COMMITTEE ON LEGISLATIVE RESEARCH OVERSIGHT DIVISION

FISCAL NOTE

L.R. No.: 0228S.01I Bill No.: SB 58

Subject: Tax Credits; Entertainment, Sports and Amusements

Type: Original

Date: January 27, 2023

Bill Summary: This proposal establishes the Show Mo Act.

FISCAL SUMMARY

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON GENERAL REVENUE FUND					
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026		
General Revenue Fund*	Up to (\$1,615,556) to (\$16,112,784)	Up to (\$1,627,460) to (\$16,124,688)	Up to (\$1,629,642) to (\$16,126,870)		
Total Estimated Net Effect on General Revenue	Up to (\$1,615,556) to (\$16,112,784)	Up to (\$1,627,460) to (\$16,124,688)	Up to (\$1,629,642) to (\$16,126,870)		

^{*}Oversight notes the range in the fiscal impact stems from the five (5) year average amount of Film Production Companies Tax Credit(s) issued (as it was administered before sunsetting November 28, 2013) to the annual cap of the Show Mo tax credit cap (\$16 million annually - \$8 million for film production and \$8 million for series production).

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON OTHER STATE FUNDS					
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026		
Total Estimated Net					
Effect on Other State					
Funds	\$0	\$0	\$0		

Numbers within parentheses: () indicate costs or losses.

L.R. No. 0228S.01I Bill No. SB 58 Page **2** of **10** January 27, 2023

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON FEDERAL FUNDS						
FUND AFFECTED FY 2024 FY 2025 FY 20						
Total Estimated Net						
Effect on All Federal						
Funds	\$0	\$0	\$0			

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON FULL TIME EQUIVALENT (FTE)					
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026		
General Revenue	1 FTE	1 FTE	1 FTE		
Fund					
Total Estimated Net					
Effect on FTE	1 FTE	1 FTE	1 FTE		

- ⊠ Estimated Net Effect (expenditures or reduced revenues) expected to exceed \$250,000 in any of the three fiscal years after implementation of the act or at full implementation of the act.
- ☐ Estimated Net Effect (savings or increased revenues) expected to exceed \$250,000 in any of the three fiscal years after implementation of the act or at full implementation of the act.

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON LOCAL FUNDS					
FUND AFFECTED FY 2024 FY 2025 FY 202					
Local Government	\$0	\$0	\$0		

FISCAL ANALYSIS

ASSUMPTION

Officials from the **Office of Administration – Budget & Planning Division (B&P)** state this proposal reestablishes a tax credit for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2022, equal to twenty percent of qualifying expenses by a production company in connection with a qualified motion media production project. This could be increased for the following reasons:

- An additional five percent may be earned for qualifying expenses if at least fifty percent of the qualified motion media production project is filmed in Missouri.
- An additional five percent may be earned for the qualifying expenses if at least fifteen percent of the qualified motion media production project that is filmed in Missouri takes place in a rural or blighted area in Missouri.
- An additional five percent may be earned for qualifying expenses if at least three departments of the qualified motion media production hire a Missouri resident ready to advance to the next level in a specialized craft position or learn a new skillset.
- An additional five percent may be earned for qualifying expenses if the DED determines that the script of the qualified motion media production project positively markets a city or region of the state, the entire state, or a tourist attraction located in the state, and the qualified motion media production provides no less than five high resolution photographs containing cast with the rights cleared for promotional use by the Missouri film commission, accompanied by a list with the title of production, location, names, and titles of the individuals shown in the photography and photographer credit.
- The total dollar amount of tax credits authorized pursuant to subdivision (1) of 135.750.3 shall be increased by ten percent for qualified film production projects located in a county of the second, third, or fourth class.

A qualified motion media production project shall not be eligible for tax credits unless such project employs a number of Missouri registered apprentices or veterans residing in Missouri with transferable skills, as outlined in 135.750.4.

These credits may be sold, assigned, exchanged, conveyed, or otherwise transferred. There is a five year carry forward, provided all such credits shall be claimed within ten tax periods following the tax period in which the qualified motion media production or production-related activities for which the credits are certified by the department occurred.

The cap on the tax credits for all tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2023, is \$8,000,000 for film production and the total amount of all tax credits authorized for series production is \$8,000,000. This proposal could therefore lower general and total state revenues by \$16,000,000

L.R. No. 0228S.01I Bill No. SB 58 Page **4** of **10** January 27, 2023

per fiscal year, beginning in FY23. To the extent this proposal encourages other economic activity, general and total state revenue may increase, but B&P cannot estimate the induced revenues.

This proposal could impact the calculation pursuant to Article X, Section 18(e). Officials from the **Missouri Department of Revenue (DOR)** assume this proposal modifies the Film Production tax credit program. It updates the definitions of "Qualified Motion Production Project".

This proposal states that for all tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2023, a taxpayer shall be allowed a tax credit equal to twenty percent (20%) of qualifying expenses. An additional five percent may be earned if at least fifty percent of the qualified motion media production project is filmed in Missouri. An additional five percent may be earned for qualifying expenses if at least fifteen percent of the qualified motion media production project that is filmed in Missouri takes place in a rural or blighted area in Missouri. An additional five percent may be earned for qualifying expenses if at least three departments of the qualified motion media production hire a Missouri resident ready to advance to the next level in a specialized craft position or learn a new skillset. An additional five percent may be earned for qualifying expenses if the department of economic development determines that the script of the qualified motion media production positively markets a city or region of the state, the entire state, or a tourist attraction located in the state, and the motion media production provides no less than five high resolution photographs containing cast with the rights cleared for promotional use by the Missouri film commission, among other requirements. The total dollar amount of tax credits shall be increased by ten percent (10%) for qualified film projects located in a county of the second, third, or fourth class.

This proposal provides that a qualified motion media production shall not be eligible for the tax credit of this section unless it employs a sufficient number of Missouri registered apprentices or veterans residing in Missouri. The amount of people required to be employed scales based on the qualifying expenses of the production.

This proposal states that this credit shall sunset on December 31, 2031 and further states that this section shall terminate on September first of the calendar year immediately following the calendar year in which the program is sunset.

This proposal shall be in effect for all tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2023 (FY 2023). Furthermore, the total amount of the tax credits authorized for film production shall not exceed \$8 million per year, and the total of all tax credits authorized for the series production credit shall not exceed a total of \$8 million per year. DOR notes these tax credits begin January 1, 2023; however, the bill adopting this credit would not be effective until August 28, 2023 (FY 2024). The first tax returns that could claim this credit could be filed starting in January 2024. Fiscal Year Decrease to Total State Revenue - General Revenue

L.R. No. 0228S.01I Bill No. SB 58 Page **5** of **10** January 27, 2023

FY	Decrease to GR
FY 2023	\$0
FY 2024	(\$16,000,000)
FY 2025	(\$16,000,000)
FY 2026	(\$16,000,000)

For informational purposes, the Department notes this Film Production tax credit program was created in 1998 and sunset in 2013. Its original cap was \$1.5 million which was increased to \$4.5 million in 2008. Below is information on the authorization, issuance and redemption of the credits over the last few years.

			Total
Year	Authorized	Issued	Redeemed
FY 2022	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
FY 2021	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
FY 2020	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
FY 2019	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
FY 2018	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$672.38
FY 2017	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$2,375,651
FY 2016	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$6,832.00
FY 2015	\$0.00	\$2,387,097	\$389,942
FY 2014	\$2,927,000	\$386,000	\$119,800
FY 2013	\$639,772	\$0.00	\$56,665
FY 2012	\$139,070	\$1,390,070	\$4,839,217
Totals	\$3,705,842.00	\$4,163,167.38	\$7,788,779.17

The Department would need to add these credits to the MO-TC form and to the individual income computer system as well as update their website with this credit. These items are estimated to cost \$7,193. Additionally, the DOR may need the following FTE should the number of redemptions justify the additional FTE.

- 1 FTE Revenue Processing Technician for every 6,000 credits redeemed
- 1 FTE Revenue Processing Technician 1 for every 4,000 tax credit transfers with CISCO phones and license.
- 1 FTE Revenue Processing Technician for every 7,600 errors/correspondence
 The Department assumes it will be able to absorb these credits based on the number of
 companies that may qualify annually. However, should there be more redemptions than
 anticipated or additional bills pass, the Department may need additional FTE to handle the
 processing of the returns. The Department would ask for that additional FTE during the regular
 appropriation process should the need be there based on the following redemptions. DOR needs
 FTE to process tax credits if the following number of items are received.

L.R. No. 0228S.01I Bill No. SB 58 Page **6** of **10** January 27, 2023

Oversight assumes, for purpose of this fiscal note, the Missouri Department of Revenue can absorb the responsibilities of the tax credit program with existing resources. Should a significant increase in tax credit redemptions, tax credit transfers, and/or errors/correspondence occur, the Missouri Department of Revenue may seek additional FTE through the appropriation process.

Officials from the **Department of Economic Development (DED)** note:

The proposal, Section 135.750, RSMo, creates the "Show MO Act".

Section 135.750 3(1) Beginning 1/01/23 a taxpayer would be allowed a credit of 20% of qualifying expenses.

Section 135.750 3(2) An additional 5% may be earned if at least 50% of the qualified motion media production project is filmed in MO.

Section 135.750 3(3) An additional 5% may be earned if at least 50% of the qualified motion media production project this is filmed in Missouri takes place in a rural or blighted area in MO.

Section 135.750 3(4) An additional 5% may be earned if at least 3 departments of the qualified motion media production hire a Missouri resident ready to advance to the next level in a specialized craft position or lean a new skillset.

Section 135.750 3(5) An additional 5% may be earned if DED determines that the script positively markets a city or region.

Section 135.750 3(6) The total amount of tax credits authorized shall be increased by 10% for projects located in a county of the second, third, or fourth class.

Section 135.750 6. Total amount of all tax credits authorized shall not exceed a total of \$8M.

Section 135.750 8. The program will automatically sunset on 12/31/2031 unless reauthorized by an act of the general assembly.

DED will need to hire 1 FTE to administer the program. Creating a new tax credit will likely reduce annual TSR by up to the annual cap on the program of \$8,000,000.

Oversight notes that DED authorized 3 projects on average per year (15 projects / 5 years) as seen in the "Film Tax Credit (Sunset November 28, 2013)" tables. Therefore, Oversight will assume the need for 1 FTE for DED (Economic Development Specialist at \$74,664 annually) in the fiscal note.

Oversight notes, per the Tax Credit Analyses submitted for Fiscal Year's 2013 & 2014, the following number of certificates were issued each of the following fiscal years for the Film Tax Credit Program:

L.R. No. 0228S.01I Bill No. SB 58 Page **7** of **10** January 27, 2023

Fiscal	Number of Certificates
Year	Issued
2010	4
2011	5
2012	2
2013	0
2014	1

Oversight notes, per the Tax Credit Analyses from Fiscal Year(s) 2010 – 2014, the Film Tax Credit recognized the following activity as it was administered before it sunset November 28, 2013:

Film Tax Credit (Sunset November 28, 2013)							
Fiscal Year	2010	2010 2011 2012 2013 2					
Certificates Issued (#)	4	5	2	0	1		
Projects (#)	4	2	3	3	3		
Amount Authorized	\$1,768,989	\$38,041	\$139,070	\$639,772	\$2,927,000		
Amount Issued	\$5,181,512	\$1,807,030	\$139,070	\$0	\$386,000		
Amount Redeemed	\$1,925,158	\$1,563,218	\$4,839,217	\$56,665	\$119,800		

Oversight notes the five (5) average amount of Film Tax Credit(s) issuances was \$1,502,722.

Oversight notes the tax credit program put forth under this proposed legislation would begin for all tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2023. Tax Year 2023 tax returns claiming the credit will not be filed until after January 1, 2024 (Fiscal Year 2024). Oversight notes the Film Production Companies Tax Credit (sunset in 2013) and the "Show Mo Act" are different; however, the previous program is the best estimate available of future program usage.

Oversight notes this proposed legislation states that the tax credits certified shall not exceed a total of sixteen million dollars (\$16,000,000) per year.

Therefore, for purposes of this fiscal note, **Oversight** will report a revenue <u>reduction</u> to GR by an amount equal to "<u>Up to \$1,502,722</u>" (average amount of Film Tax Credit issued before sunset on November 28, 2013) to \$16,000,000 (tax credit cap) beginning in Fiscal Year 2024. **Oversight** notes this fiscal note does not reflect any indirect positive fiscal benefits that would occur if companies utilized the program and made films or series in the state.

L.R. No. 0228S.01I Bill No. SB 58 Page **8** of **10** January 27, 2023

Rule Promulgation

Officials from the **Joint Committee on Administrative Rules** assume this proposal is not anticipated to cause a fiscal impact beyond its current appropriation.

Officials from the **Office of the Secretary of State (SOS)** assume the proposal will have no fiscal impact on their organization. **Oversight** does not have any information to the contrary. Therefore, Oversight will reflect a zero impact in the fiscal note.

FISCAL IMPACT –	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026
State Government	(10 Mo.)		
GENERAL			
REVENUE			
Revenue Reduction-			
Tax Credit For	Up to (\$1,502,772) to	Up to (\$1,502,772) to	Up to (\$1,502,772) to
Expenses For	(\$16,000,000)	(\$16,00,000)	(\$16,00,000)
Production Of			
Qualified Film &			
Series Production			
Projects (p. 5,6,7)			
<u>Cost</u> – DED –			
Section 135.750			
continuity and			
compliance (p.6)			
Salary	(\$62,220)	(\$76,157)	(\$77,680)
Fringe Benefits	(\$36,265)	(\$44,076)	(\$44,646)
Equipment &	(\$14,299)	<u>(\$4,454)</u>	(\$4,543)
Expense			
<u>Total Cost</u> – DED	(\$112,784)	(\$124,688)	(\$126,870)
FTE Change – DED	1 FTE	1 FTE	1 FTE
ESTIMATED NET		Up to (\$1,627,460) to	Up to (\$1,629,642) to
EFFECT ON	Up to (\$1,615,556) to	<u>(\$16,124,688)</u>	<u>(\$16,126,870)</u>
GENERAL	<u>(\$16,112,784)</u>		
REVENUE FUND			

FISCAL IMPACT – Local Government	FY 2024 (10 Mo.)	FY 2025	FY 2026

<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>

FISCAL IMPACT – Small Business

This proposed legislation could impact small business that benefit from film production or series production in Missouri.

FISCAL DESCRIPTION

This act creates the "Show MO Act".

This act reauthorizes a tax credit for certain expenses related to the production of qualified motion media production projects in this state, as defined in the act. Tax credits for such expenses under previous law expired on November 28, 2013.

For all tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2023, this act authorizes a tax credit equal to 20% of qualifying expenses, as defined in the act, associated with the production of a qualified motion media production project. An additional 5% may be awarded for each of the following conditions if they are met:

- 1) at least 50% of the qualified film production project is filmed in Missouri;
- 2) at least 15% of the project takes place in a rural or blighted area;
- 3) at least three departments of the production hire a Missouri resident ready to advance to the next level in a specialized craft position or learn a new skillset;
- 4) the Department of Economic Development determines that the script for such project positively markets a city or region of the state, the entire state, or a tourist attraction located in the state, and the production provides certain advertising materials, as described in the act.

The total dollar amount of tax credits awarded to a qualified film production project may be increased by ten percent if such project is located in a county of the second, third, or fourth class.

This act shall sunset on December 31, 2031, unless reauthorized by the General Assembly.

This legislation is not federally mandated, would not duplicate any other program and would not require additional capital improvements or rental space.

SOURCES OF INFORMATION

L.R. No. 0228S.01I Bill No. SB 58 Page **10** of **10** January 27, 2023

Office of Administration – Budget & Planning Division Department of Economic Development Missouri Department of Revenue Joint Committee on Administrative Rules Office of Administration Office of the Secretary of State

Julie Morff Director

January 27, 2023

Ross Strope Assistant Director January 27, 2023