     |

| <b>ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON FULL TIME EQUIVALENT (FTE)</b> |                |                |                |
|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| <b>FUND AFFECTED</b>                                      | <b>FY 2020</b> | <b>FY 2021</b> | <b>FY 2022</b> |
|   |                |                |                |
|   |                |                |                |
| <b>Total Estimated Net Effect on FTE</b>                  | <b>0</b>       | <b>0</b>       | <b>0</b>       |

Estimated Net Effect (expenditures or reduced revenues) expected to exceed \$100,000 in any of the three fiscal years after implementation of the act.

| <b>ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON LOCAL FUNDS</b> |                |                |                |
|--|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| <b>FUND AFFECTED</b>                       | <b>FY 2020</b> | <b>FY 2021</b> | <b>FY 2022</b> |
| <b>Local Government</b>                    | <b>\$0</b>     | <b>\$0</b>     | <b>\$0</b>     |

## FISCAL ANALYSIS

### ASSUMPTION

Officials at the **Office of Administration Division of Budget and Planning (B&P)** assume to the extent businesses qualify for additional tax credits this proposal could impact General and Total State Revenues and the calculation pursuant to Article X, Section 18(e). Additionally, to the extent this proposal encourages other economic activity, General and Total State Revenue may increase, but B&P cannot estimate the induced revenues. B&P notes the proposal requires a net positive benefit to the state.

Officials at the **Department of Economic Development** anticipate no impact as a result of this proposal.

Officials at the **Department of Insurance, Financial Institutions and Professional Registration** assume a potential unknown decrease in premium tax revenues as a result of the expansion of the Missouri Works tax credit. Premium tax revenue is split 50/50 between General Revenue and County Foreign Insurance Fund except for domestic Stock Property and Casualty Companies who pay premium tax to the County Stock Fund. The County Foreign Insurance Fund is later distributed to school districts throughout the state. County Stock Funds are later distributed to the school district and county treasurer of the county in which the principal office of the insurer is located. It is unknown how each of these funds may be impacted by tax credits each year.

Officials at the **Department of Revenue** assume there is no fiscal impact to the Department from this proposal.

**Oversight** notes the MO Works Program was created in 2013 in HB 184. It replaced the Development tax credit in §32.100, the Rebuilding Communities tax credit in §135.535, the Enhanced Enterprise Zones tax credit in §135.950 and the Quality Jobs tax credit in §620.1875. MO Works was given a \$106 million cap in FY 2014, a \$111 million cap in FY 2015 and a \$116 million cap in FY 2016 and all subsequent years. This \$116 million cap includes outstanding authorizations under the previous tax credits.

To qualify for a tax credit under MO Works a company must create or retain a minimum number of jobs at the project facility with average wages of 80%, 90%, 120% or 140% of the county average wage and pay at least 50% of health insurance premiums. These projects are considered Zone Works, Rural Works, Statewide Works, and Mega Works (120 & 140).

ASSUMPTION (continued)

In addition to the tax credits, a company is allowed to retain withholding tax based on the creation of new jobs and retained jobs. There is no annual cap on the amount of withholding tax that can be retained.

**Oversight** notes according to the Tax Credit Analysis submitted by the Department of Economic Development regarding this program, the Missouri Works - Business Incentive tax credit program had the following activity;

|                     | FY 2016       | FY 2017       | FY 2018       | FY 2019<br>(projected) | FY 2020<br>(projected) |
|---------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| Certificates Issued | 4             | 17            | 31            | 92                     | 103                    |
| Projects            | 136           | 144           | 141           | 140                    | 142                    |
| Amount Authorized   | \$114,719,436 | \$155,506,188 | \$185,732,973 | \$172,254,336          | \$183,158,205          |
| Amount Issued       | \$23,741,677  | \$35,547,214  | \$45,830,250  | \$95,576,322           | \$110,506,953          |
| Amount Redeemed     | \$12,075,789  | \$35,065,683  | \$56,398,909  | \$93,664,796           | \$108,296,814          |

Amount Outstanding - \$1,559,276.84    Amount Authorized but Unissued - \$632,066,458.08

**Oversight** notes that §620.2010.6 would allow a qualified company to receive tax credits equal to 9% of new payroll. This proposal caps the amount that may be issued under §620.2010.6 up to 21.5% of the \$116 million (\$24,940,000). This proposal would expand the companies that would be eligible for this tax credit and increase the utilization of the program, Oversight will show the impact as \$0 (no additional companies authorized) to \$24,940,000 as only \$45.8 million in credits were issued in FY 2018.

**Oversight** assumes the changes to this program outlined in this proposal may have a positive impact on the state. However, Oversight considers this to be an indirect impact of the proposal and will not reflect it in this fiscal note.

**Oversight** currently does not have the data or resources available to produce independent revenue projections, therefore Oversight uses the same assumptions for revenue growth as the FY 2020 Consensus Revenue Estimate (CRE) for revenue growth in all future years. The CRE assumes an increase in net general revenue collections of \$192.6 million for FY 2020.

**Oversight** notes pursuant to §143.011 - §143.022 (SBs 509 & 496 2014) if the previous fiscal year's net general revenue collections exceed the highest net general revenue collections of the three previous fiscal years by at least \$150 million, then there will be a reduction in the

ASSUMPTION (continued)

individual income tax rate by one-tenth of a percent and a reduction for individual income tax filers of 5% of "business income." These reductions will reduce net General Revenue collections by an estimated \$160.0 million annually. Oversight notes the proposed legislation may impact future net revenue collections and could impact future triggering of the rate reductions required under §143.011 - §143.022.

| <u>FISCAL IMPACT - State Government</u>                                     | FY 2020<br>(10 Mo.)                                  | FY 2021  | FY 2022  |
|---|--|--|--|
| <b>GENERAL REVENUE</b>  |  |  |  |
| <u>Revenue Reduction</u> - DED §620.2010.6 expansion of qualified companies | <u>\$0 to</u><br><u>(\$24,940,000)</u>               | <u>\$0 to</u><br><u>(\$24,940,000)</u>               | <u>\$0 to</u><br><u>(\$24,940,000)</u>               |
| <b>ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON GENERAL REVENUE</b>                              | <b><u>\$0 to</u></b><br><b><u>(\$24,940,000)</u></b> | <b><u>\$0 to</u></b><br><b><u>(\$24,940,000)</u></b> | <b><u>\$0 to</u></b><br><b><u>(\$24,940,000)</u></b> |

**Note: The fiscal note does not reflect the possibility that some of the tax credits could be utilized by insurance companies against insurance premium taxes. If this occurs, the loss in tax revenue would be split between the General Revenue Fund and the County Foreign Insurance Fund, which ultimately goes to local school districts.**

| <u>FISCAL IMPACT - Local Government</u> | FY 2020<br>(10 Mo.) | FY 2021    | FY 2022    |
|---|---------------------|------------|------------|
|   | <u>\$0</u>          | <u>\$0</u> | <u>\$0</u> |

FISCAL IMPACT - Small Business

Small businesses the qualify for the tax credit may be positively impacted.

FISCAL DESCRIPTION

The Missouri Works program offers companies tax credits and the ability to retain withholding taxes for meeting certain job creation thresholds. This act allows the Department of Economic Development to offer certain companies tax credits in an amount equal to or less than nine percent of new payroll if such company creates ten or more new jobs and the average wage of new payroll equals or exceeds ninety percent of the county average wage.

FISCAL DESCRIPTION (continued)

The Department of Economic Development shall require financial guarantee provisions in an agreement with a qualified company for tax credits authorized under this act. (§620.2010)

Current law provides that the Department shall issue tax credits to a qualified company after such company has met the job creation and county average wage requirements. This act allows the tax credits authorized under this act to be issued following the qualified company's acceptance of the Department's proposal and the agreement required under current law.

Current law limits the aggregate annual amount of tax credits issued under the Missouri Works program to \$116 million. This act allows the Department to reserve up to 21.5% of such limit for tax credits authorized under this act. (§620.2020)

This legislation is not federally mandated, would not duplicate any other program and would not require additional capital improvements or rental space.

SOURCES OF INFORMATION

Department of Economic Development  
Department of Insurance, Financial Institutions and Professional Registration  
Department of Revenue  
Office of Administration  
Division of Budget and Planning



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February 7, 2019

Ross Strobe  
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February 7, 2019