COMMITTEE ON LEGISLATIVE RESEARCH OVERSIGHT DIVISION

FISCAL NOTE

L.R. No.: 0255S.02I
Bill No.: SB 129
Subject: Crimes and Punishment; Internet and E-Mail; Law Enforcement Officers and Agencies
Type: Original
Date: January 28, 2021

Bill Summary: This proposal modifies provisions relating to the unlawful posting of certain information over the internet.

FISCAL SUMMARY

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON GENERAL REVENUE FUND							
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024				
General Revenue	(\$6,463)	(\$15,822)	(\$16,139)				
Total Estimated Net							
Effect on General							
Revenue	(\$6,463)	(\$15,822)	(\$16,139)				

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON OTHER STATE FUNDS							
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024				
Total Estimated Net							
Effect on Other State							
Funds	\$0	\$0	\$0				

Numbers within parentheses: () indicate costs or losses.

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ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON FEDERAL FUNDS							
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024				
Total Estimated Net							
Effect on <u>All</u> Federal							
Funds	\$0	\$0	\$0				

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON FULL TIME EQUIVALENT (FTE)						
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024			
Total Estimated Net						
Effect on FTE	0	0	0			

 \Box Estimated Net Effect (expenditures or reduced revenues) expected to exceed \$250,000 in any of the three fiscal years after implementation of the act.

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON LOCAL FUNDS							
FUND AFFECTED FY 2022 FY 2023 FY 2							
Local Government	\$0	\$0	\$0				

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FISCAL ANALYSIS

ASSUMPTION

<u>§565.240 – Unlawful posting of certain information over the internet</u>

Officials from the **Department of Corrections (DOC)** state this proposal modifies provisions relating to the unlawful posting of certain information over the internet and adds a class E felony if personally identifiable information of a law enforcement officer or family of a law enforcement officer is posted with the intent to cause bodily harm or death.

The DOC will utilize a standard class E felony response to estimate the fiscal impact. For each new nonviolent class E felony, it is estimated that one person will be sentenced to prison and two to probation. The average sentence for a nonviolent class E felony offense is 3.4 years, of which 2.1 years will be served in prison with 1.4 years to first release. The remaining 1.3 years will be on parole. Probation sentences will be 3 years.

The cumulative impact on the department is estimated to be 2 additional offenders in prison and 7 additional offenders on field supervision by FY 2024.

	FY2022	FY2023	FY2024	FY2025	FY2026	FY2027	FY2028	FY2029	FY2030	FY2031
New Admissions										
Current Law	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
After Legislation	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Probation										
Current Law	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
After Legislation	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Change (After Legislation	n - Current La	w)								
Admissions	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Probations	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cumulative Populations										
Prison	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Parole			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Probation	2	4	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Impact										
Prison Population	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Field Population	2	4	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Population Change	3	6	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9

Change in prison admissions and probation openings with legislation-Class E Felony (nonviolent)

				# to		Total cost for	Grand Total - Prison and Probation
	# to prison	Cost per year	Total Costs for prison	<i>p</i>robation<i>&</i> parole	Cost per year	probation and parole	(includes 2%
Year 1	1	(\$7,756)	(\$6,463)	2	absorbed	\$0	(\$6,463)
Year 2	2	(\$7,756)	(\$15,822)	4	absorbed	\$0	(\$15,822)
Year 3	2	(\$7,756)	(\$16,139)	7	absorbed	\$ 0	(\$16,139)
Year 4	2	(\$7,756)	(\$16,461)	7	absorbed	\$0	(\$16,461)
Year 5	2	(\$7,756)	(\$16,791)	7	absorbed	\$ 0	(\$16,791)
Year 6	2	(\$7,756)	(\$17,127)	7	absorbed	\$0	(\$17,127)
Year 7	2	(\$7,756)	(\$17,469)	7	absorbed	\$ 0	(\$17,469)
Year 8	2	(\$7,756)	(\$17,818)	7	absorbed	\$ 0	(\$17,818)
Year 9	2	(\$7,756)	(\$18,175)	7	absorbed	\$0	(\$18,175)
Year 10	2	(\$7,756)	(\$18,538)	7	absorbed	\$0	(\$18,538)

If this impact statement has changed from statements submitted in previous years, it is because the Department of Corrections (DOC) has changed the way probation and parole daily costs are calculated to more accurately reflect the way the Division of Probation and Parole is staffed across the entire state.

In December 2019, the DOC reevaluated the calculation used for computing the Probation and Parole average daily cost of supervision and revised the cost calculation to be the DOC average district caseload across the state which is 51 offender cases per officer. The new calculation assumes that an increase/decrease of 51 cases would result in a change in costs/cost avoidance equal to the cost of one FTE staff person. Increases/decreases smaller than 51 offenders are assumed to be absorbable.

In instances where the proposed legislation would only affect a specific caseload, such as sex offenders, the DOC will use the average caseload figure for that specific type of offender to calculate cost increases/decreases. For instances where the proposed legislation affects a less specific caseload, DOC projects the impact based on prior year(s) actual data for DOC's 48 probation and parole districts.

The DOC cost of incarceration in \$21.251 per day or an annual cost of \$7,756 per offender. The DOC cost of probation or parole is determined by the number of P&P Officer II positions that would be needed to cover the new caseload.

Oversight does not have any information contrary to that provided by DOC. Therefore, Oversight will reflect DOC's impact for fiscal note purposes.

For the purpose of the proposed legislation, and as a result of excessive caseloads, the **Missouri State Public Defender (SPD)** cannot assume existing staff will be able to provide competent,

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effective representation for any new cases where indigent persons are charged with the proposed new crime(s) of unlawfully posting certain information on the internet under Section 565.240 RSMo. This new crime is a class C misdemeanor in certain circumstances. However, if this offense was classified in those circumstances as a class D misdemeanor, it would not qualify for public defender representation because it would be punishable by a fine only and, therefore, would be no impact on SPD. The Missouri State Public Defender System is currently providing legal representation in caseloads in excess of recognized standards. While the number of new cases may be too few or uncertain to request additional funding for this specific bill, the Missouri State Public Defender will continue to request sufficient appropriations to provide competent and effective representation in all cases where the right to counsel attaches.

Oversight assumes the SPD will be able to perform any additional duties required by this proposal with current staff and resources and will reflect no fiscal impact to the SPD for fiscal note purposes.

Officials from the Attorney General's Office, the Department of Natural Resources, the Department of Public Safety – (Capitol Police and Missouri Highway Patrol), the Department of Social Services, the Missouri Department of Conservation, the Missouri Office of Prosecution Services, the Office of the State Courts Administrator, the Boone County Sheriff's Department, the Crestwood Police Department, the Ellisville Police Department, the Kansas City Police Department, and the St. Louis County Police Department each assume the proposal will have no fiscal impact on their respective organizations.

Oversight does not have any information to the contrary. Therefore, Oversight will reflect a zero impact in the fiscal note for these agencies.

Oversight only reflects the responses that we have received from state agencies and political subdivisions; however, other police and sheriff's departments were requested to respond to this proposed legislation but did not. A general listing of political subdivisions included in our database is available upon request.

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FISCAL IMPACT –	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024
State Government	(10 Mo.)		
GENERAL			
REVENUE FUND			
$\underline{\text{Costs}} - \text{DOC}$			
(§565.240) Increased			
incarceration costs	(\$6,463)	(\$15,822)	(\$16,139)
ESTIMATED NET			
EFFECT ON			
GENERAL			
REVENUE FUND	<u>(\$6,463)</u>	<u>(\$15,822)</u>	<u>(\$16,139)</u>

FISCAL IMPACT – Local Government	FY 2022 (10 Mo.)	FY 2023	FY 2024
	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>

FISCAL IMPACT - Small Business

No direct fiscal impact to small businesses would be expected as a result of this proposal.

FISCAL DESCRIPTION

Under current law, a person commits the offense of unlawful posting of certain information over the internet if he or she knowingly posts the name, home address, Social Security number, or telephone number of any person on the internet intending to cause great bodily harm or death, or threatening to cause great bodily harm or death to such person. Such offense is a Class C misdemeanor.

This act modifies the current offense by adding "any other personally identifiable information" and further provides that if a person knowingly posts the name, home address, Social Security number, telephone number, or any other personally identifiable information of any law enforcement officer, or an immediate family member of a law enforcement officer, he or she shall be guilty of a Class E felony.

This legislation is not federally mandated, would not duplicate any other program and would not require additional capital improvements or rental space.

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SOURCES OF INFORMATION

Attorney General's Office Department of Corrections Department of Natural Resources Department of Public Safety Department of Social Services Missouri Department of Conservation Missouri Office of Prosecution Services Office of the State Courts Administrator Office of the State Public Defender Boone County Sheriff's Department Crestwood Police Department Ellisville Police Department Kansas City Police Department St. Louis County Police Department

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